Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates relating to the ordinary shares of Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited with a Daily Leverage of -5x

issued by SG Issuer

(Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability)
unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by
Société Générale

Issue Price: S\$0.40 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "Certificates") to be issued by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the "Guarantor"), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 19 June 2020 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time (the "Base Listing Document") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and

holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate an inverse leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products¹ and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 19 June 2020 (the "Guarantee") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 22 December 2020.

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

21 December 2020

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market

prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "Conditions" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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RISK FACTORS

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for inexperienced investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has risen sharply;
- (d) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
- if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (f) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (g) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;
- (h) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to the Conditions 4 and 6 on pages 30 to 34 and the examples and illustrations of adjustments set out in the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities" section of this document for more information;

- (i) the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee
 Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as
 defined below);
- (k) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy (as described below) including the Stock Borrowing Cost (as defined below) and Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (I) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk relating to the Certificates where the Cash Settlement Amount is converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars.

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;

- (m) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate an inverse leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (n) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the inverse performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideway trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- (o) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (p) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Inverse Strategy if the Underlying Stock rises further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to fall after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;

- (q) there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight increase in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens the following day or (ii) a sharp intraday increase in the price of the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (1) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (2) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. Investors may refer to pages 49 to 50 of this document for more information;
- (r) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 on pages 36 to 38 of this document for more information;
- (s) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (t) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (u) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in

connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(v) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- (w) the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;
- (x) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may rise. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:
 - Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
 - The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;
- (y) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Inverse Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Inverse Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (z) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (aa) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"):
 - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;

- (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
- (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
- (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST.
 Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (bb) the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Inverse Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate;

(cc) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer is subject to FATCA and, as a result, is required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide us with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the

Issuer could be required to close an account of an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES:

(dd) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under "TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986." Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder's particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates; and

(ee) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for resolution

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the "BRRD") entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the "BRR Act 2015"). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism ("SRM") and a Single Resolution Fund (the "SRM Regulation") has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the "SRB") in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since 2014, the European Central Bank ("ECB") has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("SSM"). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States' resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the "SSM Regulation") and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the "Resolution Authority") with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution's failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers' exposure to losses).

Under the SRM Regulation, a centralised power of resolution is established and entrusted to the SRB acting in cooperation with the national resolution authorities. In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions' resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the "Bail-in Power"). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary

public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD provides the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Before taking a resolution measure, including implementing the Bail-in Power, or exercising the power to write down or convert relevant capital instruments, the Resolution Authority must ensure that a fair, prudent and realistic valuation of the assets and liabilities of the institution is carried out by a person independent from any public authority.

The application of any measure under the BRRD and the SRM Regulation or any suggestion of such application with respect to the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group could materially adversely affect the rights of Certificate Holders, the price or value of an investment in the Certificates and/or the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to satisfy its obligations under any Certificates, and as a result investors may lose their entire investment.

Moreover, if the Issuer's or the Guarantor's financial condition deteriorates, the existence of the Bail-in Power, the exercise of write-down/conversion powers or any other resolution tools by the Resolution Authority independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure when it determines that the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group will no longer be viable could cause the market price or value of the Certificates to decline more rapidly than would be the case in the absence of such powers.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities ("MREL") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The current regime will evolve as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package", the following legislative texts have been published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May

2019:

- Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms (the "BRRD II"); and
- Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("TLAC") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "SRM II Regulation" and, together with the BRRD II, the "EU Banking Package Reforms").

The EU Banking Package Reforms will introduce, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("FSB TLAC Term Sheet"), by adapting, among others, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC will be implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets through January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator through January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

According to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "CRR"), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the CRR as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the "CRR II"), EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, will have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, as from the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale will have to comply at the same time with TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities will be closely aligned with those laid down in the CRR, as amended by the CRR II for the TLAC-eligible liabilities, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet the MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance while only an additional return is linked to that derivative component and depends on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL will be set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance any may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated, provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining maturity of at least one year and, if governed by non-EU law, they must be able to be written down or converted under that law (including through contractual provisions).

The scope of liabilities used to meet the MREL will include, in principle, all liabilities resulting

from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in the BRRD, as amended by the BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that the MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities, in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail- in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements will apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks).

If the SRB finds that there could exist any obstacles to resolvability by the Issuer or the Guarantor and/or the Group, a higher MREL requirement could be imposed. Any failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor, as applicable, and/or the Group to comply with its MREL may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, financial conditions and results of operations.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates: 10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates relating

to the ordinary shares of Kingdee International Software Group

Company Limited (the "Underlying Stock")

ISIN: LU1986504121

Company: Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited (RIC:

0268.HK)

Underlying Price³ and Source: HK\$26.50 (Reuters)

Calculation Agent: Société Générale

Strike Level: Zero

Daily Leverage: -5x (within the Leverage Inverse Strategy as described below)

Notional Amount per Certificate: SGD 0.40

Management Fee (p.a.)4: 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.)⁵: 7.50%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements

overnight.

Stock Borrowing Cost⁶: The annualised costs for borrowing stocks in order to take an

inverse exposure on the Underlying Stock.

Rebalancing Cost⁶: The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of

leverage and daily inverse performance of the Underlying Stock.

Launch Date: 15 December 2020

Closing Date: 21 December 2020

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 21 December 2020. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 21 December 2020.

⁴ Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to "Fees and Charges" below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy. Please note that the Stock Borrowing Cost may be changed on giving 5 Business Days' notice to investors. Any change in the Stock Borrowing Cost will be announced on the SGXNET.

Expected Listing Date: 22 December 2020

Last Trading Date: The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry

Date, currently being 13 December 2023

Expiry Date: 20 December 2023 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then

the Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Valuation Date: 19 December 2023 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day,

the immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the

Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of

the Certificates.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the

Settlement Currency equal to:

Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 41 to 55 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation

of the Cash Settlement Amount.

Hedging Fee Factor: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as:

Product (for t from 2 to Valuation Date) of (1 - Management Fee x) (ACT (t-1;t) \div 360)) x (1 - Gap Premium (t-1)) x (ACT (t-1;t) \div 360)),

where:

"t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and

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including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Underlying Stock Business Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Underlying Stock Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been an Observation Date. In that case, that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day shall be deemed to be the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and the Issuer shall determine, its good faith estimate of the level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy and the value of the Certificate on that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculation last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Market Disruption Event taking into account, inter alia, the exchange traded or quoted price of the Underlying Stock and the potential increased cost of hedging by the Issuer as a result of the occurrence of the Market Disruption Event.

An "Underlying Stock Business Day" is a day on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEX") is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 41 to 55 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

 $\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Closing Level:

Final Reference Level: The closing level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date

The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy is set out in the "Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Inverse Strategy" section on pages 20 to 24 below.

Initial Exchange Rate³: 0.1721

Final Exchange Rate: The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore

Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism: The "Air Bag Mechanism" refers to the mechanism built in the

Leverage Inverse Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Inverse Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock rises by 15% or more ("Air Bag Trigger Price") during the trading day (which represents approximately 75% loss after a 5 times inverse leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Inverse Strategy is adjusted intra-day. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Inverse Strategy if the Underlying Stock rises further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to fall after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered.

The Leverage Inverse Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the "Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")" section on pages 22 to 24 below and the "Description of Air Bag Mechanism" section on pages 47 to 48 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events:

The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency: Hong Kong Dollar ("**HKD**")

Settlement Currency: Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

Exercise Expenses: Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are

incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.

Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for HKEX the Underlying Stock:

Business Day and Exchange Business Day:

A "Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

An "Exchange Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.

Warrant Agent: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP")

Clearing System: CDP

Fees and Charges:

Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers.

In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax

treatment which will apply at any given time.

Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy including the Stock Borrowing Cost and Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be

announced on the SGXNET.

Further Information: Please refer to the website at <u>dlc.socgen.com</u> for more information

on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day

and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Inverse Strategy

Description of the Leverage Inverse Strategy

The Leverage Inverse Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged inverse exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Inverse Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Inverse Strategy in order to retain a daily

leverage of 5 times the inverse performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Inverse Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Inverse Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, for any Observation Date(t), the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level as of such day (t).

Subject to the occurrence of an Intraday Restrike Event, the **Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level** as of such Observation Date(t) is calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Observation Date(1):

$$LSL_1 = 1000$$

On each subsequent Observation Date(t):

$$LSL_{t} = Max[LSL_{t-1} \times (1 + LR_{t-1,t} - FC_{t-1,t} - SB_{t-1,t} - RC_{t-1,t}), 0]$$

 $LR_{t-1,t}$ means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Observation Date(t-1) and Observation Date(t) closing prices, calculated as follows:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right)$$

 $FC_{t-1,t}$ means, the Funding Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$FC_{t-1,t} = (Leverage - 1) \times \frac{Rate_{t-1} \times ACT(t-1,t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

 $SB_{t-1,t}$ means the Stock Borrowing Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$SB_{t-1,t} = -Leverage \times \frac{CB \times ACT(t-1,t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

CB means the Cost of Borrowing applicable that is equal to 3.00%.

 $RC_{t-1,t}$ means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Inverse Strategy on Observation Date (t), calculated as follows:

$$RC_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC$$

TC means the Transaction Costs applicable (including Stamp Duty) that are equal to : 0.10%

Leverage -5

St means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Closing Price of the Underlying

Stock as of such Observation Date(t), subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

Rate_t

means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of modification, the permanent or indefinite cancellation or cessation in the provision of HIBOR, or a regulator or other official sector entity prohibits the use of HIBOR, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

Rfactor_t

means, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-dividend date of the Underlying Stock, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions, according to the following formula:

$$Rfactor_t = 1 - \frac{Div_t}{S_{t-1}}$$

where

 Div_t is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock and the relevant ex-dividend date which shall be considered gross of any applicable withholding taxes.

ACT(t-1,t) ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

DayCount 365 BasisRate

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")

Extraordinary Strategy
Adjustment for
Performance Reasons

If the Calculation Agent determines that an Intraday Restrike Event has occurred during an Observation Date(t) (the Intraday Restrike Date, noted hereafter IRD), an adjustment (an Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons) shall take place during such Observation Date(t) in accordance with the following provisions.

(1) Provided the last Intraday Restrike Observation Period as of such Intraday Restrike Date does not end on the TimeReferenceClosing, the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on the Intraday Restrike Date (LSL $_{\rm IRD}$) should be computed as follows :

$$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(n),IR(C)} - IRC_{IR(n),IR(C)}), 0]$$

(2) If the last Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period on the relevant

Intraday Restrike Date ends on the TimeReferenceClosing:

$$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)}, 0]$$

 $ILSL_{IR(k)}$

means, in respect of IR(k), the Intraday Leverage Inverse Strategy Level in accordance with the following provisions :

(1) for k = 1:

$$\mathsf{ILSL}_{\mathsf{IR}(1)} = \mathsf{Max} \big[\mathsf{LSL}_{\mathsf{IRD}\text{-}1} \mathbf{x} \big(1 + \mathsf{ILR}_{\mathsf{IR}(0), \mathsf{IR}(1)} - \mathsf{FC}_{\mathsf{IRD}\text{-}1, \mathsf{IRD}} - \mathsf{SB}_{\mathsf{IRD}\text{-}1, \mathsf{IRD}} - \mathsf{IRC}_{\mathsf{IR}(0), \mathsf{IR}(1)} \big), 0 \big]$$

(2) for k > 1:

$$ILSL_{IR(k)} = Max[ILSL_{IR(k-1)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} - IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}), 0]$$

 $ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} \\$

means the Intraday Leveraged Return between IR(k-1) and IR(k), calculated as follows:

$$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1\right)$$

 $IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} \\$

means the Intraday Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Inverse Strategy in respect of IR(k) on a given Intraday Restrike Date, calculated as follows:

$$IRC_{IR(k\text{-}1),IR(k)} = Leverage \ \textbf{x}(Leverage\text{-}1)\textbf{x}\left(\left|\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k\text{-}1)}}\text{-}1\right|\right)\textbf{x}TC$$

 $IS_{IR(k)}$

means the Underlying Stock Price in respect of IR(k) computed as follows:

(1) for k=0

$$IS_{IR(0)} = S_{IRD-1} \times Rfactor_{IRD}$$

(2) for k=1 to n

means in respect of IR(k), the highest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period

(3) with respect to IR(C)

$$IS_{IR(C)} = S_{IRD}$$

In each case, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

IR(k)

For k=0, means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the Observation Date immediately preceding the relevant Intraday Restrike Date;

For k=1 to n, means the k^{th} Intraday Restrike Event on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

IR(C)

means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

n

means the number of Intraday Restrike Events that occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

Intraday Restrike Event

means in respect of an Observation Date(t):

- (1) provided no Intraday Restrike Event has previously occurred on such Observation Date (t), the increase at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $\mathbf{IS}_{\mathbf{IR}(0)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
- (2) if k Intraday Restrike Events have occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date, the increase at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $\mathbf{IS}_{\mathbf{IR}(k)}$ as of such Calculation Time.

Calculation Time

means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Inverse Strategy Level.

TimeReferenceOpening

means the scheduled opening time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

TimeReferenceClosing

means the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.

Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

Intraday Restrike Event Time

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) Form. The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
 - a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 19
 June 2020, made by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") and Société Générale (the "Guarantor"); and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The holders of the Certificates (the "Certificate Holders") are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

(b) Status and Guarantee. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a "Guarantee Obligation").

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the "Code").

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

- (i) pari passu with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the "Law") on 11 December 2016;
- (ii) pari passu with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016;
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) Bail-In. By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
 - (i) to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer's liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or

another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the Regulator,

(the "Statutory Bail-In");

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "M&F Code"):
 - (A) ranking:
 - (1) junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the M&F Code;
 - (2) pari passu with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the M&F Code; and
 - (3) senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the M&F Code; and
 - (B) which are not titres non structurés as defined under Article R.613-28 of the M&F Code, and
 - (C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself, and as if any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the "Contractual Bail-in").

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bail-in.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Amounts Due" means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

"Bail-In Power" means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

"MREL" means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

"Relevant Resolution Authority" means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

"Regulator" means the European Central Bank and any successor or replacement thereto, or other authority having primary responsibility for the prudential oversight and supervision of the Issuer.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) Certificate Rights. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "Cash Settlement Amount", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The "Closing Level", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$$

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case:-

- (i) that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

- (b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.
- (c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) Exercise. Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) Settlement. In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than five Business Days following the Expiry Date by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.

- (d) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) Business Day. In these Conditions, a "Business Day" shall be a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) Definitions. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
 - a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;

- (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
- (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
- (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
- (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
 - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
 - (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
 - (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "Option Reference Source") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender

Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

(d) Definitions. "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.

- (e) Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- (f) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting.

Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

Notices

- (a) Documents. All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

12. Delisting

(a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant

Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).

(b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc. If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's

obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"Change in law" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

(b) Early Termination for Holding Limit Event. The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership, control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests, regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

(c) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(d) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the

SGX-ST.

(d) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

15. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

16. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

Issuer: SG Issuer

Company: Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited

The Certificates: European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates relating to the Underlying

Stock

Number: 10,000,000 Certificates

Form: The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a

master instrument by way of deed poll dated 19 June 2020 (the "Master Instrument") and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement") and made between the Issuer, the

Guarantor and the Warrant Agent.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:

Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level

Denominations: Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the

Certificates.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the

Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.

Exercise and Trading

Currency:

SGD

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Transfers of Certificates: Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples

thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.

Listing: Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and

for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence

on or about 22 December 2020.

Governing Law: The laws of Singapore

Warrant Agent: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited

11 North Buona Vista Drive

#06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2

Singapore 138589

Further Issues: Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be

permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is a qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled short certificates on single equities (the "Certificates") are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will decrease and are seeking short-term leveraged inverse exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy including the Stock Borrowing Cost and Rebalancing Cost.

Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor

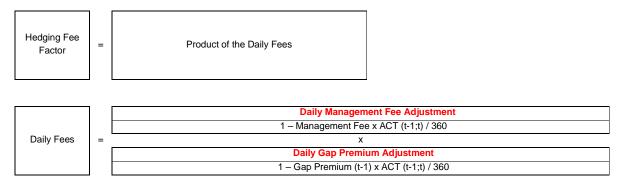


Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates - Strike Level (zero)

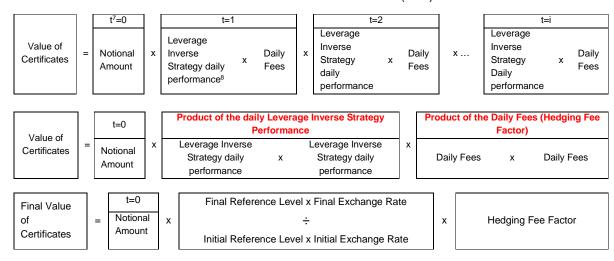


Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

_

 ^{7 &}quot;t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.
 8 Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock: Ordinary shares of Kingdee International

Software Group Company Limited

Expected Listing Date: 03/07/2018

Expiry Date: 18/07/2018

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Initial Exchange Rate: 1

Final Reference Level: 1,200

Final Exchange Rate: 1

Issue Price: 0.40 SGD

Notional Amount per Certificate: 0.40 SGD

Management Fee (p.a.): 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.): 7.50%

Strike Level: Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the nth Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

HFF(0) = 100%

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

$$\text{HFF (1) = HFF (0)} \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = 100% ×
$$\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 7.50\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = $100\% \times 99.9989\% \times 99.9792\% \approx 99.9781\%$

Assuming 2nd Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Underlying Stock Business Day:

HFF (2) = HFF (1) ×
$$\left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT } (t-1;t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT } (t-1;t)}{360}\right)$$

HFF (2) = 99.9781% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 7.50\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$
HFF (2) = 99.9781% × 99.9967% × 99.9375% ≈ 99.9122%

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

$$HFF\left(n\right) = HFF\left(n-1\right) \times \left(1 - Management \, Fee \, \times \, \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - Gap \, Premium \, \times \, \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.6713% as illustrated below:

| Date | HFF |
|-----------|-----------|
| 3/7/2018 | 100.0000% |
| 4/7/2018 | 99.9781% |
| 5/7/2018 | 99.9561% |
| 6/7/2018 | 99.9342% |
| 9/7/2018 | 99.8684% |
| 10/7/2018 | 99.8465% |
| 11/7/2018 | 99.8246% |
| 12/7/2018 | 99.8027% |
| 13/7/2018 | 99.7808% |
| 16/7/2018 | 99.7151% |
| 17/7/2018 | 99.6932% |
| 18/7/2018 | 99.6713% |

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

$$= [(1200 \times 1) / (1000 \times 1) - 0] \times 99.6713\%$$

= 119.61%

Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate

= 119.61% x 0.40SGD

= 0.478 SGD

Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples

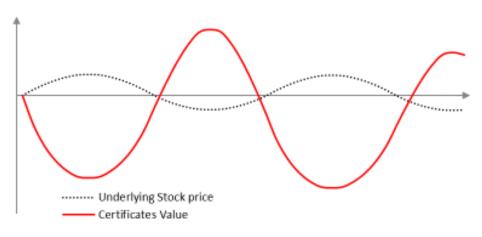
Scenario 1 – Upward Trend



Scenario 2 - Downward Trend



Scenario 3 - Volatile Market



2. Numerical Examples

Scenario 1 - Upward Trend

| Underlying Stock | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | 2.0% | 2.0% | 2.0% | 2.0% | 2.0% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.0 | 10,200.0 | 10,404.0 | 10,612.1 | 10,824.3 | 11,040.8 |
| Accumulated Return | | 2.00% | 4.04% | 6.12% | 8.24% | 10.41% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | -10.0% | -10.0% | -10.0% | -10.0% | -10.0% |
| Price at end of day | 0.4 | 0.36 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.24 |
| Accumulated Return | | -10.00% | -19.00% | -27.10% | -34.39% | -40.95% |

Scenario 2 - Downward Trend

| Underlying Stock | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | -2.0% | -2.0% | -2.0% | -2.0% | -2.0% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.0 | 9,800.0 | 9,604.0 | 9,411.9 | 9,223.7 | 9,039.2 |
| Accumulated Return | | -2.00% | -3.96% | -5.88% | -7.76% | -9.61% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5 | | | | | | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% | 10.0% |
| Price at end of day | 0.4 | 0.44 | 0.48 | 0.53 | 0.59 | 0.64 |
| Accumulated Return | | 10.00% | 21.00% | 33.10% | 46.41% | 61.05% |

Scenario 3 – Volatile Market

| Underlying Stock | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| | Day 0 | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | 2.0% | -2.0% | 2.0% | -2.0% | 2.0% |
| Value at end of day | 10,000.0 | 10,200.0 | 9,996.0 | 10,195.9 | 9,992.0 | 10,191.8 |
| Accumulated Return | | 2.00% | -0.04% | 1.96% | -0.08% | 1.92% |

| Value of the Certificates | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5 | | | | | | Day 5 |
| Daily return | | -10.0% | 10.0% | -10.0% | 10.0% | -10.0% |
| Price at end of day | 0.4 | 0.36 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.39 | 0.35 |
| Accumulated Return | | -10.00% | -1.00% | -10.90% | -1.99% | -11.79% |

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an "Air Bag Mechanism" which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

When the Air Bag triggers, a 30-minute period starts. This period is divided into two sub-periods:

- Observation Period: during 15 minutes after the Air Bag trigger, the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its maximum price is recorded; and
- Reset Period: after 15 minutes, the Leverage Inverse Strategy is reset using the maximum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy, 30 minutes after the Air Bag trigger.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

The performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy will be the inverse of the Underlying Stock.

Air Bag Mechanism timeline

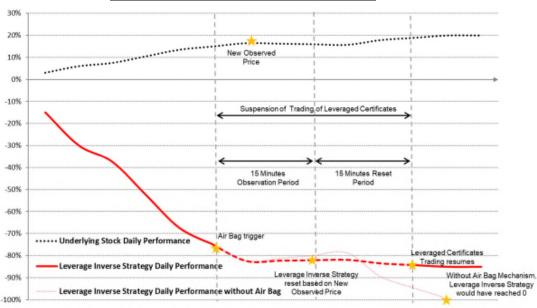
| Air Bag Trigger | Observation Period | Resumption of Trading | |
|---|---|--|--|
| More than 45 minutes before Market Close | | Trading resumes the same day between 30 and 45 minutes after Air Bag Trigger | |
| 45 minutes before Market Close | First 15 minutes after Air Bag Trigger | | |
| 30 to 45 minutes before Market Close | | | |
| 30 minutes before Market Close | | | |
| 15 to 30 minutes before Market Close | | Nexttrading day at Market Open | |
| 15 minutes before Market Close | | | |
| Less than 15 minutes before Market Close | From Air Bag Trigger to Market Close | | |

With Market Close defined as:

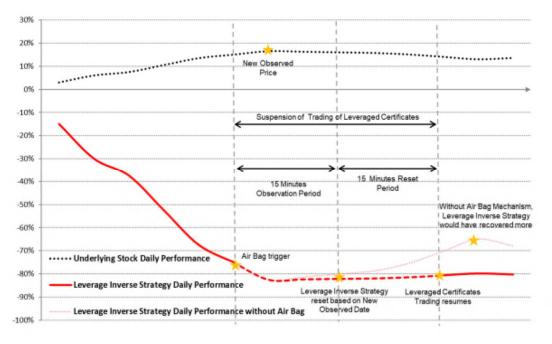
- Underlying Stock closing time with respect to the Observation Period
- The sooner between Underlying Stock closing time and SGX closing time with respect to the Resumption of Trading

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism9

Scenario 1 - Upward Trend after Air Bag trigger



Scenario 2 - Downward Trend after Air Bag trigger



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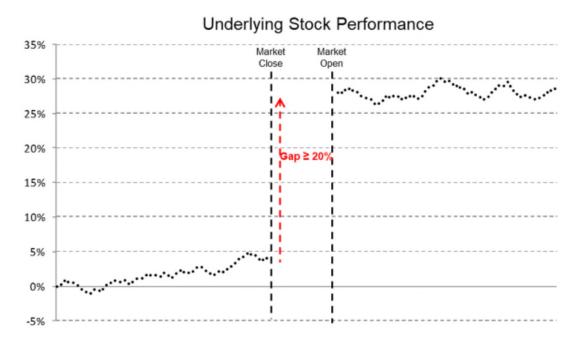
⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

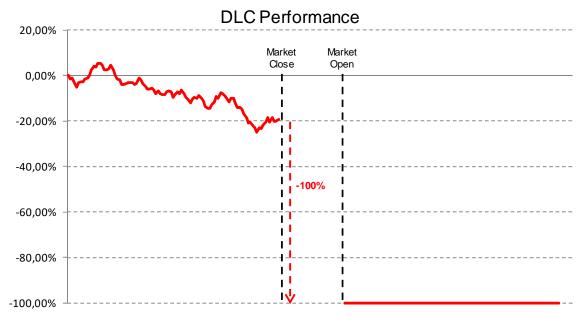
Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

Scenario 1 - Overnight rise of the Underlying Stock

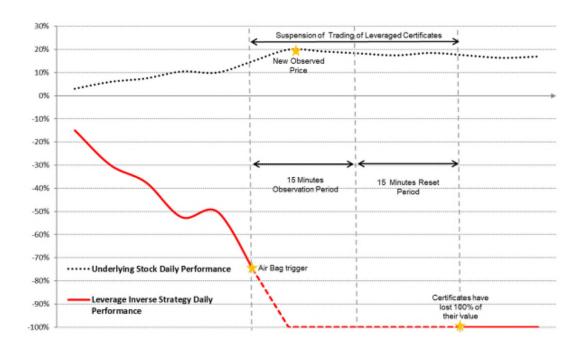
On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a "gap". If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more above the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens the following day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.





Scenario 2 - Sharp intraday rise of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock rises by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Observation Date (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula:

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{Div_{t} + DivExc_{t} - M \times R}{S_{t-1}}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price rises by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

DivExc_t is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $51$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \ \times \ \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times \mathit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right) = \ -5 \ \times \ \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1\right) = -10\%$$

| S _{t-1} | $S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 100 | 50 | 51 | 2% |

| Value of the Certificate (t-1) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees) |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| 0.40 | 0.36 | -10% |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$57.5, which is 15% above\$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

 $S_{t-1} = 100

 $S_t = 202

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1\right) = -5\%$$

| S _{t-1} | $S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| 100 | 200 | 202 | 1% |

| Value of the Certificate (t-1) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' | performance |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | (excluding any cos | st and fees) |
| 0.40 | 0.38 | -5% | |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$230, which is 15% above \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

 $S_t = 84

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$40 (i.e. subscription price of \$40)

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = -25\%$$

| S _{t-1} | $S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$ | S_{t} | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| 100 | 80 | 84 | 5% |

| Valu | e of the Certificate (t-1) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' (excluding any cos | performance t and fees) |
|------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0.40 | | 0.30 | -25% | |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$92, which is 15% above \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $85$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

$$R = $0$$

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \, \times \, \left(\frac{s_t}{s_{t-1} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1 \right) = \, -5 \, \times \, \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1 \right) = -10\%$$

| S _{t-1} | $S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 100 | 83.33 | 85 | 2% |

| Value of the Certificate (t-1) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' | performance |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | (excluding any cos | st and fees) |
| 0.40 | 0.36 | -10% | |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$95.83, which is 15% above \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $84$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = $20$$

$$R = $0$$

$$M = 0$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = -25\%$$

| S _{t-1} | $S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$ | S _t | Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance |
|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 100 | 80 | 84 | 5% |

| Value of the Certificate (t-1) | Value of the Certificate (t) | Certificates' pe (excluding any cost an | rformance ad fees) |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| 0.40 | 0.30 | -25% | |

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$92, which is 15% above \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "HKExCL") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at http://www.kingdee.com.hk/en/. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited (the "Company" or "Kingdee") was established in 1993. It is listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (stock code: 0268.HK) and headquartered in Shenzhen, the PRC. Adhering to the core values of "Acting in all Conscience, with Integrity and Righteousness", the Company is committed to helping businesses achieve their growth targets and let the sun shine on every company through dedicated services. It strives to provide them with the most trusted enterprise service platform.

Through persistent efforts to explore China's Cloud enterprise service market, Kingdee has retained the largest share in the enterprise application software sector for fast-growing enterprises for 16 consecutive years, and has grasped the biggest share in the enterprise-grade SaaS Cloud services industry for the 4 years. In addition, Kingdee's diverse Cloud services and products are the preferred choices of leading enterprises. They include "Kingdee Cloud Cosmic" (a Cloud service platform for large enterprises), "Kingdee Cloud Galaxy" (a digital innovative Cloud service platform for medium and large enterprises and fast-growing enterprises), "Kingdee Jingdou Cloud" (one-stop Cloud services platform for micro and small-sized enterprises), "Cloud-Hub" (intelligent Cloud office), "Guanyi Cloud" (Cloud services for E-commerce operators) , "Cargeer" (Cloud services for auto dealers) and "Wojia Cloud" (Cloud services for Property Industry). With its strengths in management software and Cloud services, Kingdee provides services and products to more than 6.8 million enterprises, government agencies and other organizations around the world.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 31 August 2020 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker ("**DMM**") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

(a) Maximum bid and offer spread : 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater

(b) Minimum quantity subject to bid and : 10,000 Certificates

offer spread

(c) Last Trading Day for Market Making : The date falling 5 Exchange Business Days

immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price;
- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;
- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX are not open for dealings; and
- (xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE GUARANTOR

The information set out in Appendix II of this document is a reproduction of the press release dated 5 November 2020 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2020.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 105 of the Base Listing Document.

- Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
- Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2019 or the Guarantor since 30 September 2020, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
- 5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Guarantee;
 - (b) the Master Instrument; and
 - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

- 6. The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have given and have not withdrawn their written agreement to the inclusion of the report, included herein, in the form and context in which it is included. Their report was not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.
 - The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.
- 7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.

- 9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale, Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:
 - (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
 - (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
 - (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
 - (d) the consent letters from the Auditors to the Issuer and the Guarantor referred to in paragraph 6 above;
 - (e) the Base Listing Document;
 - (f) this document; and
 - (g) the Guarantee.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made under that Ordinance; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong (CWUMPO) or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made under that Ordinance.

European Economic Area and the United Kingdom

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the

Certificates will be required to represent and agree that, it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area or in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2016/97/EU (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Certificates.

In respect of the United Kingdom, each dealer has further represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

- (a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the "FSMA") by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

United States

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "Commodity Exchange Act") and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or

disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (ii) it is not purchasing any Certificates for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term "United States" includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term "U.S. person" means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "CEA") or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the "CFTC Rules"), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a "Non-United States person" defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not "Non-United States persons", shall be considered a U.S. person).

APPENDIX I

REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 OF KINGDEE INTERNATIONAL SOFTWARE GROUP COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 31 August 2020 in relation to the same.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 簡明綜合中期財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2020

於二零二零年六月三十日

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Kingdee International 金蝶國際軟件集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事會 Software Group Company Limited (the "Company") hereby announces the unaudited (「董事會」) 謹此公佈本公司及其附屬公司(「本集 condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the 團」)截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月之未經 "Group") for the six months ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:

審核簡明綜合中期業績如下:

| 總資產 | | 8,308,372 | 8,420,153 |
|-------------------|--|--------------|----------------------------------|
| | | 4,020,218 | 4,241,447 |
| 現金及現金等價物 | | 1,456,499 | 1,898,770 |
| 短期銀行存款 | | 391,756 | 687,667 |
| 已質押銀行存款 | | - | 128 |
| 計入損益的金融資產 | 10 | 998,838 | 596,15 ⁻ |
| | | 33.,300 | 3.2,002 |
| | Ŭ | 7. | 512.352 |
| | 9 | | 230.869 |
| 17.7 | 9 | | 308,153 |
| 流動資產 存貨 | | 4 801 | 7.357 |
| | | 4,288,154 | 4,178,706 |
| 給予第三方貸款 | 9 | 35,386 | 12,350 |
| | 9 | 22,000 | 22,000 |
| 計入損益的金融資產 | 10 | 372,259 | 428,791 |
| 以公允價值計量日其變動 | | | |
| 聯營投資 | 8 | | 282,649 |
| | | | 1.856.200 |
| | 6 | | 923.323 |
| | 7 | | 106,869 |
| | 6 | 555.318 | 546.524 |
| 資產 非溶動資產 | | | |
| | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | Notes | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | 非流動資產 不動資產 不動資產 不動產 使用權資產 與勞營投資 以合則 與學營投資 以合則 與學產 應收予第一 一個 | 附註 | 2020 二零二零年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 簡明綜合中期財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2020 於二零二零年六月三十日

| | | Notes 附註 | Unaudited 未經審核 30 June 2020 二零二零年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Audited 經審核 31 December 2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--|------------|-------------|--|---|
| Liabilities | 負債 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 7 | 15,674 | 20,282 |
| Trade and other payables | 應付帳款及其他應付款 | 13 | 82,086 | 69,028 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 遞延所得税負債 | | 188,716 | 187,079 |
| | | | 286,476 | 276,389 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 應付帳款及其他應付款 | 13 | 505,666 | 615,596 |
| Contract liabilities | 合同負債 | | 1,186,615 | 996,996 |
| Borrowings | 借款 | 12 | 234,000 | 199,625 |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 7 | 20,381 | 21,341 |
| Current income tax liabilities | 當期所得税負債 | | 16,656 | 39,085 |
| Deferred income | 遞延收入 | | 138,333 | 125,450 |
| | | | 2,101,651 | 1,998,093 |
| Total liabilities | 總負債 | | 2,388,127 | 2,274,482 |
| Net assets | 淨資產 | | 5,920,245 | 6,145,671 |
| Equity | 權益 | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | 公司所有者權益 | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 11 | 80,269 | 80,037 |
| Share premium | 股本溢價 | 11 | 2,911,362 | 2,963,096 |
| Other reserves | 其他儲備 | | 754,308 | 686,532 |
| Retained earnings | 留存收益 | | 2,033,238 | 2,257,263 |
| | | | 5,779,177 | 5,986,928 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控制性權益 | | 141,068 | 158,743 |
| Total equity | 總權益 | | 5,920,245 | 6,145,671 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT 簡明綜合中期損益表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| | | | 六月二十日. | 止六個月 |
|--|---|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Notes 附註 | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | 與客戶之間的合同產生 | | | |
| Cost of sales | 的收入 銷售成本 | 14 15 | 1,387,445 (362,797) | 1,485,156 (304,727) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 1,024,648 | 1,180,429 |
| | All the TO 10 and the CO | | , | |
| Selling and marketing expenses | 銷售及推廣費用 | 15 | (860,070) | (762,694) |
| Administrative expenses | 行政費用 | 15 i 15 | (189,203) | (163,439) |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets | 淨金融資產和合同資產減值 損失 | 10 | (21,561) | (19,895) |
| Research and development costs | 研究及開發成本 | 15 | (358,396) | (252,455) |
| Other income and gains – net | 其他收入及利得一淨額 | 16 | 151,020 | 141,976 |
| Operating (loss)/profit | 經營(虧損)/盈利 | | (253,562) | 123,922 |
| Finance income | 財務收益 | | 8,323 | 13,686 |
| Finance costs | 財務費用 | | (3,690) | (8,249) |
| Finance income – net | 財務收益-淨額 | | 4,633 | 5,437 |
| Share of losses of associates | 享有聯營投資的虧損份額 | | (1,952) | (10,229) |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax | 扣除所得稅前(虧損)/ | | , | |
| Income tax credit/(expense) | 利潤 所得税沖回/(費用) | 17 | (250,881) 9,181 | 119,130 (8,243) |
| (Loss)/profit for the period | 當期(虧損)/盈利 | | (241,700) | 110,887 |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to: | (虧損)/利潤歸屬於: | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 本公司權利持有人 | | (224,025) | 109,640 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控制性權益 | - | (17,675) | 1,247 |
| | | | (241,700) | 110,887 |
| (Losses)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in RMB cents per share) | 本公司權益持有人應佔 (虧損)/盈利的每股 (虧損)/盈利 (以每股人民幣分計) | | | |
| - Basic | 一基本 | 18 | (6.87) | 3.40 |
| – Diluted | - 稀釋 | 18 | (6.87) | 3.30 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 簡明綜合中期綜合收益報表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月

| Unaudited |
|--------------------------|
| 未經審核 |
| Six months ended 30 June |
| 裁予 ショニナロル シ個日 |

| | | 似王ハ月二 | 「日正八個月 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| (Loss)/profit for the period | 期內(虧損)/盈利 | (241,700) | 110,887 |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss - Currency translation differences | 期後可能會重分類至損益的項目 一 外幣折算差額 | 2,855 | (388) |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax | 當期其他綜合收益 | 2,855 | (388) |
| Total comprehensive (losses)/income for the period | 本年度總綜合(虧損)/ 收益 | (238,845) | 110,499 |
| Total comprehensive (losses)/income attributable to: | 總綜合(虧損)/收益歸屬於: | | |
| - Owners of the Company - Non-controlling interests | 一本公司所有者 一非控制性權益 | (221,170) (17,675) | 109,252 1,247 |
| | | (238,845) | 110,499 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 簡明綜合中期權益變動表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 (All amounts in Renminbi thousands unless otherwise stated) 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月(除非另有說明・否則所有金額按人民幣千元列示)

| | | | | | | Unaudited 未經審核 | | | |
|--|-------------|-------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|---------------------|
| | | | Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔 | | | | | | |
| | | Notes | Share capital 股本 | Share premium 股本溢價 | Other reserves 其他儲備 | Retained earnings 留存收益 | Total | Non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益 | Total equity 總權益 |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 二零二零年一月一日結餘 | | 80,037 | 2,963,096 | 686,532 | 2,257,263 | 5,986,928 | 158,743 | 6,145,671 |
| - | | | | | | | | | |
| Comprehensive income | 綜合收益 | | | | | | | | |
| Loss for the period | 年度虧損 | | - | - | - | (224,025) | (224,025) | (17,675) | (241,700) |
| Other comprehensive loss | 其他綜合虧損 | | | | | | | | |
| Currency translation differences | 外幣折算差額 | | - | - | 2,855 | - | 2,855 | - | 2,855 |
| Total comprehensive losses | 綜合總虧損 | | - | - | 2,855 | (224,025) | (221,170) | (17,675) | (238,845) |
| Transactions with owners | 與權益持有者的交易 | | | | | | | | |
| Employees share option scheme: | 職工股份股權計劃: | | | | | | | | |
| – Proceeds from shares issued | - 發行股份所得款 | 11 | 232 | 28,961 | _ | - | 29,193 | _ | 29,193 |
| Share award plan: | 股份獎勵計劃: | | | | | | | | |
| - Value of employee services received | 一職工服務價值 | 11 | _ | 55,547 | - | - | 55,547 | - | 55,547 |
| – Transfer shares to the awardees upon | 一於歸屬時將股份轉移 | | | | | | | | |
| vesting | 給獲獎勵人 | 11 | - | (99,486) | 64,921 | - | (34,565) | - | (34,565) |
| Dividend declared | 宣告股息 | 19 | - | (36,756) | - | - | (36,756) | - | (36,756) |
| Total transactions with owners | 全部與權益持有者的交易 | | 232 | (51,734) | 64,921 | - | 13,419 | - | 13,419 |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 二零二零年六月三十日 | | 80,269 | 2,911,362 | 754,308 | 2,033,238 | 5,779,177 | 141,068 | 5,920,245 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 簡明綜合中期權益變動表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 (All amounts in Renminbi thousands unless otherwise stated) 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月(除非另有說明,否則所有金額按人民幣千元列示)

| | | | Unaudited 未担害核 | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------|---|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|--------------------|
| | | | Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔 | | | | | | |
| | | Notes | Share capital | Share premium | Other reserves | Retained earnings | Total | Non- controlling interests 非控制性 | Total equity |
| | | 附註 | 股本 | 股本溢價 | 其他儲備 | 留存收益 | 合計 | 權益 | 總權益 |
| Balance at 1 January 2019 | 二零一九年一月一日結餘 | | 79,585 | 2,903,459 | 565,259 | 1,917,757 | 5,466,060 | 66,607 | 5,532,667 |
| Comprehensive income Profit for the period Other comprehensive loss | 綜合盈利 年度虧損 其他綜合虧損 | | - | - | - | 109,640 | 109,640 | 1,247 | 110,887 |
| Currency translation differences | 外幣折算差額 | | - | - | (388) | _ | (388) | - | (388) |
| Total comprehensive income | 綜合總盈利 | | - | _ | (388) | 109,640 | 109,252 | 1,247 | 110,499 |
| Transactions with owners Employees share option scheme: | 與權益持有者的交易 職工股份股權計劃: | | | | | | | | |
| Value of employee services received Proceeds from shares issued | - 職工服務的價值 - 發行股份所得款 | 11 11 | - 224 | 508 25,053 | - | - | 508 25,277 | - | 508 25,277 |
| Share award plan: - Value of employee services received - Transfer shares to the awardees upon | 股份獎勵計劃: - 職工服務價值 - 於歸屬時將股份轉移 | 11 | - | 35,329 | - | - | 35,329 | - | 35,329 |
| vesting | 給獲獎勵人 | 11 | - | (81,788) | 56,207 | - | (25,581) | - | (25,581) |
| Capital contribution by non-controlling interests Dividend declared | 非控股股東的資本投入 宣告股息 | 19 | - | - | - | (33,074) | (33,074) | 20,700 | 20,700 (33,074) |
| Total transactions with owners | 全部與權益持有者的交易 | | 224 | (20,898) | 56,207 | (33,074) | 2,459 | 20,700 | 23,159 |
| Balance at 30 June 2019 | 二零一九年六月三十日 | | 79,809 | 2,882,561 | 621,078 | 1,994,323 | 5,577,771 | 88,554 | 5,666,325 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT 簡明綜合中期現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| Net cash outflow from activities | 投資活動所用淨現金 | (376,515) | (745,432) |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|
| Repayments received from related parties | 關聯公司償還貸款 ———————————————————————————————————— | 270,000 | 256,976 |
| Loans provided to related parties | 提供給關聯方的貸款 | (270,000) | - |
| Investments in associates | 聯營公司投資 | (125,000) | (167,522) |
| associates | | - | 5,026 |
| value through profit or loss Proceeds from disposal of investments in | 損益的金融資產 收到清算款 | 1,567,457 | 888,381 |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair | 出售以公允價值計量且變動計入 | 4 507 457 | 000.004 |
| profit or loss | 損益的金融資產 | (1,870,122) | (1,528,000) |
| Purchases of financial assets at fair value through | 購買以公允價值計量且變動計入 | | |
| Interest received | 已收利息 | 9,945 | 7,831 |
| – net | 取出一淨額 | 296,038 | 77,330 |
| Pledged and short-term bank deposits withdrawn | 質押銀行存款以及短期銀行存款 | | (3,200 |
| Payment for acquisition of a subsidiary | 映真無ル頁座 收購子公司而支出的現金淨額 | (247,000) | (6,200 |
| equipment Purchases of intangible assets | 購買無形資產 | 41 (247,050) | 263 (265,993 |
| Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and | 出售不動產、工廠及設備所得款 | | 200 |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment | 購買不動產、工廠及設備 | (7,824) | (13,524 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | 投資活動的現金流量: | | |
| activities | | (81,581) | 189,203 |
| Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating | 經營活動(所用)/產生淨現金 | | |
| Income tax paid | 已付所得税 | (11,611) | (14,128 |
| Interest paid | 已付利息 | (5,567) | (5,878 |
| micro-credit business | 淨現金流出 | (115,733) | (81,501 |
| Net cash outflow in loans to third parties from the | 小額信貸業務向第三方貸款的 | | |
| cash outflow in loans to third parties from the micro-credit business | 經營現金流出) | 51,330 | 290,710 |
| Cash generated from operations excluding net | 經營產生的現金(不包括小貸業務 | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | 經營活動的現金流量: | | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | 二零二零年 RMB'000 | 二零一九年 RMB'000 |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT 簡明綜合中期現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 June 2020 截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from financing activities: | 融資活動的現金流量: | | |
| Proceeds from share options exercised | 股份行權所得款 | 29,193 | 25,277 |
| Capital contribution from non-controlling | 非控制性權益出資款 | | |
| interests | | - | 20,700 |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 借款所得款 | 120,000 | 129,625 |
| Repayments of borrowings | 償還借款 | (85,625) | (170,125) |
| Repayments of lease liabilities | 支付租賃負債 | (12,132) | (10,147) |
| Dividends paid | 分派股息 | (36,715) | (30,157) |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests in | 收購子公司非控制性權益 | | |
| subsidiaries | | (3,175) | (5,796) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from activities | 融資活動產生/(所用)淨現金 | 11,546 | (40,623) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物淨減少 | (446,550) | (596,852) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash | 現金及現金等價物外幣折算差額 | | |
| equivalents | | 4,279 | 384 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the | 期初之現金及現金等價物 | | |
| period | | 1,898,770 | 1,452,848 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the | 期終現金及現金等價物 | | |
| period | | 1,456,499 | 856,380 |

1. General information

Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands in 1999 as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its office is Kingdee Software Park, 2 Keji 12th Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries (the "Group") are developing, manufacturing and selling of software products and provision of software-related technical services in the PRC.

The company has its primary listing on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 15 February 2001.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in thousands of Renminbi (RMB'000), unless otherwise stated. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 August 2020.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information has not been audited.

2. Basis of preparation

This unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, as described in those annual financial statements.

Taxes on income for the interim period are accrued using the tax rates that would be applicable to expected total annual assessable profits.

1. 一般資料

金螺國際軟件集團有限公司(「本公司」)於一九九九年在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其辦事處地址為中華人民共和國(「中國」)廣東省深圳市南山區高新技術產業園科技南十二路2號,金螺軟件園。

本公司為一家投資控股公司,其附屬公司 (以下簡稱「本集團」)的主要業務為在中國 境內開發、製造及出售企業管理軟件產品 及提供軟件相關技術服務。

本公司的股份於二零零一年二月十五日在 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上 市。

除另有註明外,本簡明合併中期財務資料 以人民幣千元列報。本簡明合併中期財務 報表已經由董事會在二零二零年八月十八 日刊發。

本簡明合併中期財務資料未經審核。

2. 呈報基準

截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月的該等未經審核簡明合併中期財務報表已根據國際會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」編製。該等未經審核簡明合併中期財務報表應與截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的年度財務報表一併閲覽,該財務報表是根據國際財務報告準則編製的。

3. 會計政策

編製本簡明合併財務資料所採用之會計政 策與截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度之年度財務報表所採用的會計政策(見 有關的年度財務報表)一致。

中期的所得税以適用的全年預期應課税溢 利的應計税率計算。

4. **Estimates**

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

5. Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as executive directors of the Company. The executive directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports

The executive directors consider the business from product perspective. The Group has identified the following operating segments:

FRP husiness

- Including sales of software and hardware products, provision of software implementation services, software solution consulting, maintenance, upgrade and other supporting services

Cloud services business

- Including enterprise cloud services, finance cloud services, industry cloud services and other cloud services

Investment properties operating business Operation of investment properties

The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on the profit for the period of each segment. Substantially all of the businesses of the Group are carried out in the PRC.

4. 估計

編製中期財務資料要求管理層對影響會計 政策的應用和所報告資產和負債以及收支 的數額作出判斷、估計和假設,實際結果 或會與此等估計不同。

在編製此等未經審核簡明綜合中期財務資 料時,管理層應用本集團會計政策時作出 的重大判斷和估計不確定性的關鍵來源, 與截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 的綜合財務報表所應用者相同。

分部資料 5.

首席經營決策者被認定為公司的執行董 事。執行董事審核集團內部報告以評估經 營分部的業績並分配資源。管理層根據該 類報告警定經營分部。

執行董事從產品角度研究業務狀況。本集 團決定經營分部如下:

企業資源 管理計劃 業務

- 包括軟件產品及 硬件產品的銷 售、軟件安裝服 務、軟件諮詢服 務、運維服務、 升級服務及其他

支援服務

雲服務業務

一 包括企業雲服 務、財務雲服 務、行業雲服務 以及其他雲服務

投資性物業 經營業務

- 投資性物業的經 營

首席經營決策者基於各分部的經營利潤評 估各分部的業績表現。本集團的主要業務 均在中國。

5. Segment information (continued)

5. 分部資料(續)

The unaudited segment information for the six months ended 30 June 2020 is as follows:

截至二零二零年六月三十日止六個月未經 審核的分部資料如下:

| | | | | Investment properties | |
|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | | | Cloud services | operating | |
| | | ERP business | husiness | business | The Group Total |
| | | 企業資源管理 | business | 投資性物業 | riic aroup rotar |
| | | 計劃業務 | 雲服務業務 | 經營業務 | 集團合計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB' 000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Revenue (from external customers) | 收入(來自外部客戶的收入) | 589,069 | 798,376 | _ | 1,387,445 |
| - Products transferred at a point in time | - 產品在某一時間點轉移 | 206.479 | _ | _ | 206.479 |
| - Services transferred over time | - 服務在某段時間轉移 | 382,590 | 798,376 | - | 1,180,966 |
| Operating (loss)/profit | 經營(虧損)/盈利 | (10,259) | (281,937) | 38,634 | (253,562 |
| Finance costs | 財務費用 | (1,172) | (2,518) | - | (3,690 |
| Finance income | 財務收益 | 7,473 | 850 | - | 8,323 |
| Finance income/(cost) – net | 財務收益/(費用)-淨額 | 6,301 | (1,668) | - | 4,633 |
| Share of losses of associates | 享有聯營投資的虧損份額 | (1,952) | _ | _ | (1,952 |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax | 扣除所得稅前(虧損)/利潤 | (5,910) | (283,605) | 38,634 | (250,881 |
| Income tax (expense)/credit | 所得税(費用)/沖回 | (623) | 13,667 | (3,863) | 9,181 |
| Segment results | 分部結果 | (6,533) | (269,938) | 34,771 | (241,700 |
| Segment assets | 分部資產 | 5,768,894 | 683,278 | 1,856,200 | 8,308,372 |
| Segment liabilities | 分部負債 | 1,333,221 | 936,833 | 118,073 | 2,388,127 |
| Additions to non-current assets | 新增非流動資產 | | | | |
| (other than financial instruments | 利 | | | | |
| and deferred tax assets) | 派延税項資產) | 51,367 | 225,549 | _ | 276,91 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 折舊及攤銷 | 54,131 | 197.717 | _ | 251,84 |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets | 淨金融資產和合同資產 | | | | 231,01 |
| and contract assets | 減值損失 | 18,996 | 2,565 | _ | 21,56 |
| Share-based payment | 以股份為基礎的支付 | 64,478 | 25,236 | _ | 89,71 |

5. Segment information (continued)

The unaudited segment information for the six months ended 30 June 2019 is as follows:

5. 分部資料(續)

截至二零一九年六月三十日止六個月未經 審核的分部資料如下:

| | | | | Investment | |
|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | | | | properties | |
| | | | Cloud services | operating | |
| | | ERP business | business | business | The Group Total |
| | | 企業資源管理 | | 投資性物業 | |
| | | 計劃業務 | 雲服務業務 | 經營業務 | 集團合計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB' 000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Revenue (from external customers) | 收入(來自外部客戶的收入) | 934,913 | 550,243 | - | 1,485,156 |
| - Products transferred at a point in time | - 產品在某一時間點轉移 | 493,208 | _ | - | 493,208 |
| - Services transferred over time | 一服務在某段時間轉移 | 441,705 | 550,243 | - | 991,948 |
| Operating profit/(loss) | 經營盈利/(虧損) | 211,541 | (124,521) | 36,902 | 123,922 |
| Finance costs | 財務費用 | (8,069) | (180) | - | (8,249) |
| Finance income | 財務收益 | 12,713 | 973 | - | 13,686 |
| Finance income – net | 財務收益-淨額 | 4,644 | 793 | - | 5,437 |
| Share of losses of associates | 享有聯營投資的虧損份額 | (10,229) | _ | _ | (10,229) |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | 扣除所得稅前利潤/(虧損) | 205,956 | (123,728) | 36,902 | 119,130 |
| Income tax (expense)/credit | 所得税(費用)/沖回 | (17,773) | 13,220 | (3,690) | (8,243) |
| Segment results | 分部結果 | 188,183 | (110,508) | 33,212 | 110,887 |
| Segment assets | 分部資產 | 5,379,515 | 413,998 | 1,816,206 | 7,609,719 |
| Segment liabilities | 分部負債 | 1,380,291 | 443,644 | 119,459 | 1,943,394 |
| Additions to non-current assets | 新增非流動資產 | | | | |
| (other than financial instruments | (不包括金融工具及 | | | | |
| and deferred tax assets) | 遞延税項資產) | 142,810 | 166,768 | _ | 309,578 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 折舊及攤銷 | 113,774 | 99,383 | _ | 213,157 |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets | 淨金融資產和合同資產 | | | | |
| and contract assets | 減值損失 | 18,995 | 900 | _ | 19,895 |
| Share-based payment | 以股份為基礎的支付交易 | 44,707 | 162 | _ | 44,869 |

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands while the Group mainly operates its business in the PRC. Revenue from external customers from the PRC and other locations is RMB1,370,340,000 (the same period in 2019: RMB1,470,006,000) and RMB17,105,000 (the same period in 2019: RMB15,150,000), respectively for the six months period ended 30 June 2020.

There is no single customer that contributed to over 10% of the Group's revenue for the six months period ended 30 June 2020 and 2019.

本公司歸屬於開曼群島但集團主要業務在中國。截至二零二零二零年六月三十日止,來自中國境內的外部客戶的總收入為人民幣1,470,006,000元(二零一九年同期:人民幣1,470,006,000元),來自海外的外部客戶收入為人民幣17,105,000元(二零一九年同期:人民幣15,150,000元)。

截至二零二零年和二零一九年六月三十日 止年度集團未有單一客戶對集團的收入貢 獻超過10%。

6. Property, plant, equipment and intangible 6. 不動產、工廠、設備及無形 assets 資產

(a) Property, plant, equipment

Closing net book amount at 30 June

(a) 不動產、工廠、設備

555,318

Unaudited

481,048

Unaudited

| | | 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| | 202 二零二零 ⁴ RMB'00 人民幣千元 | | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | |
| Opening net book amount at 1 January Additions Disposals Depreciation | 一月一日期初賬面淨值 增添 處置 折舊 | 546,524 29,544 (173) (20,577) | 490,236 15,103 (5,339) (18,952) | |

六月三十日期終賬面淨值

(b) Intangible assets (b) 無形資產

| | | 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | |
| Additions 增添 243,4 | | 923,323 243,489 (218,772) | 899,668 268,717 (183,722) | |
| Closing net book amount at 30 June | 六月三十日期終賬面淨值 | 948,040 | 984,663 | |

7. Leases

7. 租賃

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

本附註提供關於本集團作為承租人的租賃 資訊。

(a) Amounts recognised in the statement of financial (a) position

(a) 財務狀況表內確認的金額

The statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

財務狀況表顯示了與租賃有關的下列金 額:

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ending 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 2020

| | | 2020 二零二零年 | 2019 二零一九年 |
|---------------------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Right-of-use assets | 使用權資產 | | |
| Land use rights (i) | 土地使用權(i) | 64,756 | 66,615 |
| Buildings | 房屋 | 33,498 | 47,982 |
| | | 98,254 | 114,597 |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | | |
| Current | 流動 | 20,381 | 20,231 |
| Non-current | 非流動 | 15,674 | 26,190 |
| | | 36,055 | 46,421 |

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the six months ended 30 June 2020 were RMB3,884,000.

截至二零二零年六月三十日止,使用權資 產增加人民幣3.884.000元。

(i) The Group has land lease arrangement with mainland China government. The land use rights are located in the PRC and held on leases of between 32 to 43 years, and for self-use. (i) 本集團與中國內地政府訂有土地 契約。土地使用權位於中華人 民共和國境內・租期為32年至43 年,供自用。

7. Leases (continued)

(b) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

The income statement shows the following amounts relating to leases:

7. 租賃(續)

(b) 損益表內確認的金額

損益表列示的下列金額與租賃有關:

Unaudited 未經審核

Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets | 使用權資產的折舊費用 | | |
| Land | 土地使用權 | 930 | 930 |
| Buildings | 房屋 | 11,569 | 9,553 |
| | | 12,499 | 10,483 |
| Interest expense (included in finance cost) | 利息費用(計入財務費用) | 992 | 1,358 |
| Expense relating to short-term leases | 與未作為短期租賃列示 | | |
| (included in cost of sales and | 的低價值資產租賃 | | |
| administrative expenses) | 相關的費用 | | |
| | (計入管理費用) | 10,092 | 10,516 |

The total cash outflow for leases in six months ended 30 June 2020 was RMB22.728.600 (the six months ended 30 June 2019; RMB21.189.000).

截至二零二零年六月三十日止因租賃發生的現金流出合計為人民幣22,728,600元(截至二零一九年六月三十日止六個月:人民幣21.189,000元)。

(c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are (c) accounted for

The Group leases various offices. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 months to 8 years, but may have extension options as described in (d) below.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. Until 30 June 2020, the Group has not entered into any lease contract with variable lease payment arrangement or residual value quarantee arrangement.

本集團的租賃活動及其會計處理

本集團出租多處辦公室、庫房、零售店 鋪、設備和車輛。租賃合同通常是固定期 限,2個月至8年不等,還可能包含下文(d) 所述的續租選擇權。

租賃條款是在單獨的基礎上協商的,包含各種不同的條款和條件。除出租人持有的租賃資產的擔保權益外,租賃協議不附加任何契約。租賃資產不得作為借款擔保。截至二零二零年六月三十日止,本集團尚未簽訂任何具有可變租賃支付安排或剩餘價值擔保安排的租賃合同。

7. Leases (continued)

(d) **Extension and termination options**

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

8. Investments in associates

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments has changed as follows for the six months ended 30 June 2020:

7. 和賃(續)

(d) 續租選擇權和終止租賃選擇權

本集團有大量房地產包含續租選擇權和終 **止租賃選擇權,以在本集團經營所用的資** 產管理方面最大程度地提高運營的靈活 性。本集團持有的大部分續租選擇權和終 止租賃選擇權僅由本集團行使,而非由相 應的出和人行使。

聯營投資 8.

聯營投資的帳面價值在截至二零二零年六 月三十日止六個月內變動如下:

| End of the period | 期末金額 | 400,697 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| Share of losses of associates | 享有聯營投資的虧損 | (1,952 |
| Disposal | 處置 | - |
| Additions (a) | 增添(a) | 120,000 |
| Beginning of the period | 期初金額 | 282,649 |
| | | 人民幣千元 |
| | | RMB'000 |
| | | 六月三十日止六個月 |
| | | 二零二零年 |
| | | 30 June 2020 |
| | | Six months ended |
| | | 未經審核 |
| | | Unaudited |

(a) During the six months ended 30 June 2020, according to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting of Citic Consumer Finance Co., LTD., an associate of the Group, a capital injection of RMB400.000.000 in total was made by all shareholders according to the shareholding ratio, of which the Group invested RMB120,000,000. After the capital injection, the shareholding ratio of each shareholder was unchanged.

All the associates of the Group are unlisted and operate in Mainland China.

(a) 報告期內,根據本集團聯營公司 中信消費金融有限公司的股東會 決議,各股東按持股比例向其合 計增資人民幣400.000.000元,其中 本集團增資120,000,000元,增資後 各股東持股比例不變。

本集團的所有聯營公司均未上市,並在中 國內地經營業務。

9.Trade and other receivables, and loans to third9.應收賬款及其他應收款項、
給予第三方貸款

| | | Unaudited 未經審核 30 June 2020 二零二零年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Audited 經審核 31 December 2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---|--|--|--|
| Trade receivables (a) | 應收賬款(a) | 256,524 | 259,905 |
| Less: allowance for impairment of trade receivables | 減:應收款減值準備 | (154,015) | (141,952) |
| Trade receivables — net Notes receivable Advances to employees Consideration receivable from disposal of an associate Prepayments VAT recoverable Interest receivables Receivables from related parties Other | 應收賬款一淨額 應收票據 向僱員提供備用金 處置聯營公司應收 的對價 預付款 可退還之增值税 應收制息 應收制息 應收關連方款項 其他應收款 | 102,509 25,655 6,012 27,844 50,841 27,282 15,123 17,766 47,548 | 117,953 32,039 11,369 28,125 61,843 35,474 2,610 15,309 25,431 |
| | | 020,000 | 300,133 |
| Loans to third parties (b) | 給予第三方貸款(b) | | |
| Current portion Non-current portion | 流動部分 非流動部份 | 332,348 35,386 | 230,869 12,350 |
| | | 367,734 | 243,219 |

Trade and other receivables, and loans to third 9. parties (continued)

(a) Sales are generally made without prescribed credit terms in the sales contracts but customers usually take one to three months to settle the receivables. The aging analysis of trade receivables were as follows:

應收賬款及其他應收款項、 給予第三方貸款(續)

本集團在銷售合同中對應收賬款無確定信 用期,但客戶通常在一至三個月內支付款 項。應收賬款賬齡分析如下:

| | | Unaudited | Audited |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| 0.400 davia | 0.400 T | 00.704 | 00.470 |
| 0-180 days | 0-180天 | 96,734 | 86,478 |
| 181-360 days | 181天至360天 | 13,283 | 33,280 |
| Over 360 days | 超過360天 | 146,507 | 140,147 |
| | | | |
| | | 256,524 | 259,905 |

(b) The loans to third parties

(b) 給予第三方的貸款

| | | Unaudited | Audited |
|---|----------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Loans to third parties Less: Provisions for collective impairment | 給予第三方的貸款 減:貸款減值準備 | 371,448 | 245,434 |
| assessment of the loans | | (3,714) | (2,215) |
| Loans to third parties, net of provision | 給予第三方的貸款 | | |
| | - 淨值 | 367,734 | 243,219 |
| Less: non-current portion | 減:非流動部分 | (35,386) | (12,350) |
| Current portion | 流動部分 | 332,348 | 230,869 |

Trade and other receivables, and loans to third parties (continued)

(b) The loans to third parties (continued)

The loans to third parties represented loans under the micro-credit business, bear interest at 4.28% to 24.00% (31 December 2019: 4.28% to 24.00%) per annum and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers, and all denominated in RMB.

As at 30 June 2020, RMB50,690,000 of loans to third parties was pledged for a short-term borrowing.

The fair values of the loans to third parties approximated their carrying amounts and the fair value hierarchy is level 2. The interest accrued was due within 12 months and presented in interest receivables.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition.

As at 30 June 2020, due to the actual loss rate of loans was less than 0.1% and no significant change in credit quality, the Group performs collective impairment assessment of loans to third parties by grouping together all its loans to third parties with similar credit risk characteristics, a general provision of 1% of the principal was provided against the loan principals.

9. 應收賬款及其他應收款項、 給予第三方貸款(續)

(b) 給予第三方的貸款(續) 給予第三方的貸款為小額信貸業務產生的 貸款、貸款年利率在4.28%到24.00%(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:4.28%到24.00%) 之間,並在與客戶商定的固定期間內償

環,且均以人民幣計價。

截至二零二零年六月三十日,人民幣 50,690,000元的第三方貸款被用於短期銀行 借款質押。

該給予第三方貸款的公允價值與其帳面價 值接近,公允價值層級為第2層。本年計 提的應收利息在十二個月內到期,並列賬 於應收利息中。

本集團考慮在資產最初確認時發生違約的 可能性,以及在整個報告期間信貸風險是 否持續顯著增加。為了評估信用風險是否 顯著增加,本集團將資產在報告日期發生 違約的風險與初始確認日期發生違約的風 險進行比較。

截至二零二零年六月三十日,由於貸款的 實際損失率小於0.1%,且信貸質量無明顯 變化。本集團將所有具有類似信用風險特 徵的第三方貸款集中在一起,並進行減值 評估,按貸款本令1%的減值稼備。

10. Financial assets at fair value through profit or 10. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 loss

Classification of financial assets at fair value through (a) (a) profit or loss

For the six months ended 30 June 2020, the Group classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL):

- Debt investments that do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or EVOCI
- Equity investments that are held for trading, and
- Equity investments for which the entity has not elected to recognise fair value gains and losses through OCI.

Financial assets measured at FVPL include the following:

損益的金融資產

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產分類

於二零二零年六月三十日,本集團將以下 金融資產劃分為以公允價值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產:

- 不符合攤餘成本或公允價值變動 計入其他綜合收益計量標準的債 務投資
- 為交易而持有的股權投資,以及
- 本集團沒有選擇通過公允價值變 動計入其他綜合收益計量的股權 投資。

以公允價值計量且變動計入損益的金融資 產包括以下內容:

| | Unaudited 未經審核 | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| At 30 June 2020 於二零二零年六月三十日 | | Level 1(i) 第一層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 2(i) 第二層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 3(i) 第三層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 指定公允價值變動 進入損益的投資 | | | | |
| Wealth management products (ii) | 資產管理產品(ii) | _ | _ | 1,019,429 | 1,019,429 |
| Preferred shares (iii) | 優先股(iii) | _ | - | 258,259 | 258,259 |
| Listed stock | 上市股票 | 69,409 | - | - | 69,409 |
| Unlisted equity investment | 非上市股權投資 | - | | 24,000 | 24,000 |
| | | 69,409 | _ | 1,301,688 | 1,371,097 |
| Less: non-current portion | 減:非流動部分 | - | _ | (372,259) | (372,259) |
| | | 69,409 | - | 929,429 | 998,838 |

- 10. Financial assets at fair value through profit or 10. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 loss (continued)
- Classification of financial assets at fair value through (a) (a) profit or loss (continued)
- 損益的金融資產(續)

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產分類(績)

| | | Audited 經審核 | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2019 於二零一九年十二月三十一日 | | Level 1(i) 第一層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 2(i) 第二層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 3(i) 第三層(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 指定公允價值變動進入 損益的投資 | | | | |
| Wealth management products (ii) | 資產管理產品(ii) | _ | _ | 687,312 | 687,312 |
| Preferred shares (iii) | 優先股(iii) | _ | _ | 254,491 | 254,491 |
| Listed stock | 上市股票 | 59,139 | - | - | 59,139 |
| Unlisted equity investment | 非上市股權投資 | _ | _ | 24,000 | 24,000 |
| | | 59,139 | _ | 965,803 | 1,024,942 |
| Less: non-current portion | 減:非流動部分 | - | | (428,791) | (428,791) |
| | | 59,139 | _ | 537,012 | 596,151 |

Financial assets at fair value through profit or 10. loss (continued)

(a) Classification of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

- (i) The table analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as (i) at 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:
 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
 - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- Discounted cash flow analysis.

10. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 捐益的金融資產(績)

) 以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產分類(績)

-) 根據在評估公允價值的估值技術中所運用 到的輸入的層級,分析本集團於二零二零 年六月三十日及二零一九年十二月三十一 日按公允價值入帳的金融工具。這些輸入 按照公允價值層級歸類為如下三層:
 - 相同資產或負債在活躍市場未經 調整的報價(第1層)。
 - 一 除了第1層所包括的報價外,該資產和負債的可觀察的其他輸入,可為直接(即例如取自價格)或間接(即例如根據價格推算的)可觀察到的、除市場報價以外的有關資產或負債的輸入值(第2層)。
 - 以可觀察到的市場資料以外的變數為基礎確定的資產或負債的輸入值(不可觀察輸入值)(第3層)。

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工具(例如場外衍生工具)的公允價值利用估值技術釐定。估值技術儘量利用可觀察市場數據(如有),儘量少依賴主體的特定估計。如計算一金融工具的公允價值所需的所有重大輸入值為可觀察數據,則該金融工具列入第2層。

如一項或多項重大輸入值並非根據可觀察 市場資料,則該金融工具列入第3層。

用以估值金融工具的特定估值技術包括:

- 同類型工具的市場報價或交易商報價。
- 貼現現金流模型。

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or 10. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 10. loss (continued)
- Classification of financial assets at fair value through (a) profit or loss (continued)
- (ii) This represented the Group's investments in various wealth management products issued by commercial banks. These products have a term ranging from 3 months to 36 months. They have an expected return rate ranging from 3% to 5%. No single wealth management product investment accounted for over 5% of the Group's total assets. The fair values of these investments were determined based on the statements provided by the counterparties. The fair values of these investments approximated to their carrying amounts as at 30 June 2020.
- (iii) It mainly represented the Group's investment of 535,643,887 Series E Preferred Shares issued by Facishare Co., Ltd., which is mainly engaged in the business of social network working platform for precise interactive marketing and enterprise collaborative management.
- (b) The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the six (b) months ended 30 June 2020.

捐益的金融資產(續)

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產分類(續)

(a)

此為本集團購買的由商業銀行發行的多種 資產管理產品,其存續期為3至36個月不 等。這些資產管理產品的預期回報率在3% 到5%之間。沒有一項資產管理產品投資佔 集團總資產的5%以上。這些資產管理產品 的公允價值是在產品聲明書的基礎上釐定 的。該部分投資的公允價值近似於二零二 零年六月三十日之帳面價值。

此為本集團投資的北京易動紛享科技有限 青仟公司(主要從事精準互動營銷及企業 協同管理的社交網絡工作平台業務)發行 的535.643.887股E輪優先股。

截至二零二零年六月三十日第三層金融工 具的變動如下:

> Unaudited 未經審核

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

以公允價值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產

RMB'000

人民幣千元

| At 1 January 2020 | 於二零二零年一月一日 | 965,803 |
|---|----------------|-------------|
| Additions | 增加 | 1,870,122 |
| Disposals | 處置 | (1,567,457) |
| Gains recognised in profit or loss | 在損益確認的利得 | 33,220 |
| At 30 June 2020 | 於二零二零年六月三十日 | 1,301,688 |
| Changes in unrealized gains for the period | 損益表中確認的年度未實現利得 | |
| included in profit or loss at the end of the period | 的變動 | 3,768 |

11. Share capital and share premium

11. 股本及股本溢價

| | | Unaudited 未經審核 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | Number of shares 股本數目 (thousands) (千股) | Share capital 股份帳面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Share premium 股本溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| At 1 January 2020 | 二零二零年一月一日結餘 | 3,320,690 | 80,037 | 2,963,096 | 3,043,133 |
| Employee share option scheme – Exercise of share options Share award plan | 僱員購股權計劃 一發行股份所得款 股份獎勵計劃 | 10,306 | 232 | 28,961 | 29,193 |
| Value of services received Transfer shares to the awardees upon | 一僱員服務價值 一於歸屬時將股份轉移 | - | - | 55,547 | 55,547 |
| vesting Dividend declared | 給獲獎勵人 宣告股息 | - - | - | (99,486) (36,756) | (99,486) (36,756) |
| At 30 June 2020 | 二零二零年 六月三十日結餘 | 3,330,996 | 80,269 | 2,911,362 | 2,991,631 |
| At 1 January 2019 | 二零一九年一月一日結餘 | 3,300,185 | 79,585 | 2,903,459 | 2,983,044 |
| Employee share option scheme - Value of employee services received - Exercise of share options | 僱員購股權計劃 一僱員服務價值 一發行股份所得款 | - 10.348 | - 224 | 508 25.053 | 508 25.277 |
| Share award plan - Value of services received | 股份獎勵計劃 一僱員服務價值 | - | - | 35,329 | 35,329 |
| – Transfer shares to the awardees upon vesting | 一於歸屬時將股份轉移 給獲獎勵人 | - | - | (81,788) | (81,788) |
| At 30 June 2019 | 二零一九年 六月三十日結餘 | 3,310,533 | 79,809 | 2,882,561 | 2,962,370 |

12. Borrowings

12. 借款

| | | Unaudited | Audited |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB' 000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Short-term borrowings, unsecured | 短期銀行借款・無抵押 | 204,000 | 169,625 |
| Short-term borrowings, secured | 短期銀行借款・質押 | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| | | 234,000 | 199,625 |

13. Trade and other payables

13. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

| | | Unaudited | Audited |
|---|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB' 000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Trade payables (a)(b) | 應付賬款(a)(b) | 11,144 | 15,393 |
| Salary and staff welfare payables | 應付薪金及員工福利 | 159,946 | 218,556 |
| Deposits payable | 應付保證金 | 150,000 | 133,611 |
| Accrual for expenses | 預提費用 | 46,760 | 73,015 |
| Value-added tax ("VAT") and other taxes | 應付增值税及其他税金 | , | · |
| payables | | 31,464 | 71,732 |
| Construction fee payable (d) | 應付工程款項(d) | 90,572 | 69,028 |
| Government funds payable to project | 應付給專案夥伴的政府資金(c) | | |
| partners (c) | | 4,190 | 24,851 |
| Unpaid business acquisition consideration | 未支付的股權購買對價 | - | 8,175 |
| Others | 其他 | 93,676 | 70,263 |
| | | 587,752 | 684,624 |
| Less: non-current portion (d) | 減:非流動部分(d) | (82,086) | (69,028) |
| Current portion | 流動部分 | 505,666 | 615,596 |

13. Trade and other payables (continued)

(a) The fair values of trade and other payables approximate their carrying amounts. The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are mainly denominated in RMB.

13.

(a) 應付帳款及其他應付款之公允價值接近彼 等帳面價值。本公司之於本集團應付帳款 及其他應付款項之帳面價值主要以人民幣 計價。

應付賬款及其他應付款項(續)

- (b) As at 30 June 2020, the aging analysis of trade payables is as follows:
- 於二零二零年六月三十日,應付賬款的賬 (b) 齡分析如下:

| | | Unaudited | Audited |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 未經審核 | 經審核 |
| | | 30 June | 31 December |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | 六月三十日 | 十二月三十一日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| 0-180 days | 0-180天 | 6,654 | 9,100 |
| 181-360 days | 181天至360天 | 1,181 | 669 |
| Over 360 days | 超過360天 | 3,309 | 5,624 |
| | | | |
| | | 11,144 | 15,393 |

- (c) The Group entered into certain government development projects. According (c) to the underlying contracts of these projects, the relevant government departments transfer the project funds to the Group directly and the Group is authorized to allocate the project funds to other third parties involved in the projects as the Group's partners.
- (d) It mainly represents the Group's payables to the construction company for the construction costs incurred relating to Shenzhen Kingdee Software Park Phase II project.
- 本集團參與了政府研發項目。根據這些項 目的合同約定,相關政府部門將項目資金 直接轉移給集團,集團獲授權將項目資金 分配給其他作為集團的合作夥伴參與項目 的第三方。
- (d) 該項主要包含本集團應向建築公司支付的 深圳金蝶軟件園二期工程的建設費用。

14. Revenue from contracts with customers 14. 與客戶之間的合同產生的收入

| | | Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | |
| ERP business | 企業資源管理計劃業務 | 589,069 | 934,913 | |
| - Revenue from sales of software and hardware products - Revenue from rendering of | 一軟件及硬體產品銷售的 收入產品 一提供軟件安裝服務的收入 | 206,479 | 493,208 | |
| software implementation services | | 382,590 | 441,705 | |
| Cloud services business | 雲服務業務 | 798,376 | 550,243 | |
| - Enterprise cloud services - Finance cloud services - Industry cloud services - Other cloud services | 一企業雲服務 一財務雲服務 一行業雲服務 一其他雲服務 | 567,835 126,744 67,560 36,237 | 399,697 68,790 59,906 21,850 | |
| | | 1,387,445 | 1,485,156 | |

15. Expenses by nature

15. 按性質分類的費用

Significant expense items are analysed as follows:

重要費用項目分析如下:

Unaudited 未經審核

Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---------------|---|-----------|
| | | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Research and development costs | 研究及開發成本 | | |
| Amounts incurred | 已產生費用 | 389,755 | 339,550 |
| Less: development costs capitalised | 減:資本化之開發成本 | (243,397) | (262,530) |
| Add: amortization | 加:攤銷資本化之開發成本 | 212,038 | 175,435 |
| | | 358,396 | 252,455 |
| Employee benefit expenses | 僱員福利開支 | 1,074,142 | 905,804 |
| Less: amount included in research | 減:包含於研究及開發 | | |
| and development costs | 成本之金額 | (235,257) | (249,318) |
| | | 838,885 | 656,486 |
| Outsourcing services | 外包服務費 | 197,691 | 167,006 |
| Cost of inventories consumed and | 消耗存貨及雲服務器租賃成本 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ,,,,, |
| rental cost of cloud server | | 79,463 | 62,769 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 不動產、工廠及設備折舊 | 20,577 | 18,952 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | 使用權資產折舊 | 12,499 | 10,483 |
| Amortization of computer software, licenses | 電腦軟件及著作權攤銷 | | |
| and copyrights | | 4,119 | 5,672 |
| Amortization of customer relationship | 客戶關係攤銷 | 2,615 | 2,615 |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets | 金融資產減值損失淨額 | 21,561 | 19,895 |

16. Other income and gains - net

16. 其他收入及利得 - 淨額

Unaudited 未經審核

| | | Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Other income | 其他收入 | | |
| VAT refund | 增值税退還 | 52,540 | 80,468 |
| Government program research | 政府課題研究 | 15,289 | 22,767 |
| Rental income-net | 租金收入一淨值 | 38,634 | 36,902 |
| | | 106,463 | 140,137 |
| Other gains | 其他利得 | | |
| Loss on disposals of property, plant and | 處置不動產、工廠及設備淨損失 | | |
| equipment | | _ | (5) |
| Unrealised fair value gains/(losses) on | 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 | | |
| financial assets at FVPL | 損益的金融資產未實現損失 | 14,038 | (16,880) |
| Realised gains on financial assets at FVPL | 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 | | |
| | 損益的金融資產利息收入 | 29,452 | 15,252 |
| Others | 其他 | 1,067 | 3,472 |
| | | 44,557 | 1,839 |

151,020

141,976

17. Income tax (credit)/expense

17. 所得稅(沖回)/費用

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June

六月三十日止六個月

| | | 2020 二零二零年 | 2019 二零一九年 |
|---------------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Current income tax | 當期所得税 | (10,818) | 3,438 |
| Deferred income tax | 遞延所得税 | 1,637 | 4,805 |
| | | | |
| | | (9,181) | 8,243 |

- (a) No provision for profits tax in the Cayman Islands and Hong Kong has been made as the Group has no assessable profits for the period in those jurisdictions.
- (b) Kingdee China and Kingdee Deeking Cloudcomputing Co., Ltd. ("Kingdee Deeking") were qualified as national important software enterprises and were entitled to preferential tax rates of 10% for the period ended 30 June 2020.
- (c) Shanghai Kingdee Deeking Cloudcomputing Co., Ltd., Shenzhen Kingdee (c) Tianyan Middleware Corp., Ltd., Beijing Kingdee Management Software Co., Ltd., Shanghai Guanyi Cloudcomputing Software Co., Ltd and Kingdee Vehicle Network Technology Co., Ltd. were each qualified as a high-tech enterprise and was entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% for the period ended 30 June 2020.
- (d) Other PRC subsidiaries of the Group applied the tax rate of 25%.

- 由於本集團於當期在開曼群島或香港並無 應課稅收入,故於該等地區並無作出該等 司法權區的所得稅發備。
- (b) 金蝶中國、金蝶蝶金雲計算有限公司(「金 蝶蝶金」)符合國家重點軟件企業的認證, 因此管理層在二零二零年六月三十日的合 併報表中採用10%的優惠税率計算企業所 得稅。
- (c) 上海金蝶蝶金雲計算有限公司、深圳金蝶 天燕雲計算股份有限公司、北京金蝶管理 軟件有限公司、上海管易雲計算軟件有限 公司及金蝶汽車網絡科技有限公司,被認 定為符合國家高新技術企業資格,並在 二零二零年六月三十日的合併報表中採用 15%的優惠稅率計算企業所得稅。
- (d) 其他中國子公司適用25%的企業所得税。

18. (Losses)/earnings per share

(a) Basic

Basic (losses)/earnings per share are calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding ordinary shares purchased and held for share award plan.

18. 每股(虧損)/盈利

(a) 基本

每股基本(虧損)/盈利根據本公司權益持 有人應佔(虧損)/盈利,除以期內已發行 普通股的加權平均數計算,但不包括為股 份獎勵計劃而購買及持有的普通股。

Unaudited

未經審核

Six months ended 30 June

六月三十日止六個月

| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (Loss)/Profit attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) | 本公司權益持有人應佔 (虧損)/盈利 已發行普通股的加權平均數 (千計) | (224,025) 3,261,142 | 109,640 3,220,674 |
| Basic (losses)/earnings per share | 每股基本(虧損)/盈利 | RMB(6.87) cents 人民幣(6.87)仙 | RMB3.40 cents 人民幣3.40仙 |

(b) Diluted

Diluted (losses)/earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has two categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: The Company has two categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options and share awards. For the share options and share awards, the number of shares that could have been issued upon the exercise of all dilutive share options and share awards less the number of shares that could have been issued at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) for the same total proceeds is added to the denominator as the number of ordinary shares issued for no consideration. As the Group incurred losses for the six months ended 30 June 2020, the potential share options and share awards were not included in the calculation of dilutive losses per share, as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Accordingly, diluted losses per share for the six months ended 30 June was the same as basic losses per share.

(b) 稀釋

稀釋每股(虧損)/收益假設所有可稀釋 的潛在普通股被兑換後,根據已發行普通 股的加權平均股數計算。本公司有兩類可 稀釋的潛在普通股: 購股權和股份獎勵計 劃。對於購股權和股份獎勵計劃,根據未 行使所附股份的貨幣價值, 釐定按公允價 值(釐定為本公司股份的平均年度市價)可 購入的股份數目。按以上方式計算的股份 數目,與假設購股權行使而應已發行的股 份數目作出比較。有關差額將加進分母, 作為無需代價而發行之普通股。由於本集 團在截至二零二零年六月三十日內的六個 月內發生了虧損,因此在計算每股稀釋損 失時未將潛在的購股權及股份獎勵計劃包 括在內,因為將其納入是反稀釋的。因 此,截至六月三十日止六個月的每股稀釋 虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

18. (Losses)/earnings per share (continued)

18. 每股(虧損)/盈利(續)

Unaudited 未經審核

(b) Diluted (continued)

(b) 稀釋(續)

| | | Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| (Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (Loss)/profit used to determine diluted earnings per share | 本公司權益持有人應佔 (虧損)/盈利 用以釐定每股稀釋 (虧損)/盈利的利潤 | (224,025) (224,025) | 109,640 109,640 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands) Adjustment for- share options (thousands) share awards (thousands) | 已發行普通股的加權平均數 (千計) 調整: 購股權(千計) 股份獎勵計劃(千計) | 3,261,142 - - | 3,220,674 67,731 37,453 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary | 計算每股稀釋(損失)/盈利 | | |

之普通股的加權平均數

每股稀釋(虧損)/盈利

(千計)

19. Dividends

shares for diluted earnings

Diluted (losses)/earnings per share

per share (thousands)

Included in the 2019 final dividends of RMB36,756,000 (RMB1.1 cents per share) (approximately HKD1.2 cents per share), RMB36,715,000 were paid in June 2020, while the remaining RMB41,000 was outstanding as at 30 June 2020.

The Board did not recommend the payment of an interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2020 (the six months ended 30 June 2019: Nil).

19. 股息

二零一九年最終股利人民幣36,756,000元 (每股人民幣約1.1仙)(每股港幣1.2仙)已 於二零二零年六月三十日內支付人民幣約 36,715,000元·其餘人民幣41,000元在截至 二零二零年六月三十日未支付。

3,325,858

RMB3.30 cents

人民幣3.30仙

3,261,142

RMB(6.87) cents

人民幣(6.87)仙

董事會不建議派付截至二零二零年六月三 十日止六個月的中期股息(截至二零一九 年六月三十日止六個月:無)。

20. Related party transactions

The Group had transactions with related parties for the period ended 30 June 2020 as follows:

20. 關連方交易

截至二零二零年六月三十日,本集團其他 關聯交易列示如下:

(a) Transactions with related parties

(a) 與關連方交易金額

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月

| | ****=11 | 7/1=1 HE/HH/I | | |
|---|---------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| | 二零二零年 | 二零一九年 | | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | | |
| Sales of products | | | | |
| - Associates - 聯營 | 5,931 | 7,295 | | |
| - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun - 由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | 153 | 140 | | |
| | 6,083 | 7,435 | | |
| Sales of services 服務銷售 | | | | |
| - Associates - 聯營 | 6,732 | 2,420 | | |
| - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun — 由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | 241 | 238 | | |
| | 6,973 | 2,658 | | |
| Rental income 租金收入 | | | | |
| - Associates - 聯營 | 915 | 1,028 | | |
| - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun - 由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | 6,418 | 7,570 | | |
| | 7,333 | 8,598 | | |
| Interest income 利息收入 | | | | |
| - Associates - 聯營 | 1,550 | 5,335 | | |
| - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun — 由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | _ | 2,624 | | |
| | 1,550 | 7,959 | | |

Products and services are sold based on the terms agreed with the counterparties in the ordinary course of business, and the rental rates and interest rates are determined in the same way.

產品和服務的銷售是根據與交易對手在正 常業務過程中商定的條款出售。租金和利 率也是以同樣的方式確定的。

- 20. Related party transactions (continued)
- 20. 關連方交易(績)

Unaudited 未經審核 Six months ended 30 June

(b) Purchase of products and services

Purchase of services

- Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun

- Associates

(b) 貨品及服務購買

| | | 六月三十日止六個月 | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | |
| Purchase of products | 禮 | 2,512 27 | 1,989 173 | |
| | | 2,538 | 2,162 | |

- 由徐少春先生所控制的主體

Products and services are purchased from associates and companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun are carried out on terms agreed with the counterparties in the ordinary course of business.

服務購買

一聯營

貨物和服務是從聯營公司和最終控制方所 控制的主體購買的,並按照與日常業務過 程中對方商定的條款進行。

9,740

9,952

212

15,333

15,333

20. Related party transactions (continued)

20. 關連方交易(續)

(c) Balances with related parties

(c) 與關連方交易產生的當期結餘

| | | Unaudited 未經審核 30 June 2020 二零二零年 六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Audited 經審核 31 December 2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---|--|---|--|
| Payable to related parties recorded in "Contract Liabilities" - Associates | 記錄在「合同負債」中的應付 關聯方款項 一聯營公司 | 59 | 719 |
| Payable to related parties recorded in "Trade payables" - Associates - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun | 記錄在「應付帳款」中的應付 關聯方款項 一聯營公司 一由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | 78 8 | 132 8 |
| | | 86 | 140 |
| Receivables from related parties - Associates - Companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun | 應收關連方款項 一聯營公司 一由徐少春先生所控制的主體 | 13,340 4,426 | 12,047 3,262 |
| | | 17,766 | 15,309 |

20. Related party transactions (continued)

20. 關連方交易(續)

Unaudited 未經審核

270,000

(270,000)

616,534

(256,976)

359.558

(d) Loans to related parties

Loans to an associate

Loans provided to related parties

Repayment from related party

At 1 January

At 30 June

(d) 給予關連方貸款

| | | Six months ended 30 June 六月三十日止六個月 | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | 2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | |
| Loans to companies controlled by Mr. Xu Shao Chun At 1 January | 給予徐少春先生所控制的 主體貸款 於一月一日 | _ | 104,979 | |
| Loans advanced during the period | 當期借出/(收回)的貸款 | - | - | |
| At 30 June | 於六月三十日 | _ | 104,979 | |

給予聯營企業貸款

於一月一日

關聯方借款

關聯方還款

於六月三十日



Kingdee International Software Group Company Limited 金蝶國際軟件集團有限公司

APPENDIX II

REPRODUCTION OF THE PRESS RELEASE DATED 5 NOVEMBER 2020 CONTAINING THE GUARANTOR'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

The information set out below is a reproduction of the press release dated 5 November 2020 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2020.



RESULTS AT SEPTEMBER 30[™] 2020

Press release

Paris, November 5th 2020

Q3 20 KEY INFORMATION: CONFIRMED REBOUND

Substantial improvement in gross operating income +14.6%* vs. Q3 19

Rebound in revenues in all activities: revenues +9.7% vs. Q2 20 (+0.5%* vs. Q3 19) Operating expenses down -8.2% vs. Q3 19 (-5.6%*) and -6.5% vs. 9M 19 (-4.5%*) Positive jaws effect at Group level

Q3 20 cost of risk substantially lower than in Q2 20 at 40 basis points

Reported Group net income of EUR 862m (+9.8%* vs. Q3 19) - underlying Group net income of EUR 742m in Q3 20 and EUR 803m in 9M 20

SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN CETI RATIO AT 13.2%(1)

Dividend provision of EUR 0.21 per share (2) included in CET1

High level of capital (~420bp buffer over regulatory requirement) giving the Group flexibility in terms of shareholders' return

2020 OBJECTIVES

Objective of underlying operating expenses of around EUR 16.5bn Cost of risk of around 70bp Objective of a CET1 ratio above 12% at end-2020

SOCIETE GENERALE GROUP FULLY MOBILISED TO SERVING THE ECONOMY

More than EUR 20bn of State Guaranteed Loan applications at Group level

NEW ENERGY TRANSITION COMMITMENTS

Target to reduce overall exposure to the oil and gas extraction sector by 10% by 2025:

- by supporting the energy transition of our clients, through a priority of financing renewable energies and gas in the transition phase
- by stopping new financing of onshore oil & gas extraction in the US (Reserve Based Lending)

Frédéric Oudéa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"The Societe Generale Group's Q3 results illustrate the ability of all our businesses to rebound, after the exceptional lockdown period that we have experienced, and to adapt to a still very uncertain environment. The performances reflect our efforts in terms of commercial development, cost control and rigorous risk management. The solidity of the balance sheet, both in terms of asset quality and level of capital, enables us to approach the coming months with confidence and build our new strategic roadmap on sound foundations. With the exceptional commitment of our teams, we have the ambition to support our customers both in the current crisis and in the longer term with their energy and digital transition, and we are confident of our ability to enhance the added value and competitiveness of our different businesses."

The footnote * in this document corresponds to data adjusted for changes in Group Structure and at constant exchange rates

⁽¹⁾ Including +19bp of IFRS 9 phasing and ~+10bp impact of closing of SG Finans dated 1 October 2020

⁽²⁾ Corresponding to 50% of underlying Group net income in 9M 20, after deducting interests on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

1. GROUP CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Change | | Change | | Change | | 9M 20 9M 19 | | Change | |
|---|---------|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--------|---------|-------------|--|--------|--|
| Net banking income | 5,809 | 5,983 | -2.9% | +0.5%* | 16,275 | 18,458 | -11.8% | -9.4%* | | | | |
| Operating expenses | (3,825) | (4,165) | -8.2% | -5.6%* | (12,363) | (13,224) | -6.5% | -4.5%* | | | | |
| Underlying operating expenses(1) | (4,002) | (4,317) | -7.3% | -4.8%* | (12,186) | (12,816) | -4.9% | -2.8%* | | | | |
| Gross operating income | 1,984 | 1,818 | +9.1% | +14.6%* | 3,912 | 5,234 | -25.3% | -22.3%* | | | | |
| Underlying gross operating income(1) | 1,807 | 1,666 | +8.5% | +14.4%* | 4,089 | 5,642 | -27.5% | -24.9%* | | | | |
| Net cost of risk | (518) | (329) | +57.4% | +67.7%* | (2,617) | (907) | x 2.9 | x 3.0* | | | | |
| Operating income | 1,466 | 1,489 | -1.5% | +2.9%* | 1,295 | 4,327 | -70.1% | -69.6%* | | | | |
| Underlying operating income(1) | 1,289 | 1,337 | -3.6% | +1.3%* | 1,472 | 4,753 | -69.0% | -68.6%* | | | | |
| Net profits or losses from other assets | (2) | (71) | +97.2% | +97.2%* | 82 | (202) | n/s | n/s | | | | |
| Underlying net profits or losses from other assets(1) | (2) | 42 | n/s | n/s | 159 | 47 | X3.4 | X3.3* | | | | |
| Impairment losses on goodwill | 0 | 0 | n/s | n/s | (684) | 0 | n/s | n/s | | | | |
| Income tax | (467) | (389) | +20.1% | +20.1%* | (1,079) | (1,034) | +4.4% | +23.0%* | | | | |
| Reported Group net income | 862 | 854 | +0.9%* | +9.8%* | (728) | 2,594 | n/s | n/s | | | | |
| Underlying Group net income(1) | 742 | 855 | -13.2% | -5.9%* | 803 | 3,183 | -74.8% | -74.7%* | | | | |
| ROE | 5.7% | 5.3% | | | -3.0% | 5.5% | | | | | | |
| ROTE | 6.5% | 6.1% | _ | | -1.4% | 6.7% | | | | | | |
| Underlying ROTE (1) | 5.5% | 6.1% | - | | 1.0% | 8.1% | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on November 4th, 2020 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined the Societe Generale Group's results for Q3 and 9M 2020.

The various restatements enabling the transition from underlying data to published data are presented in the methodology notes (section 10.5).

Net banking income

Q3 was marked by a general rebound in all the Group's activities in an environment still characterised by the global health crisis. There was a significant improvement in the Group's net banking income (+9.7%) vs. Q2 20 to EUR 5,809 million. It was stable (+0.5%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates) vs. Q3 19 (-2.9% on a reported basis). It was down -9.4%* in 9M 20 vs. 9M 19 (-11.8% in 9M 20 vs. 9M 19).

Net banking income (excluding PEL/CEL provision) for French Retail Banking was up +6.2% vs. Q2 20 and down -4.5% vs. Q3 19. The dynamic rebound was also observed on International Retail Banking & Financial Services' revenues (+9.9%* vs. Q2 20, -2.6%* vs. Q3 19).

Global Banking & Investor Solutions' net banking income was up +8.2% vs. Q2 20 and +1% vs. Q3 19. Global Markets experienced a sharp rebound, particularly in the Equity businesses, against the backdrop of the normalisation of market conditions.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses were significantly lower in Q3 20 at EUR 3,825 million (-8.2% vs. Q3 19 and -5.6%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates), resulting in a positive jaws effect in the quarter, and in 9M 20 at EUR 12,363 million (-6.5% vs. 9M 19 and -4.5%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates). Underlying operating expenses totalled EUR 4,002 million in Q3 20, down -7.3% vs. Q3 19, and EUR 12,186 million in 9M 20, down -4.9% vs. 9M 19, after including the linearisation of the IFRIC 21 impact.

All the Group's businesses contributed to this decline: French Retail Banking's costs were down -6.0% in Q3 20 vs. Q3 19, those of International Retail Banking & Financial Services were down -8.4% in Q3 20 vs. Q3 19 and those of Global Banking & Investor Solutions were down -9.8% in Q3 20 vs. Q3 19.

The Group expects underlying operating expenses of around EUR 16.5 billion for 2020. In addition, the Group is already working on reducing its costs beyond 2020: expected decline of EUR 450 million by 2022/2023 in Global Markets, study under way on French Retail Banking, ongoing optimisation of crossfunctional processes, gradual benefit of the finalisation of remediation efforts as from 2022, ramping up of digitalisation.

Cost of risk

The commercial cost of risk amounted to 40 basis points in Q3 20, substantially lower than in the last quarter (97 basis points in Q2 20 and 26 basis points in Q3 19), and 67 basis points in 9M 20.

The net cost of risk amounted to EUR 518 million in Q3 20 and breaks down into EUR 382 million in respect of loans classified in Stage 3 (credit-impaired) and EUR 136 million in respect of loans classified in Stage 1 (performing) and Stage 2 (underperforming), o/w EUR 123 million impact of macroeconomic scenarios review in International Retail Banking & Financial Services.

In the first nine months, the net cost of risk amounted to EUR 2,617 million, with EUR 1,617 million in respect of loans classified in Stage 3 and EUR 1,000 million in respect of loans classified in Stage 1 and Stage 2.

As of September 30th, the total amount of repayment moratoriums was around EUR 35 billion, o/w EUR 9 billion already expired. The end of these moratoriums has a limited impact on the Group's cost of risk.

The Group expects a 2020 commercial cost of risk of around 70 basis points.

The gross doubtful outstandings ratio amounted to $3.4\%^{(1)}$ at September 30^{th} 2020, up +20bp vs. September 30^{th} 2019. The Group's gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings stood at $52\%^{(2)}$ at September 30^{th} 2020 (54% at June 30^{th} 2020).

Net profits or losses from other assets

Net profits or losses from other assets totalled EUR -2 million in Q3 20 and EUR +82 million in 9M 20.

⁽¹⁾ NPL ratio calculated according to the new EBA methodology

⁽²⁾ Ratio between the amount of provisions on doubtful outstandings and the amount of these same outstandings

Group net income

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | 9M 20 | 9M 19 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Reported Group net income | 862 | 854 | (728) | 2,594 |
| Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾ | 742 | 855 | 803 | 3,183 |
| | | | | |
| In % | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | 9M 20 | 9M 19 |
| ROTE (reported) | 6.5% | 6.1% | -1.4% | 6.7% |
| Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾ | 5.5% | 6.1% | 1% | 8.1% |

Earnings per share is negative and amounts to EUR -1.38 in 9M 20 (EUR 2.49 in 9M 19). Underlying earnings per share amounts to EUR 0.42 (EUR 3.21 in 9M 19). The dividend provision, corresponding to 50% of underlying net income after deducting interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes for 9M 20, amounts to EUR 0.21 per share.

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 $^{^{(1)}}$ Adjusted for exceptional items and the linearisation of IFRIC 21

2. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Group **shareholders' equity** totalled EUR 60.6 billion at September 30th, 2020 (EUR 63.5 billion at December 31st, 2019). Net asset value per share was EUR 62.0 and tangible net asset value per share was EUR 54.45.

The **consolidated balance sheet** totalled EUR 1,472 billion at September 30th, 2020 (EUR 1,356 billion at December 31st, 2019). The net amount of customer loan outstandings at September 30th, 2020, including lease financing, was EUR 440 billion (EUR 430 billion at December 31st, 2019) – excluding assets and securities purchased under resale agreements. At the same time, customer deposits amounted to EUR 440 billion, vs. EUR 410 billion at December 31st, 2019 (excluding assets and securities sold under repurchase agreements).

At end-September 2020, the parent company had issued EUR 26.9 billion of medium/long-term debt, having an average maturity of 5.6 years and an average spread of 61 basis points (vs. the 6-month midswap, excluding subordinated debt). The subsidiaries had issued EUR 765 million. At September 30th, 2020, the Group had issued a total of EUR 27.6 billion of medium/long-term debt. The LCR (Liquidity Coverage Ratio) was well above regulatory requirements at 179% at end-September 2020, vs. 119% at end-December 2019. At the same time, the NSFR (Net Stable Funding Ratio) was over 100% at end-September 2020.

The Group's **risk-weighted assets** (RWA) amounted to EUR 352.3 billion at September 30th, 2020 (vs. EUR 345.0 billion at end-December 2019) according to CRR/CRD4 rules. Risk-weighted assets in respect of credit risk represent 80.7% of the total, at EUR 284.4 billion, up 0.7% vs. December 31st, 2019.

At September 30^{th} , 2020, the Group's **Common Equity Tier 1** ratio stood at 13.1% (13.2% pro forma for the impact of the disposal of SG Finans which was finalised on October 1^{st} , 2020, i.e. around 420 basis points above the regulatory requirement). The CET1 ratio at September 30^{th} , 2020 includes an effect of +19 basis points for phasing of the IFRS 9 impact. Excluding this effect, the fully-loaded ratio amounts to 12.9%. The Tier 1 ratio stood at $15.1\%^{(1)}$ at end-September 2020 (15.1% at end-December 2019) and the total capital ratio amounted to $18.2\%^{(1)}$ (18.3% at end-December 2019).

The CET1 ratio is expected to be above 12% at end-2020, taking into account all the regulatory developments related to the review of internal models (TRIM).

With a level of $29.6\%^{(1)}$ of RWA and $8.7\%^{(1)}$ of leveraged exposure at end-September 2020, the Group's TLAC ratio is above the FSB's requirements for 2020. At September 30^{th} , 2020, the Group was also above its MREL requirements of 8.51% of the TLOF⁽²⁾ (which, in December 2017, represented a level of 24.4% of RWA), which were used as a reference for the SRB calibration.

The **leverage ratio** stood at 4.4%⁽¹⁾ at September 30th, 2020 (4.3% at end-December 2019).

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) FitchRatings - long-term rating "A-", stable outlook, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1"; (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1"; (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook; and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", negative outlook, short-term rating "A-1".

⁽¹⁾ Excluding IFRS 9 phasing

⁽²⁾ TLOF: Total Liabilities and Own Funds

3. FRENCH RETAIL BANKING

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Change | 9M 20 | 9M 19 | Change |
|---|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Net banking income | 1,836 | 1,879 | -2.3% | 5,470 | 5,789 | -5.5% |
| Net banking income excl. PEL/CEL | 1,857 | 1,945 | -4.5% | 5,511 | 5,894 | -6.5% |
| Operating expenses | (1,292) | (1,375) | -6.0% | (3,975) | (4,209) | -5.6% |
| Gross operating income | 544 | 504 | +7.9% | 1,495 | 1,580 | -5.4% |
| Gross operating income excl. PEL/CEL | 565 | 570 | -0.9% | 1,536 | 1,685 | -8.8% |
| Net cost of risk | (130) | (95) | +36.8% | (821) | (318) | +158.2% |
| Operating income | 414 | 409 | +1.2% | 674 | 1,262 | -46.6% |
| Net profits or losses from other assets | 3 | 41 | -92.7% | 139 | 43 | +223.3% |
| Reported Group net income | 283 | 311 | -9.0% | 562 | 901 | -37.6% |
| RONE | 9.5% | 11.0% | | 6.5% | 10.6% | |
| Underlying RONE (1) | 9.2% | 12.0% | | 7.1% | 11.7% | _ |

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21 and PEL/CEL provision

After the substantial impact of the lockdown on activity in Q2, French Retail Banking's commercial performance improved in Q3 20.

The brands continued to expand their activity on their core target customers.

Boursorama consolidated its position as the leading online bank in France, with around 2.5 million clients at end-September 2020 (around 450,000 new clients in one year) while maintaining its No. 1 position in terms of client satisfaction⁽¹⁾. The number of stock market orders doubled compared to Q3 19.

Net inflow for wealthy clients remained robust at EUR 919 million in Q3 20 (EUR 2.2 billion over 9 months 2020), taking assets under management to EUR 67.4 billion (including Crédit du Nord) at end-September 2020.

Life insurance outstandings totalled EUR 93.4 billion, with the unit-linked share accounting for 25.9% of outstandings. The unit-linked share of outstandings increased by 126bp vs. Q3 19.

The brands continued to develop their insurance business, with Property/Casualty insurance premiums up 6.4% vs. Q3 19.

Average investment loan outstandings (including leases) rose 25.7% vs. Q3 19 to EUR 88.3 billion (+5.5% excluding State Guaranteed Loans). Average outstanding loans to individuals were up 4.5% at EUR 122.3 billion, bolstered by housing loans.

As a result, average loan outstandings climbed 12.2% (+5.0% excluding State Guaranteed Loans) vs. Q3 19 to EUR 222.4 billion.

French Retail Banking continued to support the economy, accompanying individual, corporate and professional customers.

As of October 16th, 2020, around 91,800 applications had been received for State Guaranteed Loans for a total amount of EUR 19.7 billion at Group level in France.

Average outstanding balance sheet deposits⁽²⁾ were 14.1% higher than in Q3 19 (+4.9% vs. Q2 20) at EUR 239.9 billion, still driven by sight deposits (+19.8% vs. Q3 19)⁽³⁾.

As a result, the average loan/deposit ratio stood at 92.7% in Q3 20.

⁽¹⁾ Source: Bain & Company 2020

⁽²⁾ Including BMTN (negotiable medium-term notes)

⁽³⁾ Including currency deposits

Net banking income excluding PEL/CEL

Q3 20: revenues (excluding PEL/CEL) totalled EUR 1,857 million, down -4.5% vs. Q3 19 but up 6.2% vs. the low point in Q2 20.

Net interest income (excluding PEL/CEL) was 5.1% lower than in Q3 19 against a backdrop of low interest rates and a sharp rise in deposits. However, it picked up compared to Q2 20 (+2.8%), bolstered in particular by loan production and TLTRO effects.

Commissions were 4.0% lower than in Q3 19 but picked up compared to Q2 20 (+6.6%), with financial commissions down compared to the high level in Q2 20 and stable compared to Q3 19 (-3.0% vs. Q2 20, +0.8% vs. Q3 19), and a gradual recovery in service commissions (+7.8% vs. Q2 20, -7.5% vs. Q3 19).

9M 20: revenues (excluding PEL/CEL) totalled EUR 5,511 million, down -6.5% vs. 9M 19, reflecting the effects of the Covid-19 crisis. Net interest income (excluding PEL/CEL) was 3.3% lower and commissions were down -6.9% (-4.7% excluding adjustment for tax related to commissions in Q2 19).

Operating expenses

Q3 20: French Retail Banking generated a positive jaws effect, thereby improving its operating leverage. Operating expenses were substantially lower at EUR 1,292 million (-6.0% vs. Q3 19), illustrating the Group's work on costs. The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) was lower at 71.4%.

9M 20: operating expenses were lower at EUR 3,975 million (-5.6% vs. 9M 19). The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 71.5%.

Cost of risk

Q3 20: the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 130 million or 24 basis points, returning to normal after peaking in Q2 20 (85bp). It includes EUR 55 million of S1/S2 (performing/underperforming loans) provisioning and EUR 75 million of S3 (credit-impaired loans) provisioning.

9M 20: the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 821 million or 52 basis points, higher than in 9M 19 (22bp, EUR 318 million). It includes EUR 411 million of S1/S2 provisioning and EUR 410 million of S3 (non-performing loans) provisioning.

Net profits or losses from other assets

Q3 20: "Net profits or losses from other assets" amounted to EUR 3 million vs. EUR 41 million in Q3 19.

9M 20: "Net profits or losses from other assets" amounted to EUR 139 million, including a capital gain of EUR 130 million relating to the Group's property disposal programme realised in Q1 2020.

Contribution to Group net income

Q3 20: the contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 283 million (-9.0% vs. Q3 19). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 9.2% in Q3 20 (vs. 12.0% in Q3 19).

9M 20: the contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 562 million (-37.6% vs. 9M 19). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 7.1% in 9M 20 (vs. 11.7% in 9M 19).

4. INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Cha | ange | 9M 20 | 9M 19 | Cha | inge |
|---|-------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| Net banking income | 1,891 | 2,096 | -9.8% | -2.6%* | 5,605 | 6,296 | -11.0% | -4.0%* |
| Operating expenses | (999) | (1,091) | -8.4% | -0.2%* | (3,124) | (3,440) | -9.2% | -1.4%* |
| Gross operating income | 892 | 1,005 | -11.2% | -5.1%* | 2,481 | 2,856 | -13.1% | -7.0%* |
| Net cost of risk | (331) | (169) | +95.9% | x 2.2 | (978) | (430) | x 2.3 | x 2.4 |
| Operating income | 561 | 836 | -32.9% | -29.4%* | 1,503 | 2,426 | -38.0% | -34.2%* |
| Net profits or losses from other assets | (2) | 1 | n/s | n/s | 9 | 2 | x 4.5 | x 3.4 |
| Reported Group net income | 337 | 513 | -34.3% | -29.3%* | 928 | 1,492 | -37.8% | -32.5%* |
| RONE | 12.9% | 18.7% | | | 11.6% | 17.8% | | |
| Underlying RONE (1) | 12.3% | 18.1% | | | 11.8% | 18.2% | | |

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21 and the restructuring provision of EUR 29 million in Q2 19.

International Retail Banking saw a rebound in loan and deposit production in all regions from June. Outstanding loans totalled EUR 84.6 billion. They rose +3.7%* vs. end-September 2019; they were down -5.5% at current structure and exchange rates, given the disposals finalised since September 2019: SKB in Slovenia, OBSG in Macedonia and Societe Generale de Banque aux Antilles. Outstanding deposits climbed +9.3%* (-2.3% at current structure and exchange rates) vs. September 2019, to EUR 79.0 billion.

For the Europe scope, outstanding loans were up $+3.1\%^*$ vs. September 2019, at EUR 53.7 billion (-5.1% at current structure and exchange rates), driven by the Czech Republic (+4.6%*, -0.8%) and to a lesser extent Western Europe (+2.3%). Outstanding deposits were up $+7.1\%^*$ (-4.3% at current structure and exchange rates), with a healthy momentum in the Czech Republic (+7.4%*, +1.8%) and Romania (+9.5%*, +6.7%).

In Russia, there was a significant increase in outstanding loans (+7.5%* at constant exchange rates, -17.1% at current exchange rates) while outstanding deposits climbed +19.5%* (-7.9% at current exchange rates).

In Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories, outstanding loans rose +3.6%* (or -0.9%) vs. September 2019, including +2.3%* in the Mediterranean Basin and +3.1%* in Sub-Saharan Africa. Outstanding deposits enjoyed a strong momentum, up +9.5%* (+5.1%).

In the Insurance business, the life insurance savings business saw outstandings increase +1%* vs. September 2019. The share of unit-linked products in outstandings was 30% at end-September 2020, up 2 points vs. September 2019. Protection insurance fell -1.1%* vs. Q3 19. The 8.2%* increase in Property/Casualty premiums was offset by a decline in personal protection insurance (-6.8%* vs. Q3 19).

Financial Services to Corporates delivered a resilient commercial performance. Operational Vehicle Leasing and Fleet Management saw an increase in its vehicle fleet (+2% vs. end-September 2019) to 1.76 million vehicles at end-September 2020. Equipment Finance's outstanding loans were up +0.7%* vs. end-September 2019, at EUR 17.8 billion (excluding factoring).

Net banking income

Net banking income amounted to EUR 1,891 million in Q3 20, down -2.6%* (-9.8%) vs. Q3 19. The increase of +9.9%* vs. Q2 20 illustrates the recovery in activity. Revenues totalled EUR 5,605 million in 9M 20, down -4.0%* (-11.0%) vs. 9M 19.

In International Retail Banking, net banking income totalled EUR 1,216 million in Q3 20, down -3.9%* (-13.2%) vs. Q3 19, marked in particular by a fall in net interest income in the Czech Republic and

Romania, in conjunction with the decline in rates. Net banking income was 6.5%* higher than in O2 20.

Net banking income amounted to EUR 3,666 million in 9M 20, down -3.3%* (-12.7%) vs. 9M 19.

The Insurance business saw a slight fall in net banking income (-1.6%* vs. Q3 19) to EUR 223 million in Q3 20 (-1.8%), but an increase of +5.5%* vs. Q2 20. Net banking income was down -3.1%* (-3.5%) in 9M 20, at EUR 663 million.

Financial Services to Corporates' net banking income was up +1%* (-3.4%) vs. Q3 19 and +22.1%* vs. Q2 20, at EUR 452 million. ALD posted a used car sale result of EUR 333 per vehicle in Q3 20 and has revised its full-year target between EUR -50 and EUR 150 per vehicle for 2020. Financial Services to Corporates' net banking income came to EUR 1,276 million in 9M 20, down -6.4%* (-9.4%) vs. 9M 19.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses were down -0.2%* (-8.4%), at EUR -999 million, vs. Q3 19, reflecting control of costs. They fell -1.4%* (-9.2%) in 9M 20, to EUR 3,124 million. The cost to income ratio stood at 52.8% in Q3 20 and 55.7% in 9M 20.

In International Retail Banking, operating expenses were down -1.4%* (-11.1%) vs. Q3 19 and down - 0.5%* (-10.1%) vs. 9M 19.

In the **Insurance** business, operating expenses were slightly higher $(+0.7\%^*$, stable at current structure) than in Q3 19. They were up $+3.1\%^*$ (+2.6%) vs. 9M 19.

In **Financial Services to Corporates**, operating expenses were down $-0.3\%^*$ (-6.2%) vs. Q3 19 and $-1.7\%^*$ (-6.8%) vs. 9M 19.

Cost of risk

Q3 20: the commercial cost of risk amounted to 102 basis points (or EUR 332 million), vs. 125 basis points in Q2 20 and 49 basis points in Q3 19, which included a net provision write-back incorporating insurance payouts in Romania. The Q3 cost of risk includes EUR 120 million for the estimate of expected credit losses in Stage 1 and Stage 2, including EUR 123 million for the impact related to the review of macroeconomic scenarios.

9M 20: the cost of risk amounted to 98 basis points (EUR 978 million); it was 42 basis points in 9M 19. The estimate of expected credit losses in Stage 1 and Stage 2 amounted to EUR 310 million.

Contribution to Group net income

The contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 337 million in Q3 20 (-34.3% vs. Q3 19) and EUR 928 million in 9M 20 (-37.8% vs. 9M 19). Underlying RONE stood at 12.3% in Q3 20 (vs. 18.1% in Q3 19), and 11.8% in 9M 20 (vs. 18.2% in 9M 19).

5. GLOBAL BANKING & INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Change | | 9M 20 | 9M 19 | Cha | nge |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| Net banking income | 2,034 | 2,013 | +1.0% | +2.5%* | 5,541 | 6,518 | -15.0% | -14.9%* |
| Operating expenses | (1,478) | (1,638) | -9.8% | -8.3%* | (5,025) | (5,579) | -9.9% | -9.7%* |
| Gross operating income | 556 | 375 | +48.3% | +49.4%* | 516 | 939 | -45.0% | -45.4%* |
| Net cost of risk | (57) | (65) | -12.3% | -7.8%* | (818) | (140) | x 5.8 | x 5.9 |
| Operating income | 499 | 310 | +61.0% | +60.7%* | (302) | 799 | n/s | n/s |
| Reported Group net income | 381 | 253 | +50.6% | +50.2%* | (223) | 667 | n/s | n/s |
| RONE | 10.3% | 6.9% | | | -2.1% | 5.7% | | |
| Underlying RONE (1) | 7.9% | 5.1% | | | -1.3% | 7.7% | | |

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

Net banking income

Q3 20: Global Banking & Investor Solutions' revenues were up +1.0% (+2.5%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates) at EUR 2,034 million and rebounded +8.2% (+10.8%*) compared to Q2 20.

9M 20: net banking income was down -12.7% vs. 9M 19 when adjusted for the impact of restructuring, the revaluation of SIX securities (EUR +66 million) and the disposal of Private Banking in Belgium. On a reported basis, the decrease is -15.0%.

In Global Markets & Investor Services, net banking income totalled EUR 1,245 million, up +4.5% (+6.3%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates) vs. Q3 19.

Fixed Income & Currencies delivered another solid performance, with revenues of EUR 569 million, up +9.4% vs. Q3 19. Market conditions have normalised compared to H1 20. The solid Q3 performance was driven in particular by healthy activity with European corporate clients, higher revenues in the Americas region and in flow & hedging activities.

There was a sharp rebound in Equity activities, with net banking income 3.7 times higher than in Q2 20, and up +5.1% vs. Q3 19. Flow & hedging activities performed well in Q3, and the Asia and Americas regions enjoyed strong volumes. There was a gradual recovery in equity structured product revenues vs. Q2 20, impacted by the current reduction in the risk profile. The good performance of listed products helped offset this impact.

The implementation of decisions following the strategic review of equity and credit structured products is under way:

- Reducing the risk profile of these products in line with the plan with, in particular, a decrease in the exposure to the most complex products
- Maintaining the leadership position on the investment solutions franchise

Securities Services' assets under custody amounted to EUR 4,328 billion at end-September 2020, up +2.1% vs. end-June 2020. Over the same period, assets under administration were up +2.3% at EUR 613 billion. Securities Services' revenues totalled EUR 145 million in Q3 20 and were down -12.7% vs. Q3 19.

Financing & Advisory revenues totalled EUR 579 million in Q3 20, down -2.8%* vs. Q3 19 (-4.1% at current structure and exchange rates).

Investment banking enjoyed a healthy activity in Q3 20, albeit slower in the debt market compared to Q2 which saw a record number of issues. Acquisition financing activity was sustained.

Financing activities were adversely affected by the slowdown in aircraft and property financing.

After a second quarter marked by the crisis and a decline in volumes, Global Transaction and Payment Services posted a better performance than in Q2 20, benefiting from a rebound in commissions.

Asset and Wealth Management's net banking income totalled EUR 210 million in Q3 20, down -3.7% vs. Q3 19 (-3.7%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates).

Lyxor's net banking income amounted to EUR 53 million, up +10.4% vs. Q3 19. It rebounded by +32.5% vs. Q2 20, driven by the ETF segment and the rebound in equity markets. Lyxor's assets under management totalled EUR 133 billion at end-September 2020. Lyxor's varied ESG ETF offering contributed to the increase in net inflow in the first nine months.

Private Banking posted a performance that was 7.3% lower in Q3 20 than in Q3 19, with net banking income of EUR 153 million. Revenues were hit by market conditions and weaker activity. Assets under management were stable in Q3 20, at EUR 114 billion. Net inflow totalled EUR 1.8 billion in the first nine months of the year, driven by France.

Operating expenses

Q3 20: operating expenses were substantially lower (-9.8%) than in Q3 19. The pillar generated a positive jaws effect in Q3 20.

9M 20: operating expenses, restated for the restructuring provision recorded in Q2 19 for EUR 227 million, were down -7.3%.

Net cost of risk

Q3 20: the commercial cost of risk amounted to 14 basis points (or EUR 57 million), vs. 95 basis points in Q2 20 and 16 basis points in Q3 19. It includes EUR -34 million of S1/S2 (performing/underperforming loans) provisioning and EUR 92 million of S3 (credit-impaired loans) provisioning.

9M 20: the cost of risk amounted to 66 basis points (EUR 818 million), including EUR 284 million of S1/S2 provisioning and EUR 534 million of S3 (non-performing loans) provisioning.

Contribution to Group net income

The contribution to Group net income amounted to EUR 381 million in Q3 20, an increase of +50.6% vs. Q3 19, and EUR -223 million in 9M 20.

RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) stood at 7.9% vs. 5.1% in Q3 19. It was negative in the first nine months.

6. CORPORATE CENTRE

| _ In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | 9M 20 | 9M 19 |
|---|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| Net banking income | 48 | (5) | (341) | (145) |
| Operating expenses | (56) | (61) | (239) | 4 |
| Gross operating income | (8) | (66) | (580) | (141) |
| Net cost of risk | 0 | 0 | 0 | (19) |
| Net profits or losses from other assets | (3) | (115) | (80) | (249) |
| Impairment losses on goodwill | 0 | | (684) | |
| Income tax | (84) | 7 | (534) | 70 |
| Reported Group net income | (139) | (223) | (1,995) | (466) |

The Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects and certain costs incurred by the Group and not re-invoiced to the businesses.

The Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR 48 million in Q3 20 vs. EUR -5 million in Q3 19 and EUR -341 million in 9M 20 vs. EUR -145 million in 9M 19.

Operating expenses totalled EUR -56 million in Q3 20 vs. EUR -61 million in Q3 19. They amounted to EUR -239 million in 9M 20 vs. EUR +4 million in 9M 19.

Gross operating income totalled EUR -8 million in Q3 20 vs. EUR -66 million in Q3 19 and EUR -580 million in 9M 20 vs. EUR -141 million in 9M 19.

Net profits or losses from other assets amounted to EUR -3 million in Q3 20 vs. EUR -115 million in Q3 19 and EUR -80 million in 9M 20 vs. EUR -249 million in 9M 19, related to the application of IFRS 5 as part of the implementation of the Group's refocusing plan.

The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income was EUR -139 million in Q3 20 vs. EUR -223 million in Q3 19 and EUR -1,995 million in 9M 20 vs. EUR -466 million in 9M 19.

7. CONCLUSION

The Group posted gross operating income up +14.6%* in Q3 20 vs. Q3 19, demonstrating its ability to rebound while at the same time improving its operating leverage. At the same time, the balance sheet has been further strengthened, with a CET1 level of 13.2%⁽¹⁾, i.e. around 420 basis points above the regulatory requirement, giving the Group flexibility in terms of shareholders' return

The Group posted a dividend provision of EUR 0.21 per share⁽²⁾.

In 2020, the Group anticipates:

- underlying operating expenses of around EUR 16.5 billion
- an expected cost of risk of around 70 basis points
- a CET1 ratio above 12.0% at end-2020 assuming full trim regulatory impact

The Group continues to develop its value proposition while working to strengthen the profitability of its businesses:

- Global Banking & Investor Solutions has demonstrated its ability to support its clients while improving its operational efficiency
- French Retail Banking is accelerating the expansion of Boursorama and entering a new phase with the study on the merger between its two networks, Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord
- International Retail Banking & Financial Services has confirmed its position as a resilient and profitable business

In particular, the Group will present the conclusion of its strategic study on the merger of Crédit du Nord and Societe Generale to the market on December 7th, 2020. The Global Banking & Investor Solutions' strategy will be presented in Q1 2021.

⁽¹⁾ including +19 basis points for IFRS9 phasing and pro-forma for the capital impact of the disposal of SG Finans which was finalised on October 1st, 2020 (around + 10 basis points)

⁽²⁾ corresponding to 50% of underlying Group net income in 9M 20, after deducting interests on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

8. 2020 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2020 Financial communication calendar

February 10th, 2021 Fourth quarter and FY 2020 results

May 6th, 2021 First quarter 2021 results

August 3rd, 2021 Second quarter and first half 2021 results

November 4th, 2021 Third quarter and nine-month 2021 results

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, IFRIC 21 adjustment, (commercial) cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets, tangible net assets, and the amounts serving as a basis for the different restatements carried out (in particular the transition from published data to underlying data) are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to:

- anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential consequences;
- evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, in particular in the Covid-19 crisis context, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets in particular, regulatory and prudential changes, and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers.

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

9. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Change | 9M 20 | 9M 19 | Variation |
|---|-------|-------|--------|---------|-------|-----------|
| French Retail Banking | 283 | 311 | -9.0% | 562 | 901 | -37.6% |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | 337 | 513 | -34.3% | 928 | 1,492 | -37.8% |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | 381 | 253 | 50.6% | (223) | 667 | n/s |
| Core Businesses | 1,001 | 1,077 | -7.1% | 1,267 | 3,060 | -58.6% |
| Corporate Centre | (139) | (223) | +37.6% | (1,995) | (466) | n/s |
| Group | 862 | 854 | +0.9% | (728) | 2,594 | n/s |

CHANGES Q3 20/Q2 20 - NET BANKING INCOME, OPERATING EXPENSES AND GROSS OPERATING INCOME

| Net Banking Income (in EURm) | Q3 20 | Q2 20 | Chan | ige |
|---|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| French Retail Banking | 1,836 | 1,754 | +4.7% | +4.7%* |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | 1,891 | 1,750 | +8.1% | +9.9%* |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | 2,034 | 1,880 | +8.2% | +10.8%* |
| Corporate Centre | 48 | (88) | n/s | n/s |
| Group | 5,809 | 5,296 | 9.7% | 11.4%* |

| Operating Expenses (in EURm) | Q3 20 | Q2 20 | Chan | ge |
|---|---------|---------|--------|---------|
| French Retail Banking | (1,292) | (1,233) | +4.8% | +4.8%* |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | (999) | (979) | +2.0% | +3.1%* |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | (1,478) | (1,570) | -5.9% | -4.2%* |
| Corporate Centre | (56) | (78) | -28.2% | -28.3%* |
| Group | (3,825) | (3,860) | -0.9% | +0.1%* |

| Gross operating income (in EURm) | Q3 20 | Q2 20 | Change | |
|---|-------|-------|--------|---------|
| French Retail Banking | 544 | 521 | +4.4% | +4.4%* |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | 892 | 771 | +15.7% | +18.7%* |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | 556 | 310 | +79.4% | +90.0%* |
| Corporate Centre | (8) | (166) | +95.2% | +95.3%* |
| Group | 1,984 | 1,436 | +38.2% | +42.3%* |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| | 30.09.2020 | 31.12.2019 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Cash, due from central banks | 165,215 | 102,311 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 435,295 | 385,739 |
| Hedging derivatives | 21,657 | 16,837 |
| Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income | 53,511 | 53,256 |
| Securities at amortised cost | 15,094 | 12,489 |
| Due from banks at amortised cost | 52,119 | 56,366 |
| Customer loans at amortised cost | 453,930 | 450,244 |
| Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk | 422 | 401 |
| Investment of insurance activities | 164,533 | 164,938 |
| Tax assets | 4,862 | 5,779 |
| Other assets | 68,188 | 68,045 |
| Non-current assets held for sale | 3,775 | 4,507 |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method | 100 | 112 |
| Tangible and intangible assets | 29,590 | 30,652 |
| Goodwill | 4,046 | 4,627 |
| Total | 1,472,337 | 1,356,303 |

| | 30.09.2020 | 31.12.2019 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Central banks | 4,958 | 4,097 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 411,727 | 364,129 |
| Hedging derivatives | 12,409 | 10,212 |
| Debt securities issued | 133,084 | 125,168 |
| Due to banks | 137,676 | 107,929 |
| Customer deposits | 445,226 | 418,612 |
| Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk | 8,338 | 6,671 |
| Tax liabilities | 1,330 | 1,409 |
| Other liabilities | 90,218 | 85,062 |
| Non-current liabilities held for sale | 791 | 1,333 |
| Liabilities related to insurance activities contracts | 141,687 | 144,259 |
| Provisions | 4,415 | 4,387 |
| Subordinated debts | 14,768 | 14,465 |
| Total liabilities | 1,406,627 | 1,287,733 |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Shareholders' equity, Group share | | |
| Issued common stocks, equity instruments and capital reserves | 30,157 | 31,102 |
| Retained earnings | 32,362 | 29,558 |
| Net income | (728) | 3,248 |
| Sub-total | 61,791 | 63,908 |
| Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses | (1,198) | (381) |
| Sub-total equity, Group share | 60,593 | 63,527 |
| Non-controlling interests | 5,117 | 5,043 |
| Total equity | 65,710 | 68,570 |
| Total | 1,472,337 | 1,356,303 |

10. APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY

1 – The financial information presented in respect of Q3 and 9M 2020 was examined by the Board of Directors on November 4th, 2020 and has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date. This information has not been audited.

2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 43 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses correspond to the "Operating Expenses" as presented in note 8.1 to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31st, 2019 (pages 423 et seq. of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document). The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses.

The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 43 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document.

4 - IFRIC 21 adjustment

The IFRIC 21 adjustment corrects the result of the charges recognised in the accounts in their entirety when they are due (generating event) so as to recognise only the portion relating to the current quarter, i.e. a quarter of the total. It consists in smoothing the charge recognised accordingly over the financial year in order to provide a more economic idea of the costs actually attributable to the activity over the period analysed.

5 - Exceptional items - Transition from accounting data to underlying data

It may be necessary for the Group to present underlying indicators in order to facilitate the understanding of its actual performance. The transition from published data to underlying data is obtained by restating published data for exceptional items and the IFRIC 21 adjustment.

Moreover, the Group restates the revenues and earnings of the French Retail Banking pillar for **PEL/CEL provision allocations or write-backs**. This adjustment makes it easier to identify the revenues and earnings relating to the pillar's activity, by excluding the volatile component related to commitments specific to regulated savings.

The reconciliation enabling the transition from published accounting data to underlying data is set out in the table below:

| Q3 20 (in EURm) | Operating Expenses | Net cost of risk | Net profit or losses from other assets | Impairment losses on goodwill | Income Tax | Group net income | Business |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|----------|
| Reported | (3,825) | (518) | (2) | 0 | (467) | 862 | |
| (+) IFRIC 21 linearisation | (177) | | | | 53 | (120) | |
| Underlying | (4,002) | (518) | (2) | 0 | (414) | 742 | |

| 9M 20 (in EURm) | Operating Expenses | Net cost of risk | Net profit or losses from other assets | Impairment losses on goodwill | Income Tax | Group net income | Business |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Reported | (12,363) | (2,617) | 82 | (684) | (1,079) | (728) | |
| (+) IFRIC 21 linearisation | 177 | | | | (53) | 120 | |
| (-) Group refocusing | | | | | | | Corporate |
| _plan* | | | (77) | | 0 | (77) | Centre |
| (-) Goodwill | | | | | | | Corporate |
| impairment* | | | | (684) | 0 | (684) | Centre |
| | | | | | | | Corporate |
| (-) DTA impairment* | | | | | (650) | (650) | Centre |
| Underlying | (12,186) | (2,617) | 159 | 0 | (482) | 803 | |

| Q3 19 (in EURm) | Operating Expenses | Net cost of risk | Net profit or losses from other assets | Group net income | Business |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|------------------|------------------|
| Reported | (4,165) | (329) | (71) | 854 | |
| (+) IFRIC 21 | | | | | |
| linearisation | (152) | | | (110) | |
| (-)Group refocusing | | | | | |
| plan* | | | (113) | (111) | Corporate Centre |
| Underlying | (4,317) | (329) | 42 | 855 | |

| 9M 19 (in EURm) | Operating Expenses | Net cost of risk | Net profit or losses from other assets | Group net income | Business |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|
| Reported | (13,224) | (907) | (202) | 2,594 | |
| (+) IFRIC 21 | | | | | |
| linearisation | 152 | | | 110 | |
| (-) Restructuring | | | | | GBIS (EUR -227m) / |
| provision* | (256) | | | (192) | IBFS (EUR -29m) |
| (-) Group refocusing | | | | | |
| plan* | | (18) | (249) | (287) | Corporate Centre |
| Underlying | (12,816) | (889) | 47 | 3,183 | |

^(*) exceptional item

6 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk or commercial cost of risk is defined on pages 45 and 574 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

| | (In EUR m) | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | 9M 20 | 9M 19 |
|--|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Net Cost Of Risk | 130 | 95 | 821 | 318 |
| French Retail Banking | Gross loan Outstandings | 217,156 | 195,305 | 208,604 | 193,208 |
| | Cost of Risk in bp | 24 | 19 | 52 | 22 |
| i in the transfer | Net Cost Of Risk | 331 | 169 | 978 | 430 |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | Gross loan Outstandings | 129,838 | 138,493 | 133,240 | 135,996 |
| and i maneiat services | Cost of Risk in bp | 102 | 49 | 98 | 42 |
| | Net Cost Of Risk | 57 | 64 | 818 | 140 |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | Gross loan Outstandings | 162,429 | 160,906 | 165,389 | 163,310 |
| Solutions | Cost of Risk in bp | 14 | 16 | 66 | 11 |
| | Net Cost Of Risk | 0 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Corporate Centre | Gross loan Outstandings | 12,400 | 9,944 | 10,800 | 9,299 |
| | Cost of Risk in bp | (1) | 2 | 1 | 27 |
| | Net Cost Of Risk | 518 | 329 | 2,617 | 907 |
| Societe Generale Group | Gross loan Outstandings | 521,822 | 504,647 | 518,033 | 501,813 |
| | Cost of Risk in bp | 40 | 26 | 67 | 24 |

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

7 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notions of ROE (Return on Equity) and ROTE (Return on Tangible Equity), as well as their calculation methodology, are specified on page 45 and 46 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess Societe Generale's return on equity and return on tangible equity.

RONE (Return on Normative Equity) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 46 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document.

Group net income used for the ratio numerator is book Group net income adjusted for "interest net of tax payable on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations" and "unrealised gains/losses booked under shareholders' equity, excluding conversion reserves" (see methodology note No. 9). For ROTE, income is also restated for goodwill impairment.

Details of the corrections made to book equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

ROTE calculation: calculation methodology

| End of period | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | 9M 20 | 9M 19 |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Shareholders' equity Group share | 60,593 | 63,715 | 60,593 | 63,715 |
| Deeply subordinated notes | (7,873) | (9,739) | (7,873) | (9,739) |
| Undated subordinated notes | (274) | (290) | (274) | (290) |
| Interest net of tax payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, | | | | |
| interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & | | | | |
| undated subordinated notes, issue premium | (4) | (10) | (4) | (10) |
| amortisations OCI excluding conversion reserves | (4) (875) | (16) (741) | (4) (875) | (16) (741) |
| Dividend provision | (178) | (1,402) | (178) | (1,402) |
| ROE equity end-of-period | 51,389 | 51,527 | 51,389 | 51,527 |
| Average ROE equity | 51,396 | 51,243 | 52,352 | 50,309 |
| Average Goodwill | (3,928) | (4,562) | (4,253) | (4,600) |
| Average Intangible Assets | (2,464) | (2,259) | (2,417) | (2,215) |
| Average ROTE equity | 45,004 | 44,422 | 45,682 | 43,494 |
| Group net Income (a) | 862 | 854 | (728) | 2,594 |
| Underlying Group net income (b) | 742 | 855 | 803 | 3,183 |
| Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (c) | (127) | (180) | (447) | (537) |
| Cancellation of goodwill impairment (d) | 0 | 7 | 684 | 115 |
| Adjusted Group net Income (e) = (a)+ (c)+(d) | 735 | 681 | (491) | 2,172 |
| Adjusted Underlying Group net Income (f)=(b)+(c) | 615 | 675 | 356 | 2,646 |
| Average ROTE equity (g) | 45,004 | 44,422 | 45,682 | 43,494 |
| ROTE [quarter: (4*e/g), 9M: (4/3*e/g)] | 6.5% | 6.1% | -1.4% | 6.7% |
| S 1 | | | | |
| Average ROTE equity (underlying) (h) | 44,884 | 44,422 | 47,213 | 43,693 |
| Underlying ROTE [quarter: (4*f/h), 9M: (4/3*f/h)] | 5.5% | 6.1% | 1.0% | 8.1% |

RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

| In EURm | Q3 20 | Q3 19 | Change | 9M 20 | 9M 19 | Variation |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|
| French Retail Banking | 11,879 | 11,321 | +4.9% | 11,507 | 11,294 | +1,9% |
| International Retail Banking and Financial Services | 10,468 | 10,946 | -4.4% | 10,627 | 11,196 | -5,1% |
| Global Banking and Investor Solutions | 14,868 | 14,739 | +0.9% | 14,306 | 15,622 | -8,4% |
| Core Businesses | 37,215 | 37,006 | +0.6% | 36,440 | 38,112 | -4,4% |
| Corporate Centre | 14,180 | 14,237 | -0.4% | 15,912 | 12,197 | +30,5% |
| Group | 51,395 | 51,243 | +0.3% | 52,352 | 50,309 | +4,1% |

8 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 48 of the Group's 2020 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

| End of period | 9M 20 | H1 20 | 2019 | 9M 19 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Shareholders' equity Group share | 60,593 | 60,659 | 63,527 | 63,715 |
| Deeply subordinated notes | (7,873) | (8,159) | (9,501) | (9,739) |
| Undated subordinated notes | (274) | (283) | (283) | (290) |
| Interest, net of tax, payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations | (4) | 20 | 4 | (16) |
| Bookvalue of own shares in trading portfolio | 302 | 335 | 375 | 348 |
| Net Asset Value | 52,744 | 52,572 | 54,122 | 54,018 |
| Goodwill | (3,928) | (3,928) | (4,510) | (4,577) |
| Intangible Assets | (2,469) | (2,458) | (2,362) | (2,292) |
| Net Tangible Asset Value | 46,347 | 46,186 | 47,250 | 47,149 |
| Number of shares used to calculate NAPS** | 851,134 | 851,133 | 849,665 | 849,665 |
| Net Asset Value per Share | 62.0 | 61.8 | 63.7 | 63.6 |
| Net Tangible Asset Value per Share | 54.5 | 54.3 | 55.6 | 55.5 |

^{**} The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30th, 2020, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

In accordance with IAS 33, historical data per share prior to the date of detachment of a preferential subscription right are restated by the adjustment coefficient for the transaction.

9 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 47 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE. As specified on page 47 of Societe Generale's 2020 Universal Registration Document, the Group also publishes EPS adjusted for the impact of non-economic and exceptional items presented in methodology note No. 5 (underlying EPS).

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

| Average number of shares (thousands) | 9M 20 | H1 20 | 2019 | 9M 19 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Existing shares | 853,371 | 853,371 | 834,062 | 829,235 |
| Deductions | | | | |
| Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff | 2,606 | 2,728 | 4,011 | 4,087 |
| Other own shares and treasury shares | | | 149 | 187 |
| Number of shares used to calculate EPS** | 850,766 | 850,643 | 829,902 | 824,961 |
| Group net Income | (728) | (1,590) | 3,248 | 2,594 |
| Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes | (447) | (320) | (715) | (537) |
| Capital gain net of tax on partial buybacks | | | | |
| Adjusted Group net income | (1,175) | (1,910) | 2,533 | 2,057 |
| EPS (in EUR) | (1.38) | (2.25) | 3.05 | 2.49 |
| Underlying EPS* (in EUR) | 0.42 | (0.38) | 4.03 | 3.21 |

^(*) Excluding exceptional items and including linearisation of the IFRIC 21 effect.

10 - The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR/CRD4 rules. The fully-loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is calculated according to applicable CRR/CRD4 rules including the provisions of the delegated act of October 2014.

^(**) The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30th, 2020, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale's website www.societegenerale.com in the "Investor" section.

Societe Generale

Societe Generale is one of the leading European financial services groups. Based on a diversified and integrated banking model, the Group combines financial strength and proven expertise in innovation with a strategy of sustainable growth. Committed to the positive transformations of the world's societies and economies, Societe Generale and its teams seek to build, day after day, together with its clients, a better and sustainable future through responsible and innovative financial solutions.

Active in the real economy for over 150 years, with a solid position in Europe and connected to the rest of the world, Societe Generale has over 138,000 members of staff in 62 countries and supports on a daily basis 29 million individual clients, businesses and institutional investors around the world by offering a wide range of advisory services and tailored financial solutions. The Group is built on three complementary core businesses:

- French Retail Banking which encompasses the Societe Generale, Crédit du Nord and Boursorama brands.
 Each offers a full range of financial services with omnichannel products at the cutting edge of digital innovation:
- International Retail Banking, Insurance and Financial Services to Corporates, with networks in Africa, Russia, Central and Eastern Europe and specialised businesses that are leaders in their markets;
- Global Banking and Investor Solutions, which offers recognised expertise, key international locations and integrated solutions.

Societe Generale is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (World and Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Euronext Vigeo (World, Europe and Eurozone), four of the STOXX ESG Leaders indices, and the MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index.

 $For more information, you can follow us on Twitter \underline{@societegenerale} \ or \ visit our \ website \underline{www.societegenerale.com}$

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