

Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the “**SGX-ST**”) for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the correctness of any statements made or opinions or reports expressed in this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates
relating to the ordinary shares of Singapore Telecommunications Limited
with a Daily Leverage of -5x
issued by
SG Issuer
(Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability)
unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by
Société Générale

Issue Price: S\$0.60 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the “**Certificates**”) to be issued by SG Issuer (the “**Issuer**”) unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the “**Guarantor**”), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 14 June 2024 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time, as supplemented by an addendum dated 30 September 2024 (the “**Base Listing Document**”), for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see “Placing and Sale” contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and

holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate an inverse leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products¹ and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 14 June 2024 (the "**Guarantee**") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 20 December 2024.

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

19 December 2024

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the “**CFTC**”) under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer has not been and will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed “Placing and Sale” contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in

negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the “**Conditions**” shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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RISK FACTORS

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) in respect of certain corporate adjustment events on the Underlying Stock, trading in the Certificates may be suspended on the relevant ex-date of the Underlying Stock and trading in the Certificates will resume on the next immediate trading day on the SGX-ST. Please note that trading in the Certificates on the SGX-ST may be suspended for more than one trading day in certain circumstances;
- (b) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for inexperienced investors;
- (c) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (d) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has risen sharply;
- (e) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
- (f) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (g) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (h) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;

- (i) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to the Conditions 4 and 6 on pages 31 to 36 and the examples and illustrations of adjustments set out in the “Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities” section of this document for more information;
- (j) the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (k) the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as defined below);
- (l) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy (as described below) including the Stock Borrowing Cost (as defined below) and Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (m) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate an inverse leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (n) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous trading day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the inverse performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideways trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- (o) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (p) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Inverse Strategy if the Underlying Stock rises further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to fall after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;
- (q) there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight increase in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous trading day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following trading day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens (including pre-opening session or opening auction, as the case may be) the following trading day or (ii) a sharp intraday increase in the price of the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (1) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (2) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. Investors may refer to pages 52 to 53 of this document for more information;

- (r) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The Certificates may be terminated prior to its Expiry Date for the following reasons which are not exhaustive: Illegality and force majeure, occurrence of a Holding Limit Event (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) or Hedging Disruption (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates). For more detailed examples of when early termination may occur, please refer to the FAQ section under the “Education” tab on the website at dlc.socgen.com.

The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be substantially less than the amount initially invested, and at the worst case, be zero. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 on pages 38 to 40 of this document for more information;

- (s) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (t) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker’s market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (u) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the

Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

- (v) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- (w) the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;

- (x) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may rise. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:

- Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
- The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;

- (y) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Inverse Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Inverse Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;

- (z) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;

- (aa) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**");

- (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
- (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
- (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and

(iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;

(bb) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“**FATCA**”) withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do not provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer or an investor’s broker or custodian may be subject to FATCA and, as a result, may be required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor or other withholding agent could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian could be required to close an account of an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES;

(cc) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under “TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986.” Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder’s particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates;

(dd) risks arising from the taxation of securities

Tax law and practice are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This may have a negative impact on the value of the Certificates and/or the market price of the Certificates. For example, the specific tax assessment of the Certificates may change compared to its assessment at the time of purchase of the Certificates. This is especially true with regard to derivative Certificates and their tax treatment. Holders of Certificates therefore bear the risk that they may misjudge the taxation of the income from the purchase of the Certificates. However, there is also the possibility that the taxation of the income from the purchase of the Certificates will change to the detriment of the holders.

Holders of the Certificates bear the risk that the specific tax assessment of the Certificates will change. This can have a negative impact on the value of the Certificates and the investor may incur a corresponding loss. The stronger this negative effect, the greater the loss may be; and

(ee) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for

resolution.

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the “**BRRD**”) entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD, as amended, has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the “**BRR Act 2015**”). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

In April 2023, the EU Commission released a proposal to amend, in particular, the BRRD according to which senior preferred debt instruments would no longer rank pari passu with any non covered non preferred deposits of the Issuer; instead, senior preferred debt instruments would rank junior in right of payment to the claims of all depositors.

This proposal has been discussed and amended by the European Parliament and the European Council. Council and Parliament reached agreement on 6 December 2023 to make the proposal final and applicable. If the final agreement was adopted as is, there may be an increased risk of an investor in senior preferred debt instruments losing all or some of their investment in the context of the exercise of the Bail-in Power. The final agreement may also lead to a rating downgrade for senior preferred debt instruments.

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism (“**SRM**”) and a Single Resolution Framework (the “**SRM Regulation**”) has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the “**SRB**”) in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since November 2014, the European Central Bank (“**ECB**”) has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism (“**SSM**”). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States’ resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been, and continues to be, designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the “**SSM Regulation**”) and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the “**Resolution Authority**”) with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution’s critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution’s failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers’ exposure to losses).

In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions’ resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the “**Bail-in Power**”). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds

has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD and the SRM Regulation provide the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments. The BRRD, the BRR Act 2015 and the SRM Regulation however also state that, under exceptional circumstances, if the bail-in instrument is applied, the SRB, in cooperation with the CSSF, may completely or partially exclude certain liabilities from the application of the impairment or conversion powers under certain conditions.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities ("**MREL**") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. The MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The regime has evolved as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package", the following legislative texts were published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May 2019:

- Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms ("**BRRD II**"); and
- Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("**TLAC**") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**SRM II Regulation**" and, together with the BRRD II, the "**EU Banking Package Reforms**").

The EU Banking Package Reforms introduced, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("**FSB TLAC Term Sheet**"), by adapting, among other things, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC has been implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets since January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator since January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "**CRR**"), as amended notably by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk,

exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the “**CRR II**”) and Regulation (EU) 2022/2036 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 October 2022 amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 and Directive 2014/59/EU as regards the prudential treatment of global systemically important institutions with a multiple-point-of-entry resolution strategy and methods for the indirect subscription of instruments eligible for meeting the minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities, EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, since the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale have to comply with both the TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, the criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities have been closely aligned with the criteria for TLAC-eligible liabilities under CRR II, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance with only an additional return permitted to be linked to that derivative component and dependent on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL is set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance and may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated, provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining term of at least one year and, they recognise contractually the Resolution Authority's power to write down or convert the liabilities governed by non-EU law.

The scope of liabilities used to meet MREL includes, in principle, all liabilities resulting from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in BRRD, as amended notably by BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities, in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail-in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks, including Societe Generale).

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed “Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities” in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates:	10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates relating to the ordinary shares of Singapore Telecommunications Limited (the “ Underlying Stock ”)
ISIN:	LU2517566357
Company:	Singapore Telecommunications Limited (RIC: STEL.SI)
Underlying Price ³ and Source:	S\$3.1 (Reuters)
Calculation Agent:	Société Générale
Strike Level:	Zero
Daily Leverage:	-5x (within the Leverage Inverse Strategy as described below)
Notional Amount per Certificate:	SGD 0.60
Management Fee (p.a.) ⁴ :	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.) ⁵ :	12.50%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements overnight.
Stock Borrowing Cost ⁶ :	The annualised costs for borrowing stocks in order to take an inverse exposure on the Underlying Stock.
Rebalancing Cost ⁶ :	The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of leverage and daily inverse performance of the Underlying Stock.
Launch Date:	13 December 2024
Closing Date:	19 December 2024

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 19 December 2024. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 19 December 2024.

⁴ Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month’s notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to “Fees and Charges” below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy. Please note that the Stock Borrowing Cost may be changed on giving 5 Business Days’ notice to investors. Any change in the Stock Borrowing Cost will be announced on the SGXNET.

Expected Listing Date:	20 December 2024
Last Trading Date:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date, currently being 10 December 2026
Expiry Date:	17 December 2026 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Valuation Date:	16 December 2026 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to: Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate Please refer to the “Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities” section on pages 44 to 58 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.
Hedging Fee Factor:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as: Product (for t from 2 to Valuation Date) of $(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times (\text{ACT}(t-1;t) \div 360)) \times (1 - \text{Gap Premium}(t-1) \times (\text{ACT}(t-1;t) \div 360))$, where:

“t” refers to “**Observation Date**” which means each Exchange Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is “t-1”) (included) and the Observation Date (which is “t”) (excluded).

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been an Observation Date. In that case, that fifth Exchange Business Day shall be deemed to be the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and the Issuer shall determine, its good faith estimate of the level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy and the value of the Certificate on that fifth Exchange Business Day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculation last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Market Disruption Event taking into account, inter alia, the exchange traded or quoted price of the Underlying Stock and the potential increased cost of hedging by the Issuer as a result of the occurrence of the Market Disruption Event.

Please refer to the “Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities” section on pages 44 to 58 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

Closing Level: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level} \right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$$

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Final Reference Level: The closing level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date

The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Inverse Strategy is set out in the “Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Inverse Strategy” section on pages 19 to 25 below.

Initial Exchange Rate: 1

Final Exchange Rate: 1

Air Bag Mechanism:

The “**Air Bag Mechanism**” refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Inverse Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Inverse Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock rises by 15% or more (“**Air Bag Trigger Price**”) during the trading day (which represents an approximately 75% loss after a 5 times inverse leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Inverse Strategy is adjusted intra-day. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Inverse Strategy if the Underlying Stock rises further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to fall after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered. The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST’s requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

The Leverage Inverse Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the “Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons (“Air Bag Mechanism”)” section on pages 23 to 25 below and the “Description of Air Bag Mechanism” section on pages 50 to 51 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events:

The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency:

Singapore Dollar (“**SGD**”)

Settlement Currency:

SGD

Exercise Expenses:

Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.

Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates:

The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the “**SGX-ST**”)

Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock:

The SGX-ST

Business Day, Settlement Business Day and Exchange Business Day:	A “ Business Day ”, a “ Settlement Business Day ” or an “ Exchange Business Day ” is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (“ CDP ”)
Clearing System:	CDP
Fees and Charges:	<p>Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.</p> <p>Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy including the Stock Borrowing Cost and Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month’s notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET.</p>
Further Information:	Please refer to the website at dlc.socgen.com for more information on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Inverse Strategy

Description of the Leverage Inverse Strategy

The Leverage Inverse Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged inverse exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Inverse Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Inverse Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the inverse performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Inverse Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Inverse Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, for any Observation Date(t), the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level as of such day (t).

Subject to the occurrence of an Intraday Restrike Event, the **Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level** as of such Observation Date(t) is calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Observation Date(1):

$$LSL_1 = 1000$$

On each subsequent Observation Date(t):

$$LSL_t = \text{Max}[LSL_{t-1} \times (1 + LR_{t-1,t} - FC_{t-1,t} - SB_{t-1,t} - RC_{t-1,t}), 0]$$

LR_{t-1,t} means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Observation Date(t-1) and Observation Date(t) closing prices, calculated as follows:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right)$$

FC_{t-1,t} means, the Funding Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$FC_{t-1,t} = (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \frac{\text{Rate}_{t-1} \times \text{ACT}(t - 1, t)}{\text{DayCountBasisRate}}$$

SB_{t-1,t} means the Stock Borrowing Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$SB_{t-1,t} = -\text{Leverage} \times \frac{\text{CB} \times \text{ACT}(t - 1, t)}{\text{DayCountBasisRate}}$$

CB means the Cost of Borrowing applicable that is equal to: 3.50%

RC_{t-1,t} means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Inverse Strategy on Observation Date (t), calculated as follows:

$$RC_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times \text{TC}$$

TC means the Transaction Costs applicable (including Stamp Duty and any other applicable taxes, levies and costs which may be levied on the stock transactions on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time) that are currently equal to:

0.04%

“Stamp Duty” refers to the applicable rate of stamp duty on the stock transactions in the jurisdiction of the Relevant Stock Exchange for

the Underlying Stock, which may be changed by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time.

Leverage	-5
S_t	means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date(t), subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.
$Rate_t$	means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the daily Singapore Overnight Rate Average (SORA) provided by the Monetary Authority of Singapore as administrator of the benchmark (or a successor administrator), as published on BLOOMBERG/SIBCSORA Index or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t-2) at 09:00 Singapore time, provided that if such rate is not available, then such rate shall be determined by reference to the last available rate that was published on Refinitiv Screen (SORA=MAST) or any successor page.
$Rfactor_t$	means, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-dividend date of the Underlying Stock, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions, according to the following formula : $Rfactor_t = 1 - \frac{Div_t}{S_{t-1}}$ where Div_t is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock and the relevant ex-dividend date which shall be considered gross of any applicable withholding taxes.
ACT(t-1,t)	ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).
DayCountBasisRate	365
Benchmark Fallback	upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Reference Rate Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.
Reference Rate Event	means, in respect of the Reference Rate any of the following has occurred or will occur: (i) a Reference Rate Cessation; (ii) an Administrator/Benchmark Event; or

(iii) a Reference Rate is, with respect to over-the-counter derivatives transactions which reference such Reference Rate, the subject of any market-wide development formally agreed upon by the International Swaps and Derivative Association (ISDA) or the Asia Securities Industry & Financial Markets Association (ASIFMA), pursuant to which such Reference Rate is, on a specified date, replaced with a risk-free rate (or near risk-free rate) established in order to comply with the recommendations in the Financial Stability Board's paper titled "Reforming Major Interest Rate Benchmarks" dated 22 July 2014.

Reference Rate Cessation

means, for a Reference Rate, the occurrence of one or more of the following events:

(i) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the Reference Rate announcing that it has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate;

(ii) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Reference Rate, the central bank for the currency of the Reference Rate, an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate, a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the Reference Rate, which states that the administrator of the Reference Rate has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate; or

(iii) in respect of a Reference Rate, a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of such Reference Rate announcing that (a) the regulatory supervisor has determined that such Reference Rate is no longer, or as of a specified future date will no longer be, representative of the underlying market and economic reality that such Reference Rate is intended to measure and that representativeness will not be restored and (b) it is being made in the awareness that the statement or publication will engage certain contractual triggers for fallbacks activated by pre-cessation announcements by such supervisor (howsoever described) in contracts;

Administrator/Benchmark Event

means, for a Reference Rate, any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register in respect of the Reference Rate or the administrator or sponsor of the Benchmark has not been, or will not be, obtained or has been, or will be, rejected, refused, suspended or withdrawn by the relevant competent authority or other relevant official body, in each case with the effect that either the Issuer, the

Calculation Agent or any other entity is not, or will not be, permitted under any applicable law or regulation to use the Reference Rate to perform its or their respective obligations under the Certificates.

Reference Rate(s) means the rate(s) used in the Leverage Inverse Strategy Formula, for example SORA, SOFR and US Federal Funds Effective Rate.

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons (“Air Bag Mechanism”)

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons If the Calculation Agent determines that an Intraday Restrike Event has occurred during an Observation Date(t) (the **Intraday Restrike Date**, noted hereafter **IRD**), an adjustment (an **Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons**) shall take place during such Observation Date(t) in accordance with the following provisions.

(1) Provided the last Intraday Restrike Observation Period as of such Intraday Restrike Date does not end on the TimeReferenceClosing, the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on the Intraday Restrike Date (LSL_{IRD}) should be computed as follows :

$$LSL_{IRD} = \text{Max}[ILSL_{IR(n)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(n),IR(C)} - IRC_{IR(n),IR(C)}), 0]$$

(2) If the last Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date ends on the TimeReferenceClosing:

$$LSL_{IRD} = \text{Max}[ILSL_{IR(n)}, 0]$$

$ILSL_{IR(k)}$ means, in respect of $IR(k)$, the Intraday Leverage Inverse Strategy Level in accordance with the following provisions :

(1) for $k = 1$:

$$ILSL_{IR(1)} = \text{Max}[LSL_{IRD-1} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(0),IR(1)} - FC_{IRD-1,IRD} - SB_{IRD-1,IRD} - IRC_{IR(0),IR(1)}), 0]$$

(2) for $k > 1$:

$$ILSL_{IR(k)} = \text{Max}[ILSL_{IR(k-1)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} - IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}), 0]$$

$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$ means the Intraday Leveraged Return between $IR(k-1)$ and $IR(k)$, calculated as follows :

$$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1 \right)$$

$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$ means the Intraday Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Inverse Strategy in respect of $IR(k)$ on a given Intraday Restrike Date, calculated as follows :

$$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = \text{Leverage} \times (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC$$

$IS_{IR(k)}$ means the Underlying Stock Price in respect of $IR(k)$ computed as follows :

(1) for $k=0$

$$IS_{IR(0)} = S_{IRD-1} \times Rfactor_{IRD}$$

(2) for $k=1$ to n

means in respect of $IR(k)$, the highest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period

(3) with respect to $IR(C)$

$$IS_{IR(C)} = S_{IRD}$$

In each case, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

IR(k)	For $k=0$, means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the Observation Date immediately preceding the relevant Intraday Restrike Date; For $k=1$ to n , means the k^{th} Intraday Restrike Event on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
IR(C)	means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
n	means the number of Intraday Restrike Events that occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

Intraday Restrike Event	means in respect of an Observation Date(t): (1) provided no Intraday Restrike Event has previously occurred on such Observation Date (t), the increase at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(0)}$ as of such Calculation Time. (2) if k Intraday Restrike Events have occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date, the increase at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(k)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
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Calculation Time	means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Inverse Strategy Level.
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TimeReferenceOpening	means the scheduled opening time (including pre-opening session or opening auction, as the case may be) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).
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TimeReferenceClosing	means the scheduled closing time (including closing auction session) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).
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Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period	means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.
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Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

**Intraday Restrike Event
Time**

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed “Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities” in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) *Form.* The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of: -
- (i) a master instrument by way of deed poll (the “**Master Instrument**”) dated 14 June 2024, made by SG Issuer (the “**Issuer**”) and Société Générale (the “**Guarantor**”); and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the “**Master Warrant Agent Agreement**” or “**Warrant Agent Agreement**”) dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The holders of the Certificates (the “**Certificate Holders**”) are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

- (b) *Status and Guarantee.* The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a “**Guarantee Obligation**”).

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the “**Code**”).

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

- (i) *pari passu* with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the “**Law**”) on 11 December 2016;
- (ii) *pari passu* with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016;
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) **Transfer.** The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate (“**Global Warrant**”) which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (“**CDP**”). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) **Title.** Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression “**Certificate Holder**” shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) **Bail-In.** By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
 - (i) to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer’s liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the regulator,

(the “**Statutory Bail-In**”);

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the “**Code**”):

(A) ranking:

- (1) junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the Code;
- (2) *pari passu* with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the Code; and
- (3) senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the Code; and

(B) which are not *titres non structurés* as defined under Article R.613-28 of the Code, and

(C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer’s obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself and any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the “**Contractual Bail-in**”).

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg

and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bail-in.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

“Amounts Due” means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

“Bail-In Power” means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled, varied or otherwise modified in any way and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

“MREL” means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

“Relevant Resolution Authority” means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

- (a) *Certificate Rights*. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The “**Cash Settlement Amount**”, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The “**Closing Level**”, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

$$\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level} \right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$$

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case: -

- (i) that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event.

“**Market Disruption Event**” means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

- (b) *Exercise Expenses*. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the “**Exercise Expenses**”). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.

- (c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) *Exercise.* Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) *Automatic Exercise.* Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) *Settlement.* In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than five Settlement Business Days (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document and subject to extension upon the occurrence of a Settlement Disruption Event (as defined below)) following the Expiry Date by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Settlement Business Day during the period of five Settlement Business Days following the Expiry Date a Settlement Disruption Event has occurred, such Settlement Business Day shall be postponed to the next Settlement Business Day on which the Issuer determines that the Settlement Disruption Event is no longer subsisting and such period shall be extended accordingly, provided that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor shall make their best endeavours to implement remedies as soon as reasonably practicable to eliminate

the impact of the Settlement Disruption Event on its/their payment obligations under the Certificates and/or the Guarantee.

“Settlement Disruption Event” means the occurrence or existence of any malicious action or attempt initiated to steal, expose, alter, disable or destroy information through unauthorised access to, or maintenance or use of, the Computer Systems of the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Calculation Agent, their respective affiliates (the **“SG Group”**), their IT service providers, by (and without limitation) the use of malware, ransomware, phishing, denial or disruption of service or cryptojacking or any unauthorized entry, removal, reproduction, transmission, deletion, disclosure or modification preventing the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or the Calculation Agent to perform their obligations under the Certificates, and notwithstanding the implementation of processes, required, as the case may be, by the laws and regulations applicable to the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Calculation Agent and their affiliates, or their IT service providers to improve their resilience to these actions and attempts.

“Computer System” means all the computer resources including, in particular: hardware, software packages, software, databases and peripherals, equipment, networks, electronic installations for storing computer data, including Data. The Computer System shall be understood to be that which (i) belongs to the SG Group and/or (ii) is rented, operated or legally held by the SG Group under a contract with the holder of the rights to the said system and/or (iii) is operated on behalf of the SG Group by a third party within the scope of a contractual relationship and/or (iv) is made available to the SG Group under a contract within the framework of a shared system (in particular cloud computing).

“Data” means any digital information, stored or used by the Computer System, including confidential data.

- (d) *CDP not liable.* CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) *Business Day.* In these Conditions, a **“Business Day”** shall be a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) *Warrant Agent.* The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) *Agent of Issuer.* The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) *Potential Adjustment Event.* Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) *Definitions.* “**Potential Adjustment Event**” means any of the following:
- (i) a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a “spin-off” or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
 - (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
 - (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
 - (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
 - (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a “poison pill” being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
 - (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) *Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency.* If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
- (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective

date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;

- (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
- (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the “**Option Reference Source**”) make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

- (d) *Definitions.* “**Insolvency**” means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. “**Merger Date**” means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. “**Merger Event**” means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger

or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. “**Nationalisation**” means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. “**Tender Offer**” means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.

- (e) *Subdivision or Consolidation of the Certificates.* The Issuer reserves the right to subdivide or consolidate the Certificates, provided that such adjustment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction) and subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.
- (f) *Other Adjustments.* Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- (g) *Notice of Adjustments.* All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For

the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

6A. US withholding tax implications on the Payment

Notwithstanding any other provision of these Conditions, in no event will the Issuer or the Guarantor be required to pay any additional amounts in respect of the Certificates for, or on account of, any withholding or deduction (i) required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “**US Code**”), or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the US Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, or any official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto, (ii) imposed pursuant to the Section 871(m) Regulations (“**Section 871(m) Withholding**”) or (iii) imposed by any other law of the United States. In addition, in determining the amount of Section 871(m) Withholding imposed on any payments on the Certificates, the Issuer shall be entitled to withhold on any “dividend equivalent” (as defined for purposes of Section 871(m) of the US Code) at the highest rate applicable to such payments regardless of any exemption from, or reduction in, such withholding otherwise available under applicable law.

With respect to Specified Warrants that provide for net dividend reinvestment in respect of either an underlying U.S. security (i.e. a security that pays U.S. source dividends) or an index that includes U.S. securities, all payments on Certificates that reference such U.S. securities or an index that includes U.S. securities may be calculated by reference to dividends on such U.S. securities that are reinvested at a rate of 70%. In such case, in calculating the relevant payment amount, the holder will be deemed to receive, and the Issuer or the Guarantor will be deemed to withhold, 30% of any dividend equivalent payments (as defined in Section 871(m) of the Code) in respect of the relevant U.S. securities. The Issuer or the Guarantor will not pay any additional amounts to the holder on account of the Section 871(m) amount deemed withheld.

For the purpose of this Condition:

“**Section 871(m) Regulations**” means the U.S. Treasury regulations issued under Section 871(m) of the Code.

“**Specified Warrants**” means, subject to special rules from 2017 through 2026 set out in Notice 2024-44 (the **Notice**), Warrants issued on or after 1 January 2017 that substantially replicate the economic performance of one or more U.S. underlying equities as determined by the Issuer on the date for such Warrants as of which the expected delta of the product is determined by the Issuer, based on tests set out in the applicable Section 871(m) Regulations, such that the Warrants are subject to withholding under the Section 871(m) Regulations.

7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

- (a) *Meetings of Certificate Holders.* The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

- (b) *Modification.* The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

9. Notices

- (a) *Documents.* All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) *Notices.* All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to

be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

12. Delisting

- (a) **Delisting.** If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) **Issuer's Determination.** The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

- (a) *Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc.* If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(e).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the **"Relevant Affiliates"** and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a **"Relevant Entity"**) that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to

such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"Change in law" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

- (b) *Early Termination for Holding Limit Event.* The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(e) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership, control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests,

regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

- (c) *Early Termination for Hedging Disruption.* If the Issuer or any of its affiliates is, following commercially reasonable efforts, not in the position (i) to enter, re-enter, replace, maintain, liquidate, acquire or dispose of any Hedge Positions (as defined below) or (ii) to freely realize, recover, receive, repatriate, remit, regain or transfer the proceeds of any Hedge Position (where either (i) or (ii) shall constitute a "**Hedging Disruption**"), the Issuer may terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(e) provided that the intrinsic value on the previous trading day of the relevant Certificate is at or above the Issue Price. The Issuer's decision on whether a Hedging Disruption has occurred is final and conclusive. For the avoidance of doubt, Hedging Disruptions shall include the scenario where any Hedge Position cannot be maintained up to the amount necessary to cover all of the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates.

For the purposes hereof, "Hedge Positions" means any one or more commercially reasonable (i) positions (including long or short positions) or contracts in, or relating to, securities, options, futures, other derivatives contracts or foreign exchange, (ii) stock loan or borrowing transactions or (iii) other instruments, contracts, transactions or arrangements (howsoever described) that the Issuer or any of its affiliates determines necessary to hedge, individually or on a portfolio basis, any risk (including, without limitation, market risk, price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk) in relation to the assumption and fulfilment of the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates.

- (d) *Early Termination for other reasons.* The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(e) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the SGX-ST.
- (e) *Termination.* If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The determination of the fair market value may deviate from the determination of the Cash Settlement Amount under different scenarios, including but not limited to, where (i) the Daily Reset (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) mechanism is suspended and/or (ii) the Final Reference Level is determined based on the closing price of the Underlying Stock on multiple Underlying Stock Business Days or Exchange Business Days, as the case may be. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Substitution of the Issuer

The Issuer may be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor as principal obligor in respect of the Certificates without the consent of the relevant Certificate Holders. If the Issuer determines that it shall be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor (the “**Substituted Obligor**”), it shall give at least 90 days’ notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the substitution is effected) specifying the date of the substitution, in accordance with Condition 9, to the Certificate Holders of such event and, immediately on the expiry of such notice, the Substituted Obligor shall become the principal obligor in place of the Issuer and the Certificate Holders shall thereupon cease to have any rights or claims whatsoever against the Issuer.

Upon any such substitution, all references to the Issuer in the Conditions and all agreements relating to the Certificates will be to the Substituted Obligor and the Certificates will be modified as required, and the Certificate Holders will be notified of the modified terms and conditions of such Certificates in accordance with Condition 9.

For the purposes of this Condition, it is expressly agreed that by subscribing to, acquiring or otherwise purchasing or holding the Certificates, the Certificate Holders are expressly deemed to have consented to the substitution of the Issuer by the Substituted Obligor and to the release of the Issuer from any and all obligations in respect of the Certificates and all agreements relating thereto and are expressly deemed to have accepted such substitution and the consequences thereof.

15. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

16. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

17. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

Issuer:	SG Issuer
Company:	Singapore Telecommunications Limited
The Certificates:	European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates relating to the Underlying Stock
Number:	10,000,000 Certificates
Form:	The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a master instrument by way of deed poll dated 14 June 2024 (the “ Master Instrument ”) and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the “ Master Warrant Agent Agreement ”) and made between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent (as amended and/or supplemented from time to time).
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to: Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level
Denominations:	Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the Certificates.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Exercise and Trading Currency:	SGD
Board Lot:	100 Certificates

- Transfers of Certificates:** Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.
- Listing:** Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence on or about 20 December 2024.
- Governing Law:** The laws of Singapore
- Warrant Agent:** The Central Depository (Pte) Limited
4 Shenton Way
#02-01 SGX Centre 2
Singapore 068807
- Further Issues:** Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Short Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled short certificates on single equities (the “**Certificates**”) are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed “Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities” for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will decrease and are seeking short-term leveraged inverse exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Inverse Strategy including the Stock Borrowing Cost and Rebalancing Cost.

Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor	=	Product of the Daily Fees
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Daily Fees	=	Daily Management Fee Adjustment
		1 – Management Fee x ACT (t-1;t) / 360
		x
		Daily Gap Premium Adjustment
		1 – Gap Premium (t-1) x ACT (t-1;t) / 360

Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)

Value of Certificates	=	t ⁷ =0	x	t=1	x	t=2	x ...	t=i			
		Notional Amount		Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance ⁸		Daily Fees		Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance	Daily Fees	Leverage Inverse Strategy Daily performance	Daily Fees

Value of Certificates	=	t=0	x	Product of the daily Leverage Inverse Strategy Performance	x	Product of the Daily Fees (Hedging Fee Factor)
		Notional Amount		Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance x Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance		Daily Fees x Daily Fees

Final Value of Certificates	=	t=0	x	Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate	x	Hedging Fee Factor
		Notional Amount		÷		
				Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate		

Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

⁷ "t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Exchange Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.

⁸ Leverage Inverse Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Inverse Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock:	Ordinary shares of Singapore Telecommunications Limited
Expected Listing Date:	03/07/2018
Expiry Date:	18/07/2018
Initial Reference Level:	1,000
Initial Exchange Rate:	1
Final Reference Level:	1,200
Final Exchange Rate:	1
Issue Price:	0.60 SGD
Notional Amount per Certificate:	0.60 SGD
Management Fee (p.a.):	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.):	12.50%
Strike Level:	Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the n^{th} Exchange Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

$$\text{HFF}(0) = 100\%$$

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Exchange Business Day):

$$\text{HFF}(1) = \text{HFF}(0) \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF}(1) = 100\% \times \left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 12.50\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF}(1) = 100\% \times 99.9989\% \times 99.9653\% \approx 99.9642\%$$

Assuming 2nd Exchange Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Exchange Business Day:

$$\text{HFF}(2) = \text{HFF}(1) \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t-1; t)}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF (2)} = 99.9642\% \times \left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 12.50\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$$

$$\text{HFF (2)} = 99.9642\% \times 99.9967\% \times 99.8958\% \approx 99.8567\%$$

The same principle applies to the following Exchange Business Days:

$$\text{HFF (n)} = \text{HFF (n - 1)} \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t - 1; t)}}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t - 1; t)}}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.4638% as illustrated below:

Date	HFF
3/7/2018	100.0000%
4/7/2018	99.9642%
5/7/2018	99.9283%
6/7/2018	99.8925%
9/7/2018	99.7852%
10/7/2018	99.7494%
11/7/2018	99.7137%
12/7/2018	99.6779%
13/7/2018	99.6422%
16/7/2018	99.5351%
17/7/2018	99.4994%
18/7/2018	99.4638%

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Closing Level} &= [(\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}) / (\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}) - \text{Strike Level}] \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor} \\ &= [(1200 \times 1) / (1000 \times 1) - 0] \times 99.4638\% \\ &= 119.36\% \end{aligned}$$

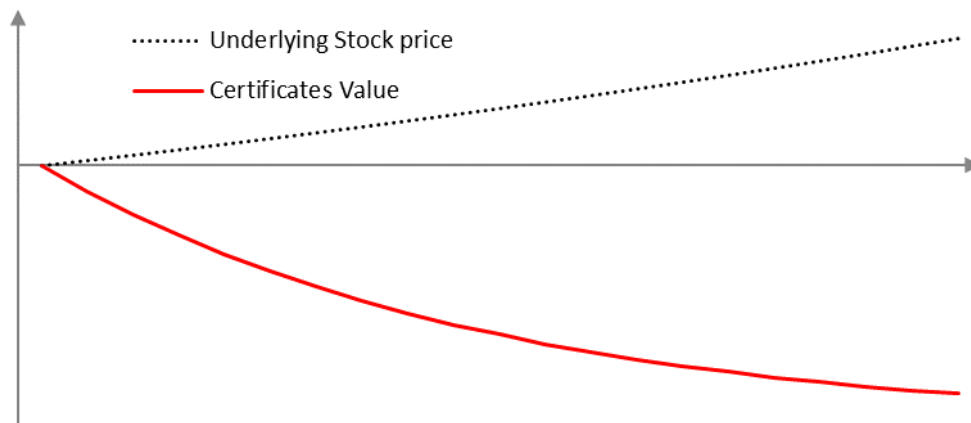
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cash Settlement Amount} &= \text{Closing Level} \times \text{Notional Amount per Certificate} \\ &= 119.36\% \times 0.60 \text{ SGD} \\ &= \mathbf{0.716 \text{ SGD}} \end{aligned}$$

Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

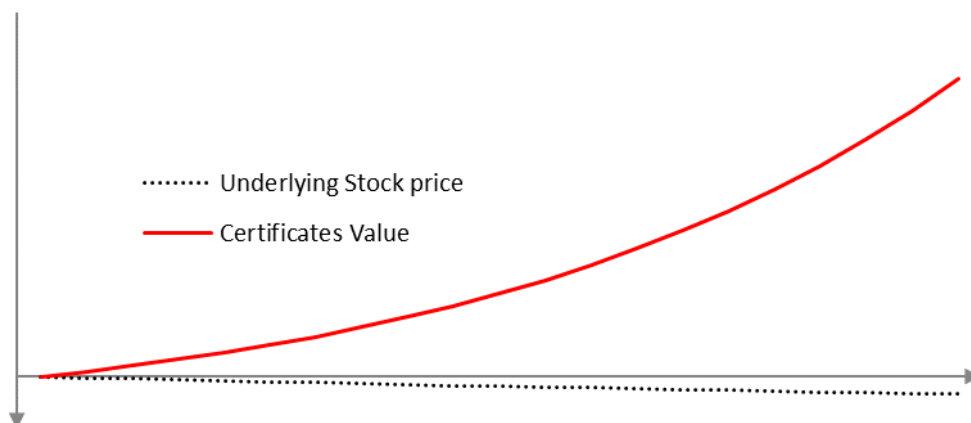
The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples

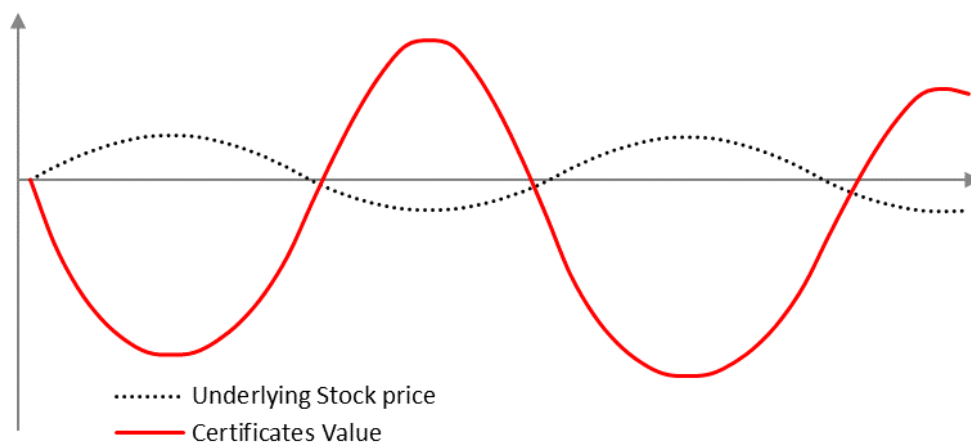
Scenario 1 – Upward Trend



Scenario 2 – Downward Trend



Scenario 3 – Volatile Market



2. Numerical Examples

Scenario 1 – Upward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	10,404.0	10,612.1	10,824.3	11,040.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	4.04%	6.12%	8.24%	10.41%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%
Price at end of day	0.60	0.54	0.49	0.44	0.39	0.35
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-19.00%	-27.10%	-34.39%	-40.95%

Scenario 2 – Downward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	9,800.0	9,604.0	9,411.9	9,223.7	9,039.2
Accumulated Return		-2.00%	-3.96%	-5.88%	-7.76%	-9.61%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	0.60	0.66	0.73	0.80	0.88	0.97
Accumulated Return		10.00%	21.00%	33.10%	46.41%	61.05%

Scenario 3 – Volatile Market

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	9,996.0	10,195.9	9,992.0	10,191.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	-0.04%	1.96%	-0.08%	1.92%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-10.0%	10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%	-10.0%
Price at end of day	0.60	0.54	0.59	0.53	0.59	0.53
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-1.00%	-10.90%	-1.99%	-11.79%

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an “Air Bag Mechanism” which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

When the Air Bag triggers, this is followed by a period which is divided into two sub-periods:

- Observation Period: the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its maximum price is recorded (i) during 15 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered, or (ii) until Market Close if there is less than 15 minutes of continuous trading until Market Close when the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered; and
- Reset Period: the Leverage Inverse Strategy is then reset using the maximum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy.

During the Observation Period and Reset Period, trading of Certificates is suspended for a period of at least 30 minutes of continuous trading after the Air Bag is triggered, and such suspension will be based on instructions provided by the Issuer to the SGX-ST for suspension of trading. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

The performance of the Leverage Inverse Strategy will be the inverse of the Underlying Stock.

For the avoidance of doubt, if the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered more than 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates will resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed, subject to the SGX-ST's approval to resume trading. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered between 45 minutes and 60 minutes of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates may or may not resume the same trading day after the Reset Period has elapsed. If the Air Bag Mechanism was triggered with only 45 minutes or less of continuous trading before Market Close, trading of Certificates resumes on the next trading day.

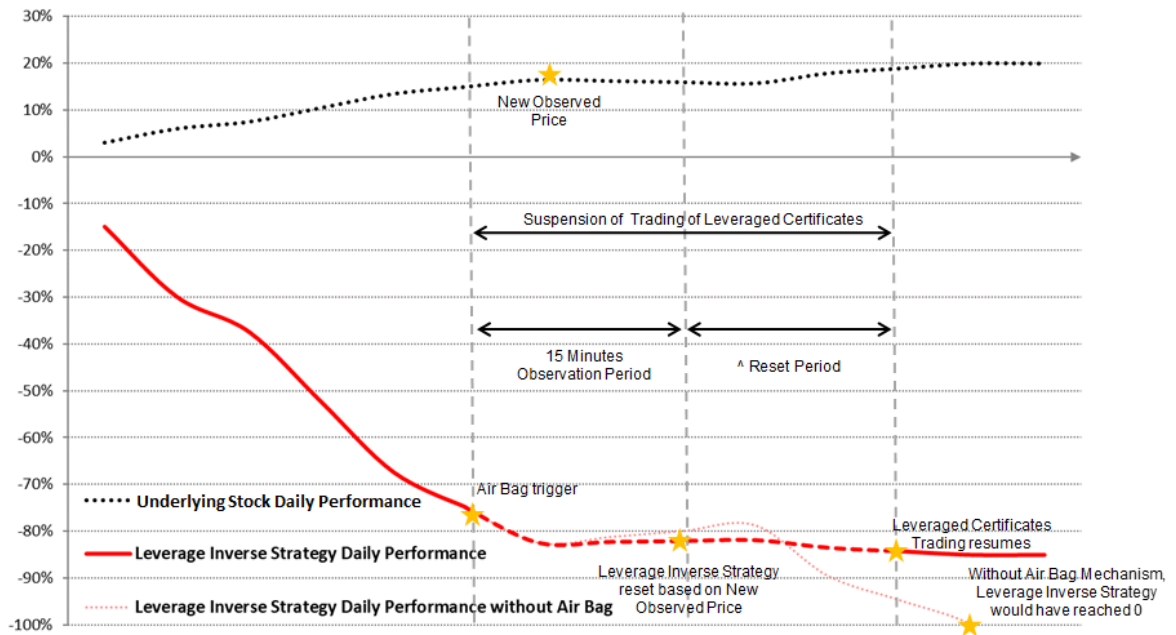
The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour. The Issuer will provide at least 15 minutes' notice of the resumption of trading by making an SGXNET announcement.

With **Market Close** defined as:

- the Underlying Stock closing time, including the closing auction session, with respect to the Observation Period; and
- the sooner of (i) the Underlying Stock closing time for continuous trading and (ii) the SGX-ST closing time, with respect to the Resumption of Trading

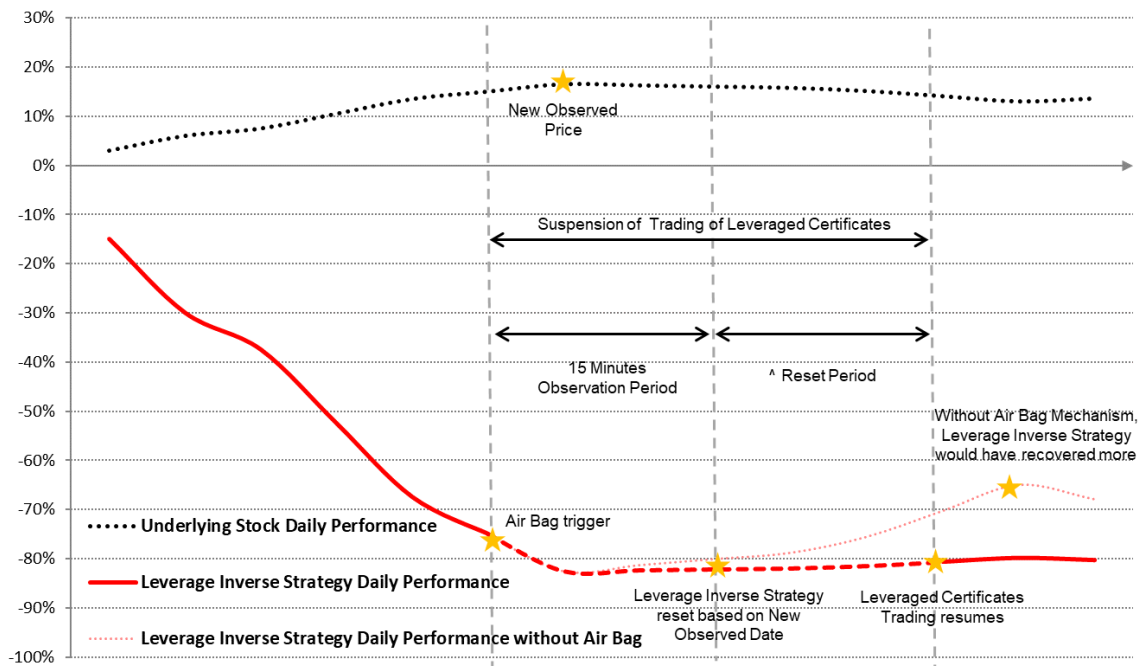
Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism⁹

Scenario 1 – Upward Trend after Air Bag trigger



^ The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

Scenario 2 – Downward Trend after Air Bag trigger



^ The resumption of trading is subject to the SGX-ST's requirements of at least 15 minutes after the SGX-ST approves the request from the Issuer to resume trading on the Certificates, rounded to the next quarter of an hour.

⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

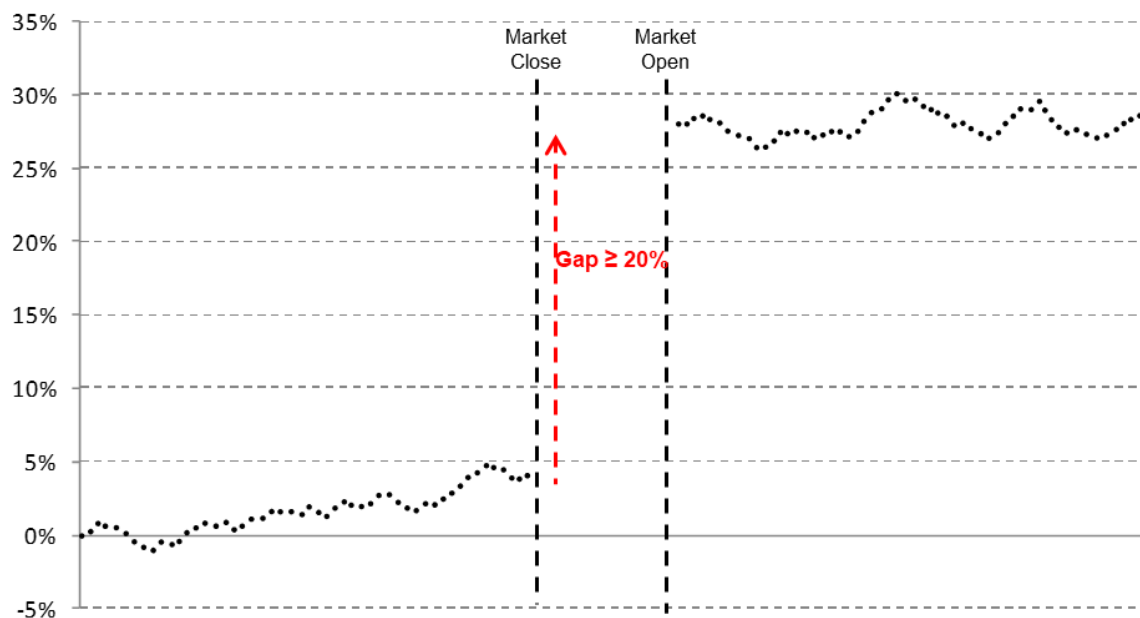
Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

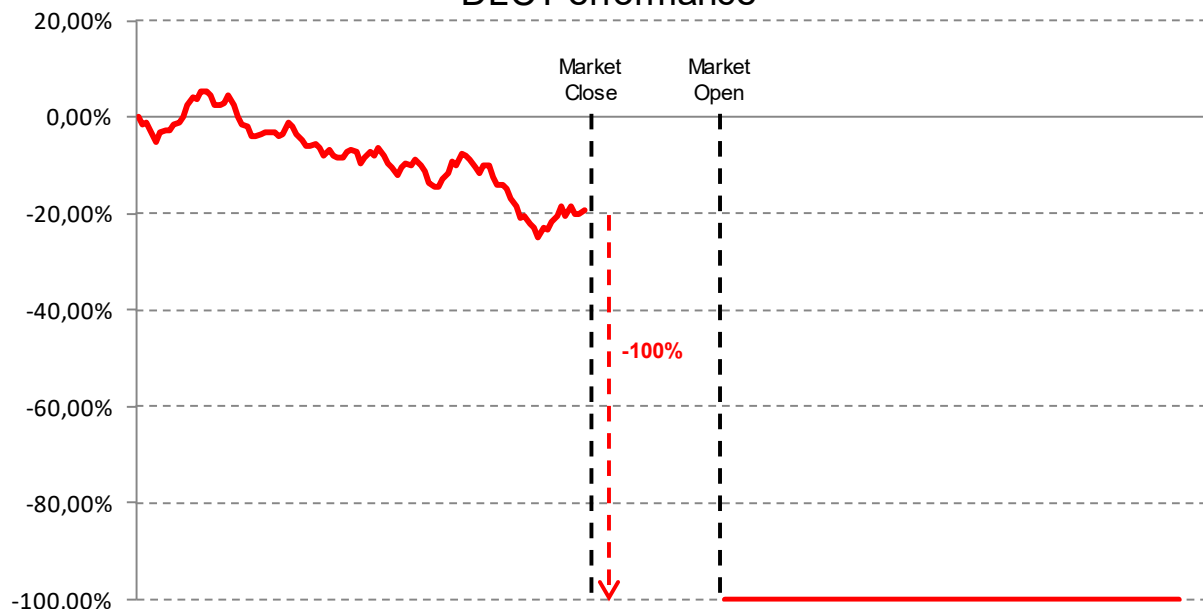
Scenario 1 – Overnight rise of the Underlying Stock

On any Business Day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous trading day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a “gap”. If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more above the previous trading day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens (including pre-opening session or opening auction, as the case may be) the following trading day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.

Underlying Stock Performance

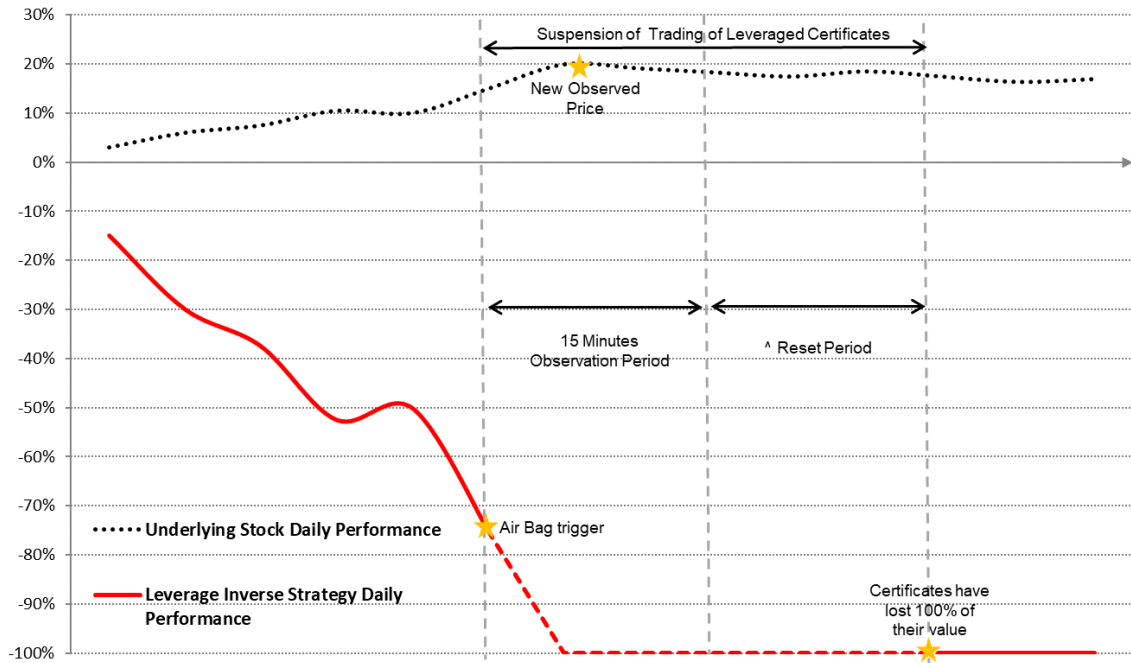


DLC Performance



Scenario 2 – Sharp intraday rise of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock rises by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Observation Date (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula :

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{Div_t + DivExc_t - M \times R}{S_{t-1}} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag Mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price rises by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

$DivExc_t$ is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

$$S_{t-1} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$51$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1 \right) = -10\%$$

S_{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S_t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	50	51	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.60	0.54	-10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$57.5, which is 15% above \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

$$S_{t-1} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$202$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1 \right) = -5\%$$

S_{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S_t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	200	202	1%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.60	0.57	-5%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$230, which is 15% above \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

$$S_{t-1} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$84$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

$$R = \$40 \text{ (i.e. subscription price of \$40)}$$

$$M = 0.5 \text{ (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)}$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1 \right) = -25\%$$

S_{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S_t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.60	0.45	-25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$92, which is 15% above \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

$$S_{t-1} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$85$$

$$\text{Div}_t = \$0$$

$$\text{DivExc}_t = \$0$$

$$R = \$0$$

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1 \right) = -10\%$$

S_{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S_t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	83.33	85	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.60	0.54	-10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$95.83, which is 15% above \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{t-1} = \$100$$

$$S_t = \$84$$

$$\text{Div}_t = \$0$$

$$\text{DivExc}_t = \$20$$

$$R = \$0$$

$$M = 0$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100} \right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = \text{Leverage} \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right) = -5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1 \right) = -25\%$$

S_{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S_t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.60	0.45	-25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price rises to \$92, which is 15% above \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of the SGX-ST at <http://www.sgx.com>. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Singapore Telecommunications Limited (“**Singtel**” or the “**Company**”) was corporatised on 1 April 1992 and listed on the local stock exchange in November 1993. It is majority-owned (2019: 49.8 percent) by Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited. Singtel is a leading communications technology group in Asia, and has played a key role in Singapore’s development as a telecommunications hub for the region over the course of its 140-year history. Headquartered in Singapore, Singtel provides an extensive range of telecommunications and digital services to consumers and enterprises through its three business groups - Group Consumer, Group Enterprise and Group Digital Life. Singtel has stakes in leading mobile operators in high-growth emerging markets - AIS in Thailand, Bharti Airtel in India, Globe in the Philippines and Telkomsel in Indonesia. Together with these regional associates and its wholly-owned subsidiary Optus, Singtel serves over 700 million mobile customers in 21 countries. Its infrastructure and technology services for businesses span 21 countries with more than 428 direct points of presence in 362 cities.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the half year ended 30 September 2024 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company released on 13 November 2024 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the SGX-ST at <http://www.sgx.com>.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker (“**DMM**”) for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

- (a) Maximum bid and offer spread : (i) when the best bid price of the Certificate is S\$10 and below: 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater; and
(ii) when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the Certificate.
- (b) Minimum quantity subject to bid and offer spread : 10,000 Certificates
- (c) Last Trading Day for Market Making : The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer’s bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (iv) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (v) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (vi) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (vii) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide bid quotations. The DMM may provide intermittent offer quotations when it has inventory of the Certificates;
- (viii) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;
- (ix) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and the SGX-ST is not open for dealings; and
- (x) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE GUARANTOR

The information set out in Appendix II of this document is a reproduction of the press release dated 31 October 2024 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2024.

On 23 September 2024, the share capital of Société Générale stands at EUR 1,000,395,971.25 and comprises 800,316,777 shares with a nominal value of EUR 1.25 per share.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with the information set out in the Base Listing Document.

1. Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
2. Settlement of trades done on a normal “ready basis” on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed “Summary of the Issue” above.
3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 30 June 2024 or the Guarantor since 30 September 2024, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Guarantee;
 - (b) the Master Instrument; and
 - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

6. The reports of the Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor were not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.

The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.
7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.
9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale,

Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:

- (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
- (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
- (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
- (d) the Base Listing Document (which can also be viewed at: <https://www.sgx.com/securities/prospectus-circulars-offer-documents>);
- (e) this document; and
- (f) the Guarantee.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall be deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong ("SFO")) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong ("CWUMPO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CWUMPO; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO.

European Economic Area

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made

available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**MiFID II**”); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

United Kingdom

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“**EUWA**”); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the “**FSMA**”) and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

Each dealer further represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

- (a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of

investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

United States

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the “**CFTC**”) under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the “**Commodity Exchange Act**”) and the Issuer has not been and will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it is not a U.S. Person, (ii) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (iii) it is not purchasing any Certificates, directly or indirectly, in the United States or for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term “**United States**” includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term “**U.S. person**” means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the “**CEA**”) or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the “**CFTC Rules**”), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a “Non-United States person” defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not “Non-United States persons”, shall be considered a U.S. person), or (iv) a U.S. Person for purposes of the final rules implementing the credit risk retention requirements of Section 15G of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

APPENDIX I

**REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024 OF
SINGAPORE TELECOMMUNICATIONS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the half year ended 30 September 2024 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company released on 13 November 2024 in relation to the same.



**SINGAPORE TELECOMMUNICATIONS LIMITED
AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED
30 SEPTEMBER 2024**

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CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Group (Unaudited)	Notes	Half Year 30 Sep	
		2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Operating revenue		6,991.9	7,028.3
Operating expenses	2	(5,172.1)	(5,368.3)
Other income	3	127.1	126.9
		1,946.9	1,786.9
Depreciation and amortisation	4	(1,209.0)	(1,207.3)
		737.9	579.6
Exceptional items	5	12.0	1,192.1
Profit on operating activities		749.9	1,771.7
Share of results of associates and joint ventures	6	843.6	676.0
Net profit before interest, investment income (net) and tax		1,593.5	2,447.7
Interest and investment income (net)	7	62.9	84.4
Finance costs	8	(238.2)	(212.8)
Net profit before tax		1,418.2	2,319.3
Tax expense	9	(179.8)	(178.7)
Net profit after tax		1,238.4	2,140.6
Attributable to:			
Shareholders of the Company		1,231.6	2,136.4
Non-controlling interests		6.8	4.2
		1,238.4	2,140.6
Earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the Company			
- basic	10	7.46¢	12.94¢
- diluted	10	7.37¢	12.89¢

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Net profit after tax	1,238.4	2,140.6
Other comprehensive (loss)/income		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement:		
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations and other currency translation differences	(102.9)	(288.1)
Reclassification of translation loss to income statement on dilution of interest in joint ventures	11.5	62.8
Cash flow hedges		
- Fair value changes	(305.3)	81.2
- Tax effects	19.4	(9.4)
	(285.9)	71.8
- Fair value changes transferred to income statement	264.4	(114.2)
- Tax effects	(10.2)	1.4
	254.2	(112.8)
	(31.7)	(41.0)
Share of other comprehensive gain of associates and joint ventures	104.0	39.9
Reclassification of share of other comprehensive gain of joint ventures to income statement on dilution of interest in joint ventures	(6.2)	(6.7)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to income statement:		
Fair value changes on Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") investments	(29.4)	177.2
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(54.7)	(55.9)
Total comprehensive income	1,183.7	2,084.7
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of the Company	1,177.6	2,080.3
Non-controlling interests	6.1	4.4
	1,183.7	2,084.7

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION*As at 30 September 2024*

	Notes	Group		Company	
		As at 30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil (Unaudited)	As at 31 Mar 24 S\$ Mil (Audited)	As at 30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil (Unaudited)	As at 31 Mar 24 S\$ Mil (Audited)
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,608.0	4,605.2	422.1	444.5
Trade and other receivables		4,871.2	5,005.7	358.1	375.5
Due from subsidiaries		-	-	4,169.7	3,568.7
Inventories		284.8	301.4	49.8	61.5
Derivative financial instruments		21.9	29.2	0.3	0.6
Other assets		467.5	418.6	70.4	21.5
		8,253.4	10,360.1	5,070.4	4,472.3
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment		10,021.5	10,046.5	1,881.9	1,903.9
Right-of-use assets		2,780.9	2,824.2	372.1	401.6
Intangible assets		9,430.6	8,227.0	-	-
Subsidiaries		-	-	18,670.6	18,611.1
Joint ventures		10,400.6	10,538.4	1.1	1.1
Associates		2,340.2	2,219.5	24.7	24.7
Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") investments		618.6	604.9	-	-
Derivative financial instruments		68.8	161.1	4.4	25.9
Deferred tax assets		586.9	600.1	-	-
Other assets		659.4	616.7	57.6	56.4
		36,907.5	35,838.4	21,012.4	21,024.7
Total assets		45,160.9	46,198.5	26,082.8	25,497.0
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables		4,498.7	5,406.2	1,036.8	1,237.8
Due to subsidiaries		-	-	2,785.0	2,519.5
Advance billings		786.9	750.7	147.0	99.5
Current tax liabilities		869.3	887.0	41.4	34.5
Borrowings (unsecured)	12	1,918.9	24.0	-	-
Borrowings (secured)	12	524.7	545.7	41.7	62.3
Derivative financial instruments		70.3	14.8	3.0	10.6
Net deferred gain		21.0	21.0	-	-
Dividend payable		313.8	-	313.8	-
		9,003.6	7,649.4	4,368.7	3,964.2

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION*As at 30 September 2024*

	Notes	Group		Company	
		As at	As at	As at	As at
		30 Sep 24	31 Mar 24	30 Sep 24	31 Mar 24
		S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Non-current liabilities					
Advance billings		494.4	503.0	360.5	363.6
Borrowings (unsecured)	12	6,092.2	8,225.3	652.6	668.1
Borrowings (secured)	12	3,090.2	3,104.6	324.8	336.8
Derivative financial instruments		793.9	649.3	235.0	206.3
Net deferred gain		345.3	344.6	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		522.5	539.7	274.8	271.7
Other non-current liabilities		224.4	217.9	52.5	39.2
		11,562.9	13,584.4	1,900.2	1,885.7
Total liabilities		20,566.5	21,233.8	6,268.9	5,849.9
Net assets		24,594.4	24,964.7	19,813.9	19,647.1
Share capital and reserves					
Share capital	15	4,573.1	4,573.1	4,573.1	4,573.1
Reserves		18,955.9	19,341.9	15,240.8	15,074.0
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company					
Perpetual securities	15	23,529.0	23,915.0	19,813.9	19,647.1
		1,012.7	1,012.7	-	-
		24,541.7	24,927.7	19,813.9	19,647.1
Non-controlling interests		52.7	37.0	-	-
Total equity		24,594.4	24,964.7	19,813.9	19,647.1

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

Group - 2024 (Unaudited)	Attributable to shareholders of the Company											Non- controlling Interests S\$ Mil	Total Equity S\$ Mil
	Share Capital S\$ Mil	Treasury Shares ⁽¹⁾ S\$ Mil	Capital Reserve S\$ Mil	Currency			Retained Earnings S\$ Mil	Other Reserves ⁽³⁾ S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil	Perpetual Securities S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil		
				Translation Reserve ⁽²⁾ S\$ Mil	Hedging Reserve S\$ Mil	Fair Value Reserve S\$ Mil							
Balance as at 1 April 2024	4,573.1	(32.3)	(80.8)	(4,202.5)	(156.3)	201.2	23,784.9	(172.3)	23,915.0	1,012.7	24,927.7	37.0	24,964.7
Changes in equity for the period													
Distribution paid on perpetual securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8	-	2.8	(16.5)	(13.7)	-	(13.7)
Accrued perpetual securities distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16.5)	-	(16.5)	16.5	-	-	-
Performance shares vested	-	23.5	(23.5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share based payment	-	-	17.1	-	-	-	-	-	17.1	-	17.1	-	17.1
Cash paid to employees under performance share plans	-	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.6)	-	(0.6)	-	(0.6)
Performance shares purchased by Singtel Optus Pty Limited ("Optus") and vested	-	-	(10.5)	-	-	-	-	-	(10.5)	-	(10.5)	-	(10.5)
Goodwill reclassified on dilution of equity interest in joint venture	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.4)	2.4	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid (core dividend and first tranche of value realisation dividend)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,304.5)	-	(1,304.5)	-	(1,304.5)	-	(1,304.5)
Dividend payable (second tranche of value realisation dividend)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(313.8)	-	(313.8)	-	(313.8)	-	(313.8)
Contribution from non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62.4	62.4	-	62.4	9.6	72.0
Reclassification due to disposal of FVOCI investments	-	-	-	-	-	(0.7)	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	23.5	(17.5)	-	-	(0.7)	(1,633.7)	64.8	(1,563.6)	-	(1,563.6)	9.6	(1,554.0)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	-	-	-	(91.2)	(31.2)	(29.4)	1,231.6	97.8	1,177.6	-	1,177.6	6.1	1,183.7
Balance as at 30 September 2024	4,573.1	(8.8)	(98.3)	(4,293.7)	(187.5)	171.1	23,382.8	(9.7)	23,529.0	1,012.7	24,541.7	52.7	24,594.4

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

Group - 2023 (Unaudited)	Attributable to shareholders of the Company													
	Currency											Non- controlling Interests	Other Reserve ⁽⁴⁾	Total Equity
	Share Capital S\$ Mil	Treasury Shares ⁽¹⁾ S\$ Mil	Capital Reserve S\$ Mil	Translation Reserve ⁽²⁾ S\$ Mil	Hedging Reserve S\$ Mil	Fair Value Reserve S\$ Mil	Retained Earnings S\$ Mil	Other Reserves ⁽³⁾ S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil	Perpetual Securities S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil			
Balance as at 1 April 2023	4,573.1	(31.8)	(56.3)	(3,749.6)	(93.6)	32.9	24,857.0	(539.4)	24,992.3	1,012.6	26,004.9	16.2	(6.8)	26,014.3
Changes in equity for the period														
Distribution paid on perpetual securities	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	-	-	2.9	(16.5)	(13.6)	-	-	(13.6)
Accrued perpetual securities distribution	-	-	-	-	-	(16.6)	-	-	(16.6)	16.6	-	-	-	-
Performance shares purchased by the Company	-	(3.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.0)	-	(3.0)	-	-	(3.0)
Performance shares purchased by the Company on behalf of subsidiaries	-	(4.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4.1)	-	(4.1)	-	-	(4.1)
Performance shares vested	-	24.9	(24.9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share based payment	-	-	19.0	-	-	-	-	-	19.0	-	19.0	-	-	19.0
Performance shares purchased by Optus and vested	-	-	(7.3)	-	-	-	-	-	(7.3)	-	(7.3)	-	-	(7.3)
Goodwill reclassified on dilution of equity interest in joint venture	-	-	-	-	-	(2.8)	2.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification from Other Reserves to Retained Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	(31.8)	31.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	(875.0)	-	(875.0)	(875.0)	-	(875.0)	-	-	(875.0)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	-	(8.5)	(2.4)	6.8	(4.1)
Reclassification due to disposal of FVOCI investments	-	-	-	-	-	15.1	(15.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	-	-	(0.2)
	-	17.8	(13.2)	-	-	15.1	(938.6)	26.1	(892.8)	0.1	(892.7)	(2.4)	6.8	(888.3)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	-	-	-	(225.5)	(41.0)	177.2	2,136.4	33.2	2,080.3	-	2,080.3	4.4	-	2,084.7
Balance as at 30 September 2023	4,573.1	(14.0)	(69.5)	(3,975.1)	(134.6)	225.2	26,054.8	(480.1)	26,179.8	1,012.7	27,192.5	18.2	-	27,210.7

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Company - 2024 (Unaudited)	Share Capital S\$ Mil	Treasury Shares ⁽¹⁾ S\$ Mil	Capital Reserve S\$ Mil	Hedging Reserve S\$ Mil	Retained Earnings S\$ Mil	Other Reserve S\$ Mil	Total Equity S\$ Mil
Balance as at 1 April 2024	4,573.1	(29.7)	100.0	19.7	14,672.4	311.6	19,647.1
Changes in equity for the period							
Performance shares vested	-	19.6	(19.6)	-	-	-	-
Performance shares vested on behalf of subsidiaries	-	3.9	-	-	-	-	3.9
Equity-settled share based payment	-	-	11.6	-	-	-	11.6
Cash paid to employees under performance share plans	-	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	(0.6)
Dividend paid (core dividend and first tranche of value realisation dividend)	-	-	-	-	(1,304.5)	-	(1,304.5)
Dividend payable (second tranche of value realisation dividend)	-	-	-	-	(313.8)	-	(313.8)
	-	23.5	(8.6)	-	(1,618.3)	-	(1,603.4)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	-	-	-	(26.9)	1,797.1	-	1,770.2
Balance as at 30 September 2024	4,573.1	(6.2)	91.4	(7.2)	14,851.2	311.6	19,813.9

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Company - 2023 (Unaudited)	Share Capital S\$ Mil	Treasury Shares ⁽¹⁾ S\$ Mil	Capital Reserve S\$ Mil	Hedging Reserve S\$ Mil	Retained Earnings S\$ Mil	Total Equity S\$ Mil
Balance as at 1 April 2023	4,573.1	(29.2)	97.5	32.3	14,786.2	19,459.9
Changes in equity for the period						
Performance shares purchased by the Company	-	(3.0)	-	-	-	(3.0)
Performance shares vested	-	20.8	(20.8)	-	-	-
Equity-settled share based payment	-	-	11.6	-	-	11.6
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(875.0)	(875.0)
Others	-	-	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)
	-	17.8	(9.2)	-	(875.2)	(866.6)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	24.6	449.4	474.0
Balance as at 30 September 2023	4,573.1	(11.4)	88.3	56.9	14,360.4	19,067.3

Notes:

- (1) 'Treasury Shares' are accounted for in accordance with SFRS(I) 1-32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*.
- (2) 'Currency Translation Reserve' relates mainly to the translation of the net assets of foreign subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Group denominated mainly in Australian Dollar, Indian Rupee, Indonesian Rupiah, Philippine Peso, Thai Baht and United States Dollar.
- (3) 'Other Reserves' relate mainly to goodwill on acquisitions completed prior to 1 April 2001 and the share of other comprehensive income or loss of the associates and joint ventures.
- (4) This amount relates to a reserve for an obligation arising from a put option written with the non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary.

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net profit before tax	1,418.2	2,319.3
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and amortisation	1,209.0	1,207.3
Exceptional items	(38.2)	(1,212.9)
Interest and investment income (net)	(62.9)	(84.4)
Finance costs	238.2	212.8
Share of results of associates and joint ventures (post-tax)	(843.6)	(676.0)
Other non-cash items	14.5	18.6
	517.0	(534.6)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	1,935.2	1,784.7
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Trade and other receivables	(137.8)	(144.8)
Trade and other payables	(580.7)	(485.0)
Inventories	18.0	51.2
Cash generated from operations	1,234.7	1,206.1
Payment to employees in cash under performance share plans	(0.6)	-
Dividends received from associates and joint ventures	1,096.7	1,300.0
Income tax and withholding tax paid	(192.7)	(240.8)
Net cash from operating activities	2,138.1	2,265.3
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment income received from FVOCI investments	-	6.5
Interest received	76.2	37.1
Bank deposits with original maturity more than three months	(397.1)	(987.1)
Proceeds from bank deposits with original maturity more than three months	348.2	317.0
Proceeds from investment in Singapore Treasury bills	-	1,400.0
Investment in associates/joint ventures (Note 1)	(61.5)	(247.1)
Deferred payment for acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(11.3)	(7.0)
Deferred proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed	3.1	12.8
Payment for acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	(6.9)
Loan to a joint venture	(12.5)	-
Proceeds from disposal of a joint venture	11.7	-
Repayment of loan from an associate	4.8	-
Contribution from non-controlling interests (Note 2)	72.0	-
Investment in FVOCI investments	(20.0)	(15.9)
Proceeds from sale of FVOCI investments	10.9	8.8
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(838.7)	(1,076.8)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	0.2	22.9
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,361.8)	(141.0)
Withholding tax paid on intra-group interest income	(13.3)	(11.6)
Others	(5.6)	4.5
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,194.7)	(683.8)

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from term loans	716.5	1,272.5
Repayment of term loans	(727.3)	(846.1)
Proceeds from bond issue	-	354.8
Repayment of bonds	-	(437.7)
Proceeds from other borrowings	5.1	11.6
Repayment of other borrowings	(12.6)	(15.0)
Lease payments	(232.1)	(230.6)
Net (repayment of)/proceeds from borrowings	(250.4)	109.5
Distribution paid on perpetual securities	(16.5)	(16.5)
Net interest paid on borrowings and swaps	(222.4)	(198.7)
Final dividend paid to shareholders of the Company	(1,304.5)	(875.0)
Special dividend paid to shareholders of the Company	-	(412.8)
Net change to other payables	(131.2)	-
Purchase of performance shares	(10.5)	(14.4)
Others	(0.2)	2.1
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,935.7)	(1,405.8)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,992.3)	175.7
Exchange effects on cash and cash equivalents	(5.1)	(4.9)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,595.1	1,644.2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (Note 3)	2,597.7	1,815.0

Note (1): Investment in associates/joint ventures

In the last corresponding period, the Group completed the subscription of new shares in PT Telekomunikasi Selular (“**Telkomsel**”) for S\$247 million.

Note (2): Contribution from non-controlling interests

In the current period, Nxera Holdings Pte. Ltd. (“**Nxera**”), the holding company for Singtel’s regional data centre business, issued new redeemable convertible preference shares to Stellar Asia Holdings II Pte. Ltd. for a net consideration of S\$72 million, representing a 1.4% stake in Nxera.

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024*

Note (3): For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprised:

Group (Unaudited)	As at 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Fixed deposits	1,864.4	1,193.6
Cash and bank balances	743.6	633.5
Cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statement of Financial position	2,608.0	1,827.1
Cash and cash equivalents included in subsidiary held for sale	-	9.5
Less: Restricted cash	(10.3)	(21.6)
Cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	2,597.7	1,815.0

Cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position included restricted cash relating to the provision of mobile money remittance and payment services in Singapore.

The accompanying notes on pages 12 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***1. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The Group prepares its condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standard (International) (“**SFRS(I)**”) 1-34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information required for a complete set of financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group’s financial position and performance of the Group since the most recent audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The same accounting policies and methods of computation have been applied in the preparation of the financial statements for the current period as the most recent audited financial statements for the year ended, and as at, 31 March 2024, except for the mandatory adoption of new standards effective as of 1 April 2024. The adoption of the new standards has no significant impact on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

2. OPERATING EXPENSES

The income statement included the following items -

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024	2023
	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil
Impairment of trade receivables	54.1	44.0
Allowance for inventory obsolescence (net)	0.1	2.7

3. OTHER INCOME

Other income included the following items -

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024	2023
	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil
Rental income	1.8	1.9
Net exchange losses	(0.2)	(1.3)
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2.7	0.4

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

4. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024	2023
	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	861.2	862.3
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	208.7	204.4
Amortisation of intangibles	139.1	140.6
	1,209.0	1,207.3

5. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024	2023
	S\$ Mil	S\$ Mil
Exceptional gains		
Gain on dilution of interest in joint ventures	55.8	1,271.5
Gain on partial disposal of direct stake in a joint venture	11.2	-
Gain on sale of assets	-	13.1
	67.0	1,284.6
Exceptional losses		
Provision for Trustwave ⁽¹⁾	-	(57.2)
Release of goodwill in a joint venture on sale of assets by the joint venture	(18.9)	(6.8)
Staff restructuring costs	(23.2)	(20.8)
Others	(12.9)	(7.7)
	(55.0)	(92.5)
	12.0	1,192.1

Note:

(1) In January 2024, the Group sold its 100% equity stake in Trustwave Holdings, Inc ("Trustwave").

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

6. SHARE OF RESULTS OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Share of ordinary results	1,168.6	1,195.0
Share of tax of ordinary results	(350.0)	(338.2)
Share of exceptional items (post-tax) ⁽¹⁾	25.0	(180.8)
	843.6	676.0

Note:

(1) Comprised mainly share of exceptional items from Bharti Airtel Limited (“**Airtel**”) and Globe Telecom, Inc. (“**Globe**”).

- (a) Airtel’s net gains in the current period were from reversing an interest provision due to a Supreme Court ruling in India on a variable licence fee matter and from selling its subsidiary in Sri Lanka. The gains were offset by fair value losses from steep depreciation of Nigerian Naira against US dollar, and from revaluation of its foreign currency convertible bonds.

Airtel’s net losses in the last corresponding period were from provisions due to a judgement passed by the Supreme Court in India, fair value losses from steep depreciation of Nigerian Naira against US dollar and from revaluation of its foreign currency convertible bonds.

- (b) Globe’s exceptional items in the current and last corresponding periods were from gains from the sale of telecommunication towers.

7. INTEREST AND INVESTMENT INCOME (NET)

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Interest income from		
- bank deposits	72.0	54.0
- others	3.1	4.0
	75.1	58.0
Gross dividends and other investment income	0.4	6.9
Fair value gains/(losses) on fair value hedges		
- hedged items	(4.4)	22.1
- hedging instruments	4.6	(22.7)
	0.2	(0.6)
Fair value gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges		
- hedged items	264.4	(114.2)
- hedging instruments	(264.4)	114.2
	-	-
Other fair value losses	(0.9)	(1.4)
Other foreign exchange (losses)/gains	(11.9)	21.5
	62.9	84.4

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

8. FINANCE COSTS

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Interest expense on		
- bonds	121.4	125.4
- bank loans	40.7	15.2
- lease liabilities	69.1	67.3
	231.2	207.9
Less: Amounts capitalised	(3.2)	(2.3)
	228.0	205.6
Financing related costs	21.1	16.0
Effects of hedging using interest rate swaps	(10.9)	(8.8)
	238.2	212.8

9. TAX EXPENSE

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 S\$ Mil	2023 S\$ Mil
Current and deferred tax expense attributable to current period's profits	80.0	66.4
Current and deferred tax adjustments in respect of prior years	(1.3)	(0.2)
Withholding taxes on dividend income from associates and joint ventures	101.1	112.5
	179.8	178.7

The Group is subject to the global minimum top-up tax under the Pillar Two tax legislation. It has applied for temporary mandatory relief to account for the impact of the top-up tax as deferred tax, and will account for it as a current tax when incurred.

As at 30 September 2024, the Group did not have significant subsidiaries in countries where the local statutory tax rate is less than 15%. Accordingly, any top-up tax is not expected to have a significant impact to the Group.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***10. WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHARES**

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year 30 Sep	
	2024 '000	2023 '000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for calculation of basic earnings per share	16,509,080	16,507,410
Adjustment for dilutive effect of performance share plans	46,175	50,107
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for calculation of diluted earnings per share	16,555,255	16,557,517

The weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue had been adjusted to exclude the number of performance shares held by the Company.

11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Group classifies financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels -

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (**Level 1**);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 which are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (**Level 2**); and
- inputs for the asset or liability which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (**Level 3**).

The following table presents the assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 September 2024:

Group - 30 Sep 24 (Unaudited)	Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil
Financial assets				
FVOCI investments				
- Quoted equity securities	3.9	-	-	3.9
- Unquoted investments	-	-	614.7	614.7
	3.9	-	614.7	618.6
Derivative financial instruments	-	90.7	-	90.7
	3.9	90.7	614.7	709.3
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	864.2	-	864.2

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the half year ended 30 September 2024

11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Group - 31 Mar 24 (Audited)	Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil
Financial assets				
FVOCI investments				
- Quoted equity securities	4.8	-	-	4.8
- Unquoted investments	-	-	600.1	600.1
	4.8	-	600.1	604.9
Derivative financial instruments	-	190.3	-	190.3
	4.8	190.3	600.1	795.2
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	664.1	-	664.1

Company - 30 Sep 24 (Unaudited)	Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil
Financial assets				
Derivative financial instruments	-	4.7	-	4.7
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	238.0	-	238.0

Company - 31 Mar 24 (Audited)	Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	Total S\$ Mil
Financial assets				
Derivative financial instruments	-	26.5	-	26.5
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	-	216.9	-	216.9

The following table presents the liabilities not measured at fair value (but with fair value disclosed) as at 30 September 2024:

30 Sep 24 (Unaudited)	Carrying Value S\$ Mil	Fair value			Total S\$ Mil
		Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	
Financial liabilities					
Group					
Bonds	6,767.2	5,034.0	1,541.4	-	6,575.4
Company					
Bonds	652.6	756.8	-	-	756.8

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

31 Mar 24 (Audited)	Carrying Value S\$ Mil	Fair value			Total S\$ Mil
		Level 1 S\$ Mil	Level 2 S\$ Mil	Level 3 S\$ Mil	
Financial liabilities					
Group					
Bonds	7,001.5	5,125.7	1,523.0	-	6,648.7
Company					
Bonds	668.1	780.4	-	-	780.4

Except as disclosed in the above tables, the carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values.

Quoted and unquoted investments

The fair values of investments traded in active markets included within Level 1 were based on the market quoted price or the price quoted by the market maker at the close of business at the end of the reporting period.

The fair values of the unquoted FVOCI investments included within Level 3 were estimated primarily using recent arm's length transactions.

Derivatives

Derivatives comprise cross currency swaps, interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts which are included within Level 2.

The fair value of a cross currency or an interest rate swap is the estimated amount that the swap contract can be exchanged for or settled with under normal market conditions. This fair value can be estimated using the discounted cash flow method where the future cash flows of the swap contract are discounted at the prevailing market foreign exchange rates and interest rates. Market interest rates are actively quoted interest rates or interest rates computed by applying techniques to these actively quoted interest rates.

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles at the end of the reporting period.

The following table presents the reconciliation for the unquoted FVOCI investments measured at fair value based on unobservable inputs (**Level 3**) -

(Unaudited)	Group	
	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil	30 Sep 23 S\$ Mil
FVOCI investments - unquoted		
Balance as at 1 April	600.1	467.2
Total (losses)/gains included in 'Fair Value Reserve'	(28.5)	127.8
Additions	54.5	15.9
Disposals	(3.5)	(10.0)
Translation differences	(7.9)	0.9
Balance as at 30 September	614.7	601.8

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the half year ended 30 September 2024

12. GROUP'S BORROWINGS AND DEBT SECURITIES

	Group		Company	
	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil (Unaudited)	31 Mar 24 S\$ Mil (Audited)	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil (Unaudited)	31 Mar 24 S\$ Mil (Audited)
Unsecured borrowings				
Repayable within one year	1,918.9	24.0	-	-
Repayable after one year	6,092.2	8,225.3	652.6	668.1
	8,011.1	8,249.3	652.6	668.1
Secured borrowings				
Repayable within one year	524.7	545.7	41.7	62.3
Repayable after one year	3,090.2	3,104.6	324.8	336.8
	3,614.9	3,650.3	366.5	399.1
	11,626.0	11,899.6	1,019.1	1,067.2

Unsecured borrowings of the Group comprise mainly bonds and bank loans. The unsecured borrowings of the Company comprise bonds.

Secured borrowings of the Group comprise lease liabilities in respect of right-of-use assets as well as a bank loan of a subsidiary secured by way of fixed and floating charges over a data centre, plant and machinery, and other assets of certain subsidiaries. The secured borrowings of the Company comprise lease liabilities in respect of right-of-use assets.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Unaudited)	Group	
	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil	30 Sep 23 S\$ Mil
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	718.3	819.2
Carrying amount of property, plant and equipment disposed	0.9	6.9

14. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

- (a) Singtel entered into an agreement to purchase electricity from Sembcorp Power Pte Ltd, an associated company of the ultimate holding company, for a period of 10 years from 1 October 2023 to 30 September 2033. The annual contract sum is estimated at approximately S\$180 million.
- (b) During the half year ended 30 September 2024, Nxera MY Pte. Ltd. ("**Nxera MY**"), a 93%-owned subsidiary of Singtel, committed up to RM 564 million (S\$175 million) in capital for ST Dynamo DC Sdn. Bhd., a 49%-owned joint venture of Nxera MY.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

15. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY INFORMATION

Share Capital

Group and Company (Unaudited)	Half Year			
	30 Sep 2024		30 Sep 2023	
	Number of shares Mil	Share capital S\$ Mil	Number of shares Mil	Share capital S\$ Mil
Balance as at 1 April and 30 September	16,514.6	4,573.1	16,514.6	4,573.1

As at 30 September 2024, the issued and paid up capital excluding treasury shares comprised 16,513.3 million (30 September 2023: 16,510.8 million) ordinary shares.

Treasury Shares

Group (Unaudited)	Half Year	
	30 Sep 2024	30 Sep 2023
	Number of shares Mil	Number of shares Mil
Balance at beginning of period	11.3	10.6
Shares transferred to employees under the Singtel Performance Share Plan 2012	(10.0)	(9.7)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	2.9
Balance at end of period	1.3	3.8

As at 30 September 2024, the number of treasury shares represented 0.01% (30 September 2023: 0.02%) of the total number of issued shares.

During the half year ended 30 September 2024, 10.0 million (30 September 2023: 9.7 million) of treasury shares were transferred to employees upon vesting of shares released under the Singtel Performance Share Plan 2012 and nil (30 September 2023: 2.9 million) treasury shares were purchased.

Except for the transfers, there was no other sale, disposal, cancellation and/or other use of treasury shares for the half year ended 30 September 2024.

The Company's subsidiaries do not hold shares in the Company as at 30 September 2024 and 30 September 2023.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***15. SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY INFORMATION (Continued)****Perpetual Securities**

On 14 April 2021, the Group issued fixed rate subordinated perpetual securities (the “**perpetual securities**”) with an aggregate principal amount S\$1.0 billion. Incremental costs incurred of S\$2.6 million were recognised in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

The perpetual securities do not have a maturity date and the Group may elect to defer making a distribution, subject to the terms and conditions of the securities issue. Accordingly, the Group is not considered to have a contractual obligation to make principal repayments or distributions in respect of its perpetual securities issue and the perpetual securities are classified and presented as equity. Distributions are treated as dividends which will be directly debited from equity.

Such perpetual securities bear distribution at a rate of 3.3% per annum, payable semi-annually. Subject to relevant terms and conditions in the offering memorandum, the Group may elect to defer making distributions on the perpetual securities, and is not subject to any limit as to the number of times a distribution can be deferred.

As a result, the Group is considered to have no contractual obligations to repay its principal or to pay any distributions and the perpetual securities do not meet the definition for classification as a financial liability under SFRS(I) 1-32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The whole instrument is presented within equity, and distributions are treated as dividends.

During the half year ended 30 September 2024, distributions to perpetual securities holders amounting to S\$16.5 million (30 September 2023: S\$16.6 million) were accrued of which S\$16.5 million (30 September 2023: S\$16.5 million) has been paid.

Performance Shares

As at 30 September 2024, the number of outstanding performance shares granted under the Singtel Performance Share Plan 2012 was 50,627,162 (30 September 2023: 54,813,517).

16. DIVIDENDS

On 12 November 2024, the Directors approved an interim one-tier tax exempt ordinary dividend of 7.0 cents (FY2024: 5.2 cents) per share, totalling approximately S\$1.16 billion (FY2024: S\$858 million) in respect of the current financial year ending 31 March 2025.

The interim dividend consists of:

- (a) a core dividend of 5.6 cents per share; and
- (b) a value realisation dividend of 1.4 cents per share.

The interim ordinary dividend will be paid on 9 December 2024. The Singtel Scrip Dividend Scheme will not be applied to this interim ordinary dividend.

The financial statements for the half year ended, and as at, 30 September 2024 have not reflected these dividends. The dividends will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of 'Retained Earnings' in the next period ending 31 March 2025.

The Transfer Book and the Register of Members of the Company will be closed on 22 November 2024 for the preparation of dividend warrants. Duly completed registrable transfers of the ordinary shares in the capital of the Company received by the Company's share registrar up to 5.00 pm on 21 November 2024 will be registered to determine members' entitlements to the interim ordinary dividend.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

16. DIVIDENDS (CONTINUED)

During the half year ended 30 September 2024, a core dividend of 6.0 cents per share and a value realisation dividend of 1.9 cents per share, totalling S\$1.30 billion were paid in respect of the previous financial year ended 31 March 2024. The second tranche of the value realisation dividend of 1.9 cents per share totalling S\$314 million will be paid on 9 December 2024.

17. NET ASSET VALUE

	Group		Company	
	As at 30 Sep 24 S\$ (Unaudited)	As at 31 Mar 24 S\$ (Audited)	As at 30 Sep 24 S\$ (Unaudited)	As at 31 Mar 24 S\$ (Audited)
Net asset value per ordinary share	<u>1.49</u>	1.51	<u>1.20</u>	1.19

As at the end of the reporting period, the number of ordinary shares of the Group used for the above calculation had been adjusted to exclude treasury shares.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES OF SINGTEL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

(a) Guarantees

As at 30 September 2024, the Group and Company provided the following:

- (i) bankers' and other guarantees of S\$379.6 million and S\$69.4 million (31 March 2024: S\$526.8 million and S\$71.0 million) respectively.
- (ii) guarantees to Monetary Authority of Singapore in relation to 40% of all liabilities incurred by GXS Bank Pte. Ltd. ("**GXS**") for deposits placed by customers (excluding other banks). This obligation only arises in the event GXS is wound up or otherwise dissolved without satisfying these liabilities in full.

As at 30 September 2024, the Company provided the following guarantees to Singtel Group Treasury Pte. Ltd. ("**SGT**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, in respect of the following:

- (iii) notes issue of an aggregate equivalent amount of S\$4.36 billion (31 March 2024: S\$4.40 billion) due between June 2025 and April 2032.
 - (iv) subordinated perpetual securities issue of S\$1.0 billion (31 March 2024: S\$1.0 billion) due in April 2031.
- (b) In Australia, Singtel Optus Pty Limited ("**Optus**") reported a cyber attack in September 2022 which accessed certain personal information but did not impact the operation of Optus' systems or its telecommunications network or services. The cyber attack is the subject of an ongoing regulatory investigation and class actions. In May 2024, Optus was notified that the Australian Communications and Media Authority had commenced proceedings in the Australian Federal Court alleging Optus failed in its obligation to protect the confidentiality of customer information. These matters are being defended and at this stage the outcomes are not determinable.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES OF SINGTEL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)**

- (c) In Australia, Optus Mobile Pty Limited ("**Optus Mobile**") was informed on 31 October 2024 that the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission ("**ACCC**") has filed proceedings in the Federal Court of Australia against it, alleging that it acted unconscionably in its dealings with about 429 consumers. The ACCC is seeking declarations of unconscionable conduct, a 3-year compliance programme, a penalty and customer remediation. Optus is reviewing and considering the matters raised in the proceedings and will respond to the claims made by the ACCC in due course.
- (d) The Group is contingently liable for claims arising in the ordinary course of business and from certain tax assessments which are being contested, the outcomes of which are not presently determinable. The Group is vigorously defending all these claims.

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES OF ASSOCIATED AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

(a) **Bharti Airtel Limited ("Airtel")**

Airtel, a joint venture of the Group, has disputes with various government authorities in the respective jurisdictions where its operations are based, as well as with third parties regarding certain transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business.

On 8 January 2013, Department of Telecommunications ("**DOT**") issued a demand on Airtel Group for Rs. 52.01 billion (S\$794 million) towards levy of one time spectrum charge, which was further revised on 27 June 2018 to Rs. 84.14 billion (S\$1.29 billion), excluding related interest. In the opinion of Airtel, the above demand amounts to alteration of the terms of the licences issued in the past. Airtel had filed a petition with the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay, which has directed DOT not to take any coercive action until the next date of hearing. The matter is currently pending with the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay.

On 4 July 2019, the Telecom Disputes Settlement and Appellate Tribunal in a similar matter of another unrelated telecom service provider, passed an order providing partial relief and confirming the basis for the balance of the one time spectrum charge. The said telecom service provider filed an appeal in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India which was dismissed on 16 March 2020. With the ruling, Airtel Group has assessed and provided Rs. 18.08 billion (S\$276 million) of the principal demand as well as the related interest. Notwithstanding this, Airtel Group intends to continue to pursue its legal remedies.

Other taxes, custom duties and demands under adjudication, appeal or disputes and related interest for some disputes as at 30 September 2024 amounted to approximately Rs. 172.0 billion (S\$2.63 billion). In respect of some of the tax issues, pending final decisions, Airtel had deposited amounts with statutory authorities.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES OF ASSOCIATED AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Advanced Info Service Public Company Limited (“AIS”)

AIS, a joint venture of the Group, has various commercial disputes and significant litigations which are pending adjudication.

National Telecom Public Company Limited (“NT”) has demanded that AIS pay the following:

- (i) additional charges for porting of subscribers from 900MHz to 2100MHz network of THB 41.1 billion (S\$1.64 billion) plus interest. In September 2023, the Central Administrative Court (“CAC”) supported the arbitration award which was in favor of AIS. In October 2023, NT appealed to the Supreme Administrative Court (“SAC”).
- (ii) additional revenue share of THB 62.8 billion (S\$2.50 billion) arising from what NT claims to be an illegality of two amendments made to the Concession Agreement, namely, Amendment 6 (regarding reduction in prepaid revenue share rate) made in 2001 and Amendment 7 (regarding deduction of roaming expense from revenue share) made in 2002, which have resulted in lower revenue share. In January 2020, AIS received the award from the Arbitral Tribunal (“AT”) to pay THB 31.1 billion (S\$1.24 billion) and 1.25% interest per month after 30 November 2015. In April 2020, AIS filed a motion to the CAC to set aside the award which was followed by NT’s appeal to the CAC to increase the award to THB 62.8 billion (S\$2.50 billion). In July 2022, the CAC revoked the AT’s resolution and AIS is not required to pay the additional revenue share of THB 62.8 billion (S\$2.50 billion). In August 2022, NT appealed to the SAC.
- (iii) additional revenue share from the dispute on roaming rates from 2013 to 2015 of THB 16.3 billion (S\$646 million). In December 2023, the CAC dismissed the case and NT subsequently filed an appeal with the SAC. In July 2024, the SAC dismissed NT’s appeal.

As at 30 September 2024, other claims against AIS and its subsidiaries which are pending adjudication amounted to THB 10.6 billion (S\$423 million).

The above claims have not included potential interest and penalty.

AIS believes that the above claims will be settled in favour of AIS and will have no material impact to its financial statements.

(c) Intouch Holdings Public Company Limited (“Intouch”)

In October 2017, Intouch and its former subsidiary, Thaicom Public Company Limited (“Thaicom”), received letters from the Ministry of Digital Economy and Society (the “Ministry”) stating that Thaicom 7 and Thaicom 8 satellites (the “Satellites”) are governed under the terms of a 1991 satellite operating agreement between Intouch and the Ministry (“Agreement”) which entails the transfer of asset ownership, procurement of backup satellites, payment of revenue share, and procurement of property insurance. Intouch and Thaicom have obtained legal advice and are of the opinion that the Satellites are not covered under the Agreement but instead under the licence from the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission (“NBTC”). In September 2022, the arbitrators ruled against the Ministry and stated that Intouch is not obligated to comply with the Ministry’s claim under this dispute. In December 2022, the Ministry appealed to the Central Administrative Court (“CAC”).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES OF ASSOCIATED AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (CONTINUED)**

In November 2020, Intouch and Thaicom received notices from the Ministry requesting for replacement of the de-orbited Thaicom 5 satellite, or compensation equivalent to the value of satellite at THB 7.8 billion (S\$310 million) plus fines and interest. This case is pending arbitration.

In June 2021, Intouch and Thaicom received letters from NBTC stating that Thaicom's rights to use the orbital slots of Thaicom 7 and Thaicom 8 satellites were up to 10 September 2021 only. Thaicom filed a complaint to the CAC and the CAC has granted an injunction on 9 August 2021 protecting Thaicom's rights to use these orbital slots until the CAC issues the order. In June 2022, the Supreme Administrative Court upheld the CAC's decision.

(d) **Globe Telecom, Inc. ("Globe")**

Globe, a joint venture of the Group, is contingently liable for various claims arising in the ordinary conduct of business and certain tax assessments which are either pending decision by the Courts or are being contested, the outcome of which are not presently determinable. In the opinion of Globe's management and legal counsel, the eventual liability under these claims, if any, will not have a material or adverse effect on Globe's financial position and results of operations.

In June 2016, the Philippine Competition Commission ("**PCC**") claimed that the Joint Notice of Acquisition filed by Globe, PLDT Inc. ("**PLDT**") and San Miguel Corporation ("**SMC**") on the acquisition of SMC's telecommunications business was deficient and cannot be claimed to be deemed approved. In July 2016, Globe filed a petition with the Court of Appeals of the Philippines ("**CA**") to stop the PCC from reviewing the acquisition. In October 2017, the CA ruled in favour of Globe and PLDT, and declared the acquisition as valid and deemed approved. PCC subsequently elevated the case to the Supreme Court to review the CA's rulings.

(e) **PT Telekomunikasi Selular ("Telkomsel")**

As at 30 September 2024, Telkomsel, a joint venture of the Group, has filed appeals and cross-appeals amounting to approximately IDR 374 billion (S\$32 million) for various tax claims arising in certain tax assessments which are pending final decisions, the outcome of which is not presently determinable.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS*For the half year ended 30 September 2024***20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Segment information is presented based on the information reviewed by senior management for performance measurement and resource allocation.

Optus offers mobile, equipment sales, fixed voice and data, satellite, ICT and managed services in Australia.

Singtel Singapore offers mobile, fixed voice and data, pay television, content and digital services, ICT as well as equipment sales.

NCS provides differentiated and end-to-end technology services via its Gov+, Enterprise and Telco+ groups.

Digital InfraCo provides regional data centre services through Nxera¹, satellite carrier services, as well as offers Paragon, Singtel's all-in-one digital acceleration platform for 5G multi-access edge compute (MEC) and cloud orchestration.

Corporate comprises the costs of Group functions not allocated to the business segments. It also includes the Group's regional investments in AIS and Intouch (which has an equity interest of 40.4% in AIS in Thailand), Airtel in India and Africa, Globe in the Philippines, and Telkomsel in Indonesia.

The segment results are before exceptional items, in line with the basis of information presented to management for internal management reporting purposes.

The costs of shared and common infrastructure are allocated to the business segments using established methodologies.

¹ Nxera is the brand name for Singtel's data centre business.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Group - 30 Sep 24 (Unaudited)	Optus S\$ Mil	Singtel Singapore S\$ Mil	NCS S\$ Mil	Digital InfraCo S\$ Mil	Corporate S\$ Mil	Intercompany Eliminations S\$ Mil	Group Total S\$ Mil
Operating revenue	3,570.2	1,876.6	1,431.3	219.3	-	(105.5)	6,991.9
Operating expenses	(2,649.4)	(1,183.0)	(1,266.8)	(110.8)	(65.0)	102.9	(5,172.1)
Other income/(expense)	62.0	62.6	4.6	2.2	3.2	(7.5)	127.1
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	982.8	756.2	169.1	110.7	(61.8)	(10.1)	1,946.9
Share of pre-tax results of associates and joint ventures							
- Airtel	-	-	-	-	395.6	-	395.6
- Telkomsel	-	-	-	-	354.2	-	354.2
- Globe	-	-	-	-	156.3	-	156.3
- AIS	-	-	-	-	185.0	-	185.0
- Intouch	-	-	-	-	73.3	-	73.3
- Others	*	-	-	(0.4)	4.6	-	4.2
	*	-	-	(0.4)	1,169.0	-	1,168.6
EBITDA and share of pre-tax results of associates and joint ventures	982.8	756.2	169.1	110.3	1,107.2	(10.1)	3,115.5
Depreciation and amortisation	(785.4)	(317.5)	(39.0)	(71.9)	(4.9)	9.7	(1,209.0)
Earnings before interest and tax ("EBIT")	197.4	438.7	130.1	38.4	1,102.3	(0.4)	1,906.5

* denotes less than +/- S\$0.05 million.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Group - 30 Sep 24 (Unaudited)	Optus S\$ Mil	Singtel Singapore S\$ Mil	NCS S\$ Mil	Digital InfraCo S\$ Mil	Coporate S\$ Mil	Intercompany Eliminations S\$ Mil	Group Total S\$ Mil
Segment assets							
Investment in associates and joint ventures							
- Airtel	-	-	-	-	4,091.6	-	4,091.6
- Telkomsel	-	-	-	-	3,286.3	-	3,286.3
- Globe	-	-	-	-	1,765.4	-	1,765.4
- AIS	-	-	-	-	1,088.9	-	1,088.9
- Intouch	-	-	-	-	1,874.2	-	1,874.2
- Others	18.6	-	-	51.0	564.8	-	634.4
	18.6	-	-	51.0	12,671.2	-	12,740.8
Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries	5,871.8	-	542.5	-	-	-	6,414.3
Other assets	14,795.7	4,335.2	1,829.5	1,005.3	4,254.5	(214.4)	26,005.8
	20,686.1	4,335.2	2,372.0	1,056.3	16,925.7	(214.4)	45,160.9

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Group - 30 Sep 23 (Unaudited)	Optus S\$ Mil	Singtel Singapore S\$ Mil	NCS S\$ Mil	Digital InfraCo S\$ Mil	Trustwave ⁽¹⁾ S\$ Mil	Corporate S\$ Mil	Intercompany Eliminations S\$ Mil	Group Total S\$ Mil
Operating revenue	3,571.5	1,893.4	1,396.2	202.7	76.6	-	(112.1)	7,028.3
Operating expenses	(2,721.3)	(1,214.6)	(1,259.4)	(92.5)	(127.7)	(65.6)	112.8	(5,368.3)
Other income/(expense)	66.6	57.9	(0.8)	2.0	2.6	4.4	(5.8)	126.9
EBITDA	916.8	736.7	136.0	112.2	(48.5)	(61.2)	(5.1)	1,786.9
Share of pre-tax results of associates and joint ventures								
- Airtel	-	-	-	-	-	376.9	-	376.9
- Telkomsel	-	-	-	-	-	430.6	-	430.6
- Globe	-	-	-	-	-	141.1	-	141.1
- AIS	-	-	-	-	-	170.6	-	170.6
- Intouch	-	-	-	-	-	67.5	-	67.5
- Others	*	-	-	(0.4)	-	8.7	-	8.3
	*	-	-	(0.4)	-	1,195.4	-	1,195.0
EBITDA and share of pre-tax results of associates and joint ventures	916.8	736.7	136.0	111.8	(48.5)	1,134.2	(5.1)	2,981.9
Depreciation and amortisation	(791.0)	(299.2)	(43.4)	(72.8)	(7.3)	(4.1)	10.5	(1,207.3)
EBIT	125.8	437.5	92.6	39.0	(55.8)	1,130.1	5.4	1,774.6

* denotes less than +/- S\$0.05 million.

Note:

(1) In January 2024, the Group sold its 100% equity stake in Trustwave.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Group - 31 Mar 24 (Audited)	Optus S\$ Mil	Singtel Singapore S\$ Mil	NCS S\$ Mil	Digital InfraCo S\$ Mil	Corporate S\$ Mil	Intercompany Eliminations S\$ Mil	Group Total S\$ Mil
Segment assets							
Investment in associates and joint ventures							
- Airtel	-	-	-	-	4,029.5	-	4,029.5
- Telkomsel	-	-	-	-	3,587.4	-	3,587.4
- Globe	-	-	-	-	1,787.4	-	1,787.4
- AIS	-	-	-	-	987.6	-	987.6
- Intouch	-	-	-	-	1,743.3	-	1,743.3
- Others	18.4	-	-	26.6	577.7	-	622.7
	18.4	-	-	26.6	12,712.9	-	12,757.9
Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries	5,868.4	-	543.0	-	-	-	6,411.4
Other assets	13,674.3	4,604.7	1,723.0	860.6	6,398.2	(231.6)	27,029.2
	19,561.1	4,604.7	2,266.0	887.2	19,111.1	(231.6)	46,198.5

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

20. GROUP SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

A reconciliation of the total reportable segments' EBIT to the Group's profit before tax was as follows -

Group (Unaudited)	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil	30 Sep 23 S\$ Mil
EBIT	1,906.5	1,774.6
Exceptional items	12.0	1,192.1
Share of exceptional items of associates and joint ventures (post-tax)	25.0	(180.8)
Share of tax of associates and joint ventures	(350.0)	(338.2)
Profit before interest, investment income (net) and tax	1,593.5	2,447.7
Interest and investment income (net)	62.9	84.4
Finance costs	(238.2)	(212.8)
Profit before tax	1,418.2	2,319.3

The Group's revenue from its major products and services are as follows -

Group (Unaudited)	30 Sep 24 S\$ Mil	30 Sep 23 S\$ Mil
Mobile service	2,461.1	2,370.3
Sale of equipment	901.5	863.9
Mobile	3,362.6	3,234.2
Infocomm Technology	1,845.7	1,902.3
Data and internet	1,480.4	1,554.3
Fixed voice	156.1	173.5
Pay television	97.0	101.8
Others	50.1	62.2
Operating revenue	6,991.9	7,028.3

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from Singapore and Australia which respectively accounted for approximately 45% (30 September 2023: 44%) and 51% (30 September 2023: 51%) of the consolidated revenue for the half year ended 30 September 2024, with the remaining 4% (30 September 2023: 5%) from other countries where the Group operates in. The geographical information on the Group's non-current assets is not presented as it is not used for segmental reporting purposes.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half year ended 30 September 2024

21. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

There is no significant seasonality in the Group's operations.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, the Group has no new significant related party transactions during the half years ended 30 September 2024 and 30 September 2023.

- 23.** The statements of financial position as at 30 September 2024 and the related consolidated income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the half year ended 30 September 2024 presented in this announcement have not been audited, but have been reviewed by KPMG LLP in Singapore in accordance with the Singapore Standard on Review Engagements 2410 – *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* (see review report on page 35 of this announcement).

OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY LISTING RULE APPENDIX 7.2

The disclosures below have not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditors.

24. REVIEW OF PERFORMANCE OF THE GROUP

Please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis of the Group for the half year ended 30 September 2024.

25. WHERE A FORECAST, OR A PROSPECT STATEMENT, HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY DISCLOSED TO SHAREHOLDERS, ANY VARIANCE BETWEEN IT AND THE ACTUAL RESULTS.

Please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis of the Group for the half year ended 30 September 2024.

26. A COMMENTARY AT THE DATE OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE SIGNIFICANT TRENDS AND COMPETITIVE CONDITIONS OF THE INDUSTRY IN WHICH THE GROUP OPERATES AND ANY KNOWN FACTORS OR EVENTS THAT MAY AFFECT THE GROUP IN THE NEXT OPERATING PERIOD AND THE NEXT 12 MONTHS.

Please refer to the Management Discussion and Analysis of the Group for the half year ended 30 September 2024.

27. INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

The Group has not obtained a general mandate from shareholders of the Company for Interested Person Transactions.

28. CONFIRMATION THAT THE ISSUER HAS PROCURED UNDERTAKINGS FROM ALL ITS DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS (IN THE FORMAT SET OUT IN APPENDIX 7.7) UNDER RULE 720(1)

The Company has received undertakings from all its directors and executive officers in the format as set out in Appendix 7.7 under Rule 720(1) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST.

CONFIRMATION BY THE BOARD

On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company, we, the undersigned, hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge that nothing has come to the attention of the Board of Directors of the Company which may render the financial statements for the half year ended 30 September 2024 to be false or misleading in any material aspect.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Gautam Banerjee
Chairman of Audit Committee

Yuen Kuan Moon
Director

Singapore
12 November 2024

Independent auditors' review report

The Board of Directors
Singapore Telecommunications Limited

Report on review of interim financial information as of and for the half year ended 30 September 2024**Introduction**

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Singapore Telecommunications Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2024 and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group, and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the half year then ended, and the notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (the "Condensed Interim Financial Information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this Condensed Interim Financial Information in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standard (International) ("SFRS(I)") 1-34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this Condensed Interim Financial Information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Singapore Standard on Review Engagements 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Condensed Interim Financial Information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with SFRS(I) 1-34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.

Restriction on use

Our report is provided in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work was undertaken so that we might report to you on the Condensed Interim Financial Information for the purpose of assisting the Company to meet the requirements of paragraph 3 of Appendix 7.2 of the Singapore Exchange Limited Listing Manual and for no other purpose. Our report is included in the Company's announcement of its interim financial information for the information of its members. We do not assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company for our work, for our report, or for the conclusions we have reached in our report.

KPMG LLP

*Public Accountants and
Chartered Accountants*

Singapore
12 November 2024

APPENDIX II

**REPRODUCTION OF THE PRESS RELEASE DATED 31 OCTOBER 2024
CONTAINING THE GUARANTOR'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS
FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2024**

The information set out below is a reproduction of the press release dated 31 October 2024 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2024.

RESULTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2024

Press release

Paris, 31 October 2024

SOLID BUSINESS PERFORMANCE IN Q3 24, GROUP NET INCOME OF EUR 1.4 BILLION

Revenues of EUR 6.8 billion, up +10.5% vs. Q3 23¹, driven notably by the strong rebound in net interest income in France, in line with end of year estimate, and by another solid performance of Global Banking and Investor Solutions, in particular in Equities and Transaction Banking

Strong positive jaws, control of operating expenses, down by -0.8% vs. Q3 23

Cost-to-income ratio at 63.3% in Q3 24, improved by 7.1 points vs. Q3 23

Stable cost of risk at 27 basis points in Q3 24

Profitability (ROTE) at 9.6% vs. 3.8% for Q3 23

9M 24 NET INCOME UP 53% VS. 9M 23 AT EUR 3.2 BILLION, DRIVEN BY THE IMPROVEMENT IN OPERATING PERFORMANCE

Revenues of EUR 20.2 billion, up +5.3% vs. 9M 23

Stable operating expenses, +0.1% vs. 9M 23

Cost-to-income ratio at 68.8%, improved by 3.6 percentage points vs. 9M 23

Profitability (ROTE) at 7.1% vs. 5.0% for 9M 23

SOLID CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY RATIOS

CET 1 ratio of 13.2%² at end of Q3 24, around 300 basis points above the regulatory requirement

Liquidity Coverage Ratio at 152% at end of Q3 24

Distribution provision of EUR 1.66³ per share at end-September 2024

DECISIVE EXECUTION OF THE STRATEGIC PLAN

Capital build-up ahead of Capital Markets Day trajectory

Continuous improvement in efficiency and profitability

Reshaping of the business portfolio well underway

Slawomir Krupa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"We are publishing solid quarterly results that continue to show strong improvement. It demonstrates that we are executing our strategic plan which is impacting our results in a positive and tangible way. Our revenues are up thanks to the solid performance of our businesses with a strong rebound of the net interest income in France and another remarkable contribution from Global Banking and Investor Solutions. Operating expenses are stable and cost of risk is contained. We are posting a clear improvement of cost-to-income ratio and profitability, and our capital ratio continues to strengthen. For the past year we have been working relentlessly. Our teams are mobilized and we have made progress in three fundamental areas: capital build-up, improvement of profitability, and the reshaping of our business portfolio. We continue to implement our various strategic initiatives such as BoursoBank's development, LeasePlan's integration within Ayvens and the acceleration of our contribution to the energy transition. Our goal remains unchanged: a sustainable performance that will create long-term value."

Asterisks* in the document refer to data at constant perimeter and exchange rates

¹ +5.8% excluding exceptional proceeds recorded in Corporate Centre (~EUR 0.3bn)

² Including IFRS 9 phasing, proforma including Q3 24 results

³ Based on a pay-out ratio of 50% of the Group net income, at the high-end of the 40%-50% pay-out ratio, as per regulation, restated from non-cash items and after deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

1. GROUP CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Change		9M 24	9M 23	Change	
Net banking income	6,837	6,189	+10.5%	+11.8%*	20,167	19,147	+5.3%	+6.5%*
Operating expenses	(4,327)	(4,360)	-0.8%	-0.3%*	(13,877)	(13,858)	+0.1%	+0.5%*
Gross operating income	2,511	1,829	+37.3%	+41.0%*	6,290	5,289	+18.9%	+22.4%*
Net cost of risk	(406)	(316)	+28.4%	+30.5%*	(1,192)	(664)	+79.6%	+81.0%*
Operating income	2,105	1,513	+39.1%	+43.2%*	5,098	4,625	+10.2%	+13.9%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	21	6	x 3.5	x 3.4*	(67)	(92)	+27.5%	+27.3%*
Income tax	(535)	(624)	-14.3%	-12.7%*	(1,188)	(1,377)	-13.7%	-11.3%*
Net income	1,591	563	x 2.8	x 3.0*	3,856	2,836	+35.9%	+41.3%*
O.w. non-controlling interests	224	268	-16.5%	-16.1%*	696	774	-10.1%	-11.2%*
Reported Group net income	1,367	295	x 4.6	x 5.1*	3,160	2,062	+53.2%	+62.2%*
ROE	8.4%	0.9%			6.2%	3.6%		
ROTE	9.6%	3.8%			7.1%	5.0%		
Cost to income	63.3%	70.4%			68.8%	72.4%		

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on 30 October 2024 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined Societe Generale Group's results for Q3 24 and for the first nine months of 2024.

Net banking income

Net banking income stood at EUR 6.8 billion, up by +10.5% vs. Q3 23.

Revenues of **French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance** were up by +18.7% vs. Q3 23 and totalled EUR 2.3 billion in Q3 24. Net interest income continued its rebound in Q3 24 (+43% excluding PEL/CEL provision vs. Q3 23), in line with latest estimates, in the context of a still muted loan environment and the pursuit of increasing interest-bearing deposits. Assets under management in the **Private Banking and Insurance** businesses continued to rise, respectively recording a growth of +8% and +10% in Q3 24 vs. Q3 23. Last, **BoursoBank** continued its controlled client acquisition, onboarding once again more than 300,000 new clients over the quarter, reaching close to 6.8 million clients at end-September 2024. Likewise, assets under administration rose by over 14% vs. Q3 23. As in Q2 24, BoursoBank posted a positive contribution to Group net income in Q3 24.

Global Banking and Investor Solutions registered a +4.9% increase in revenues relative to Q3 23. Revenues totalled EUR 2.4 billion over the quarter, still driven by strong dynamics of **Global Markets'** and **Global Transaction & Payment Services'** activities, with revenues increasing by a respective +7.6% and +9.0% in Q3 24 vs. Q3 23. Within Global Markets, revenues of Equity businesses grew by +10.1%. This is the second best third quarter ever. **Fixed income and Currencies** also recorded a solid performance, with a +6.1% increase in revenues amid a falling interest rates. **Financing and Advisory's** revenues totalled EUR 843 million, stable vs. Q3 23. The commercial momentum in the securitisation businesses remained very solid and the performance of financing activities continued to be good, albeit slower relative to an elevated Q3 23. Likewise, **Global Transaction & Payment Services'** activities posted an +9.0% increase in revenues vs. Q3 23, driven by a favourable market environment and sustained commercial development in the cash management and correspondent banking activities.

Mobility, International Retail Banking and Financial Services' revenues were down by -5.4% vs. Q3 23 mainly owing to base effects at Ayvens. **International Retail Banking** recorded a +1.4% increase in revenues vs. Q3 23 to EUR 1.1 billion, driven by favourable momentum across all regions. **Mobility and Financial Services'** revenues contracted by -11.4% vs. Q3 23 owing to an unfavourable non-recurring base effect on Ayvens.

The **Corporate Centre** recorded revenues of EUR +54 million in Q3 24. They include the booking of exceptional proceeds of approximately EUR 0.3 billion¹.

Over 9M 24, net banking income increased by +5.3% vs. 9M 23.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses came to EUR 4,327 million in Q3 24, down -0.8% vs. Q3 23.

The cost-to-income ratio stood at 63.3% in Q3 24, a sharp decrease vs. Q3 23 (70.4%) and Q2 24 (68.4%).

Over 9M 24, operating expenses were stable (+0.1% vs. 9M 23) and the cost-to-income ratio came to 68.8% (vs. 72.4% for 9M 23), which is lower than the 71% target set for FY 2024.

Cost of risk

The cost of risk was stable and contained over the quarter at 27 basis points, i.e., EUR 406 million. This comprises a EUR 400 million provision for doubtful loans (around 27 basis points) and a provision on performing loan outstandings for EUR +6 million.

At end-September 2024, the Group's provisions on performing loans amounted to EUR 3,122 million, down by a slight EUR -56 million relative to 30 June 2024 notably as per the application of IFRS5 accounting standards on activities under disposal. The EUR -450 million contraction relative to 31 December 2023 is mainly owing to the application of IFRS 5 accounting standards for activities under disposal.

The gross non-performing loan ratio stood at 2.95%^{2,3} at 30 September 2024, down vs. end of June 2024 (3.03%). The net coverage ratio on the Group's non-performing loans stood at 84%⁴ at 30 September 2024 (after netting of guarantees and collateral).

Net profits from other assets

In Q3 24, the Group booked net profit of EUR 21 million driven, on the one hand, by the sale of the headquarters of KB in the Czech Republic and, on the other hand, by the accounting impacts mainly owing to the current sale of assets.

Group net income

Group net income stood at EUR 1,367 million in Q3 24, equating to a Return on Tangible Equity (ROTE) of 9.6%.

Over 9M 24, Group net income came to EUR 3,160 million, equating to a Return on Tangible Equity (ROTE) of 7.1%.

¹ As stated in Q2 24 results press release

² Ratio calculated according to European Banking Authority (EBA) methodology published on 16 July 2019

³ Ratio excluding loans outstanding of companies currently being disposed of in compliance with IFRS 5

⁴ Ratio of S3 provisions, guarantees and collaterals over gross outstanding non-performing loans

2. STRATEGIC PLAN FULLY ON TRACK

Since announcing its strategic plan in September 2023, the Group has made significant progress in its implementation, the benefits of which are starting to materialise, including on financials aspects. Fundamental milestones have notably been reached in three major areas: capital build-up, the continuous improvement in efficiency and profitability and the reshaping of the business portfolio.

Regarding the business portfolio, the Group has been proactive in recent months, announcing the disposal of several non-core and non-synergistic assets. These latest divestments not only contribute to simplifying the Group but will also reinforce the capital ratio by around 60 basis points, of which around 15 basis points are expected by year-end.

At the same time, the Group is preparing the future by investing in our core franchises, as demonstrated by the development of BoursoBank, the integration of LeasePlan in Ayvens, the creation of Bernstein, the partnership with Brookfield, the merger of our networks in France and the digitalization of our networks in the Czech Republic.

The rollout of our ESG roadmap is also progressing well, particularly on the alignment of our portfolio. The Group has already reduced by more than 50% its upstream Oil & Gas exposure at Q2 24 compared to 2019¹.

Last quarter, the Group reached its EUR 300 billion sustainable finance target set between 2022-2025. Societe Generale announces today a new sustainable finance target to facilitate EUR 500 billion over the 2024-2030 period that breaks down as follows:

- EUR 400 billion in financing and EUR 100 billion in sustainable bonds²
- EUR 400 billion in environmental activities and EUR 100 billion in social

A major portion of financing will be for dedicated transactions in clean energy, sustainable real estate, low carbon mobility, and other industry and environmental transition topics.

¹ Target: -80% upstream exposure reduction by 2030 vs. 2019, with an intermediary step in 2025 at -50% vs. 2019

² Only the Societe Generale participation is taken into account

3. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

At 30 September 2024, the Group's **Common Equity Tier 1** ratio stood at 13.2%¹, around 300 basis points above the regulatory requirement. Likewise, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) was well ahead of regulatory requirements at 152% at end-September 2024 (156% on average for the quarter), and the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) stood at 116% at end-September 2024.

All liquidity and solvency ratios are well above the regulatory requirements.

	30.09.2024	31.12.2023	Requirements
CET1 ⁽¹⁾	13.2%	13.1%	10.22%
CET1 fully loaded	13.2%	13.1%	10.22%
Tier 1 ratio ⁽¹⁾	15.5%	15.6%	12.15%
Total Capital ⁽¹⁾	18.2%	18.2%	14.71%
Leverage ratio ⁽¹⁾	4.25%	4.25%	3.60%
TLAC (% RWA) ⁽¹⁾	27.8%	31.9%	22.29%
TLAC (% leverage) ⁽¹⁾	7.6%	8.7%	6.75%
MREL (% RWA) ⁽¹⁾	32.2%	33.7%	27.56%
MREL (% leverage) ⁽¹⁾	8.8%	9.2%	6.23%
End of period LCR	152%	160%	>100%
Period average LCR	156%	155%	>100%
NSFR	116%	119%	>100%

In EURbn	30.09.2024	31.12.2023
Total consolidated balance sheet	1,580	1,554
Group shareholders' equity	67	66
Risk-weighted assets	392	389
O.w. credit risk	331	326
Total funded balance sheet	948	970
Customer loans	453	497
Customer deposits	608	618

At 11 October 2024, the parent company had issued a total of EUR 38.0 billion in medium/long-term debt, of which EUR 17.5 billion in vanilla notes. The 2024 long-term vanilla funding programme is completed. The subsidiaries had issued EUR 4.6 billion. In all, the Group has issued a total of EUR 42.6 billion.

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) FitchRatings - long-term rating "A-", stable outlook, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1" (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", negative outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook; and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "A-1".

¹ Including IFRS 9 phasing, proforma including Q3 24 results

4. FRENCH RETAIL, PRIVATE BANKING AND INSURANCE

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Change	9M 24	9M 23	Change
Net banking income	2,254	1,900	+18.7%	6,390	6,090	+4.9%
<i>Net banking income excl. PEL/CEL</i>	2,259	1,895	+19.2%	6,392	6,090	+5.0%
Operating expenses	(1,585)	(1,608)	-1.4%	(4,962)	(5,073)	-2.2%
Gross operating income	669	292	x 2.3	1,428	1,017	+40.5%
Net cost of risk	(178)	(144)	+23.4%	(597)	(342)	+74.7%
Operating income	491	148	x 3.3	831	675	+23.1%
Net profits or losses from other assets	(1)	0	n/s	7	4	x 2.1
Reported Group net income	368	109	x 3.4	631	506	+24.8%
RONE	9.4%	2.8%		5.4%	4.4%	
Cost to income	70.3%	84.7%		77.7%	83.3%	

Commercial activity

SG Network, Private Banking and Insurance

Average outstanding deposits of the SG Network amounted to EUR 236 billion in Q3 24, up by +0.6% vs. the previous quarter (-1% vs. Q3 23), with a continued rise in interest-bearing deposits and financial savings.

The SG Network's average loan outstandings contracted by -5% vs. Q3 23 to EUR 195 billion. Outstanding loans to corporate and professional clients were stable vs. Q3 23 (excluding government-guaranteed PGE loans), with the share of medium to long-term loans increasing relative to Q2 24. Home loan production continued its recovery (2.4x vs. Q3 23 and +15% vs. Q2 24).

The average loan to deposit ratio came to 82.5% in Q3 24, down by -3.3 percentage points relative to Q3 23.

Private Banking activities saw their assets under management¹ reach a new record of EUR 154 billion in Q3 24, up by +8% vs. Q3 23. Net gathering stood at EUR 5.9 billion in 9M 24, the net asset gathering pace (net new money divided by AuM) has risen by +5.5% since the start of the year. Net banking income stood at EUR 368 million over the quarter, stable vs. Q3 23. Over 9M 24, net banking income came to EUR 1,121 million, a +1% increase vs. 9M 23.

Insurance, which covers activities in and outside France, posted a very strong commercial performance. Life insurance outstandings increased sharply by +10% vs. Q3 23 to reach a record EUR 145 billion at end-September 2024. The share of unit-linked products remained high at 40%. Gross life insurance savings inflows amounted to EUR 3.6 billion in Q3 24, up by +35% vs. Q3 23.

Personal protection and P&C premia were up by +5% vs. Q3 23.

BoursoBank

BoursoBank registered almost 6.8 million clients at end-September 2024, a +27% increase vs. Q3 23 (an increase of around 1.4 million clients year on year). The pace of new client acquisition (around 310,000 new clients in Q3 24) is fully in line with the target of 7 million clients by the end of 2024. BoursoBank can build on an active, loyal and high-quality client base. The brokerage activity registered two million transactions, up by +18% vs. Q3 23. Last, proof of the efficiency of the model and of the very high client satisfaction level, the churn rate has remained low at around 3% and below the market rate.

¹ France and International, including Switzerland and United Kingdom

Average loan outstandings rose by +4,2% compared to Q3 23, at EUR 15 billion in Q3 24.

Average outstanding savings including deposits and financial savings were +13.8% higher vs. Q3 23 at EUR 63 billion. Deposits outstanding totalled EUR 38 billion at Q3 24, posting another sharp increase of +16.2% vs. Q3 23. Life insurance outstandings came to EUR 12 billion in Q3 24 and rose by +7.3% vs. Q3 23 (o/w 47% unit-linked products, a +3.3 percentage points increase vs. Q3 23). The activity continued to register strong gross inflows over the quarter (+55% vs. Q3 23, around 53% unit-linked products).

For the second quarter in a row, BoursoBank recorded a positive contribution to Group net income in Q3 24.

Net banking income

Over the quarter, revenues came to EUR 2,254 million, up +19% vs. Q3 23 and up +6% vs Q2 24. Net interest income grew by +43% vs. Q3 23 (excluding PEL/CEL) and +19% (EUR 169 million) vs. Q2 24. Fee income rose by +5.0% relative to Q3 23.

Over 9M 24 revenues came to EUR 6,390 million, up by +4.9% vs. 9M 23. Net interest income excluding PEL/CEL was up by +15.9% vs. 9M 23. Fee income increased by +1.7% relative to 9M 23.

Operating expenses

Over the quarter, operating expenses came to EUR 1,585 million, down -1.4% vs. Q3 23. Operating expenses for Q3 24 include EUR 12 million in transformation costs. The cost-to-income ratio stood at 70.3% for Q3 24, improving by more than +14 percentage points vs. Q3 23.

Over 9M 24, operating expenses came to EUR 4,962 million (-2.2% vs. 9M 23). The cost-to-income ratio stood at 77.7% and improved by +5.7 percentage points vs. 9M 23.

Cost of risk

In Q3 24, the cost of risk amounted to EUR 178 million or 30 basis points stable on Q2 24 (29 basis points).

Over 9M 24, the cost of risk totalled EUR 597 million or 34 basis points.

Group net income

Over the quarter, Group net income totalled EUR 368 million. RONE stood at 9.4% in Q3 24.

Over 9M 24, Group net income totalled EUR 631 million. RONE stood at 5.4% in 9M 24.

5. GLOBAL BANKING AND INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

In EUR m	Q3 24	Q3 23	Variation		9M 24	9M 23	Change	
Net banking income	2,422	2,309	+4.9%	+5.2%*	7,666	7,457	+2.8%	+2.8%*
Operating expenses	(1,494)	(1,478)	+1.1%	+1.3%*	(4,898)	(5,187)	-5.6%	-5.5%*
Gross operating income	928	831	+11.6%	+12.0%*	2,768	2,270	+21.9%	+21.8%*
Net cost of risk	(27)	(14)	+95.3%	x 2.0*	(29)	8	n/s	n/s
Operating income	901	817	+10.2%	+10.5%*	2,739	2,278	+20.2%	+20.0%*
Reported Group net income	699	645	+8.2%	+8.5%*	2,160	1,814	+19.1%	+18.8%*
RONE	18.0%	16.8%			19.0%	15.6%		
Cost to income	61.7%	64.0%			63.9%	69.6%		

Net banking income

Global Banking and Investor Solutions continued to deliver very strong performances, posting revenues of EUR 2,422 million, up +4.9% versus Q3 23.

Over 9M 24, revenues climbed by +2.8% vs. 9M 23 (EUR 7,666 million vs. EUR 7,457 million).

Global Markets and Investor Services recorded a rise in revenues over the quarter vs. Q3 23 of +7.6% to EUR 1,579 million. Over 9M 24, revenues totalled EUR 5,063 million, i.e., a +3.1% increase vs. 9M 23. Growth was mainly driven by **Global Markets** which recorded revenues of EUR 1,410 million in Q3 24, up by +8.6% relative to Q3 23 amid a positive environment that was particularly conducive to Equities. Over 9M 24, revenues totalled EUR 4,553 million, up by +4.5% vs. 9M 23.

The Equities business again delivered a solid performance, recording revenues of EUR 880 million in Q3 24, up by a strong +10.1% vs. Q3 23, notably on the back of a very good performance from derivatives amid favourable market conditions. This is the second best third quarter ever. Over 9M 24, revenues increased sharply by +12.9% relative to 9M 23 to EUR 2,739 million.

Fixed Income and Currencies registered a +6.1% increase in revenues to EUR 530 million in Q3 24, notably owing to robust demand for rates and forex flow activities, particularly from US clients. Over 9M 24, revenues decreased by -6.0% to EUR 1,814 million.

Securities Services' revenues were up +0.6% versus Q3 23 at EUR 169 million, but increased by +9.9% excluding the impact of equity participations. The business continued to reap the benefit of a positive fee generation trend and robust momentum in private market and fund distribution. Over 9M 24, revenues were down by -8.2%, but rose by +2.1% excluding equity participations. Assets under Custody and Assets under Administration amounted to EUR 4,975 billion and EUR 614 billion, respectively.

The Financing and Advisory business posted revenues of EUR 843 million, stable versus Q3 23. Over 9M 24, revenues totalled EUR 2,602 million, up by +2.3% vs. 9M 23.

The **Global Banking and Advisory** business posted a -3.2% decline in revenues relative to Q3 23. Securitised products again delivered a solid performance and momentum was strong in the distribution activity. Financing activities posted a good performance, albeit down on the high baseline in Q3 23. Investment banking activities turned in resilient performances. Over 9M 24, revenues dipped slightly by -0.3% relative to 9M 23.

Global Transaction & Payment Services again delivered a very robust performance compared with Q3 23, posting an +9.0% increase in revenues, driven by strong momentum in cash management and the correspondent banking activities. Over 9M 24, revenues grew by +10.1%.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses came to EUR 1,494 million over the quarter and included EUR 21 million in transformation costs. Operating expenses rose by +1.1% compared with Q3 23, equating to a cost-to-income ratio of 61.7% in Q3 24.

Over 9M 24, operating expenses decreased by -5.6% compared with 9M 23 and the cost-to-income ratio came to 63.9%.

Cost of risk

Over the quarter, the cost of risk was low at EUR 27 million, or 7 basis points vs. 3 basis points in Q3 23.

Over 9M 24, the cost of risk was EUR 29 million, or 2 basis points.

Group net income

Group net income increased by +8.2% vs. Q3 23 to **EUR 699 million**. Over 9M 24, Group net income rose sharply by +19.1% to EUR 2,160 million.

Global Banking and Investor Solutions reported **high RONE of 18.0% for the quarter and RONE of 19.0% for 9M 24**.

6. MOBILITY, INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Change		9M 24	9M 23	Change	
Net banking income	2,108	2,228	-5.4%	-2.8%*	6,403	6,491	-1.4%	+1.8%*
Operating expenses	(1,221)	(1,239)	-1.4%	+0.3%*	(3,832)	(3,479)	+10.2%	+12.7%*
Gross operating income	887	989	-10.4%	-6.6%*	2,570	3,013	-14.7%	-10.9%*
Net cost of risk	(201)	(175)	+14.9%	+18.1%*	(572)	(349)	+63.7%	+65.9%*
Operating income	685	814	-15.8%	-12.0%*	1,998	2,663	-25.0%	-21.2%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	94	1	x 77.0	x 76.7*	98	0	x 375.7	x 304.1
Non-controlling interests	223	237	-6.1%	-3.6%*	623	674	-7.6%	-7.8%*
Reported Group net income	367	377	-2.4%	+3.1%*	956	1,325	-27.8%	-22.1%*
RONE	14.1%	14.9%			12.2%	18.6%		
Cost to income	57.9%	55.6%			59.9%	53.6%		

Commercial activity

International Retail Banking

International Retail Banking¹ posted robust commercial momentum in Q3 24, with an increase in loan outstandings of +4.2%* vs. Q3 23 (+1.8%, outstandings of EUR 68 billion in Q3 24) and growth of +4.1%* vs. Q3 23 (+1.2%, outstandings of EUR 83 billion in Q3 24).

Activity in **Europe** was solid across client segments for both entities. Loan outstandings increased by +6.0%* vs. Q3 23 (+3.1% at current perimeter and exchange rates, outstandings of EUR 43 billion in Q3 24), driven by home loans and medium and long-term corporate loans in a lower rates environment. Deposit outstandings increased by +4.6%* vs. Q3 23 (+1.9% at current perimeter and exchange rates, outstandings of EUR 55 billion in Q3 24), mainly on interest-bearing products.

In **Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories**, loan outstandings totalled EUR 25 billion in Q3 24 (+1.2%* vs. Q3 23, stable at current perimeter and exchange rates) on back of a +5.6%* rise vs. Q3 23 in sub-Saharan Africa (stable vs. Q3 23 at current perimeter and exchange rates). Deposit outstandings totalled EUR 27 billion at Q3 24. They increased by +3.0%* vs. Q3 23 (stable at current perimeter and exchange rates) across all client segments in Africa.

Mobility and Financial Services

Overall, **Mobility and Financial Services** maintained a good commercial performance.

Ayvens' earning assets totalled EUR 53.1 billion at end-September 2024, a +5.8% increase vs. end-September 2023.

The **Consumer Finance** business posted loans outstanding of EUR 23 billion for Q3 24, down -4.5% vs. Q3 23 in a still uncertain environment.

Equipment Finance posted outstandings of EUR 15 billion in Q3 24, the same level as in Q3 23.

Net banking income

Over the quarter, Mobility, International Retail Banking and Financial Services' revenues totalled EUR 2,108 million, a decrease of -2.8%* vs. Q3 23 (-5.4% at current perimeter and exchange rates).

¹ Including entities reported under IFRS 5

Over 9M 24, revenues came to EUR 6,403 million, up slightly by +1.8%* vs. 9M 23 (-1.4% at current perimeter and exchange rates).

International Retail Banking recorded a solid performance over the quarter, with a net banking income of EUR 1,058 million, up by +5.1%* vs. Q3 23 (+1.4% at current perimeter and exchange rates). Over 9M 24, revenues totalled EUR 3,131 million, a +4.0%* increase vs. 9M 23 (stable at current perimeter and exchange rates).

Europe recorded revenues of EUR 506 million in Q3 24, an increase for both entities (+3.0%* vs. Q3 23, stable at current perimeter and exchange rates).

The **Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories** region continued to post robust commercial momentum with revenues of EUR 552 million in Q3 24. These increased by +7.2%* vs. Q3 23 (+2.8% at current perimeter and exchange rates), driven by a significant rise in net interest income in Africa (+10.5%* vs. Q3 23).

In Q3 24, **Mobility and Financial Services'** revenues decreased by -11.4% vs. Q3 23 to EUR 1,049 million. Over the first nine months of 2024, they contracted by -2.9% to EUR 3,271 million.

Ayvens' net banking income stood at EUR 732 million, a decrease of -14,8% in Q3 24 vs. Q3 23 and of -4,0% restated from non-recurring items¹. The amount of underlying margins was stable vs. Q3 23 at around EUR 690 million¹. The average used car sale result per vehicle (UCS) continued to normalise but remained at a high level of EUR 1,420¹ per unit in Q3 24 vs. EUR 1,480¹ in Q2 24.

Consumer Finance activities, down by -3.5% vs. Q3 23, have stabilised since Q2 24 with the business posting net banking income of EUR 218 million in Q3 24. **Equipment Finance** revenues were also stable vs. Q3 23 (EUR 99 million in Q3 24).

Operating expenses

Over the quarter, operating expenses were stable (+0.3%* vs. Q3 23, -1.4%) at EUR 1,221 million and included EUR 29 million in transformation costs. The cost-to-income ratio came to 57.9% in Q3 24.

Over 9M 24, operating expenses totalled EUR 3,832 million, up +12.7%* vs. 9M 23 (+10.2% at current perimeter and exchange rates). They include around EUR 148 million of transformation charges.

In a context of a strong transformation, **International Retail Banking** costs rose by +3.4%* vs. Q3 23 (stable at current perimeter and exchange rates, EUR 567 million in Q3 24), notably due to the impact of a new banking tax in Romania which entered into force in January 2024.

The **Mobility and Financial Services** business recorded a decrease in operating expenses compared to Q3 23 (-2.4% vs. Q3 23, EUR 654 million in Q3 24).

Cost of risk

Over the quarter, the cost of risk normalised at 48 basis points (or EUR 201 million).

Over 9M 24, the cost of risk stood at 45 basis points vs. 32 basis points in 9M 23.

Group net income

Over the quarter, Group net income came to EUR 367 million, down -2.4% vs. Q3 23. RONE stood at 14.1% in Q3 24. RONE was 21.4% for International Retail Banking (positive impact on Group net income

¹ Excluding non-recurring items on either margins or UCS (mainly linked to fleet revaluation at EUR 114m in Q3 23 vs EUR 0m in Q3 24, the net impact related to prospective depreciation and Purchase Price Allocation for ~EUR 35m vs. Q3 23, hyperinflation in Turkey at EUR 46m in Q3 23 vs. EUR 10m in Q3 24 and MtM of derivatives at EUR -82m in Q3 23 vs. EUR -55m in Q3 24)

of around EUR 40 million related to the sale of KB head office premises), and 9.2% in Mobility and Financial Services in Q3 24.

Over 9M 24, Group net income came to EUR 956 million, down by -27.8% vs. 9M 23. RONE stood at 12.2% for 9M 24. RONE was 16.4% in International Retail Banking, and 9.5% in Mobility and Financial Services in 9M 24.

7. CORPORATE CENTRE

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Change		9M 24	9M 23	Change	
Net banking income	54	(249)	n/s	n/s	(291)	(891)	+67.3%	+67.8%*
Operating expenses	(27)	(35)	-22.8%	-25.8%*	(185)	(119)	+55.2%	+48.2%*
Gross operating income	27	(283)	n/s	n/s	(476)	(1,010)	+52.9%	+54.2%*
Net cost of risk	1	17	+95.9%	+95.9%*	6	19	+70.6%	+70.6%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	(73)	4	n/s	n/s	(172)	(96)	-78.9%	-79.1%*
Income tax	(26)	(214)	-87.7%	-87.5%*	118	(85)	n/s	n/s
Reported Group net income	(67)	(836)	+92.0%	+92.2%*	(587)	(1,582)	+62.9%	+63.7%*

The Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects, as well as several costs incurred by the Group that are not re-invoiced to the businesses.

Net banking income

Over the quarter, the Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR +54 million vs. EUR -249 million in Q3 23. It includes the booking of exceptional proceeds received of approximately EUR 0.3 billion¹.

Operating expenses

Over the quarter, operating expenses totalled EUR 27 million vs. EUR 35 million in Q3 23.

Net losses from other assets

Pursuant notably to the application of IFRS 5, the Group booked in Q3 24 various impacts from ongoing disposals of assets.

Group net income

Over the quarter, the Corporate Centre's Group net income totalled EUR -67 million vs. EUR -836 million in Q3 23.

¹ As stated in Q2 24 results press release

8. 2024 AND 2025 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2024 and 2025 Financial communication calendar

February 6 th , 2025	Fourth quarter and full year 2024 results
April 30 th , 2025	First quarter 2025 results
May 20 th , 2025	2024 Combined General Meeting

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets and tangible net assets are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to:

- anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential consequences;
- evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets in particular, regulatory and prudential changes, and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the section "Risk Factors" in our Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers (which is available on <https://investors.societegenerale.com/en>).

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

9. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Variation	9M 24	9M 23	Variation
French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance	368	109	x 3.4	631	506	+24.8%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	699	645	+8.2%	2,160	1,814	+19.1%
Mobility, International Retail Banking & Financial Services	367	377	-2.4%	956	1,325	-27.8%
Core Businesses	1,434	1,131	+26.7%	3,747	3,644	+2.8%
Corporate Centre	(67)	(836)	+92.0%	(587)	(1,582)	+62.9%
Group	1,367	295	x 4.6	3,160	2,062	+53.2%

MAIN EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	9M 24	9M 23
Net Banking Income - Total exceptional items	287	0	287	(240)
One-off legacy items - Corporate Centre	0	0	0	(240)
Exceptional proceeds received - Corporate Centre	287	0	287	0
Operating expenses - Total one-off items and transformation charges	(62)	(145)	(538)	(662)
Transformation charges	(62)	(145)	(538)	(627)
<i>Of which French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance</i>	(12)	(46)	(139)	(330)
<i>Of which Global Banking & Investor Solutions</i>	(21)	(41)	(204)	(102)
<i>Of which Mobility, International Retail Banking & Financial Services</i>	(29)	(58)	(148)	(195)
<i>Of which Corporate Centre</i>	0	0	(47)	0
One-off items	0	0	0	(35)
<i>Of which French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance</i>	0	0	0	60
<i>Of which Global Banking & Investor Solutions</i>	0	0	0	(95)
Other one-off items - Total	13	(625)	13	(704)
Net profits or losses from other assets	13	(17)	13	(96)
<i>Of which Mobility, International Retail Banking and Financial Services</i>	86	0	86	0
<i>Of which Corporate Centre</i>	(73)	(17)	(73)	(96)
Goodwill impairment - Corporate Centre	0	(338)	0	(338)
Provision of Deferred Tax Assets - Corporate Centre	0	(270)	0	(270)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

In EUR m	30.09.2024	31.12.2023
Cash, due from central banks	199,140	223,048
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	528,259	495,882
Hedging derivatives	8,265	10,585
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	93,795	90,894
Securities at amortised cost	29,908	28,147
Due from banks at amortised cost	87,153	77,879
Customer loans at amortised cost	446,576	485,449
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(330)	(433)
Insurance and reinsurance contracts assets	438	459
Tax assets	4,535	4,717
Other assets	75,523	69,765
Non-current assets held for sale	39,940	1,763
Investments accounted for using the equity method	384	227
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	60,970	60,714
Goodwill	5,031	4,949
Total	1,579,587	1,554,045

In EUR m	30.09.2024	31.12.2023
Due to central banks	10,134	9,718
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	391,788	375,584
Hedging derivatives	14,621	18,708
Debt securities issued	162,997	160,506
Due to banks	105,320	117,847
Customer deposits	526,100	541,677
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(5,074)	(5,857)
Tax liabilities	2,516	2,402
Other liabilities	93,909	93,658
Non-current liabilities held for sale	29,802	1,703
Insurance contracts related liabilities	150,295	141,723
Provisions	3,954	4,235
Subordinated debts	15,985	15,894
Total liabilities	1,502,347	1,477,798
Shareholder's equity	-	-
Shareholders' equity, Group share	-	-
Issued common stocks and capital reserves	21,166	21,186
Other equity instruments	8,918	8,924
Retained earnings	34,074	32,891
Net income	3,160	2,493
Sub-total	67,318	65,494
Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses	128	481
Sub-total equity, Group share	67,446	65,975
Non-controlling interests	9,794	10,272
Total equity	77,240	76,247
Total	1,579,587	1,554,045

10. APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY

1 - The financial information presented for the third quarter and nine-month 2024 was examined by the Board of Directors on October 30th, 2024 and has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date. This information has not been audited.

2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 42 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses correspond to the "Operating Expenses" as presented in note 5 to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31st, 2023. The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses. The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 42 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document.

4 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk is defined on pages 43 and 770 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

In EURm		Q3 24	Q3 23	9M 24	9M 23
French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance	Net Cost Of Risk	178	144	597	342
	Gross loan Outstandings	234,420	243,740	236,286	248,757
	Cost of Risk in bp	30	24	34	18
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	Net Cost Of Risk	27	14	29	(8)
	Gross loan Outstandings	163,160	167,057	163,482	170,165
	Cost of Risk in bp	7	3	2	(1)
Mobility, International Retail Banking & Financial Services	Net Cost Of Risk	201	175	572	349
	Gross loan Outstandings	168,182	162,873	167,680	145,227
	Cost of Risk in bp	48	43	45	32
Corporate Centre	Net Cost Of Risk	(1)	(17)	(6)	(19)
	Gross loan Outstandings	25,121	22,681	24,356	19,364
	Cost of Risk in bp	(1)	(31)	(3)	(13)
Societe Generale Group	Net Cost Of Risk	406	316	1,192	664
	Gross loan Outstandings	590,882	596,350	591,804	583,512
	Cost of Risk in bp	27	21	27	15

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

5 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notions of ROE (Return on Equity) and ROTE (Return on Tangible Equity), as well as their calculation methodology, are specified on pages 43 and 44 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess Societe Generale's return on equity and return on tangible equity.

RONE (Return on Normative Equity) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 44 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document.

Group net income used for the ratio numerator is the accounting Group net income adjusted for "Interest paid and payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation". For ROTE, income is also restated for goodwill impairment.

Details of the corrections made to the accounting equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

ROTE calculation: calculation methodology

End of period (in EURm)	Q3 24	Q3 23	9M 24	9M 23
Shareholders' equity Group share	67,446	68,077	67,446	68,077
Deeply subordinated and undated subordinated notes	(8,955)	(11,054)	(8,955)	(11,054)
Interest payable to holders of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation ⁽¹⁾	(45)	(102)	(45)	(102)
OCI excluding conversion reserves	560	853	560	853
Distribution provision ⁽²⁾	(1,319)	(1,059)	(1,319)	(1,059)
Distribution N-1 to be paid	-	-	-	-
ROE equity end-of-period	57,687	56,715	57,687	56,715
Average ROE equity	57,368	56,572	56,896	56,326
Average Goodwill ⁽³⁾	(4,160)	(4,279)	(4,079)	(3,991)
Average Intangible Assets	(2,906)	(3,390)	(2,933)	(3,128)
Average ROTE equity	50,302	48,903	49,884	49,207
Group net Income	1,367	295	3,160	2,063
Interest paid and payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation	(165)	(165)	(521)	(544)
Cancellation of goodwill impairment	-	338	-	338
Adjusted Group net Income	1,202	468	2,639	1,858
ROTE	9.6%	3.8%	7.1%	5.0%

RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

In EURm	Q3 24	Q3 23	Change	9M 24	9M 23	Change
French Retail , Private Banking and Insurance	15,695	15,564	+0.8%	15,602	15,457	+0.9%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	15,490	15,324	+1.1%	15,149	15,485	-2.2%
Mobility, International Retail Banking & Financial Services	10,433	10,136	+2.9%	10,425	9,505	+9.7%
Core Businesses	41,618	41,024	+1.4%	41,177	40,448	+1.8%
Corporate Center	15,750	15,548	+1.3%	15,719	15,878	-1.0%
Group	57,368	56,572	+1.4%	56,896	56,326	+1.0%

¹ Interest net of tax

² The dividend to be paid is calculated based on a pay-out ratio of 50%, restated from non-cash items and after deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and on undated subordinated notes

³ Excluding goodwill arising from non-controlling interests

6 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 45 of the Group's 2024 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

End of period (in EURm)	9M 24	H1 24	2023
Shareholders' equity Group share	67,446	66,829	65,975
Deeply subordinated and undated subordinated notes	(8,955)	(9,747)	(9,095)
Interest of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation ⁽¹⁾	(45)	(19)	(21)
Book value of own shares in trading portfolio	97	96	36
Net Asset Value	58,543	57,159	56,895
Goodwill ⁽²⁾	(4,178)	(4,143)	(4,008)
Intangible Assets	(2,895)	(2,917)	(2,954)
Net Tangible Asset Value	51,471	50,099	49,933
Number of shares used to calculate NAPS ⁽³⁾	796,498	787,442	796,244
Net Asset Value per Share	73.5	72.6	71.5
Net Tangible Asset Value per Share	64.6	63.6	62.7

7 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 44 of Societe Generale's 2024 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE.

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

Average number of shares (thousands)	9M 24	H1 24	2023
Existing shares	802,314	802,980	818,008
Deductions			
Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff	4,548	4,791	6,802
Other own shares and treasury shares	2,930	3,907	11,891
Number of shares used to calculate EPS⁽⁴⁾	794,836	794,282	799,315
Group net Income (in EUR m)	3,160	1,793	2,493
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (in EUR m)	(521)	(356)	(759)
Adjusted Group net income (in EUR m)	2,638	1,437	1,735
EPS (in EUR)	3.32	1.81	2.17

8 - The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules. The fully loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is also calculated according to applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules including the phased-in following the same rationale as solvency ratios.

¹ Interest net of tax

² Excluding goodwill arising from non-controlling interests

³ The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding at end of period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group (expressed in thousand of shares)

⁴ The number of shares considered is the average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

9 – Funded balance sheet, loan to deposit ratio

The funded balance sheet is based on the Group financial statements. It is obtained in two steps:

- A first step aiming at reclassifying the items of the financial statements into aggregates allowing for a more economic reading of the balance sheet. Main reclassifications:
 - Insurance: grouping of the accounting items related to insurance within a single aggregate in both assets and liabilities.
 - Customer loans: include outstanding loans with customers (net of provisions and write-downs, including net lease financing outstanding and transactions at fair value through profit and loss); excludes financial assets reclassified under loans and receivables in accordance with the conditions stipulated by IFRS 9 (these positions have been reclassified in their original lines).
 - Wholesale funding: Includes interbank liabilities and debt securities issued. Financing transactions have been allocated to medium/long-term resources and short-term resources based on the maturity of outstanding, more or less than one year.
 - Reclassification under customer deposits of the share of issues placed by French Retail Banking networks (recorded in medium/long-term financing), and certain transactions carried out with counterparties equivalent to customer deposits (previously included in short term financing).
 - Deduction from customer deposits and reintegration into short-term financing of certain transactions equivalent to market resources.
- A second step aiming at excluding the contribution of insurance subsidiaries, and netting derivatives, repurchase agreements, securities borrowing/lending, accruals and “due to central banks”.

The Group **loan/deposit ratio** is determined as the division of the customer loans by customer deposits as presented in the funded balance sheet.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale’s website www.societegenerale.com in the “Investor” section.

Societe Generale

Societe Generale is a top tier European Bank with more than 126,000 employees serving about 25 million clients in 65 countries across the world. We have been supporting the development of our economies for nearly 160 years, providing our corporate, institutional, and individual clients with a wide array of value-added advisory and financial solutions. Our long-lasting and trusted relationships with the clients, our cutting-edge expertise, our unique innovation, our ESG capabilities and leading franchises are part of our DNA and serve our most essential objective - to deliver sustainable value creation for all our stakeholders.

The Group runs three complementary sets of businesses, embedding ESG offerings for all its clients:

- **French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance**, with leading retail bank SG and insurance franchise, premium private banking services, and the leading digital bank BoursoBank.
- **Global Banking and Investor Solutions**, a top tier wholesale bank offering tailored-made solutions with distinctive global leadership in equity derivatives, structured finance and ESG.
- **Mobility, International Retail Banking and Financial Services**, comprising well-established universal banks (in Czech Republic, Romania and several African countries), Ayvens (the new ALD I LeasePlan brand), a global player in sustainable mobility, as well as specialized financing activities.

Committed to building together with its clients a better and sustainable future, Societe Generale aims to be a leading partner in the environmental transition and sustainability overall. The Group is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index, Refinitiv Diversity and Inclusion Index, Euronext Vigeo (Europe and Eurozone), STOXX Global ESG Leaders indexes, and the MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index (World and Europe).

For more information, you can follow us on Twitter/X [@societegenerale](https://twitter.com/societegenerale) or visit our website societegenerale.com. or visit our website societegenerale.com.

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