Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

6,700,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to

the ordinary H shares of BYD Company Limited

with a Daily Leverage of 5x

issued by

SG Issuer

(Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability)

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

Société Générale

Issue Price: S\$1.20 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "**Certificates**") to be issued by SG Issuer (the "**Issuer**") unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the "**Guarantor**"), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 17 June 2022 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time (the "**Base Listing Document**") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products¹ and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 17 June 2022 (the "**Guarantee**") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 16 September 2022.

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

15 September 2022

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "**Conditions**" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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RISK FACTORS

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply;
- (d) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
- (e) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (f) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (g) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;
- (h) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to the Conditions 4 and 6 on pages 31 to 35 and the examples and illustrations of adjustments set out in the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section of this document for more information;

- the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (j) the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as defined below);
- (k) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy (as described below) including the Funding Cost (as defined below) and Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (I) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk relating to the Certificates where the Cash Settlement Amount is converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars.

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;

- (m) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (n) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideway trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (p) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;
- (q) there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight fall in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens (including the pre-opening session) the following day or (ii) a sharp intraday fall

in the price of the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (1) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (2) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. Investors may refer to pages 51 to 52 of this document for more information;

- (r) In the case of extreme market conditions or where the Air Bag Mechanisms are triggered simultaneously, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for an extended period, which may be up to an additional 15 minutes, to facilitate the intra-day adjustment under the Air Bag Mechanism;
- (s) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 on pages 37 to 38 of this document for more information;
- (t) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (u) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (v) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the

Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(w) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;
- (y) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may decline. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:
 - Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
 - The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;
- (z) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (aa) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (bb) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"):
 - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
 - (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant

certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;

- (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
- (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (cc) the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("**HIBOR**") benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate;

(dd) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer or an investor's broker or custodian may be subject to FATCA and, as a result, may be required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor or other withholding agent could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian could be required to close an account of an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES;

(ee) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under "TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986." Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder's particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates; and

(ff) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for resolution.

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**BRRD**") entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the "**BRR Act 2015**"). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism ("**SRM**") and a Single Fund Framework (the "**SRM Regulation**") has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the "**SRB**") in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since November 2014, the European Central Bank ("**ECB**") has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("**SSM**"). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States' resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been, and continues to be, designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national

competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the "**SSM Regulation**") and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the "**Resolution Authority**") with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution's failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers' exposure to losses).

In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions' resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the "**Bail-in Power**"). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD provides the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Before taking a resolution measure, including implementing the Bail-in Power, or exercising the power to write down or convert relevant capital instruments, the Resolution Authority must ensure that a fair, prudent and realistic valuation of the assets and liabilities of the institution is carried out by a person independent from any public authority.

The BRRD, the BRR Act 2015 and the SRM Regulation however also state that, under exceptional circumstances, if the bail-in instrument is applied, the SRB, in cooperation with the CSSF, may completely or partially exclude certain liabilities from the application of the impairment or conversion powers under certain conditions.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities ("**MREL**") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. The MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The regime has evolved as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package", the following legislative texts were published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May 2019:

- Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms ("**BRRD II**"); and
- Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("**TLAC**") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**SRM II Regulation**" and, together with the BRRD II, the "**EU Banking Package Reforms**").

The EU Banking Package Reforms introduced, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("**FSB TLAC Term Sheet**"), by adapting, among other things, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC has been implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets since January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator since January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "**CRR**"), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the "**CRR II**"), EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, since the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale have to comply with both the TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, the criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities have been closely aligned with the criteria for TLAC-eligible liabilities under CRR II, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance with only an additional return permitted to be linked to that derivative component and dependent on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL is set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance and may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated, provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining term of at least one year and, they recognise contractually the Resolution Authority's power to write down or convert the liabilities governed by non-EU law.

The scope of liabilities used to meet MREL includes, in principle, all liabilities resulting from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in BRRD, as amended by BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities. in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail- in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks, including Societe Generale).

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates:	6,700,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the ordinary H shares of BYD Company Limited (the " Underlying Stock ")
ISIN:	LU2348858122
Company:	BYD Company Limited (RIC: 1211.HK)
Underlying Price ³ and Source:	HK\$217.20 (Reuters)
Calculation Agent:	Société Générale
Strike Level:	Zero
Daily Leverage:	5x (within the Leverage Strategy as described below)
Notional Amount per Certificate:	SGD 1.20
Management Fee (p.a.)4:	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.)⁵:	7.80%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements overnight.
Funding Cost ⁶ :	The annualised costs of funding, referencing a publicly published interbank offered rate plus spread.
Rebalancing Cost ⁶ :	The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of leverage and daily performance of the Underlying Stock.
Launch Date:	12 September 2022
Closing Date:	15 September 2022
Expected Listing Date:	16 September 2022

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 15 September 2022. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 15 September 2022.

⁴Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to "Fees and Charges" below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates. ⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Strategy.

Last Trading Date:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date, currently being 7 September 2023
Expiry Date:	14 September 2023 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Valuation Date:	13 September 2023 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:
	Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate
	Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 42 to 57 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.
Hedging Fee Factor:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as: Product (for t from 2 to Valuation Date) of $(1 - Management Fee x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)) x (1 - Gap Premium (t-1) x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)), where:$
	"t " refers to " Observation Date " which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Underlying Stock Business Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Underlying Stock Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been an Observation Date. In that case, that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day shall be deemed to be the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and the Issuer shall determine, its good faith estimate of the level of the Leverage Strategy and the value of the Certificate on that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculation last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Market Disruption Event taking into account, inter alia, the exchange traded or quoted price of the Underlying Stock and the potential increased cost of hedging by the Issuer as a result of the occurrence of the Market Disruption Event.

An "**Underlying Stock Business Day**" is a day on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**HKEX**") is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 42 to 57 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

Closing Level:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:
	$\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level } \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level } \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$
Initial Reference Level:	1,000
Final Reference Level:	The closing level of the Leverage Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date
	The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Strategy is set out in the "Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy" section on pages 19 to 25 below.

Initial Exchange Rate³: 0.1791

Final Exchange Rate:

The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism: The "Air Bag Mechanism" refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock falls by 15% or more ("Air Bag Trigger Price") during the trading day (which represents an approximately 75% loss after a 5 times leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Strategy is adjusted intraday. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered.

The Leverage Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the "Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")" section on pages 23 to 25 below and the "Description of Air Bag Mechanism" section on pages 48 to 50 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events: The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency: Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")

Settlement Currency: Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

- Exercise Expenses: Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.
- Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the **"SGX-ST**") the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for HKEX the Underlying Stock:

Business Day and ExchangeA "Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealingsBusiness Day:in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for
business in Singapore.

	An " Exchange Business Day " is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP")
Clearing System:	CDP
Fees and Charges:	Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.
	Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET.
Further Information:	Please refer to the website at <u>dlc.socgen.com</u> for more information on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy

Description of the Leverage Strategy

The Leverage Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, for any Observation Date(t), the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such day (t).

Subject to the occurrence of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such Observation Date(t) is calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Observation Date(1):

$$LSL_1 = 1000$$

On each subsequent Observation Date(t):

$$LSL_{t} = Max[LSL_{t-1} \times (1 + LR_{t-1,t} - FC_{t-1,t} - RC_{t-1,t}), 0]$$

LR_{t-1,t} means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Observation Date(t-1) and Observation Date(t) closing prices, calculated as follows:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right)$$

FC_{t-1,t} means, the Funding Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$FC_{t-1,t} = (Leverage - 1) \times \frac{Rate_{t-1} \times ACT(t - 1, t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

 $\mathbf{RC}_{t-1,t}$ means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy on Observation Date (t), calculated as follows:

$$RC_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC$$

тс

means the Transaction Costs applicable (including Stamp Duty and any other applicable taxes, levies and costs which may be levied on the stock transactions on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time) that are currently equal to:

0.13%

5

"Stamp Duty" refers to the applicable rate of stamp duty on the stock transactions in the jurisdiction of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock, which may be changed by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time.

Leverage

St means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date(t), subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

Rate_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate calculated as of such day in accordance with the following formula:

 $Rate_t = CashRate_t + \%SpreadLevel_t$

Rfactor_t means, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-dividend date of the Underlying Stock, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions, according to the following formula:

$$Rfactor_t = 1 - \frac{Div_t}{\mathbf{S_{t-1}}}$$

where

 Div_t is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock and the relevant ex-dividend date which shall be considered net of any applicable withholding taxes.

- CashRate_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of modification, the permanent or indefinite cancellation or cessation in the provision of HIBOR, or a regulator or other official sector entity prohibits the use of HIBOR, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.
- %SpreadLevel_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate which shall be determined with respect to such Valuation Date(t) by the Calculation Agent as the difference between (1) the 12-month HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKD1YD= and (2) Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, each being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rates is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of modification, the permanent or indefinite cancellation or cessation in the provision of HIBOR, or a regulator or other official sector entity prohibits the use of HIBOR, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

Provided that if such difference is negative, %**SpreadLevel**_t should be 0%.

ACT(t-1,t) ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

DayCountBasisRate 365

- **Benchmark Fallback Fallback** upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of a Reference Rate Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.
- Reference Rate means, in respect of the Reference Rate any of the following has occurred or will occur:

(i) a Reference Rate Cessation;

(ii) an Administrator/Benchmark Event; or

(iii) a Reference Rate is, with respect to over-the-counter derivatives transactions which reference such Reference Rate, the subject of any market-wide development formally agreed upon by the International Swaps and Derivative Association (ISDA) or the Asia Securities Industry & Financial Markets Association (ASIFMA), pursuant to which such Reference Rate is, on a specified date, replaced with a risk-free rate (or near risk-free rate) established in order to comply with the recommendations in the Financial Stability Board's paper titled "Reforming Major Interest Rate Benchmarks" dated 22 July 2014.

Reference Rate Cessation means, for a Reference Rate, the occurrence of one or more of the following events:

(i) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the Reference Rate announcing that it has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate;

(ii) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Reference Rate, the central bank for the currency of the Reference Rate, an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate, a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the Reference Rate, which states that the administrator of the Reference Rate has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate; or

(iii) in respect of a Reference Rate, a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of such Reference Rate announcing that (a) the regulatory supervisor has determined that such Reference Rate is no longer, or as of a specified future date will no longer be, representative of the underlying market and economic reality that such Reference Rate is intended to measure and that representativeness will

not be restored and (b) it is being made in the awareness that the statement or publication will engage certain contractual triggers for fallbacks activated by pre-cessation announcements by such supervisor (howsoever described) in contracts;

- Administrator/ Benchmark Event means, for a Reference Rate, any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register in respect of the Reference Rate or the administrator or sponsor of the Benchmark has not been, or will not be, obtained or has been, or will be, rejected, refused, suspended or withdrawn by the relevant competent authority or other relevant official body, in each case with the effect that either the Issuer, the Calculation Agent or any other entity is not, or will not be, permitted under any applicable law or regulation to use the Reference Rate to perform its or their respective obligations under the Certificates.
- **Reference Rate(s)** means the rate(s) used in the Leverage Strategy Formula, for example SORA, SOFR and US Federal Funds Effective Rate.

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons	If the Calculation Agent determines that an Intraday Restrike Event has occurred during an Observation Date(t) (the Intraday Restrike Date, noted hereafter IRD), an adjustment (an Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons) shall take place during such Observation Date(t) in accordance with the following provisions.
	(1) Provided the last Intraday Restrike Observation Period as of such Intraday Restrike Date does not end on the TimeReferenceClosing, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on the Intraday Restrike Date (LSL_{IRD}) should be computed as follows:
	$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(n),IR(C)} - IRC_{IR(n),IR(C)}), 0]$
	(2) If the last Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date ends on the TimeReferenceClosing:
	$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)}, 0]$
ILSL _{IR(k)}	means, in respect of IR(k), the Intraday Leverage Strategy Level in accordance with the following provisions:
	(1) for k = 1:
	$ILSL_{IR(1)} = Max[LSL_{IRD-1} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(0),IR(1)} - FC_{IRD-1,IRD} - IRC_{IR(0),IR(1)}), 0]$
	(2) for k > 1:
	$ILSL_{IR(k)} = Max \left[ILSL_{IR(k-1)} \times \left(1 + ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} - IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} \right), 0 \right]$
$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$	means the Intraday Leveraged Return between IR(k-1) and IR(k), calculated as follows:
	$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1\right)$

$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$	means the Intraday Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy in respect of IR(k) on a given Intraday Restrike Date, calculated as follows:
	$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left \frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1 \right \right) \times TC$
IS _{IR(k)}	means the Underlying Stock Price in respect of IR(k) computed as follows:
	(1) for k=0
	$IS_{IR(0)} = S_{IRD-1} \times Rfactor_{IRD}$
	(2) for k=1 to n
	means in respect of IR(k), the lowest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period
	(3) with respect to IR(C)
	$IS_{IR(C)} = S_{IRD}$
	In each case, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.
IR(k)	For k=0, means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the Observation Date immediately preceding the relevant Intraday Restrike Date;
	For k=1 to n, means the k th Intraday Restrike Event on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
IR(C)	means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
n	means the number of Intraday Restrike Events that occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
Intraday Restrike Event	means in respect of an Observation Date(t):
	(1) provided no Intraday Restrike Event has previously occurred on such Observation Date (t), the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(0)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
	(2) if k Intraday Restrike Events have occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date, the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(k)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
Calculation Time	means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Strategy Level.
TimeReferenceOpening	means the scheduled opening time (including pre-opening session) for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

TimeReferenceClosingmeans the scheduled closing time (including closing auction session) for the
Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

Intraday Restrike Event means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.

Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

Intraday Restrike Event means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) *Form.* The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of: -
 - a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 17 June 2022, made by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") and Société Générale (the "Guarantor"); and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The holders of the Certificates (the "**Certificate Holders**") are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

(b) Status and Guarantee. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a "**Guarantee Obligation**").

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the "**Code**").

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

- (i) pari passu with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the "Law") on 11 December 2016;
- (ii) *pari passu* with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016;
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) *Bail-In*. By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
 - to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer's liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the regulator,

(the "Statutory Bail-In");

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "M&F Code"):
 - (A) ranking:
 - junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the M&F Code;
 - (2) pari passu with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article
 L.613-30-3-I-3 of the M&F Code; and
 - senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the M&F Code; and
 - (B) which are not *titres non structurés* as defined under Article R.613-28 of the M&F Code, and
 - (C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself and any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the "**Contractual Bail-in**").

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bailin.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Amounts Due" means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

"**Bail-In Power**" means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled, varied or otherwise modified in any way and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

"**MREL**" means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

"**Relevant Resolution Authority**" means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) *Certificate Rights*. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "**Cash Settlement Amount**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The **"Closing Level**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

 $\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case: -

- that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

(b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.

(c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) *Exercise.* Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) Settlement. In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than five Business Days following the Expiry Date by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.
- (d) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) *Business Day*. In these Conditions, a "**Business Day**" shall be a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) *Definitions*. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
 - a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
 - (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
 - (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
 - (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
 - (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of

the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or

- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) *Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency*. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
 - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
 - (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
 - (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "Option Reference Source") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the

announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

- (d) "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary Definitions. liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person). or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent, and less than 100 per cent, of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.
- (e) Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the

circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).

(f) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

9. Notices

- (a) *Documents.* All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

12. Delisting

- (a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or

amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc. If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"**Change in law**" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii)

the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

(b) *Early Termination for Holding Limit Event*. The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership, control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests, regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

- (c) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(d) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the SGX-ST.
- (d) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Substitution of the Issuer

The Issuer may be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor as principal obligor in respect of the Certificates without the consent of the relevant Certificate Holders. If the Issuer determines that it shall be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor (the "**Substituted Obligor**"), it shall give at least 90 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the substitution is effected) specifying the date of the substitution, in accordance with Condition 9, to the Certificate Holders of such event and, immediately on the expiry of such notice, the Substituted Obligor shall become the principal obligor in place of the Issuer and the Certificate Holders shall thereupon cease to have any rights or claims whatsoever against the Issuer.

Upon any such substitution, all references to the Issuer in the Conditions and all agreements relating to the Certificates will be to the Substituted Obligor and the Certificates will be modified as required, and the Certificate Holders will be notified of the modified terms and conditions of such Certificates in accordance with Condition 9.

For the purposes of this Condition, it is expressly agreed that by subscribing to, acquiring or otherwise purchasing or holding the Certificates, the Certificate Holders are expressly deemed to have consented to the substitution of the Issuer by the Substituted Obligor and to the release of the Issuer from any and all obligations in respect of the Certificates and all agreements relating thereto and are expressly deemed to have accepted such substitution and the consequences thereof.

15. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

16. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

17. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

lssuer:	SG Issuer
Company:	BYD Company Limited
The Certificates:	European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Underlying Stock
Number:	6,700,000 Certificates
Form:	The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a master instrument by way of deed poll dated 17 June 2022 (the " Master Instrument ") and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the " Master Warrant Agent Agreement ") and made between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:
	Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level
Denominations:	Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the Certificates.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business and the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Exercise and Trading Currency:	Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment

Transfers of Certificates:	Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.
Listing:	Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence on or about 16 September 2022.
Governing Law:	The laws of Singapore
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited
	11 North Buona Vista Drive
	#06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2
	Singapore 138589
Further Issues:	Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled long certificates on single equities (the "**Certificates**") are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settlement Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will increase and are seeking short-term leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost.

Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor

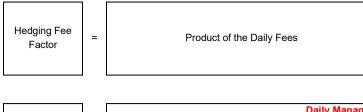




Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)

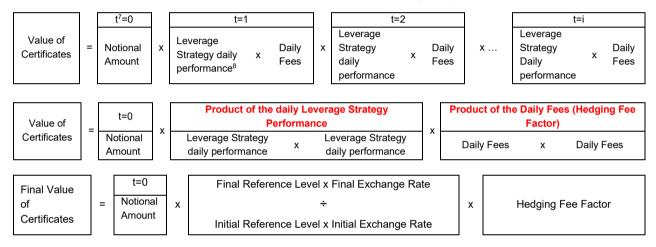


Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

⁷ "t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date. ⁸ Leverage Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock:	Ordinary H shares of BYD Company Limited
Expected Listing Date:	03/07/2018
Expiry Date:	18/07/2018
Initial Reference Level:	1,000
Initial Exchange Rate:	1
Final Reference Level:	1,200
Final Exchange Rate:	1
Issue Price:	1.20 SGD
Notional Amount per Certificate:	1.20 SGD
Management Fee (p.a.):	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.):	7.80%
Strike Level:	Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the nth Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

HFF(0) = 100%

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

HFF (1) = HFF (0) × $\left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right)$ HFF (1) = 100% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 7.80\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$ HFF (1) = 100% × 99.9989% × 99.9783% ≈ 99.9772%

Assuming 2nd Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Underlying Stock Business Day:

$$HFF(2) = HFF(1) \times \left(1 - Management Fee \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - Gap Premium \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right)$$

HFF (2) = 99.9772% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 7.80\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$

HFF (2) = $99.9772\% \times 99.9967\% \times 99.9350\% \approx 99.9089\%$

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

 $HFF(n) = HFF(n-1) \times \left(1 - Management Fee \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - Gap \text{ Premium } \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right)$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.6589% as illustrated below:

Date	HFF
3/7/2018	100.0000%
4/7/2018	99.9772%
5/7/2018	99.9545%
6/7/2018	99.9317%
9/7/2018	99.8634%
10/7/2018	99.8407%
11/7/2018	99.8179%
12/7/2018	99.7952%
13/7/2018	99.7724%
16/7/2018	99.7043%
17/7/2018	99.6816%
18/7/2018	99.6589%

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

= [(1200 x 1) / (1000 x 1) – 0] x 99.6589%

= 119.59%

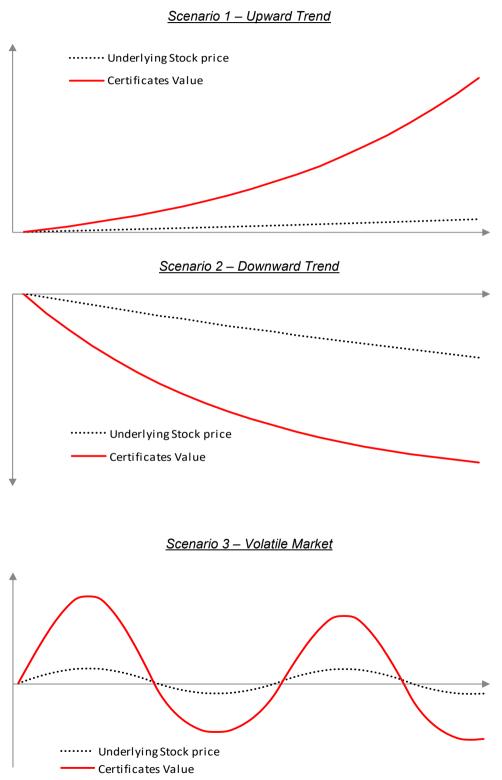
Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate = 119.59% x 1.20 SGD

= 1.435 SGD

Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples



2. Numerical Examples

	_			<u> </u>		
	Underlying Stock					
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	10,404.0	10,612.1	10,824.3	11,040.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	4.04%	6.12%	8.24%	10.41%

<u> Scenario 1 – Upward Trend</u>

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	1.2	1.32	1.45	1.60	1.76	1.93
Accumulated Return		10.00%	21.00%	33.10%	46.41%	61.05%

Scenario 2 – Downward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	9,800.0	9,604.0	9,411.9	9,223.7	9,039.2
Accumulated Return		-2.00%	-3.96%	-5.88%	-7.76%	-9.61%

Value of the Certificates						
Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5						Day 5
Daily return		-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%
Price at end of day	1.2	1.08	0.97	0.87	0.79	0.71
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-19.00%	-27.10%	-34.39%	-40.95%

<u>Scenario 3 – Volatile Market</u>

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	9,996.0	10,195.9	9,992.0	10,191.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	-0.04%	1.96%	-0.08%	1.92%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	1.2	1.32	1.19	1.31	1.18	1.29
Accumulated Return		10.00%	-1.00%	8.90%	-1.99%	7.81%

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an "Air Bag Mechanism" which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

When the Air Bag triggers, a 30-minute period starts. This period is divided into two sub-periods:

- <u>Observation Period</u>: during 15 minutes after the Air Bag trigger, the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its minimum price is recorded; and
- <u>Reset Period</u>: after 15 minutes, the Leverage Strategy is reset using the minimum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Strategy, 30 minutes after the Air Bag trigger.

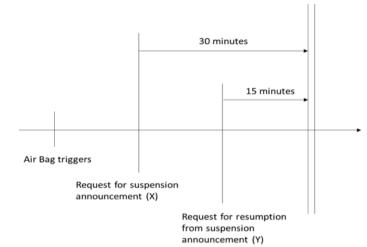
Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered and does not take into account the mid-day break. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

Air Bag Mechanism timeline

Air Bag Trigger	Observation Period	Resumption of Trading
More than 45 minutes before Market Close		Trading resumes the same day between 30 and 45 minutes after Air Bag Trigger
Less than 45 minutes before Market Close and more than 15 minutes before Market Close	First 15 minutes after Air Bag Trigger	Next trading day at Market Open
15 minutes or less than 15 minutes before Market Close	From Air Bag Trigger to Market Close	

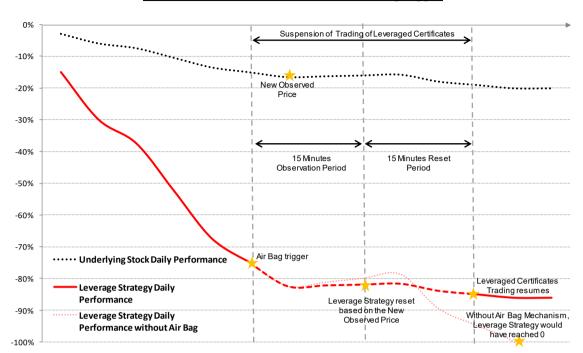
With Market Close defined as:

- Underlying Stock closing time with respect to the Observation Period
- The sooner between Underlying Stock closing time and SGX closing time with respect to the Resumption of Trading



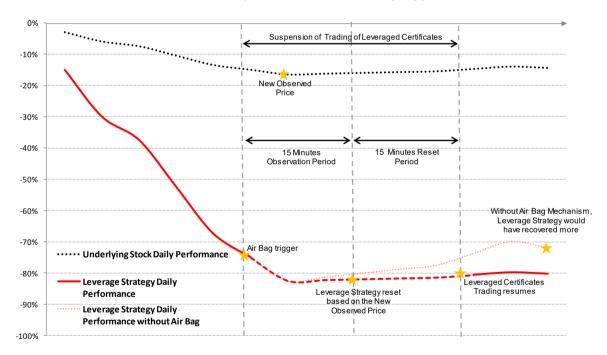
- The later between X+30 minutes or Y+15 minutes will be the earliest time the Certificates can be resumed, the next quarter-of-an-hour of which will be the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates
- If the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates is at or later than the scheduled closing time of the underlying asset, the Certificates will resume at 9 a.m. on the next SGX-ST trading day

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism⁹



Scenario 1 – Downward Trend after Air Bag trigger





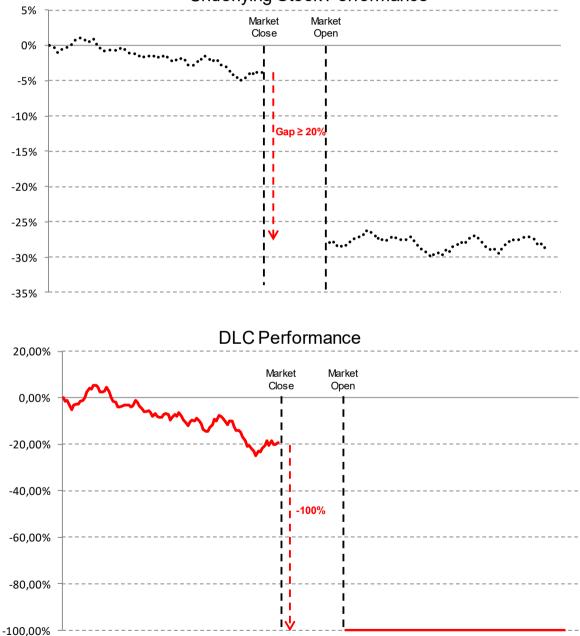
⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

Scenario 1 – Overnight fall of the Underlying Stock

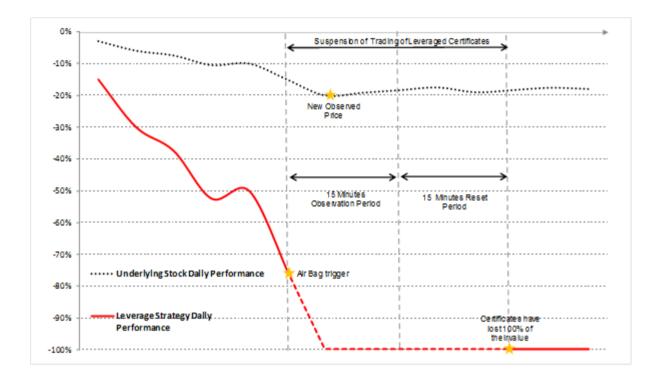
On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a "gap". If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more below the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens (including the pre-opening session) the following day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Underlying Stock Performance

Scenario 2 – Sharp intraday fall of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock falls by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Observation Date (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula:

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{Div_{t} + DivExc_{t} - M \times R}{S_{t-1}}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price falls by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

 $DivExc_t$ is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

 $S_{t-1} = 100 $S_t = 51 $Div_t = 0 $DivExc_t = 0 M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	50	51	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)	3
1.20	1.32	10%	

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$42.5, which is 15% below \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

 $S_{t-1} = 100

 $S_t = 202

 $Div_t = \$0$

$$DivExc_t =$$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1\right) = 5\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	200	202	1%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.20	1.26	5%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$170, which is 15% below \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

S_{t-1} = \$100

S_t = \$84

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$40 (i.e. subscription price of \$40)

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

 $LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.20	1.50	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

 $S_{t-1} = 100

S_t = \$85

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t =$

R = \$0

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	83.33	85	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.20	1.32	10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$70.83, which is 15% below \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

 $S_{t-1} = 100 $S_t = 84 $Div_t = 0 $DivExc_t = 20 R = \$0M = 0

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
1.20	1.50	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "**HKExCL**") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at <u>https://www.byd.com/en/index.html</u>. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

BYD Company Limited (the "**Company**") is a China-based company principally engaged in the manufacture and sales of transportation equipment. The Company is also engaged in the manufacture and sales of electronic parts and components and electronic devices for daily use. The Company's products include rechargeable batteries and photovoltaic products, mobile phone parts and assembly, and automobiles and related products. The Company mainly conducts its businesses in China, the United States and Europe.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 29 August 2022 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker ("**DMM**") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

(a)	Maximum bid and offer spread :	(i)	when the best bid price of the Certificate is S\$10 and below: 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater; and
		(ii)	when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the Certificate.
(b)	Minimum quantity subject to bid and : offer spread	10,0	000 Certificates
(c)	Last Trading Day for Market Making :		date falling 5 Exchange Business Days ediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price;
- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;

- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX are not open for dealings; and
- (xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE GUARANTOR

The information set out in Appendix II of this document is a reproduction of the press release dated 3 August 2022 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the second quarter ended 30 June 2022.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 106 of the Base Listing Document.

- 1. Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
- 2. Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2021 or the Guarantor since 30 June 2022, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
- 5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Guarantee;
 - (b) the Master Instrument; and
 - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

6. The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have given and have not withdrawn their written agreement to the inclusion of the report, included herein, in the form and context in which it is included. Their report was not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.

The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.

- 7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.

- 9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale, Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:
 - (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
 - (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
 - (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
 - (d) the consent letters from the Auditors to the Issuer and the Guarantor referred to in paragraph 6 above;
 - (e) the Base Listing Document;
 - (f) this document; and
 - (g) the Guarantee.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong ("SFO")) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong ("CWUMPO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CWUMPO; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO.

European Economic Area

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made

available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "**retail investor**" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "**MiFID II**"); or
 - a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

United Kingdom

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "**retail investor**" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("EUWA"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the "FSMA") and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

Each dealer further represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

(a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of the persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of

investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

United States

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "Commodity Exchange Act") and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it is not a U.S. Person, (ii) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (iii) it is not purchasing any Certificates, directly or indirectly, in the United States or for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term "**United States**" includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term "**U.S. person**" means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "**CEA**") or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the "**CFTC Rules**"), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a "Non-United States person" defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not "Non-United States persons", shall be considered a U.S. person).

APPENDIX I

REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 OF BYD COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 29 August 2022 in relation to the same.

INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2022 (PERIOD)

截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月中期業 績(期內)

Turnover 營業額	65.71%	to RMB150,607 million 至人民幣150,607百萬元
Gross profit 毛利	75.35%	to RMB20,342 million 至人民幣20,342百萬元
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Parent 母公司擁有人應佔溢利	206.35%	to RMB3,595 million 至人民幣3,595百萬元
Earnings per share 每股盈利	202.44%	to RMB1.24 至人民幣1.24元

HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. The delivery units of the Company's new energy vehicles achieved non-stop new highs, with market share increased significantly, and brand influence further enhanced.
- The Company further expanded the product lines to perfect product matrix, with the edge of technology innovation, it led the new developing trend of the industry.
- 3. With the cooperation between the Company and key accounts further strengthened, the Company's business coverage expanded continuously, which further optimized the Company's product-mix.
- 4. The rapid growth in sales volume has helped the Company to scale up and improve its profitability, which partially offset the pressure brought by the inflation of the raw materials.

摘要

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- 公司新能源汽車銷量屢創歷史新高,市佔率 大幅提升,品牌影響力持續擴大。
- 構建品牌新矩陣,拓展產品新系列,並加大 產品創新力度,引領行業發展新風向。
- 電子大客戶業務持續拓展,業務領域不斷拓 寬,產品結構不斷優化。
- 銷量迅猛增長助力公司盈利大幅改善,並一 定程度對沖原材料帶來的盈利壓力。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

INDUSTRY ANALYSIS AND REVIEW

Automobiles and Batteries Business

In the first half of 2022, the COVID-19 and the Russia-Ukraine Conflict formed an intertwined effect, which leaded to a complicated and severe international situation. As a result, the commodity prices soared, global inflation exceeded consensus expectations, and the world economic growth had a notable slowdown. In China, COVID-19 outbreaks appear to be sporadic, which aggravated the tensions in industry chains and supply chains, and further increase the uncertainty of the economic operations. Meanwhile, China's macro economy came under the pressure of shrinking demand, supply shock and weakening expectations, which resulted in the weakened consumer confidence, declined prosperity of real estate industry, and underperformed investment. China's economy has seriously deviated from the normal track, with various macro economic indicators broke the bottom line. According to the data released by the National Bureau of Statistics, the domestic GDP in the first half of 2022 increased by 2.5% year on year, with the yearon-year increase of only 0.4% in the second quarter.

行業分析及回顧

汽車及電池業務

二零二二年上半年,新冠疫情和俄烏衝突的影響交 織,國際形勢複雜嚴峻,致使大宗商品價格飆升, 全球通貨膨脹超預期,世界經濟增長放緩的態勢 明顯。中國新一輪疫情多點散發,眾多產業鏈和 供應鏈緊張加劇,對經濟運行的擾亂加大。同時, 伴隨內部需求收縮、供給衝擊和預期轉弱的三重 壓力,國民消費信心不足,房地產持續下滑,投資 亦不及預期,中國經濟嚴重偏離正常增長軌道,各 類宏觀經濟指標突破底線。據國家統計局公佈的數 據顯示,二零二二年上半年國內生產總值同比增長 2.5%,其中第二季度增長同比僅為0.4%。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Under the circumstance of complex internal and external environment, the willingness for automobile consumption is insufficient. Thus, the development of Chinese automobile industry has been severely compromised. Moreover, the COVID-19 outbreak in Jilin and Shanghai has weakened the traffics in offline stores, which aggravates the situation. Meanwhile, the shortage of chips and the rising price of raw materials are fueling the challenges of the automobile industry. To cope with the difficulties, the government unveiled a slew of automobile consumption stimulus policies, stimulating market vitality and promoting automobile consumption by ways such as cutting automobile purchase tax by half, cash subsidies and consumer coupons, while maintaining the objective of "zero-COVID" and effectively controlling the Pandemic. In May, the automobile market began to revive and gradually came out of the doldrums, however, the total sales volume of the first half is still compromised. According to the data from China Association of Automobile Manufacturers, the production and sales volume of automobiles in China were 12.117 million units and 12.057 million units in the first half of 2022, representing a year-on-year decrease of 3.7% and 6.6%, respectively. New energy vehicles were poised for continued high growth against the industrial pressure, and the production and sales volume of new energy vehicles were 2.661 million units and 2.600 million units respectively in the first half of 2022, increased by approximately 1.2 times year on year, both. With the continuous improvement of technology level and industrial system of China's new energy vehicle industry, the product competitiveness has been greatly enhanced, which is commonly sought after by consumers and recognized by the market, and the achievement of industrial transformation and upgrading has been further consolidated. Meanwhile, the continuous rise in oil price also contributed to the consumption trend of new energy vehicles since the beginning of this year. In the first half of 2022, the market penetration rate of new energy vehicles reached 21.6%, representing an increment of 8.2 percentage as compared to 2021. As the penetration rate continued to rise, new energy vehicles entered the new stage of market-oriented and scale development.

在錯綜複雜的內外部環境下,中國汽車行業受到嚴 重的衝擊,居民汽車消費熱情不足,特別是三月以 來吉林、上海等地爆發的疫情,消費者進店受限, 影響加劇。同時,芯片短缺、原材料價格上漲,汽 車產業的發展面臨挑戰。為應對困難,政府出台系 列汽車消費刺激政策,以購置税減半、現金補貼及 消費券等方式激發市場活力,促進汽車消費,同時 堅持動態清零的防疫目標,使疫情得到有效控制。 五月,雖然汽車市場開始恢復並逐步走出低谷,但 上半年整體銷量依舊承壓,根據中國汽車工業協會 的數據,二零二二年上半年中國汽車產銷量分別為 1,211.7萬輛和1,205.7萬輛,同比分別下降3.7% 和6.6%。其中,新能源汽車頂住行業壓力保持了高 增長態勢,上半年新能源汽車產銷量分別為266.1 萬輛和260.0萬輛,同比均增長約1.2倍。隨著中國 新能源汽車產業技術水平持續提升、產業體系日趨 完善,產品競爭力大幅增強,備受廣大消費者追捧 和市場認可,行業轉型升級的成效進一步鞏固。同 時,今年以來,油價的持續上漲也助推了新能源汽 車的消費趨勢。二零二二年上半年,新能源汽車的 市場滲透率達21.6%,較去年全年相比提升8.2個百 分點。隨著新能源汽車滲透率的不斷提升,新能源 汽車進入了市場導向和規模化發展的新階段。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

The development of new energy vehicles is the only approach for China to evolve from a participant to the industry leader, is a strategic initiative to cope with climate change and promote green development, and is one of the effective way to implement China public target of "30-60" goals. In January 2022, the Circular on Financial Subsidy Policies for the Promotion and Application of New Energy Vehicles in Year 2022 (《關於2022年新能源汽車推廣 應用財政補貼政策的通知》) and the subsidy plan jointly issued by the MOF and other three departments began to be implemented, which continued the steadily decline of subsidies and clarified that the subsidies will be phase out at the end of 2022, promoting a more orderly and healthy development of the new energy vehicle industry. In April 2022, the State Council issued the Opinions on Further Unleashing the Potential of Consumer Spending and Promoting the Sustained Recovery of Consumption (《關於進一 步釋放消費潛力促進消費持續恢復的意見》), which proposed to boost the development of green consumption and promote the construction of charging piles (stations) and other supporting facilities, therefore accelerate the development of new energy vehicles industry. In May 2022, four ministries, including the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, arranged 2022 sales activities of subsidized new energy vehicles in rural China to support the consumption of new energy vehicles and guide rural residents to travel in a green way; in the same month, the Ministry of Finance issued the Opinions on Financial Support for Carbon Peaking and Carbon Neutrality(《財政支持做好碳達峰碳中和工作 的意見》), which maintains the collaborative promotion of carbon emission reduction, pollution reduction, green expansion and growth to help achieve the "dual-carbon" goal.

In terms of rechargeable batteries, in the first half of 2022, the consumer electronics market was affected by multiple factors such as resurged pandemic, international tensions and high inflation, which significantly reduced the demand for consumer electronics products and affected the demand for upstream batteries. As for the photovoltaic industry, in the first half of 2022, under the guidance of the "dual carbon" goal and the accelerated application of clean energy around the world, the global demand for the installed photovoltaic capacity continued to grow rapidly.

發展新能源汽車是我國從汽車大國邁向汽車強國的 必由之路,是應對氣候變化、推動綠色發展的戰略 舉措,是落實黨中央做好「二零三零年碳達峰,二零 六零年碳中和 | 工作要求的有效途徑之一。二零二二 年一月, 財政部等四部門聯合發佈的《關於2022年 新能源汽車推廣應用財政補貼政策的通知》及補貼方 案開始執行,延續了補貼平緩退坡,同時明確了補 貼於二零二二年底終止,推動新能源汽車行業更加 有序健康發展。四月,國務院印發《關於進一步釋放 消費潛力促進消費持續恢復的意見》,提出大力發展 綠色消費,推進充電樁(站)等配套設施建設,支持 新能源汽車加快發展;五月,工信部等四部門開展 了二零二二年新能源汽車下鄉活動,支持新能源汽 車消費,引導農村居民綠色出行;同月,財政部發 佈《財政支持做好碳達峰碳中和工作的意見》,堅持 降碳、減污、擴綠、增長協同推進,助力實現雙碳 目標。

二次充電電池方面,二零二二年上半年,消費類電 子市場受疫情反覆、國際局勢緊張、通脹高企等多 重因素影響,消費類電子產品需求明顯降溫,其上 游電池需求亦受影響。光伏方面,二零二二年上半 年,在「雙碳」目標引領和全球清潔能源加速應用的 背景下,全球光伏裝機需求繼續保持高速增長。

Handset Components and Assembly Business

In the first half of 2022, the impact of strain supply chain and logistics constraints on the mobile phone industry was higher than expected. At the same time, consumer demand was also suppressed by the economic downturn, and the global smart phones shipments showed a downward trend. According to the statistics from IDC, a market research institute, in the first half of 2022, the shipment of global smart phones decreased by 8.8% year on year to 600 million units, representing a decline for four consecutive guarters. According to the data released by the China Academy of Information and Communications Technology, in the first half of 2022, the shipment of domestic mobile phones reached 136 million units, representing a year-on-year decline of 21.7%; in particular, the shipment of 5G smart phones was 109 million units, representing a year-on-year decline of 14.5%. In terms of PC, the enthusiasm for PC consumption has receded due to the economic downturn and the phase out of COVID-19 restrictions, which leading to a normalized daily life routine without remote work or remote learning. According to the statistics from IDC, in the first half of 2022, the shipment of the global PC market declined by 10.2% to 152 million units, and that of the global tablet computers reached approximately 78.90 million units, a year-on-year decrease of 1.7%. Household appliances tend to be intelligent, green and healthy. Smart home devices are rapidly emerging as one of the high-profile new industries in China. According to the data from IDC, the shipment of smart home devices in China in the first half of 2022 was 47.78 million units, representing a year-on-year increase of 1.7%.

手機部件及組裝業務

二零二二年上半年,供應鏈緊張和物流受限對手機 行業的影響高於預期,同時,消費需求亦受到經濟 下行抑制,全球智能手機出貨量呈現下降態勢。根 據市場研究機構 IDC 統計,二零二二年 上半年, 全 球智能手機出貨量同比下降8.8%至6.0億部,連續 四季度下滑。中國信息通信研究院發表的數據顯 示,二零二二年上半年,國內手機市場整體出貨量 累計1.36億部,同比下降21.7%,其中,5G手機出 貨量1.09億部,同比下降14.5%。PC方面,隨著各 國取消疫情限制,居民逐步恢復正常生活,遠程辦 公和學習模式不再,疊加經濟下行,PC銷售熱潮逐 漸退去。根據IDC的數據,二零二二年上半年,全 球PC市場出貨量下降10.2%至1.52億台;全球平 板電腦出貨量則為約7,890萬台,同比下降1.7%。 家居行業智能化、綠色化、健康化發展趨勢日益凸 顯,智能家居設備迅速崛起,成為國內備受矚目的 新興產業之一。IDC的數據顯示,二零二二年上半 年中國智能家居設備出貨量達4,778萬台,同比增長 17% •

BUSINESS REVIEW

BYD Company Limited ("BYD" or "the Company" together with its subsidiaries, "the Group") is principally engaged in automobile business which mainly includes new energy vehicles, handset components and assembly business, rechargeable batteries and photovoltaic business. Meanwhile, with its technological superiority, the Group actively develops urban rail transportation and other business segments. In the first half of 2022, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB150,607 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 65.71%, among which, the revenue from the automobiles and related products, and other products amounted to approximately RMB109,267 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 130.31%; the revenue from the handset components, assembly service and other products amounted to approximately RMB41,070 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 4.78%. These business segments accounted for approximately 72.55% and 27.27% of the Group's total revenue, respectively.

Automobiles and Batteries Business

As a pioneer and leader in the new energy vehicle industry, BYD unswervingly adheres to the development philosophy of "technology-focused and innovation-oriented". With long-term technological innovation, strategic determination and continuous investment, the Group has taken the lead in the scale and rapid development of the new energy vehicle industry, realized the comprehensive development of the Group's products, continuous improvement of brand influence and constant expansion of its leading advantages. According to data from the China Automobile Association, the Group's market share of new energy vehicles reached 24.7% in the first half of 2022, representing an increment of 7.5 percentage as compared to 2021, leading the domestic new energy vehicle market, and returning to the No. 1 position in the global sales of new energy vehicles, and led the rise of Chinese independent brands.

業務回顧

比亞迪股份有限公司(「比亞迪」或「本公司」及其 附屬公司統稱「本集團」)主要經營包括以新能源汽 車為主的汽車業務,手機部件及組裝業務,二次充 電電池及光伏業務,並積極利用自身技術優勢拓展 城市軌道交通及其他業務。於二零二二年上半年, 本集團實現收入約人民幣150,607百萬元,同比增 長65.71%,其中汽車、汽車相關產品及其他產品 業務的收入約人民幣109,267百萬元,同比增長 130.31%;手機部件、組裝及其他產品業務的收入 約人民幣41,070百萬元,同比下跌4.78%;佔本集 團總收入的比例分別為72.55%和27.27%。

汽車及電池業務

比亞迪作為全球新能源汽車行業先行者和領導者, 始終踐行「技術為王、創新為本」的發展理念,並憑 藉長期以來的技術創新、戰略定力及持續投入,在 新能源汽車行業進入規模化快速發展中搶佔先機, 實現了產品的全面爆發,品牌影響力不斷提升,領 先優勢持續擴大。根據中汽協數據,二零二二年上 半年,本集團新能源汽車市佔率達24.7%,較二零 二一年增長超7.5個百份點,在國內新能源汽車市場 銷量遙遙領先,並再次問鼎全球新能源汽車銷冠, 引領中國自主品牌的崛起。

In the field of new energy passenger vehicles, relied on the strong technology accumulation and technical innovation, during the Period, the Group's sales volume of new energy vehicles increased significantly by more than three times year-on-year, hitting a record high. According to the data from CPCA, in the first half of 2022, Group's models took six of the top ten places in China's new energy passenger vehicle sales list, with products in short supply, orders hitting new highs, market recognition increasing, and continuous consolidation of industry status. Meanwhile, in order to actively respond to the national call for "Dual-Carbon", the Group has announced the suspension of fuel-engine vehicle since March this year and focused on the development of new energy vehicles business, becoming the world's first automobile enterprise to suspend the production of fuel vehicles, continuously contributing to the high-quality development of the new energy vehicle industry.

During the Period, as one of the signature product of self-owned brand's high-end process, "Han", the Group's flagship model, has continued to be popular since its launch and has been widely recognized and well received by the market. In order to meet customers' diversified needs in different scenarios, the "Han" series continued to iterate and released several vehicle models to provide consumers with more diversified and high-quality choices, including "Han EV" with a endurance of over 700 kilometers, "Han DM-i" with a pure electric endurance of over 200 kilometers and "Han DM-p" with 3.7 seconds 0-100km/h acceleration ability, driving the sales of "Han" series of models to record highs, and further promoting its average price upward, continue to accelerate brand's high-end process.

The improvement of the brand is inseparable from the support of core technology. BYD insists on developing Battery Electric vehicles and Plug-in Hybrid Electric vehicles technology at the same time, to promote the comprehensive development of the new energy vehicle industry. 在新能源乘用車領域,本集團依託於強大的技術積 澱和技術創新,期內,新能源汽車銷量實現了同比 超三倍的大幅增長,創下歷史新高。根據乘聯會數 據顯示,二零二二年上半年,本集團在中國新能源 乘用車銷量排行榜前十車型中佔得六席,產品供不 應求,訂單屢創新高,市場認可度不斷提升,行業 地位持續鞏固。同時,為積極響應國家「雙碳」號 召,本集團宣佈自今年三月起停止燃油車整車生 產,聚焦新能源汽車業務發展,成為全球首家停產 燃油車的車企,為新能源汽車行業進入高質量發展 階段持續助力。

期內,本集團旗艦車型「漢」作為中國自主品牌高端化的旗幟之一,自上市以來持續熱銷,受到市場的廣泛認可及一致好評。為滿足消費者不同場景下的需求,「漢」系列持續迭代,發佈多款車型配置,為消費者提供更豐富的優質選擇,其中包括續航突破七百公里的「漢EV」、純電續航超兩百公里的「漢DM-i」和百公里加速3.7s的「漢DM-p」,驅動「漢」系列車型銷量屢創歷史新高,並進一步推動其價格中樞上行,為品牌向上持續助力。

品牌的成長離不開核心技術的支撐,比亞迪堅持以 純電動和插電式混合動力「兩條腿,齊步走」的戰 略,推進新能源汽車行業全面快速發展。

In the field of battery electric vehicle, the Group strived to develop a new battery electric platform "e-Platform 3.0" and combining intelligence, efficiency, safety and esthetics four advantages into the products. Marketed models which designed based on "e-Platform 3.0", were well received by the market. "Dolphin", the first model equipped with "e-Platform 3.0" continued to sell well since its launch last year. The A-class SUV "Yuan plus" has also seen rapid sales growth since its launch in February this year.In addition, the battery electric coupe "BYD-Seal", another important model of "e-Platform 3.0", has gained high market attention at the unlisted stage and received over 20,000 orders on the day of pre-sale in May. With the start of the pre-order of "BYD-Seal", the Group unveiled the "CTB" (Cell to Body) technology that allows a higher integration level of the "blade battery" and the vehicle body. The cell-to-body integrated design makes the vehicle's torsional rigidity exceed 40,000 N·m/° and contributes to upgrading the safety standard for the whole vehicle further, so that the upper limit for the fuel-engined vehicles becomes the lower limit of the electric vehicles.

In the field of Plug-in Hybrid Electric vehicles, BYD's "DM-i Super Hybrid" products, known as "fuel vehicle subverter", which have similar price tags to the fuel vehicles at the same class. Featured by ultra-low fuel consumption, quiet, smooth and excellent power, these DM-i models have contributed to the sales volume growth of the Group's Plug-in Hybrid Electric vehicles, started a trend in the industry development. According to the data provided by CPCA, these DM-i models represented more than 50% of the market share in the fields of Plug-in Hybrid Electric vehicles in the first half of 2022. During the Period, in addition to the ongoing hot sales of the "DM-i Super Hybrid "models launched before, namely "Qin PLUS DM-i", "Song PLUS DM-i", "Tang DM-i" and "Song Pro DM-i", the Group launched "Song MAX DM-i", "BYD Destroyer 05" and "Han DM-i", further improving the matrix of "DM-i Super Hybrid" products and providing more options to consumers. In addition, the Group launched the "DM-p Hybrid" technology to further solve the contradiction between performance and efficiency. During the Period, the official launch of "Han DMp" and the pre-sale of "Tang DM-p" commenced, which facilitated the comprehensive development of the Group's Plug-in Hybrid vehicle models.

在純電動汽車領域,本集團傾力打造「e平台3.0]全 新純電平台,把智能、高效、安全、美學四大優勢 帶入產品,基於該平台設計推出的多款車型均受到 市場矚目。首款搭載「e平台3.0」的「海豚」,去年上 市至今持續熱銷,今年二月上市的A級潮跑SUV「元 PLUS」銷量亦增勢迅猛。此外,全新純電轎跑「海 豹」,作為「e平台3.0」又一重要車型,未上市階段 就已獲得極高的市場關注度,五月預售當日即收獲 超兩萬訂單。伴隨著「海豹」預售,本集團同步發佈 「CTB」(Cell to Body)技術,「CTB」技術讓「刀片電 池」與車身結合更為緊密,電池車身一體化設計使 整車扭轉剛度突破40000N·m/°,助力整車安全再升 級,讓燃油車的上限成為了電動車的下限。

插電式混合動力領域,被譽為「燃油車顛覆者」的 「DM-i超級混動」產品實現了與同級別燃油車「購置 同價」,憑藉超低油耗、靜謐平順、卓越動力的特 點,推動本集團插電式混合動力車型銷量節節攀 升,引領行業發展新風向。據乘聯會數據顯示,二 零二二年上半年於插電式混合動力領域本集團市佔 率高達50%以上。期內,除已上市的「DM-i超級混 動」車型「秦PLUS DM-i」、「宋PLUS DM-i」、「唐 DM-i」及「宋Pro DM-i」持續熱銷外,本集團為進一 步完善產品矩陣,相繼推出「宋MAX DM-i」、「驅逐 艦05」、「漢DM-i」,為消費者提供更豐富的購車選 擇。此外,本集團推出「DM-p王者混動」技術,進 一步解決性能與效能之間的矛盾,期內「漢DM-p」 正式上市、「唐DM-p」開啟預售,助力本集團插電式 混動車型全面發展。

With the empowerment of the battery electric and plug-in hybrid power technology, the Group intended to further strengthening the brand construction, in May, the brand new "DENZA" was officially launched, targeting the user group which positioned as luxury and exquisite, with products covering MPVs, SUVs, sedans and urban sports cars, striving to meet the diversified needs of consumers in the new era. "DENZA D9", as the first model under the new "DENZA" brand, has also officially launched pre-sale, and the presale price range is RMB335,000 to RMB460,000, which helps the Group to expand the product price range and is another practice of the Group's brand upward.

In terms of overseas markets, the Group successfully delivered the "Tang EV" model to Norway at the end of last year, making a significant step forward in the overseas market. In February this year, the "BYD-ATTO 3" model launched for pre-sale in Australia and gained wide attention. In addition, after entering the market of Colombia, Uruguay, Bahamas, Dominican Republic and Costa Rica, the "Han EV" model was officially launched in Brazil during the Period, further expanding the Group's passenger vehicle business abroad. The Group also made significant progress to launch its plug-in hybrid vehicles in the overseas market during the Period. "Qin PLUS DM-i" and "Song PLUS DM-i" won their first bulk order exporting to Colombia. Relying on the comprehensive strength of "leading technology, quality and market", the expansion of the Group's new energy passenger vehicle business has accelerated.

In the first half of 2022, to meet the increasing market demand, the Group continued to optimize the layout of all aspects of new energy vehicles production and actively increase the production capacity. Although the delivery speed has been improved continuously, the backlogs still hit record highs and the delivery pressure remains. During the period, due to the short-term supply and demand mismatching, the price of raw materials fluctuates at a high level, which brings great pressure on the industry chain. To cope with the impact of increasing price, the Group made price adjustments to certain models in January and March this year respectively, which will help alleviate the cost pressure caused by the price increase. 在純電動及插電式混合動力技術賦能下,本集團為 進一步完善品牌建設,五月,全新「騰勢」品牌正 式發佈,定位豪華、精緻的用戶群體,產品覆蓋 MPV、SUV、轎車及都市跑車等領域,致力於滿足 新時代消費者的多元化需求。「騰勢D9」作為全新 「騰勢」品牌的首款車型亦正式開啟預售,預售價格 區間為33.5萬元-46.0萬元,助力本集團產品價格 帶向上拓展,是本集團品牌向上的又一實踐。

海外市場方面,去年底本集團向挪威順利交付「唐 EV」車型,邁出了海外市場的重要一步。今年二 月,「BYD-ATTO 3」在澳大利亞市場開啟預售,獲 得廣泛關注。此外,「漢EV」繼進入哥倫比亞、烏 拉圭、巴哈馬、多米尼加共和國和哥斯達黎加後, 於期內正式登陸巴西,助力本集團乘用車出海業務 佈局進一步擴大。本集團插電式混合動力車型出海 於期內亦有重大進展,「秦PLUS DM-i」和「宋PLUS DM-i」首次斬獲批量訂單,出海哥倫比亞。依託「科 技領先、品質領先、市場領先」的全面實力,本集團 新能源乘用車業務的海外佈局加速拓展。

二零二二年上半年,為滿足日益增長的市場需求, 本集團持續優化新能源汽車生產各環節佈局並積極 提升產能,交付速度不斷提升,但未交付訂單依舊 屢創新高,交付壓力依舊。期內,部分上游原材料 供需關係受短期錯配影響,價格仍然處於高位震 盪,給產業鏈帶來較大壓力。本集團為應對上游原 材料價格上漲的影響,於本年度一月及三月分別對 部分車型進行價格調整,將有助於緩解上游原材料 價格帶來的成本壓力。

In the field of electric buses, leveraging on its strong technical strength, superior product quality and innovative operation model, the Group works with global partners to continuously improve the quality of urban public transportation services and continue to lead the transformation of the new energy bus industry. During the Period, the Group developed the passenger and public transportation market in Hefei, Jinan and Fuzhou helping China's new energy passenger vehicle industry to move steadily forward. Meanwhile, the electric buses business also maintained a rapid growth in the overseas market. The Group put over 1,000 BYD electric buses into operation in the UK and Colombia, and officially entered Indonesia, Mauritius and other countries to provide new options for green travel.

In the field of urban rail transportation, the Group launched the medium-capacity "SkyRail" and low-capacity "SkyShuttle" with proprietary intellectual property rights, providing effective solutions to traffic jams in cities all over the world. For "SkyRail" project, following the car body of Bahia SkyRail rolling off the production line last year, in March this year, the car body of "SkyRail" for São Paulo, Brazil officially rolled off as well, bringing a more efficient and intelligent urban transportation experience for Brazil. For "SkyShuttle" project, the two major projects in Dawangshan, Hunan and Pingshan, Shenzhen also made significant breakthroughs. 純電動大巴領域,本集團憑藉雄厚的技術實力、過 硬的產品品質和創新的運營模式,攜手全球合作夥 伴不斷提升城市公交服務質量,持續引領新能源客 車產業變革。期內,本集團在國內開闢了合肥、濟 南、撫州等地區的客運和公交市場,助力中國新能 源客車產業穩步向前。同時,本集團純電動大巴業 務在海外也保持快速增長,在英國和哥倫比亞超千 輛比亞迪電動大巴已投入運營,並正式進入印度尼 西亞、毛里求斯等國家,提供綠色出行新選擇。

城市軌道交通領域,本集團推出的具有完全自主知 識產權的中運量「雲軌」和低運量「雲巴」,為全球城 市治理交通擁堵提供有效方案。「雲軌」項目方面, 繼上年度巴伊亞「雲軌」車體下線後,今年三月,巴 西聖保羅「雲軌」車體正式下線,將為巴西帶來更高 效、智能的城市交通體驗:「雲巴」項目方面,湖南 大王山及深圳坪山的兩大「雲巴」項目亦取得突破性 進展。

Under the guidance of the market-oriented strategy, the Group made progress in external cooperation, industrial investment and capital operation. In terms of external cooperation, the Group has co-operated with NVIDIA, the world's leading artificial intelligence computing manufacturer, in intelligent driving technology to be strong alliance and complementary advantages, promoting the development of the intellectualization and informatization of the new energy vehicle industry. The Group announced the signing of a memorandum of understanding on strategic cooperation with UzAuto, a state-owned automobile group in Uzbekistan, to explore the development and promotion of new energy vehicles. The Group also signed a global strategic cooperation agreement with Shell to jointly promote energy transformation. Both parties will start cooperation in China and Europe first and plan to expand this cooperation to the whole world. In terms of industrial investment, as an effective link between the upstream and downstream of the industry and the Group, the empowerment from the industrial investment has shown. During the Period, the Group further deepened its efforts in the fields of electrification, intelligence of new energy vehicles, based on its own business and its profound understanding of the whole industrial chain and technological accumulation, to help the Group implement its strategic plan, ensure the stability and safety of key parts of the supply chain, enable each other with industrial chain partners, accelerate the building of industrial ecology and achieve win-win cooperation. In terms of capital operation, the listing of BYD Semiconductor processes steadily and has already submitted to the CSRC (China Securities Regulatory Commission) for registration, which is an important milestone in the Group's market-oriented strategic initiatives.

In terms of rechargeable batteries, the Group continued to carry out technology research and development, maintained its leading position in domestic technology and continued to expand its business steadily. In respect of the photovoltaic business, under the guidance of the "dual carbon" goal, the Group steadily operated its business and actively deployed new technologies to establish its comprehensive competitive advantages and prepare for the rapid development of the industry. 在市場化戰略指引下,本集團在對外合作、產業 投資、資本運作等方面均有所進展。在對外合作 方面,本集團與全球領先的人工智能計算製造商 英偉達在智能駕駛技術方面達成合作,強強聯合、 優勢互補,共同推動新能源汽車產業智能化、信息 化發展;本集團還宣佈與烏茲別克斯坦國有汽車集 團UzAuto簽署戰略合作諒解備忘錄,探討新能源 汽車開發推廣;本集團亦與殼牌簽署全球戰略合作 協議,共同推進能源轉型,雙方將首先在中國和歐 洲開啟合作,並計劃將這一合作關係擴展到全球。 產業投資方面,作為本集團與產業上下游的有效紐 帶,產業投資所帶來的產業賦能效應已初見成效, 期內本集團從自身業務出發,依託對全產業鏈的深 刻理解及技術積累,進一步深化在新能源汽車電動 化、智能化等相關領域的佈局,助力本集團戰略規 劃實現落地,保障供應鏈重點環節穩定安全,與產 業鏈夥伴相互賦能,加速打造產業生態,實現合作 共赢;資本運作方面,比亞迪半導體上市進程穩步 推進,目前已提交中國證監會註冊,是本公司市場 化戰略佈局的重要里程碑。

二次充電電池方面,本集團持續進行技術研發,保 持技術國內領先,業務繼續穩步拓展。光伏業務方 面,在「雙碳」目標的引領下,本集團穩步經營業 務,積極佈局新技術,以形成立體的競爭優勢,為 行業的快速發展做好準備。

Handset Components and Assembly Business

As a global leader in terms of smart phones and other smart terminals, the Group provides world-renowned customers with new materials development, product design, research and development, manufacturing of parts and components, and complete machine, supply chain management, logistics and after-sales and other one-stop services. With a wide range of business, the Group engage in diversified market segments, such as smart phones, smart wearables, computers, Internet of Things, smart homes, game hardware, robots, drones, communication equipment, electronic atomizers, new energy vehicles (automotive intelligent systems), medical and health equipment, etc. Relying on the industry-leading R&D and manufacturing strength, accumulated advantages in rapid scale production, abundant customer resources and diversified product portfolio, the Group's business continued to develop steadily.

In the first half of 2022, the Group was actively adjusting its business strategy, continued its diversified market layout while striving to develop new channels for its business and inject new growth momentum into the Group's business. Despite the decline in industry prosperity in the smart phone and PC segments and the weakened demand in the high-end market of major Android customers, the Group still maintained a leading share in the overall shipment of core products for existing customers. Furthermore, the Group was actively developing new customers, especially the major overseas customers. The Group has made breakthroughs in the layout of assembly and structural components, further increasing the penetration rate, expanding the business scale, and driving market share up. In terms of the new-type intelligent products, based on the deep R&D, design and intellectual manufacturing capabilities, leveraging the Group's advantages in vertical integration of intelligent products and the active expansion of the product fields, the Group continuously provided customers with the most cost-effective and high-quality intelligent products, and drove the sustainable and rapid growth of its business. At the same time, benefiting from the prosperity of the new energy vehicle industry, the shipment volume of productions in new energy vehicles (automotive intelligent systems) segment increased, which became an emerging growth driver of the Group.

手機部件及組裝業務

本集團是全球領先的智能手機及其他智能終端的領 導者,為全球著名客戶提供新材料開發、產品設計 與研發、零組件及整機製造、供應鏈管理、物流及 售後等一站式服務。本集團業務廣泛,涵蓋智能手 機、智能穿戴、電腦、物聯網、智能家居、遊戲硬 件、機器人、無人機、通信設備、電子霧化、新能 源汽車(汽車智能系統)、醫療健康設備等多元化領 域。依託於業界領先的研發及製造實力、高效規模 化的生產經驗、豐富的客戶資源以及多元的產品組 合,本集團業務穩步發展。

二零二二年上半年,本集團積極調整業務策略,延 續多元化市場佈局的同時,致力開拓業務新渠道, 為集團業務注入新增長動能。儘管智能手機及筆電 板塊行業景氣度有所回落,安卓大客戶高端市場需 求疲軟,但本集團在現有客戶核心產品的整體出貨 量仍保持領先的份額,加上積極開拓新客戶,尤其 於海外大客户上,本集團在組裝及結構件佈局已經 取得突破性進展,滲透率進一步提升,業務規模持 續拓展,依託深厚的研發、設計和智造能力,發揮 智能產品垂直整合優勢,積極佈局並擴大產品領 域,本集團堅持為客戶提供最具成本效益的優質智 能產品,推動業務實現持續性的高速增長。同時 能產品,推動業務實現持續人動能源汽車(汽車智能 系統)產品出貨量提升,成為本集團新興成長動能。

PROSPECT AND STRATEGY

Looking forward to the second half of 2022, as the world economy is under stagflation risk, major economies tend to adapt tighter fiscal and monetary policy, and global economic growth will be slow down. The domestic economic recovery process will also be challenged by the COVID-19, geopolitics and other unstable factors, but China economy still present the unchanged character of great resilience, vitality and long-term growth. With the efficient coordination of pandemic prevention and control, the strengthened keynote of keeping steady growth, and solid implementation of a package of pro-growth policies and the '14th Five-Year Plan', China's macro economy is expected to stabilize and rebound. New energy vehicle industry is the the prevailing trend of China's automobile industrial development, and is the new engine to drive the domestic demand. In July, the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology and other relevant departments publicly solicited opinions on the Decision on Revising the Measures for the Parallel Administration of the Average Fuel Consumption and New Energy Vehicle Credits (Draft Amendment), which further optimised the dual-credit system and was of great significance to stabilise the industry development and strengthen the confidence in the development of new energy. In August, the executive meeting of the State Council decided to extend the policy of the exemption of purchase tax for new energy vehicles to the end of next year, further promoting the consumption of new energy vehicles. In the second half, supply chain will restore stability, efforts towards the supply and demand is expected to break through the new energy vehicle sales again.

前景及策略

展望二零二二年下半年,世界經濟滯脹風險上升, 主要經濟體政策趨向收緊,全球經濟增長乏力。國 內經濟恢復亦持續受到疫情、地緣政治等不穩定因 素的挑戰,但中國經濟潛力足、韌性大,長期向好 的基本特點沒有改變。隨着高效統籌疫情防控,穩 增長的主基調全面確認和強化,一攬子政策以及[十 四五規劃 | 的全面落實, 中國宏觀經濟有望企穩回 升。新能源汽車是中國產業發展的大勢所趨,也是 拉動國民內需的新引擎。七月,工信部等相關部門 就《關於修改<乘用車企業平均燃料消耗量與新能 源汽車積分並行管理辦法>的決定(徵求意見稿)》 向社會公開徵求意見,進一步優化了雙積分制度, 對穩定行業發展、堅定發展新能源信心亦有重要意 義。八月,國務院常務會議決定將免徵新能源汽車 購置税政策再延期至明年底,進一步促進新能源汽 車消費。下半年,隨着供應鏈恢復穩定,供需兩側 發力有望驅動新能源汽車銷量再突破。

Automobiles and Batteries Business

In the backdrop of profound changes in the global automobile industry, the Group will continue to adhere to its development strategy, strengthen the independency and controllability of its core technologies, and continue to launch more competitive products. The Group will expand production capacity of new energy vehicles and core components, thereby improve delivery capacity to actively meet market demand. The Group will strengthen its market sensitivity, focus on consumer demand, continuously improve service quality, upgrade brand image, maintain its leading position in the new energy vehicle industry, and help Chinese self-owned brands lead the global new energy vehicle wave.

汽車及電池業務

在全球汽車工業大變革的背景下,本集團將繼續堅 定發展戰略,強化核心技術的自主可控,持續推出 更多更具競爭力的產品:積極回應市場需求,擴張 新能源汽車整車及核心零部件產能,進一步提升交 付能力;加強市場敏鋭度,以消費者需求為導向, 不斷提升服務質量,打造品牌形象升級,保持在新 能源汽車行業領先身位,助力中國自主品牌引領全 球新能源汽車浪潮。

In the field of new energy passenger vehicles, the Group will continue to deepen the research and development of core technologies for new energy vehicles, adhere to mutual development of Battery Electric and Plug-in Hybrid electric technology, and fully cover the market segment. In July, the sales volume of the Group's Battery Electric and Plug-in Hybrid models both increased rapidly, with a market share of nearly 29%. Sales volume skyrocketed with all series product and of different technical features widely recognized by the market. In terms of new models, the Group's new battery electric coupe 'BYD-Seal' was officially launched and attracted extensive attention from the market. During the pre-sale period, the Group received substantial orders, which is the symbol of product power and trust in BYD brand. In addition, the Group continue to fulfil product matrix to meet diversified consumer's need, with 'DENZA D9' and 'Tang DM-p' officially launched in August. In terms of product function iteration, since the launch of the "Han" series, a total of 17 OTA upgrades have been launched. On the second anniversary of the launch of the "Han" series, the OTA will push six major upgraded functions, namely "dTCS Distributed Gravity Control System", "HWA Expressway Driving Assistance Function", "DiTrainer Coaching Model", "NVH Active Voice", "Full-scenario Intelligent Voice" and "Intelligent Start-Stop". The continuous OTA upgrades will enable consumers to experience frequent updates, and enable the Group's product competitiveness to keep pace with the times. In terms of intelligence, Under the cooperation with NVIDIA, the Group expects to equip some of its new energy vehicles with the NVIDIA "DRIVE Hyperion" platform from 2023 onwards to enable the intelligent driving and intelligent parking. In terms of channel management, the Group will continue to promote brand building, expand sales network in an orderly manner, optimize after-sales service experience, and enhance brand influence in all aspects.

在新能源乘用車領域,本集團將繼續深化新能源汽 車核心技術研發,堅持純電動及插電式混合動力技 術雙軌並舉,全方位覆蓋市場。七月,本集團純電 動及插電式混合動力車型銷量快速攀升,市佔率近 29%,各技術路線均廣受市場認可,各產品迎來 加速放量。新車型方面,本集團全新純電轎跑「海 豹」正式上市,引得市場廣泛關注,於預售期間已 收獲大量訂單,充分體現了車型產品力和消費者對 本集團品牌的信任。此外,本集團「騰勢D9」及「唐 DM-p」於八月正式上市,持續完善產品矩陣,滿 足消費者多元化的用車需求。產品功能迭代方面, 「漢」系列自上市以來,已累計推送十七次OTA升 級,在兩週年之際,將通過OTA推送「dTCS分佈 式牽引力控制系統」、「HWA高速駕駛輔助功能」、 「DiTrainer教練模式」、「NVH主動聲」、「全場景智 能語音」、「智能上下電」等六大升級功能,持續的 OTA升級,讓消費者駕乘體驗常用常新,亦使本集 團產品競爭力與時俱進。智能化方面,在與英偉達 的合作中,本集團預計將從二零二三年起在部分新 能源汽車上搭載英偉達「DRIVE Hyperion」平台, 實 現車輛智能駕駛和智能泊車功能。品牌渠道方面, 本集團將持續推動品牌建設,有序擴張銷售網絡, 優化售後服務體驗,全方面提升品牌影響力。

In terms of overseas marketing, the Group has joined hands with a number of global excellent dealer partners to enter markets such as the Netherlands, Sweden, Germany, Thailand and Costa Rica under win-win cooperation. And it will provide local consumers with high-quality new energy vehicle products and services. In August, BYD's branch in Japan held a brand conference in Tokyo to announce its official entry into the Japanese passenger vehicle market, and unveiled three models, namely BYD-ATTO 3, BYD-SEAL and BYD-DOLPHIN, which will be launched in 2023 as plan. In addition, the Group announced its participation in the Paris Motor Show, one of the world's top five motor shows, in October this year. The Group will showcase its latest new energy passenger vehicles product range, demonstrating commitments to sustainability on global automobile industry.

In the field of battery electric buses, the Group will continue to empower low-carbon upgrades in global public transportation systems, advocate green mobility, and provide zero-emission public transportation solutions to many countries and regions with efficient and stable innovative technologies and high-quality new energy public transportation products. The Group will continue to work hard to promote the further establishment of the global green mobility system and the rapid and healthy development of a lowcarbon society.

In the field of urban rail transit, the Group stands at the forefront of world rail transit innovation, gives full play to the advantages of integrated innovation, extends the electric vehicle industry chain to the field of rail transit, and focuses on promoting low-carbon and environmentally friendly urban rail transit products, namely "SkyRail" and "SkyShuttle", to help cities build low-carbon transportation and achieve sustainable development of green and intelligent transportation.

In terms of market-oriented layout, the Group will proceed to cultivate more market-competitive businesses to achieve marketoriented operation, so as to further unleash the development potential of each business segment and enhance the overall value of the Group. In addition, the Group will continue to make strategic investments in core areas at the upstream and downstream of the industry chain based on its own business characteristics, and enable each other with partners at upstream and downstream of the industry chain to push forward the Group's marketization process.

In terms of rechargeable batteries, the Group will actively promote the application of the innovative technologies, expand its customer base and continuous expand business scope. In terms of photovoltaics business, the Group will actively grasp the development trend of the industry, concentrate resources, focus on technology research and development, promote product transformation and upgrading, and meet the explosive growth opportunities of the industry with high-quality products. 海外市場方面,本集團秉承合作共贏的理念,攜手 多個全球優質經銷商夥伴,進入荷蘭、瑞典、德 國、泰國、哥斯達黎加等市場,將為當地消費者提 供優質的新能源汽車產品及服務。八月,比亞迪股 份有限公司日本分公司在東京召開品牌發佈會,宣 佈正式進入日本乘用車市場,並亮相「BYD-ATTO 3」、「BYD-SEAL」、「BYD-DOLPHIN」三款車型, 計劃將於二零二三年陸續發售。此外,本集團宣佈 本年度十月參加全球五大車展之一的巴黎車展,攜 新能源乘用車產品矩陣亮相歐洲,體現了本集團推 動全球汽車行業可持續發展的決心。

純電動大巴領域,本集團將繼續助力全球公交系統 的綠色升級,倡導綠色出行,以高效穩定的創新技 術及高質量的新能源公共交通產品,為全球多個國 家和地區提供零排放公共交通解決方案。本集團將 繼續努力耕耘,推動全球綠色出行體系的進一步建 設,促進低碳社會快速及健康發展。

城市軌道交通領域,本集團站在世界軌道交通創新 最前沿,發揮集成創新優勢,將電動車產業鏈延伸 到軌道交通領域,著力推廣低碳環保的城市軌道交 通產品 - 「雲軌」及「雲巴」,助力城市打造低碳交 通,實現綠色智能交通可持續發展。

在市場化佈局方面,本集團將着手培育更多具有市 場競爭力的業務實現市場化運營,進一步釋放各業 務的發展潛力,提升本集團整體價值。同時,本集 團將結合自身業務特點,持續通過戰略投資在產業 鏈上下游核心領域進行佈局,與產業鏈上下游合作 夥伴相互賦能,助力本集團市場化進程。

二次充電電池方面,本集團將積極推進創新技術應 用,擴大客戶基礎,繼續拓展業務範圍。光伏業務 方面,本集團將積極把握行業發展脈絡,集中資 源,著力技術研發,推動產品轉型升級,以優質的 產品迎接行業爆發性增長機遇。

Handset Components and Assembly Business

The Group will keep abreast of market development and actively increase investment in research and development; strengthen core competitiveness through technological advantages; adhering to the strategy of developing major customers, strengthening core business cooperation, stimulating the potential of major customers and expanding market share. The Group will seize market opportunities to maintain long-term sustainable development, expand product range and empower the Group's long-term business development.

The continuous cross-industry integration of 5G and artificial intelligence technology will stimulate leap forward development of the market. The Group will continue to increase its investment in various fields and develop more high-quality new intelligent products to fully present the Group's technological strength. It is expected that smart home devices, drones and electronic atomization products will drive ongoing high growth of new intelligent products and have a broad development prospect. As the automotive industry is moving towards electrification and intelligence, relying on the rapid development of the automobiles business, the Group increased investment in research and development and technological innovation, and comprehensively deployed new categories such as smart cockpit, intelligent driving, intelligent networking, domain controller and on-board acoustic system, which brought strong new momentum for business development.

手機部件及組裝業務

本集團將緊貼市場發展形勢,積極加大研發投入, 依託技術優勢,強化核心競爭力;堅持大客戶戰 略,強化核心業務合作,激發大客戶潛力,擴大市 場份額;把握市場機遇,保持長期可持續發展;拓 寬產品領域,為本集團長遠業務發展注入新動能。

5G及人工智能技術不斷跨界融合,將刺激市場跨越 式前進,本集團將持續加大對各領域的投入,開拓 更多優質新型智能產品,充分展示本集團的科技實 力,預期智能家居、無人機、電子霧化等產品將推 動新型智能產品保持高速增長,發展前景廣闊。隨 著汽車電動化和智能化的趨勢持續推進,依託於汽 車業務的快速發展,本集團加大研發投入和技術創 新,全面佈局了智能座艙、智能駕駛、智能網聯、 域控制器、車載聲學系統等新品類,為業務發展帶 來強勁的新動能。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue and Profit attributable to Owners of the Parent Company

During the Period, revenue increased by 65.71% as compared to that of the first half of 2021, mainly attributable to the rapid growth in the new energy vehicle business. The profit attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company increased by 206.35% as compared to the same period of previous year, mainly attributable to the increase in the sales volume of new energy vehicles.

Segmental Information

The following set out comparisons of the Group's revenue by product categories for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 2021:

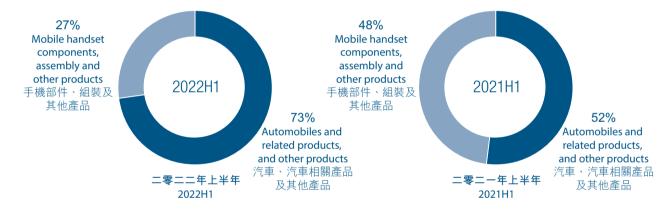
財務回顧

營業額及母公司擁有人應佔溢利

期內,營業額較二零二一年上半年上升65.71%,主 要是新能源汽車業務增加所致。母公司擁有人應佔 溢利較去年同期上升206.35%,主要因為新能源汽 車銷量增長所致。

分部資料

以下為本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月 三十日止六個月按產品類別分析的營業額比較:



Gross Profit and Margin

The Group's gross profit for the Period increased by approximately 75.35% to approximately RMB20,342 million. The gross profit margin increased from approximately 12.76% for the first half of 2021 to approximately 13.51% for the Period. The increased in gross profit margin was mainly due to the increase in the new energy vehicle business.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

During the Period, the Group recorded an operating cash inflow of approximately RMB43,185 million, as compared to an operating cash inflow of approximately RMB9,677 million in the first half of last year. The increase in cash inflow of the Group during the Period was mainly attributable to the increase in cash received from sales of goods and provision of services. Total borrowings as at 30 June 2022, including all bank loans, bonds payable and other secured loans, were approximately RMB29,634 million, as compared to approximately RMB33,729 million as at 31 December 2021. The maturity profile of bank loans, bonds payable and other secured loans spread over a period of five years, with approximately RMB19,113 million repayable within one year, approximately RMB10,521 million repayable within the second to fifth years. The Group holds sufficient cash to meet daily liquidity management and capital expenditure requirements, and controls internal operating cash flows.

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the turnover days of receivables (including trade receivables, contract assets, financing receivables) were approximately 68 days as compared to approximately 118 days for the corresponding period in 2021. The change was mainly due to that the increase in the average balance of trade receivables was less than the increase in operating revenue for the same period. The inventory turnover days were approximately 71 days for the six months ended 30 June 2022 as compared to approximately 82 days for the corresponding period in 2021, which was mainly due to that the increase in selling cost was more than the increase in average inventory for the same period.

毛利及邊際利潤

本集團期內的毛利上升約75.35%至約人民幣20,342 百萬元。毛利率由二零二一年上半年約12.76%上升 至期內約13.51%。毛利率上升主要是新能源汽車業 務增加所致。

流動資金及財務資源

期內,本集團錄得經營現金流入約人民幣43,185百 萬元,而去年上半年則錄得經營現金流入約人民幣 9,677百萬元,本集團期內現金流入增加主要是銷 售商品、提供勞務收到的現金增加所致。於二零二 二年六月三十日的總借貸包括全部銀行貸款、應付 債券及其他抵押款,約為人民幣29,634百萬元,而 二零二一年十二月三十一日為約人民幣33,729百萬 元。銀行貸款、應付債券及其他抵押款的到期還款 期限分佈在五年期間,分別須於一年期內償還約人 民幣19,113百萬元,於第二至第五年期內償還約人 民幣10,521百萬元。本集團持有足夠的現金以滿足 日常流動資金管理及資本開支需求,並控制內部經 營現金流量。

截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月,應收類款項 (含應收賬款,合同資產,應收款項融資)周轉期約 68日,而截至二零二一年同期則約為118日,變化 的主要原因為應收賬款平均餘額的同期增幅比營業 收入的同期增幅小所致。存貨周轉期截至二零二二 年六月三十日止六個月約為71日,截至二零二一年 同期則約為82日,變化的主要原因為銷售成本的同 期增幅比平均庫存的同期增幅大。

Capital Structure

The Group's financial division is responsible for the Group's financial risk management which operates according to policies implemented and approved by senior management. As at 30 June 2022, borrowings were mainly denominated in RMB, while its cash and cash equivalents were mainly held in RMB and USD. The Group maintained an appropriate mix of equity and debt to ensure an effective capital structure during the Period. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's outstanding borrowings comprised RMB loans and foreign currency loans, of which approximately 74% (31 December 2021 : 58%) bore fixed interest rates and the rest bore floating interest rates.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by equity. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio as low as possible. Net debt includes debt capital less monetary funds. Equity represents equity attributable to owners of the parent. Therefore, the Group's gearing ratio as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 was -14% and -15% respectively.

As at 30 June 2022, The Group's land and buildings with a net book value of RMB179,480 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB182,646 thousand) were pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings of RMB94,474 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB111,441 thousand), which included long-term borrowings due within one year of RMB6,778 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB21,304 thousand). In addition, as at 30 June 2022, a pledged bank deposit of RMB3,102,116 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB528,118 thousand) and a restricted bank deposit of RMB124,545 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB109,109 thousand) were pledged for bank acceptance bills, guarantee deposits and others.

Exposure to Foreign Exchange Risk

Most of the Group's income and expenditure are settled in RMB and US dollar. During the Period, the Group did not experience any significant difficulties in or impacts on its operations or liquidity due to fluctuations in currency exchange rates. The Directors believe that the Group has sufficient foreign exchange to meet its own foreign exchange requirements and will adopt practical measures to prevent exposure to exchange rate risk.

資本架構

本集團財務處的職責是負責本集團的財務風險管理 工作並根據高級管理層實行批核的政策運作。於二 零二二年六月三十日,借貸主要以人民幣結算,而 其現金及現金等價物則主要以人民幣及美元持有。 本集團於期內維持適當的股本及債務組合,以確保 具備有效的資本架構。於二零二二年六月三十日, 本集團尚未償還貸款包括人民幣貸款及外幣貸款, 該等尚未償還貸款中約74%(二零二一年十二月三十 一日:58%)按固定利率計息,其餘則按浮動利率計 息。

本集團透過使用資本負債比率(即負債淨額除以權 益)監管其資本。本集團的政策為盡量維持低資本負 債比率。負債淨額包括債務資本減去貨幣資金。權 益為母公司擁有人應佔權益。故本集團於二零二二 年六月三十日及二零二一年十二月三十一日的資本 負債比率為-14%和-15%。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團以賬面淨值為人 民幣179,480千元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:人 民幣182,646千元)的土地及房屋建築物作為抵押取 得長期借款人民幣94,474千元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:人民幣111,441千元),其中一年內到期 的長期借款人民幣6,778千元(二零二一年十二月三 十一日:人民幣21,304千元)。此外,於二零二二年 六月三十日,就銀行承兑匯票、信用證保證金及其 他而抵押的銀行存款人民幣3,102,116千元(二零二 一年十二月三十一日:人民幣528,118千元)及限制 性銀行存款人民幣124,545千元(二零二一年十二月 三十一日:人民幣109,109千元)。

外匯風險

本集團大部分收入及開支均以人民幣及美元結算。 期內,本集團並無因貨幣匯率的波動而令其營運或 流動資金出現任何重大困難或影響。董事相信,本 集團將有充足外幣應付其外匯需要,並將採取切實 有效的方法防範外匯匯兑風險。

Employment, Training and Development

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had approximately 418.7 thousand employees. During the Period, total staff cost accounted for approximately 15.37% of the Group's turnover. Employees' remuneration was determined based on performance, qualifications and prevailing industry practices, with compensation policies being reviewed on a regular basis. Bonuses were also awarded to employees, based on their annual performance valuation. Incentives were offered to encourage personal motivation.

The Group also adopted equity incentive plans to provide incentives to attract and retain employees. The adoption of a share option scheme (the "Subsidiary Share Option Scheme") of BYD Semiconductor Company Limited (比亞迪半導體股份有限公 司) (formerly known as BYD Semiconductor Co., Ltd, 比亞迪半導 體有限公司) ("BYD Semiconductor") was approved pursuant to a resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed on 16 June 2021. For further details of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme, please refer to the paragraph headed "Supplementary Information -Subsidiary Share Option Scheme" in this report.

Furthermore, the adoption of the 2022 Employee Share Ownership Plan (the "Employee Share Ownership Plan") was approved pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on 27 May 2022. For further details of the Employee Share Ownership Plan, please refer to the paragraph headed "Supplementary Information – Employee Share Ownership Plan" in this report.

PROPOSED SPIN-OFF OF BYD SEMICONDUCTOR

References are made to the announcements of the Company dated 30 December 2020, 16 June 2021, 30 June 2021, 25 October 2021 and 27 January 2022, as well as the circular of the Company dated 31 May 2021, in relation to, among others, the proposed spin-off and separate listing of a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, BYD Semiconductor, hereinafter referred to as "BYD Semiconductor"), on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (the "SZSE").

僱用、培訓及發展

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團僱用約41.87萬 名員工。期內,員工成本總額佔本集團營業額約 15.37%。本集團按僱員的表現、資歷及當時的行 業慣例釐定給予僱員的報酬,而酬金政策會定期檢 討。根據年度工作表現評核,僱員或會獲發花紅及 獎金。發放獎勵乃作為個人推動力的鼓勵。

本集團亦採用股權激勵計劃提供激勵以吸引和留住 員工。根據本公司股東於二零二一年六月十六日通 過的決議案批准採納比亞迪半導體股份有限公司(前 稱為比亞迪半導體有限公司)(「比亞迪半導體」)股 權期權激勵計劃(「子公司股權期權計劃」)。有關子 公司股權期權計劃的進一步詳情,請參閱本報告「補 充資料 – 子公司股權期權計劃」一段。

根據本公司股東於二零二二年五月二十七日通過的 決議案批准採納二零二二年員工持股計劃(「員工持 股計劃」)。有關本公司購員工持股計劃的進一步詳 情,請參閱本報告「補充資料 – 員工持股計劃」一 段。

建議分拆比亞迪半導體

謹此提述本公司日期為二零二零年十二月三十日、 二零二一年六月十六日、二零二一年六月三十日、 二零二一年十月二十五日及二零二二年一月二十七 日的公告及本公司日期為二零二一年五月三十一日 的通函,內容有關(其中包括)建議分拆本公司的非 全資子公司比亞迪半導體並於深圳證券交易所(「深 交所」)創業板獨立上市。

The Company held the 4th Meeting of the Seventh Session of the Board, the 11th Meeting of the Seventh Session of the Board and the First Extraordinary General Meeting of 2021 on 30 December 2020, 10 May 2021, and 16 June 2021, respectively, during which the Company considered and approved the matters related to the Spin-off (hereinafter referred to as the "Spin-off"). The Company subsequently submitted the application materials for the Spin-off to the SZSE and filed the application for the Spin-off and the waiver of the Company from providing assured entitlement to the Company's shareholders to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Hong Kong Stock Exchange").

On 29 June 2021, the Company received the Notice Regarding Acceptance of the Application Documents for the Initial Public Offering and Listing of Shares of BYD Semiconductor Company Limited on the ChiNext Board issued by SZSE (Shen Zheng Shang Shen [2021] No. 283)《關於受理比亞迪半導體股份有限公司首次公開 發行股票並在創業板上市申請文件的通知》(深證上審[2021]283號). In accordance with relevant regulations, the SZSE checked the application report and related application documents submitted by BYD Semiconductor for the initial public offering and listing of shares on the ChiNext Board, and determined that the documents are complete and acceptable.

On 22 October 2021, the Company received the approval in relation to the Spin-off and the waiver for assured entitlement from the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, confirming that the Company may conduct the Spin-off pursuant to Practice Note 15 of the Listing Rules and can be waived from providing assured entitlement of BYD Semiconductor's shares to its existing shareholders.

According to the Announcement of the Results of the 5th Consideration Meeting of the GEM Listing Committee in 2022 announced by the SZSE on 27 January 2022, the results of the review of the Listing Committee of SZSE in relation to the application of BYD Semiconductor to separately list on the ChiNext Board of SZSE are that BYD Semiconductor Company Limited (initial public offering) has met the issue conditions, the listing conditions and the information disclosure requirements (比 亞迪半導體股份有限公司(首發)符合發行條件、上市條件和信息披露 要求). 本公司分別於二零二零年十二月三十日、二零二一 年五月十日及二零二一年六月十六日召開的第七屆 董事會第四次會議、第七屆董事會第十一次會議和 二零二一年第一次臨時股東大會審議通過了關於分 拆的相關事項(以下簡稱「本次分拆」),並於其後向 深交所提交了本次分拆的申請材料,及向香港聯合 交易所有限公司(以下簡稱「香港聯交所」)提出本次 分拆及豁免公司向公司股東提供保證配額的申請。

二零二一年六月二十九日,本公司收到深交所發出 的《關於受理比亞迪半導體股份有限公司首次公開發 行股票並在創業板上市申請文件的通知》(深證上審 [2021]283號)。深交所依據相關規定對比亞迪半導 體報送的首次公開發行股票並在創業板上市的申請 報告及相關申請文件進行了核對,認為文件齊備, 決定予以受理。

二零二一年十月二十二日,本公司收到香港聯交所 關於本次分拆的批覆及保證配額的豁免同意函,確 認本公司可根據上市規則第15項應用指引進行本次 分拆及可獲豁免向其現有股東提供比亞迪半導體股 份之保證配額。

根據深交所二零二二年一月二十七日公佈的《創業板 上市委二零二二年第5次審議會議結果公告》,深交 所創業板上市委員會就比亞迪半導體擬於深交所創 業板獨立上市的申請的審議結果為:比亞迪半導體 股份有限公司(首發)符合發行條件、上市條件和信 息披露要求。

As it is expected that the Company's equity interests in BYD Semiconductor is expected to decrease upon the completion of Spin-off, the Spin-off would constitute a deemed disposal of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. It is currently expected that the highest applicable percentage ratio in respect of the Spin-off will be less than 5%. As such, the Spin-off does not constitute a notifiable transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules and is not subject to the announcement, reporting and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

As of the date of this interim report, there are uncertainties for the Spin off, as it is subject to the approval of the CSRC for the issuance and registration procedures. The Company will comply with the applicable requirements under the Listing Rules and make further announcement when appropriate.

SHARE CAPITAL

As of 30 June 2022, the share capital of the Company is as follows:

由於本公司於比亞迪半導體的股權預期於本次分拆 完成後將會減少,故本次分拆將構成上市規則第十 四章項下本公司之視作出售事項。目前預期本次分 拆的最高適用百分比率均將低於5%。因此,本次 分拆並不構成上市規則第十四章項下本公司的須予 公佈交易,且毋須遵守上市規則第十四章項下的公 告、申報及股東批准規定。

截至本報告日期,本次分拆尚需取得中國證監會同 意發行註冊程序的決定,存在不確定性。本公司將 遵守上市規則項下的適用規定,並於適當時候作進 一步公告。

股本

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司的股本如下:

		Number of shares	Approximate	
		in issue	percentage (%)	
		已發行股份數目	約佔百分比 (%)	
A Shares	A股	1,813,142,855	62.28	
H Shares	H股	1,098,000,000	37.72	
Total	總數	2,911,142,855	100.00	

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD AND MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the reporting period, there was no significant investment held, material acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures. 所持重大投資及重大收購及出售附屬公司、 聯營公司及合營公司

於本報告期內,概無所持重大投資及重大收購及出 售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司。

CAPITAL COMMITMENT

Please refer to note 15 to the financial statements for details of capital commitments.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Please refer to note 14 to the financial statements for details of contingent liabilities.

EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to note 18 to the financial statements for details of events after the reporting period.

資本承擔

有關資本承擔業務的詳情,請參閱財務報表附註15。

或有負債

有關或有負債的詳情,請參閱財務報表附註14。

資產負債表日後事項

有關報告期後事項的詳情,請參閱財務報表附註18。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE (THE "CODE")

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practises.

The Board emphasises on maintaining a quality Board with a balance of expertise, transparency and accountability in order to enhance shareholders' value. In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the applicable code provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules during the Period, except for the following deviation:

Code Provision C.2.1

Code provision C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Wang Chuan-fu is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management. The Board of the Company comprises experienced and high caliber individuals and meets regularly to discuss issues affecting operations of the Group. The balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the Board. The Board believes that this structure is conducive to strong and consistent leadership, enabling the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently. The Board has full confidence in Mr. Wang and believes that his appointment to the posts of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is beneficial to the business development of the Company.

Code Provision C.1.6

Code provision C.1.6 stipulates that independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors should attend general meetings. Some of the independent non-executive Directors and non-executive Directors did not attend the extraordinary general meeting held on 27 May 2022 and the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2022 due to inconvenience brought by the COVID-19 or important business engagements at the relevant time.

企業管治

遵守企業管治守則(「守則」)

本公司董事會(「董事會」)致力維持並確保企業管治 常規處於高水平。

董事會強調維持董事會的素質,各董事須具備不同 的專長,透明度高而問責制度有效,務求提升股東 價值。董事會認為,本公司於期內符合上市規則附 錄十四所載的適用守則條列,除以下所述的偏離行 為外:

守則條文C.2.1

守則條文C.2.1規定主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。

王傳福先生為本公司的主席兼行政總裁。董事會認 為此架構不會影響董事會與管理層兩者之間的權利 和職權的平衡。本公司董事會由極具經驗和才幹的 成員組成,並定期開會,以商討影響本集團運作的 事項。透過董事會的運作,足以確保權利和職權得 到平衡。董事會相信此架構有助於建立穩健而一致 的領導權,使本集團能夠迅速及有效地作出及實施 各項決定。董事會對王先生充滿信心,相信委任他 出任主席兼行政總裁之職,會有利於本公司的業務 發展。

守則條文C.1.6

守則條文第C.1.6條規定,獨立非執行董事及非執行 董事應出席股東大會。鑒於部分獨立非執行董事及 非執行董事在相關時間因疫情原因出行不便或有重 要公務,故並非均出席於二零二二年五月二十七日 舉行的臨時股東大會及於二零二二年六月八日舉行 的股東週年大會。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED COMPANIES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the Period.

DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

There is no information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules during the reporting period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY' S LISTED SECURITIES

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 22 April 2022 and the circular of the Company dated 5 May 2022 in relation to, among other things, the proposed repurchase of A shares of the Company and the proposed authorization to the Board and its authorized persons to handle all matters relating to the repurchase of A shares of the Company (the "Repurchase").

The Company convened the 21st Meeting of the Seventh Session of the Board and the 9th Meeting of the seventh session of the Supervisory Committee on 22 April 2022, the 2022 first extraordinary general meeting on 27 May 2022, and the 25th Meeting of the Seventh Session of the Board on 8 June 2022, at which the relevant resolutions in relation to the Repurchase were considered and approved, pursuant to which the Company was approved to use its own funds to repurchase the A Shares issued by the Company and listed on the SZSE through the securities account designated for share repurchase by way of centralised bidding or other methods as approved by the CSRC. The total amount of funds for the repurchase shall not exceed RMB1.85 billion (inclusive), and shall not be less than RMB1.8 billion (inclusive). The repurchase price shall not exceed RMB400 per share. The term of the repurchase shall not exceed 12 months from the date on which the repurchase plan is considered and approved at the general meeting of the Company. All the repurchased shares will be used for the implementation of the Employee Share Ownership Plan.

遵守上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採用上市規則附錄十所載的上市公司董事 進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進 行證券交易的操守守則。經向全體董事作出特定查 詢後,各董事確認在本期間內已遵守標準守則的規 定標準。

根據上市規則第13.51B (1)條進行的披露

於本報告期內,概無資料須根據上市規則第 13.51B(1)條予以披露。

買賣或贖回本公司上市證券

謹此提述本公司日期為二零二二年四月二十二日的 公告及本公司日期為二零二二年五月五日的通函, 內容有關(其中包括)建議回購本公司A股股份方案 及建議授權董事會及其授權人士全權辦理回購本公 司A股股份相關事項(以下簡稱「本次回購」)。

本公司分別於二零二二年四月二十二日召開了第七 屆董事會第二十一次會議和第七屆監事會第九次會 議,於二零二二年五月二十七日召開了二零二二年 第一次臨時股東大會,並於二零二二年六月八日召 開了七屆董事會第二十五次會議,審議通過了本次 回購的相關議案,同意本公司使用自有資金通過回 購專用證券帳戶以集中競價或中國證監會認可的其 他方式回購本公司於深交所發行上市的A股股份,本 次回購資金總額不超過人民幣18.5億元(含),不低 於人民幣18億元(含),回購股份價格不超過人民幣 400元/股,回購股份期限自公司股東大會審議通 過回購方案之日起不超過12個月,回購的股份將全 部用於實施員工持股計劃。

The Company announced the next day disclosure returns in relation to the progress of the repurchase on 1 June 2022, 2 June 2022, 10 June 2022 and 13 June 2022, respectively. During the aforesaid four trading days, the Company repurchased a total of 5,511,024 A Shares, representing 0.189% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this report. The highest and lowest trading prices were RMB358.58 per share and RMB293.37 per share, respectively. The total amount of funds for the repurchase was RMB1,809,702,398.72 (excluding transaction costs). As of 13 June 2022, the implementation of the repurchase plan has been completed.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

THE BOARD'S DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted the Board Diversity Policy, which sets out the approach to the diversity of Board members. The Company recognises the importance of diversity to corporate governance and an effective Board. The Board Diversity Policy aims to set out the approach to achieve Board diversity, so as to ensure that the Board members possess appropriate skills, experience and diverse views necessary for the business of the Company. In determining the Board composition, the Board and Nomination Committee of the Company consider a range of diversity elements, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All appointments of the Board will be made based on merit and objective criteria while taking into full account the interest of the Board's diversity.

The selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity elements and measurable objectives which will be reviewed regularly. Such measurable objectives shall include, but be not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and/or terms of service. The final decision will be made according to the strengths of the candidate and his/her contribution that would bring to the Board. 本公司分別於二零二二年六月一日、二零二二年六 月二日、二零二二年六月十日及二零二二年六月十 三日公佈內容有關本次回購進展的翌日披露報表。 於前述四個交易日內,本公司合共回購A股股份 5,511,024股,佔公司於本報告之日已發行總股本約 0.189%,最高成交價為人民幣358.58元/股,最 低成交價為人民幣293.37元/股,回購資金總額為 人民幣1,809,702,398.72元(不含交易費用)。截至 二零二二年六月十三日,本次回購方案已實施完畢。

除上文所披露者,於截至二零二二年六月三十日止 六個月,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無其它買賣或 贖回本公司任何上市證券。

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採用多元化政策,其中載有董事會多元化 之方針。本公司認同董事會成員多元化對企業管治 及董事會行之有效的重要性,董事會成員多元化政 策旨在列載為達致董事會成員多元化而採取的方 針,以確保董事會根據本公司業務所需具備適當的 技能、經驗及多元化觀點。本公司董事會及提名 委員會在設定董事會成員組合時,會從多方面考慮 董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文 化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會所 有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並以客觀準則考慮人 選,充分顧及董事會多元化的裨益。

甄選人選將基於一系列多元化觀點及將定期審閲的 可計量目標。這些可計量目標包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化背景、教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知 識及/或服務年期等。最終將按所選人選的優點及 其將為董事會帶來的貢獻而作出決定。

CHANGE OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND CESSATION OF APPOINTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the "Consultation Conclusions on Acceptance of Mainland Accounting and Auditing Standards and Mainland Audit Firms for Mainland Incorporated Companies Listed in Hong Kong" issued by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 10 December 2010 and the related amendments to the Listing Rules, with effect from 15 December 2010, Mainland incorporated issuers listed in Hong Kong are allowed to prepare their financial statements using Mainland accounting standards, and the Mainland accounting firms that have been approved (the"Approved Mainland Accounting Firms") by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC and the China Securities Regulatory Commission are eligible to provide auditing services to issuers using Mainland auditing standards. In view of the above and the fact that financial statements of the Company prepared under the CASBE and those under the HKFRSs are basically consistent with another, at the 20th meeting of the seventh session of the Board held on 29 March 2022, the Board has resolved to prepare only one set of financial statements in accordance with the CASBE for each future financial reporting period commencing from the financial year of 2022. Such resolution was approved by way of ordinary resolution at the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2022. The Company believes that such adjustment is in compliance with the applicable laws, regulations, regulatory documents and the Articles of Association of the Company, and will not have a material impact on the operating results or financial position of the Company.

The financial statements of the Company have been truly and fairly reflected in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. According to the resolution, the financial statements for the Reporting Period were prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC and the relevant regulations (the "PRC Accounting Standards").

變更會計準則及不再委任國際核數師

根據香港聯交所於二零一零年十二月十日刊發,並 於二零一零年十二月十五日起生效的《有關接受在香 港上市的內地註冊成立公司採用內地的會計及審計 準則以及聘用內地會計師事務所的諮詢總結》及上 市規則的相關修訂,在香港上市的內地註冊成立的 發行人獲准許採用中國企業會計準則編製其財務報 表,而經中華人民共和國財政部及中國證券監督管 理委員會核准的內地會計師事務所(「核准內地會計 師事務所1)有資格採用中國企業會計準則向該等發 行人提供審計服務。鑒於上述情況,以及按照中國 企業會計準則編製的本公司財務報表與按照香港財 務報告準則編製的財務報表基本一致,於二零二二 年三月二十九日舉行的第七屆董事會第二十次會議 上,董事會已決議自二零二二年的財務年度開始, 於每個未來的財務報告期僅按照中國企業會計準則 編製一套財務報表。有關決議已於二零二二年六 月八日舉行的股東週年大會上以普通決議案方式獲 得批准。本公司認為,該調整符合適用的法律、法 規、規範文件及本公司的公司章程,且將不會對本 公司的經營業績或財務狀況產生重大影響。

本公司的財務報表一直按照香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》真實公允地反映,根據該 決議,於報告期內的本財務報表乃按照中國財政部 頒佈的《企業會計準則》及相關規定(「《中國會計準 則》」)編製。

On 29 March 2022, the Board also resolved (1) terminate the appointment of Ernst & Young as the international auditor of the Company; and (2) appoint Ernst & Young Hua Ming (LLP), being the existing domestic auditor of the Company and one of the Approved Mainland Accounting Firms, as the sole external auditor of the Company (the "Proposed Cessation of Appointment of the International Auditor") for the preparation of financial statements for the Company under CASBE. The relevant resolutions were approved by way of ordinary resolutions at the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2022. Ernst & Young has confirmed that there are no circumstances relating to the above-mentioned Cessation of Appointment of the International Auditor that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders. The Board and the audit committee of the Company confirm that there is no disagreement between the Company, the audit committee of the Company and Ernst & Young in relation to the above-mentioned Cessation of Appointment of the International Auditor. Each of the Board and the audit committee of the Company further confirmed that it is not aware of any matters regarding the Proposed Cessation of Appointment of the International Auditor that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

A meeting was convened by the Company's audit committee on 29 August 2022 to review the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Group and to discuss auditing, internal control, risk management and financial reporting matters (including reviewing the financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022) before recommending them to the Board for approval.

The audit committee has reviewed the results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

於二零二二年三月二十九日,董事會亦決議(1)不再 委聘安永會計師事務所為本公司國際核數師:及(2) 委聘安永華明會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)(為本 公司現有國內核數師及核准內地會計師事務所之一) 作為本公司唯一外部核數師(「建議不再委聘國際核 數師」),以便本公司根據中國企業會計準則編製財 務報表。有關決議已於二零二二年六月八日舉行的 股東週年大會上以普通決議案方式獲得批准。安永 會計師事務所已確認概無有關上述不再委聘國際核 數師的情況須提請股東垂註。董事會及本公司審核 委員會確認,本公司、本公司審核委員會與安永會 計師事務所概無有關上述不再委聘國際核數師的意 見分歧。董事會及本公司審核委員會各自已進一步 確認,並不知悉有關建議不再委聘國際核數師的任 何事宜須提請股東垂註。

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會於二零二二年八月二十九日召開 會議,審閱本集團採用的會計政策及慣例,並討論 核數、內部監控、風險管理及財務申報事宜(包括截 至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月的財務報表),其 後方向董事會建議批准有關事宜。

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至二零二二年六月三十 日止六個月的業績。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the distribution of interim dividend for the six months ended 30 June 2022 (for the six months ended 30 June 2021: Nil).

DIRECTORS', SUPERVISORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS

As at 30 June 2022, the interests and short positions of each of the Directors, supervisors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests which he is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (for this purpose, the relevant provisions of the SFO will be interpreted as if they applied to the supervisors) were as follows:

中期股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二二年六月三十日止六 個月期間的中期股息(截至二零二一年六月三十日止 六個月:無)。

董事、監事及最高行政人員權益

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司董事、監事及最 高行政人員各自於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及 香港聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例 有關條文持有或被視為擁有的權益),或根據證券及 期貨條例第352條須記錄於指定登記冊,或根據證 券及 期貨條例第352條須記錄於指定登記冊,或根據香 港聯交所證券上市規則的上市公司董事進行證券交 易的標準守則須知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益(就 此目的而言,證券及期貨條例的相關條文將詮釋為 適用於監事)如下:

A shares of RMB1.00 each

under the SFO.

每股面值人民幣1.00元的A股

					Approximate
				Approximate	percentage of
				percentage of	shareholding
				shareholding	in total
				in total issued	issued share
				A shares (%)	capital (%)
			Number of	持股量佔已發行	持股量佔已發行
			A shares	A股總數的	股本總額的
Name)	姓名	A股數目	概約百分比 (%)	概約百分比 (%)
Wang	Chuan-fu (Director)	王傳福(董事)	513,623,850 (L)	28.33%	17.64%
			(Note 1)		
			(附註1)		
Lv Xia	ang-yang (Director)	呂向陽(董事)	393,228,922 (L)	21.69%	13.51%
			(Note 2)		
			(附註2)		
Xia Zi	uo-quan (Director)	夏佐全(董事)	82,635,607 (L)	4.56%	2.84%
(L) – L	ong Position		(L) – 好倉		
Notes	:		附註:		
1.		did not include the 3,727,700 A		,623,850股A股之中	
		in No.1 Assets Management Plan		資產比亞迪增持1號	資產管理計劃持有
	through E Fund BYD.		酌3,727,	700股A股股份。	
2.	Of the 393.228.922 A share	s, 239,228,620 A shares were held	2. 在該393	,228,922股A股之中	,239.228.620股
		apacity and 154,000,302 A shares		先生以個人身份持	
		estment Holding Group Co., Ltd.		融捷投資控股集團	
		("Youngy Investment"). Youngy		f。融捷投資則由呂	
		by Mr. Lv and his spouse as to		5%及10.5%股權,	因此根據證券及期
	89.5% and 10.5% of equity	interests, respectively. Mr. Lv was	貨條例,	呂先生被視為於該1	54,000,302股A股
	therefore deemed to be inte	rested in the 154,000,302 A shares	中擁有權	益。	

H shares of RMB1.00 each

每股人民幣1.00元的H股

			Approximate
		Approximate	percentage of
		percentage of	shareholding
		shareholding	in total
		in total issued	issued share
		H shares (%)	capital (%)
	Number of	持股量佔已發行	持股量佔已發行
	H shares	H股總數的	股本總額的
姓名	H股數目	概約百分比 (%)	概約百分比 (%)
王傳福(董事)	1,000,000 (L)	0.09%	0.03%
夏佐全(董事)	500,000 (L)	0.05%	0.02%
	(Note)		
	(附註)		
	王傳福(董事)	姓名 H shares 姓名 H股數目 王傳福(董事) 1,000,000 (L) 夏佐全(董事) 500,000 (L) (Note)	・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・

(L) - Long Position

Note:

Of the 500,000 H shares, 195,000 H shares were held by Mr. Xia as a beneficial owner and 305,000 H shares were held by Sign Investments Limited, which was wholly-owned by Mr. Xia.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2022, none of the Directors, supervisors or chief executives of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which was required to be (a) recorded in the register to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (b) notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

(L) – 好倉

附註:

於500,000股H股之中,夏先生以實益擁有人身份 持有195,000股H股,而由夏先生全資擁有的Sign Investments Limited則持有305,000股H股。

除上述披露者外,於二零二二年六月三十日,概無 本公司董事、監事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任 何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份或債權證中擁有權益或淡倉而須(a)記 錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登 記冊內;或(b)根據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標 準守則須知會本公司及香港聯交所。

SHAREHOLDERS WITH NOTIFIABLE INTERESTS

As at 30 June 2022, to the knowledge of the Directors of the Company, the following persons (other than the Directors, supervisors and chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or were required to be entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

1. A shares of RMB1.00 each

擁有須予知會權益的股東

於二零二二年六月三十日,就本公司董事所知,以 下人士(不包括本公司董事、監事及最高行政人員) 於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司及香港聯交所披露 或根據證券及期貨條例第336條載入本公司存置的 登記冊的權益或淡倉:

1、 每股面值人民幣1.00元的A股

				Approximate
			Approximate	percentage of
			percentage of	shareholding
			shareholding	in total
			in total issued	issued share
			A shares (%)	capital (%)
		Number of	持股量佔已發行	持股量佔已發行
		A shares	A股總數的	股本總額的
Name	名稱	A股數目	概約百分比 (%)	概約百分比 (%)
Youngy Investment (Note)	融捷投資(附註)	154,000,302 (L)	8.49%	5.29%

(L)- Long Position

Note:

Youngy Investment is owned by Mr. Lv Xiang-yang, a nonexecutive Director of the Company, as to 89.5%. Mr. Lv is therefore deemed to be interested in the 154,000,302 A shares held by Youngy Investment under the SFO. (L) – 好倉

附註:

融捷投資由本公司非執行董事呂向陽先生擁有 89.5%權益。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,呂 先生被視為於融捷投資持有的154,000,302股A 股中擁有權益。

2. H shares of RMB1.00 each

2、 每股面值人民幣1.00元的H股

		Number of	Approximate percentage of shareholding in total issued H shares (%)) 持股量佔已發行	Approximate percentage of shareholding in total issued share capital (%) 持股量佔已發行
Name	名稱	H shares H股數目	H股總數的 概約百分比(%)	股本總額的 概約百分比 (%)
Berkshire Hathaway Inc. <i>(Note 1)</i> Berkshire Hathaway Energy <i>(Note 1)</i>	Berkshire Hathaway Inc.(附註1) Berkshire Hathaway Energy(附註1)	225,000,000 (L) 225,000,000 (L)	20.49% 20.49%	7.73% 7.73%
Western Capital Group LLC <i>(Note 1)</i> BlackRock, Inc. <i>(Note 2)</i>	Western Capital Group LLC <i>(附註1)</i> BlackRock, Inc. <i>(附註2)</i>	225,000,000 (L) 54,957,313 (L) 106,500 (S)	20.49% 5.01% 0.01%	7.73% 1.89% <0.01%

(L) – Long Position

Notes:

附註:

(L) - 好倉

- Berkshire Hathaway Inc. and Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company (formerly known as MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company) were deemed to be interested in 225,000,000 H Shares (L) through 225,000,000 H Shares directly held by their indirectly controlled corporations and wholly-owned corporation, Western Capital Group LLC, respectively.
- The interests of BlackRock, Inc. were held through its various controlled corporations, and of which 267,500 long positions were cash settled unlisted derivatives, and 106,500 short positions were cash settled unlisted derivatives.

The total issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2022 was RMB2,911,142,855, divided into 1,813,142,855 A shares of RMB1.00 each and 1,098,000,000 H shares of RMB1.00 each, all fully paid up.

- Berkshire Hathaway Inc. 及Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company(原名 為MidAmerican Energy Holdings Company)分別被視為透過其間接控制 公司及全資持有公司Western Capital Group LLC所直接持有的225,000,000 股H股,於225,000,000股H股(L)之中 擁有權益。
- BlackRock, Inc.的權益乃通過其各控制 公司持有,其中267,500股好倉為現金 結算非上市衍生工具,及106,500股淡 倉為現金結算非上市衍生工具。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司已發行 股本總額為人民幣2,911,142,855元,分為 1,813,142,855股每股面值人民幣1.00元的 A股及1,098,000,000股每股面值人民幣1.00 元的H股,全部為實收資本。

SUBSIDIARY SHARE OPTION SCHEME

References are made to the announcement dated 11 May 2021 and circular (the "Circular") dated 31 May 2021 of the Company, in relation to, among others, the proposed adoption of the 2020 Share Option Incentive Scheme of BYD Semiconductor Co., Ltd (the "Subsidiary Share Option Scheme"). The adoption of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 16 June 2021.

The purpose of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme is to, among others, further establish and improve the incentive mechanism of BYD Semiconductor, retain and motivate talents, and allow all parties to focus on the long-term development of BYD Semiconductor and jointly promote its sustainable development.

There are 36 participants in the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme, including directors (excluding independent non-executive directors), senior management and key personnel (excluding supervisors) of BYD Semiconductor. The Subsidiary Share Option Scheme is tailored to be a one-off incentive arrangement for the aforesaid 36 participants only. None of the 36 incentive participants of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme is a connected person at the Company level. For details of the identity and positions of the aforesaid participants, please refer to the Circular.

子公司股權期權計劃

茲提述本公司日期為二零二一年五月十一日的公告 及日期為二零二一年五月三十一日的通函(「該通 函」),內容有關(其中包括)建議採納比亞迪半導體 有限公司2020年股權期權激勵計劃(「子公司股權期 權計劃」)。本公司股東於本公司於二零二一年六月 十六日舉行的臨時股東大會上批准採納子公司股權 期權計劃。

子公司股權期權計劃旨在(其中包括)進一步建立及 完善比亞迪半導體的激勵機制、挽留及激勵人才以 及允許全體參與方聚焦比亞迪半導體的長期發展並 共同促進其可持續發展。

子公司股權期權計劃有36名參與者,包括比亞迪半 導體董事(不包括獨立非執行董事)、高級管理層及 關鍵人員(不包括監事)。子公司股權期權計劃乃僅 為上述36名參與者量身定制的一次性激勵安排。概 無子公司股權期權計劃的36名激勵參與者乃本公司 層面的關連人士。有關上述參與者的身份及職位, 請參閱該通函。

The number of shares of BYD Semiconductor in respect of which the share options involved is 33,088,235 (representing 7.353% of the registered share capital of BYD Semiconductor as at the date of this report), and the cumulative total number of shares of BYD Semiconductor involved under the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme and all other schemes of BYD Semiconductor shall not exceed 10% of the total share capital of BYD Semiconductor in issue on 16 June 2021, the date of approval of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme by the shareholders of the Company. As at the date of this report, an aggregate of 33,088,235 share options, representing all the share options which could be granted under the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme, were granted to 36 employees of BYD Semiconductor pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme at the exercise price of RMB4.54 per share (subject to a further adjustment in accordance with terms and conditions of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme). Save for 203,824 share options which had been lapsed and cancelled as a result of the resignation of an employee subsequent to the conditional approval of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme, no share option was exercised, cancelled and/or lapsed during the six months ended 30 June 2022. As at 30 June 2022, there was no outstanding share option under the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme.

The validity period of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme shall commence from the grant date of the share options and end on the date on which all the share options granted to the incentive participants have been exercised or cancelled, which shall not be longer than ten years. The share options granted under the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme shall be exercised in three tranches, and the corresponding vesting periods shall be 24 months, 36 months and 48 months respectively from the grant date. In the first, second, and third exercise periods, 30%, 30%, and 40% of the share options are entitled to be exercised under the prerequisite of meeting performance conditions. The share options will not be exercisable when participants fail to fulfil BYD Semiconductor's performance as the conditions of exercise or those currently not exercised after the end of the exercise period shall become null and void and be repurchased without consideration and cancelled by BYD Semiconductor. For further details of the exercise period, performance appraisal objectives (as conditions of the exercise of the share options) and further details of the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme, please refer to the Circular and note 13 to the financial statements in this report.

涉及股權期權的比亞迪半導體股份數目為 33,088,235股(於本報告日期佔比亞迪半導註冊股 本的7.353%)。子公司股權期權計劃項下涉及的比 亞迪半導體累計股份總數及比亞迪半導體所有其他 計劃不應超過比亞迪半導體於二零二一年六月十六 日(本公司股東批准子公司股權期權計劃之日)已發 行股本總額的10%。於本報告日期,根據子公司股 權期權計劃的條款及條件按發行價每股人民幣4.54 元(須根據子公司股權期權計劃的條款及條件進一步 調整)授予比亞迪半導體36名僱員合共33.088.235 份股權期權(即子公司股權期權計劃項下可授予的所 有股權期權)。除由於有條件批准子公司股權期權計 劃後僱員辭任導致的203.824份股權期權已失效及 註銷外,截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月,概 無股權期權獲行使、註銷及/失效。於二零二二年 六月三十日,子公司股權期權計劃項下尚未行使股 權期權。

子公司股權期權計劃的有效期將自股權期權授予日 期開始,並於所有已行使或註銷的股權期權授予激 勵參與者當日結束,不應超過十年。根據子公司股 權期權計劃授予的股權期權應分三批行使,相應歸 屬期應自授予日期起分別為24個月、36個月及48個 月。於第一、第二及第三個行使期,於滿足業績條 件的前提下,30%、30%及40%的股權期權有權行 使權力。當參與者未能履行比亞迪半導體作為行使 條件的業績時,或於行使期末後當前未行使的股權 期權將失效,並由比亞迪半導體無償回購及註銷。 有關行使期、作為股權期權行使條件的績效考核目 標的詳情及子公司股權期權計劃的進一步詳情,請 參閱該通函及本報告的財務報表附註13。

EMPLOYEE SHARE OWNERSHIP PLAN

Reference is made to the announcement dated 22 April 2022 and the circular dated 5 May 2022 (the "Circular") of the Company in relation to, among others, the proposed adoption of the Employee Share Ownership Plan (Draft). The adoption was approved by the shareholders of the Company at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 27 May 2022.

The Employee Share Ownership Plan is beneficial for the Company to establish and improve the benefit sharing mechanism, enhance the cohesion of employees and the competitiveness of the Company, realizing its long-term sustainable development. Participants include employee representative supervisors, senior management of the Company, middle level management and core backbone employees of BYD Group. The total number of participants of the Employee Share Ownership Plan shall not exceed 12,000 persons. The Employee Share Ownership Plan will transfer the shares of the Company to be repurchased through non-trading transfer and other methods permitted by laws and regulations. The transfer price is RMB0 per Share, and the participants do not need to make payments.

On 14 July 2022, the Company received the Confirmation of Securities Transfer Registration issued by the Shenzhen Branch of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited. The 5,511,024 shares held by the designated securities repurchase account of the Company have been transferred to the designated securities account for the Employee Share Ownership Plan in the form of non-trading transfer, and the number of shares transferred accounted for approximately 0.189% of the total share capital of the Company as at the date of this report. For details of the repurchase of A Shares of the Company, please refer to the section headed "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities" in this report.

員工持股計劃

茲提述本公司日期為二零二二年四月二十二日的公 告及日期為二零二二年五月五日的通函(該通函), 內容有關(其中包括)建議採納員工持股計劃(草 案)。本公司股東於本公司於二零二二年五月二十七 日舉行的臨時股東大會上批准採納。

員工持股計劃,有利於本公司建立和完善利益共享 機制,提高員工凝聚力和本公司競爭力,實現企業 的長遠可持續發展。參與對象包括本公司的職工代 表監事、高級管理人員以及比亞迪集團的中層管理 人員、核心骨幹員工,參與本員工持股計劃的總人 數不超過12,000人。本次員工持股計劃將通過非交 易過戶等法律法規允許的方式受讓公司擬回購的公 司股票,受讓價格為0元/股,參與對象無需出資。

本公司於二零二二年七月十四日收到中國證券登 記結算有限責任公司深圳分公司出具的《證券過 戶登記確認書》,公司回購專用證券賬戶所持有的 5,511,024股公司股票已以非交易過戶形式過戶至本 次員工持股計劃專用證券賬戶,於本報告日期,過 戶股份數量約佔公司總股本的比例為0.189%。回購 本公司A股股份具體內容詳見本報告「買賣或贖回本 公司上市證券」一節。

Consolidated Balance Sheet 合併資產負債表

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

			30 June 2022	31 December 2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		Notes	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		附註	(未經審計)	(經審計)
Assets	資產			
Current assets	流動資產			
Monetary funds	貨幣資金		44,686,176	50,457,097
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產		1,431,944	5,606,052
Trade receivables	應收賬款	9	37,163,395	36,251,280
Receivables financing	應收款項融資		10,970,135	8,743,126
Prepayments	預付款項		2,312,220	2,036,577
Other receivables	其他應收款		1,453,231	1,410,751
Inventories	存貨		57,235,044	43,354,782
Contract assets	合同資產		7,545,726	8,493,382
Long-term receivables due within one year	一年內到期的長期應收款		848,024	1,231,667
Other current assets	其他流動資產		18,922,687	8,525,475
Total current assets	流動資產合計		182,568,582	166,110,189
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Long-term receivables	長期應收款		1,108,320	1,170,058
Long-term equity investments	長期股權投資		8,426,666	7,905,001
Other equity instrument investments	其他權益工具投資		3,122,478	2,913,836
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產		1,650,227	233,972
Investment properties	投資性房地產		86,252	87,500
Fixed assets	固定資產		69,924,659	61,221,365
Construction in progress	在建工程		34,255,612	20,277,309
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		1,724,320	1,573,232
Intangible assets	無形資產		17,730,192	17,104,942
Development expenditures	開發支出		2,763,547	2,605,031
Goodwill	商譽		65,914	65,914
Long-term deferred expenditures	長期待攤費用		163,148	77,432
Deferred tax assets	遞延所得税資產		2,532,034	1,913,316
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		19,820,930	12,521,050
Total non-current assets	非流動資產合計		163,374,299	129,669,958
Total assets	資產總計		345,942,881	295,780,147

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial 後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。 statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheet 合併資產負債表

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

		Notes 附註	30 June 2022 二零二二年 六月三十日 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	31 December 2021 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 (Audited) (經審計)
Liabilities	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Short-term borrowings	短期借款		10,178,867	10,204,358
Financial liabilities held for trading	交易性金融負債		60,254	-
Bills payables	應付票據	10	2,946,956	7,331,459
Trade payables	應付賬款	11	93,087,986	73,160,167
Payments received in advance	預收款項		-	1,300
Contract liabilities	合同負債		25,394,950	14,932,576
Employee benefits payables	應付職工薪酬		6,692,859	5,848,870
Tax payables	應交税費		1,897,318	1,779,018
Other payables	其他應付款		62,672,101	41,348,102
Provision	預計負債		3,608,651	2,355,564
Non-current liabilities due within one year	一年內到期的非流動負債		9,345,604	12,983,416
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債		2,044,456	1,359,114
Total current liabilities	流動負債合計		217,930,002	171,303,944
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long-term borrowings	長期借款		10,521,153	8,743,519
Bond payables	應付債券		-	2,046,439
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		1,527,654	1,415,291
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債		804,417	609,566
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債		8,919,389	7,417,179
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債合計		21,772,613	20,231,994
Total liabilities	負債合計		239,702,615	191,535,938

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial 後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。 statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheet 合併資產負債表

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

		Notes 附註	30 June 2022 二零二二年 六月三十日 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	31 December 2021 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 (Audited) (經審計)
Shareholders' equity	股東權益			
Shareholders' equity	股東權益			
Share capital	股本	12	2,911,143	2,911,143
Capital reserve	資本公積		60,885,736	60,807,219
Less: Treasury shares	減:庫存股		1,809,920	-
Other comprehensive loss	其他綜合虧損		(148,365)	(124,055)
Special reserve	專項儲備		15,843	10,369
Surplus reserve	盈餘公積		5,009,088	5,009,088
Undistributed profit	未分配利潤		29,745,516	26,455,907
Total Shareholders' equity attributable to	歸屬於母公司股東權益合計		96,609,041	95,069,671
the parent company				
Non-controlling interests	少數股東權益		9,631,225	9,174,538
Total Shareholders' equity	股東權益合計		106,240,266	104,244,209
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	負債和股東權益總計		345,942,881	295,780,147

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。

The financial statement was signed by the following persons:

財務報表由以下人士簽署:

_____ Legal representative:

法定代表人:

王傳福

Chief Financial Officer:

Wang Chuan-fu

Zhou Ya-lin 主管會計工作負責人: 周亞琳

Head of Accounting Department: Liu Hui 會計機構負責人: 劉惠

Consolidated Income Statement 合併利潤表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

			Notes 附註	For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至 二零二一年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
Ι.	Operating revenue	一、營業收入	5	150,607,252	90,885,400
	Less: Operating costs	減:營業成本	5	130,265,478	90,003,400 79,284,918
	Tax and surcharge	税金及附加	0	2,380,322	1,041,834
	Selling expenses	銷售費用		4,722,663	2,652,212
	Administrative expenses	管理費用		3,670,510	2,407,019
	Research and development expenses	研發費用		5,424,256	2,995,687
	Finance expenses	財務費用		(898,445)	955,784
	Including: Interest expenses	其中:利息費用		652,684	1,019,726
	Interest income	利息收入		844,379	257,158
	Add: Other income	加:其他收益		649,549	964,288
	Investment loss	投資損失		(369,664)	(48,447)
	Including: Investment gains/(losses) in associates and joint ventures Loss on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortised cost	其中:對聯營企業和合 企業的投資收 益/(損失) 以攤餘成本計量 金融資產終止 認損失	的	(404,634) (11,267)	(78,358) (82,285)
	(Losses)/gains from changes in fair value	公允價值變動(損失)/ 收益	/	(16,041)	28,360
	Impairment loss on credit	信用減值損失		(228,157)	(58,254)
	Impairment loss on asset	資產減值損失		(431,992)	(213,591)
	Losses from disposal of assets	資產處置損失		(24,047)	(4,062)
п.	Operating profit	二、營業利潤		4,622,116	2,216,240
	Add: Non-operating income	加:營業外收入		211,760	144,787
	Less: Non-operating expenses	減:營業外支出		192,395	156,912
JII.	Total profit	三、利潤總額		4,641,481	2,204,115
	Less: Income tax expenses	減:所得税費用	6	708,345	393,344
IV.	Net profit	四、淨利潤		3,933,136	1,810,771

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial 後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。 statements.

Consolidated Income Statement 合併利潤表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

			Notes 附註	For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至 二零二一年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited)
			PI J ā İ	(小註番訂)	(未經審計)
	Classified by continuity of operation Net profit from continuing operations	五、按經營持續性分類 持續經營淨利潤		3,933,136	1,810,771
	Classified by ownership Net profit attributable to Shareholders of the parent company	六、按所有權歸屬分類 歸屬於母公司所有者的淨利》	閂	3,595,279	1,173,571
1	Non-controlling interests	少數股東損益		337,857	637,200
VII. I	Earnings per share (RMB/share)	七、每股收益(元/股)			
E	Basic earnings per share	基本每股收益	8	1.24	0.41
[Diluted earnings per share	稀釋每股收益	8	1.24	0.41
	Other comprehensive losses Other comprehensive losses that cannot be reclassified to profit or loss	八、其他綜合虧損 不能重分類進損益的其他綜合 虧損	슼	(27,754)	(182,394)
(Changes in fair value of other equity instrument investments	▲ 175 其他權益工具投資公允價值 變動		94,158	(183,571)
	Income tax impact	所得税影響		(17,589)	
(Other comprehensive losses that will be reclassified to profit or loss	將重分類進損益的其他綜合 虧損			
E	Exchange difference on foreign currency translation	外幣報表折算差額		(91,727)	9,508
	Changes in fair value of receivables financing Provision for credit impairment of receivables financing			(10,850) 1,698	(10,801) 3,310
(Other comprehensive losses attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax	歸屬於少數股東的其他綜合 虧損的税後淨額		(3,444)	(840)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial 後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。 statements.

Consolidated Income Statement 合併利潤表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

				For the	For the
				six months	six months
				ended	ended
				30 June	30 June
				2022	2021
				截至	截至
				二零二二年	二零二一年
				六月三十日止	六月三十日止
				六個月期間	六個月期間
		No	otes	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		B1	付註	(未經審計)	(未經審計)
IX.	Total comprehensive income	九、綜合收益總額		3,905,382	1,628,377
	Among which:	其中:			
	Total comprehensive income attributable to			3,570,969	992,017
	shareholders of the parent company	收益總額		0,010,000	002,011
	Total comprehensive income attributable to	歸屬於少數股東的綜合收益		334,413	636,360
	non-controlling interests	總額			

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial 後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成。 statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity 合併股東權益變動表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

					and a second start and a second se	[股東權益					
				Less:	Other					Non-	Shareholders'
		Share	Capital	Treasury	comprehensive	Special	Surplus	Surplus Undistributed		controlling	equity
		capital	reserve	shares	loss	reserve	reserve	profit	Sub-total	interests	Total
					其他綜合					少數股東	股東權益
		股本	資本公積	减 :庫存股	虧損	專項儲備	盈餘公積	未分配利潤	小	種	막
 Balance at beginning of current period 	本期期初餘額	2,911,143	60,807,219	1	(124,055)	10,369	5,009,088	26,455,907	95,069,671	9,174,538	104,244,209
II. Amount of change in current period Ξ	本期増減變動金額										
	(-)綜合收益總額	1	1	T	(24,310)	I	1 I	3,595,279	3,570,969	334,413	3,905,382
(II) Capital contribution and reduction by Shareholders	(二) 股東投入和減少資本										
1 Capital contributed by shareholders	1 股東投入資本	I	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	178,625	178.625
2 Capital contributed by holders of other	2 其他權益工具持有者	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
equity instruments	投入資本										
Capital reduction by holders of other equity	其他權益工具持有者	T	ı.	T	T	1	T	I	1	1	1
instruments	減少資本										
3 Amount of share-based payment included	3 股份支付計入股東權益	1 I	36,918	1	T	1	1	1	36,918	14,144	51,062
in shareholders' equity	的金額										
4 Others	4	1	11,399	1,809,920	1	1	1	•	(1,798,521)	115,817	(1,682,704)
(III) Profit distribution	(三)利潤分配										
 Appropriation to surplus reserve 	1 提取盈餘公積	1	•	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1
		1	1	1	ı.	1	1	(305,670)	(305,670)	(79,464)	(385,134)
3 Distribution to holders of other equity	3 對其他權益工具持有者	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
instruments	的分配										
(IV) Special reserve	(四) 專現儲備										
Appropriation for the year	本年提取	1	1	1	I	5,474	1	1	5,474	1	5,474
(V) Others	(五)其他										
Repurchase rights of minority shareholders of	子公司少數股東回購權	1	30,200	1	1	1	1	1	30,200	(106,848)	(76,648)
0010000											
III. Closing balances for the Period $\Xi^{\times,\pm}$	本期期末餘額	2,911,143	60,885,736	1,809,920	(148,365)	15,843	5,009,088	29,745,516	96,609,041	9,631,225	106,240,266

截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間(未經審計)

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 (Unaudited)

For the six months ended 30 June 2021 (Unaudited))

截至二零二一年六月三十日止六個月期間(未經審計)

Shareholders' equity attributable to the parent company ※對車船
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					歸屬於母公司股東權益	股東權益					
			Other		Other					Non-	Total
		Share	equity	Capital	comprehensive	Special	Surplus	Surplus Undistributed		controlling	Shareholders'
		capital	instruments	reserve	loss	reserve	reserve	profit	Sub-total	interests	equity
			其他權益		其他綜合					少數股東	股東權益
		股本	ΤĦ	資本公積	虧損	專項儲備	盈餘公積	未分配利潤	/j\≜t	權許	Å≩H
 Balance at beginning of the Period 	一、本期期初餘額	2,728,143	1,094,592	24,698,663	(556,066)	4,086	4,448,300	24,456,556	56,874,274	7,579,638	64,453,912
II. Amount of change of the Period	二、本期增减變動金額										
(I) Total comprehensive income	(一)综合收益總額	I	I	I	(181,554)	I	I	1,173,571	992,017	636,360	1,628,377
(II) Capital contribution and reduction by	(二)股東投入和減少資本										
Shareholders											
1 Capital contribution by Shareholders	1 股東投入資本	133,000	I	24,801,972	I	I	I	I	24,934,972	30,303	24,965,275
2 Capital contribution by holders of other	2 其他權益工具持有者	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
equity instruments	投入資本										
Capital reduction by holders of other equity	其他權益工具持有者	I	(1,094,592)	(5,408)	I	I	I	I	(1,100,000)	I	(1,100,000)
instruments	减少資本										
3 Amount of share-based payment included	3 股份支付計入股東權益	I	I	41,729	I	I	I	I	41,729	15,987	57,716
in shareholders' equity	的金額										
4 Others	4 其他	I	I	22,644	I	I	I	I	22,644	(4,185)	18,459
(III) Profit distribution	(三)利潤分配										
 Appropriation to surplus reserve 	1 提取盈餘公積	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
2 Distribution to shareholders	2 對股東的分配	I	I	I	I	I	I	(423,449)	(423,449)	(185,931)	(609,380)
3 Distribution to holders of other equity	3 對其他權益工具持有者	I	I	I	I	I	I	(61,600)	(61,600)	I	(61,600)
instruments	的分配										
(IV) Special reserve	(四) 專項儲備										
Appropriation for the year	本年提取	I	I	I	I	5,125	I	I	5,125	I	5,125
(V) Others	(五)其他										
Repurchase rights of minority shareholders of	子公司少數股東回購權	I	I	(30,670)	I	I	I	I	(30,670)	(42,059)	(72,729)
subsidiaries											
III. Closing balances for the Period	三、本期期末餘額	2,861,143	1	49,528,930	(737,620)	9,211	4,448,300	25,145,078	81,255,042	8,030,113	89,285,155

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後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成部分

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity 合併股東權益變動表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 合併現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

		Note 附註	For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至 二零二一年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
I.	Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales of goods and provision of services	一、經營活動產生的現金流量: 銷售商品、提供服務收到的 現金	152,837,481	71,626,773
	Tax rebates received Cash received from other activities relating to operations	收 业 收到的税費返還 收到其他與經營活動有關的 現金	4,698,994 2,756,183	1,889,355 3,001,209
	Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities	經營活動現金流入小計	160,292,658	76,517,337
	Cash paid for goods and services	購買商品、接受服務支付的 現金	86,459,497	47,970,468
	Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	支付給職工以及為職工支付的 現金	21,597,732	12,609,241
	Cash paid for various types of taxes Cash paid for other activities relating to operations	支付的各項税費 支付其他與經營活動有關的 現金	5,947,505 3,102,757	3,435,370 2,825,413
	Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities	經營活動現金流出小計	117,107,491	66,840,492
	Net cash flow from operating activities	經營活動產生的現金流量淨額	43,185,167	9,676,845

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 合併現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

				For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年 六月三十日止	For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至 二零二一年 六月三十日止
			Note	六個月期間 (Unaudited)	六個月期間 (Unaudited)
			附註	(未經審計)	(未經審計)
Ш.	Cash flow from investing activities: Cash received from disposal of investments Cash received from gains in investment Net cash received from disposals of subsidiaries and other operating entities Net cash received from disposals of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long- term assets	二、投資活動產生的現金流量: 收回投資收到的現金 取得投資收益收到的現金 處置子公司及其他營業單位 收到的現金淨額 處置固定資產、無形資產和其 他長期資產收回的現金淨額		13,779 45,062 – 182,747	- 121,428 931 119,832
	Cash received from other activities relating to investments	收到其他與投資活動有關的 現金		7,602,965	7,769,956
	Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流入小計		7,844,553	8.012,147
	Cash paid for purchase and construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	購建固定資產、無形資產和其 他長期資產支付的現金		36,128,310	10,407,215
	Cash paid for investments Cash paid for other activities relating to investments	投資支付的現金 支付其他與投資活動有關的 現金		2,463,808 12,060,000	686,428 9,837,332
	Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流出小計		50,652,118	20,930,975
	Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動產生的現金流量淨額		(42,807,565)	(12,918,828)
III.	Cash flows from financing activities: Cash received from capital injection Cash received from borrowings Cash received from other financing activities	三、籌資活動產生的現金流量: 吸收投資收到的現金 取得借款收到的現金 收到的其他與籌資活動有關的 現金		276,625 19,435,013 –	25,061,668 19,414,712 -

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 合併現金流量表

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

			Note 附註	For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至 二零二二年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至 二零二一年 六月三十日止 六個月期間 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
	Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities	籌資活動現金流入小計		19,711,638	44,476,380
(Cash paid for repayment of debts Cash payments for distribution of dividends, profits or interest expenses Including: Interest paid for other equity	償還債務支付的現金 分配股利、利潤或償付利息支 付的現金 其中:支付的其他權益工具利		23,418,888 736,927 –	31,074,093 1,254,811 61,600
(instruments Cash paid for redemption of perpetual bonds	息 贖回永續債支付的現金		-	1,100,000
(Cash paid relating to other financing activities	支付其他與籌資活動有關的現 金		4,558,149	407,953
	Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities	籌資活動現金流出小計		28,713,964	33,836,857
1	Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	籌資活動(使用)/產生的現金 流量淨額		(9,002,326)	10,639,523
IV. I	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	四、匯率變動對現金及現金等價物 的影響		141,750	16,261
	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Add: cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Period	五、現金及現金等價物淨(減少) / 增加額 加:期初現金及現金等價物 餘額		(8,482,974) 49,819,860	7,413,801 13,738,498
VI. (Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Period			41,336,886	21,152,299

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

後附財務報表附註為本財務報表的組成部分。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

BYD Company Limited (the "Company") is a joint stock limited company registered in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The Company's H shares have been listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 31 July 2002. The registered office of the Company is located at Yan An Road, Kuichong, Dapeng District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, the PRC.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises- Basic Standard" issued by the Ministry of Finance and the specific accounting standards, application guidelines, interpretations and other relevant regulations issued and revised thereafter (collectively known as the "ASBE").

The financial statements are prepared on going concern basis. As at 30 June 2022, the Group had net current liabilities of RMB35,361,420 thousand. In view of such circumstances, the management of the Company has given consideration to the future liquidity and financial resources available to the Group, which mainly include the net cash flows generated from the Group's operating activities and sufficient financial credit facilities, in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the management of the Company is of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

1. 公司資料

比亞迪股份有限公司(「本公司」)是在中華人 民共和國(「中國」)登記的股份有限公司。本 公司的H股自二零零二年七月三十一日起在 香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。本公司的註 冊辦事處位於中國廣東省深圳市大鵬新區葵 涌鎮延安路。

2. 編製基礎

本財務報表按照財政部頒佈的《企業會計準則-基本準則》以及其後頒佈及修訂的具體 會計準則、應用指南、解釋以及其他相關規 定(統稱「企業會計準則」)編製。

本財務報表以持續經營為基礎列報。截至二 零二二年六月三十日,本集團淨流動負債為 人民幣35,361,420千元,鑑於這種情況, 本公司管理層在評估本集團是否具備足夠財 務資源以持續經營時,已考慮本集團的未來 流動資金狀況以及可動用的財務資源,主要 包括本集團經營活動產生的現金流量淨額和 擁有充足的金融信貸額度,不會因營運資金 的短缺而面臨有關持續經營方面的問題,因 此,本公司管理層認為以持續經營為基礎編 製本財務報表是適當的。

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3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group, as a lessee, has accounted for all lease-related rent concessions in previous years in accordance with the simplified method under the "Provisions on Accounting Treatment of Rent Concessions Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic". According to the Notice on the Relevant Issues Concerning the Application of the Provisions on Accounting Treatment of Rent Concessions Related to the COVID-19 Pandemic issued in May 2022, the Company continued to adopt a simplified method for rent concessions similar to leases.

According to the "Consultation Conclusions on Acceptance of Mainland Accounting and Auditing Standards and Mainland Audit Firms for Mainland Incorporated Companies Listed in Hong Kong" published by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 10 December 2010 and effective from 15 December 2010 and the relevant amendments to the Listing Rules, Mainland incorporated issuers listed in Hong Kong are allowed to prepare their financial statements in accordance with the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and Mainland audit firms approved by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China and the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "Approved Mainland Audit Firms") are eligible to provide auditing services to these issuers using the China Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises. In view of the above and given that the financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with the CASBE are basically the same as the financial statements prepared in accordance with the HKFRS, at the 20th meeting of the seventh session of the Board held on 29 March 2022, the Board has resolved to prepare only one set of financial statements in accordance with the CASBE for each future financial reporting period commencing from the financial year of 2022. The relevant resolutions were approved by way of ordinary resolutions at the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2022. The Company believes that such adjustment is in compliance with the applicable laws, regulations, regulatory documents and the Articles of Association of the Company, and will not have a material impact on the operating results or financial position of the Company.

3. 會計政策變更

本集團作為承租人,於以前年度對所有租賃 相關的,符合《新冠肺炎疫情相關租金減讓 會計處理規定》條件的租金減讓,按照簡化 方法進行會計處理。本期根據二零二二年五 月發佈的《關於適用〈新冠肺炎疫情相關租金 減讓會計處理規定〉相關問題的通知》,繼續 對類似租賃符合條件的租金減讓採用簡化方 法。

根據香港聯交所於二零一零年十二月十日刊 發,並於二零一零年十二月十五日起生效 的《有關接受在香港上市的內地註冊成立公 司採用內地的會計及審計準則以及聘用內地 會計師事務所的諮詢總結》及上市規則的相 關修訂,在香港上市的內地註冊成立的發行 人獲准許採用中國企業會計準則編製其財務 報表,而經中華人民共和國財政部及中國證 券監督管理委員會核准的內地會計師事務所 (「核准內地會計師事務所」)有資格採用中國 企業會計準則向該等發行人提供審計服務。 鑑於上述情況,以及按照中國企業會計準則 編製的本公司財務報表與按照香港財務報告 準則編製的財務報表基本一致,於二零二二 年三月二十九日舉行的第七屆董事會第二十 次會議上,董事會已決議自二零二二年的財 務年度開始,於每個未來的財務報告期僅按 照中國企業會計準則編製一套財務報表。有 關決議已於二零二二年六月八日舉行的股東 週年大會上以普通決議案方式獲得批准。本 公司認為,該調整符合適用的法律、法規、 規範文件及本公司的公司章程,且將不會對 本公司的經營業績或財務狀況產生重大影 響。

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3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (CONTINUED)

On 29 March 2022, the Board also resolved to (1) cease to appoint Ernst & Young as the international auditor of the Company; and (2) the appointment of Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP (being the Company's existing domestic auditor and one of the approved domestic accounting firms) as the Company's sole external auditor (the "Proposed Cessation of Appointment of International Auditor") for the preparation of the Company's financial statements in accordance with CASBE. The relevant resolutions were approved by way of ordinary resolutions at the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2022. Ernst & Young has confirmed that there are no circumstances in connection with the proposed cessation of appointment of international auditor that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders. The Board and the audit committee of the Company confirmed that there is no disagreement between the Company, the audit committee of the Company and Ernst & Young regarding the proposed cessation of appointment of international auditor. Each of the Board and the audit committee of the Company has further confirmed that it is not aware of any matter in relation to the proposed cessation of appointment of international auditor that needs to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segment

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services. Due to the growth of the electric vehicle business, the increase in correlation between the main business of rechargeable batteries and the electric vehicle business during the Period, the management decided to consolidate the rechargeable batteries and photovoltaic segment with the automobile, automobile-related products and other products segment for the Period. The segment information for the same period of last year was restated on the basis of the current Period. The Group currently has two reportable segments as follows:

 a) the mobile handset components, assembly service and other products segment comprises the manufacture and sale of mobile handset components such as housings, electronic components, the provision of assembly services and medical protection products income.

會計政策變更(續)

於二零二二年三月二十九日,董事會亦決議 (1)不再委聘安永會計師事務所為本公司國 際核數師;及(2)委聘安永華明會計師事務 所(特殊普通合夥)(為本公司現有國內核數 師及核准內地會計師事務所之一)作為本公 司唯一外部核數師(「建議不再委聘國際核 數師」),以便本公司根據中國企業會計準則 編製財務報表。有關決議已於二零二二年六 月八日舉行的股東週年大會上以普通決議案 方式獲得批准。安永會計師事務所已確認概 無有關建議不再委聘國際核數師的情況須提 請股東垂注。董事會及本公司審核委員會確 認,本公司、本公司審核委員會與安永會計 師事務所概無有關建議不再委聘國際核數師 的意見分歧。董事會及本公司審核委員會各 自已進一步確認,並不知悉有關建議不再委 聘國際核數師的任何事宜須提請股東垂注。

4. 分部報告

經營分部

出於管理目的,本集團根據產品和服務劃分 業務單元。電動汽車業務的增長,本期二次 充電電池主要業務和電動汽車業務關聯度增 加,管理層決定本期將二次充電電池及光伏 分部與汽車、汽車相關產品及其他產品分部 合併列示,上年同期的報告分部信息按本期 口徑進行重述。本集團目前有二個報告分 部,分別如下:

a) 手機部件、組裝及其他產品分部包括
 製造和銷售外殼等手機及電子產品部
 件並提供整機組裝服務,防疫物資產
 品收入。

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4. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Operating segment (continued)

b) the automobiles and related products and other products segment comprises the manufacture and sale of automobiles and auto-related molds and components and automobile leasing and after sales services, automobile power batteries, lithium-ion batteries, photovoltaic products and iron battery products ' rail transport related business and medical protection products income.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that gains or losses arising from changes in fair value, finance costs (excluding interest expenses on lease liabilities and exchange gains or losses), non-operating income, other income, losses on disposal of assets, non-operating expenses, investment income (excluding investment income from associates and joint ventures), income from sales of properties and the corresponding costs, as well as administrative expenses incurred by the Company as the Group's head quarter are excluded from such measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, goodwill, financial assets held for trading, other equity instrument investments, other non-current financial assets, investment properties and assets occupied by the Company as the Group's head quarter as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude deferred income tax liabilities, tax payable, other current liabilities, other non-current liabilities, short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings, bonds payable, interest payable and dividends payable in other payables, financial liabilities held for trading and liabilities assumed by the Company as the Group's headquarter as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

4. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

b) 汽車、汽車相關產品及其他產品分部 包括製造和銷售汽車、汽車相關的模 具及零部件、汽車租賃和汽車的售後 服務、汽車動力電池、鋰離子電池、 光伏產品以及鐵電池產品、軌道交通 及其相關業務及防疫物資產品收入。

管理層出於配置資源和評價業績的決策目 的,對各業務單元的經營成果分開進行管 理。分部業績以報告的分部利潤為基礎進行 評價。該指標系對利潤總額進行調整後的指 標,除不包括公允價值變動損益、財務費用 (除租賃負債利息支出和匯兑損益)、營業外 收入、其他收益、資產處置損失、營業外支 出、投資收益(除對聯營企業和合營企業的 投資收益外)、銷售房產收入和對應的成本 以及本公司作為集團總部發生的管理費用之 外,該指標與本集團利潤總額是一致的。

分部資產不包括遞延所得税資產、商譽、交 易性金融資產、其他權益工具投資、其他非 流動金融資產、投資性房地產和本公司作為 集團總部佔用的資產,原因在於這些資產均 由本集團統一管理。

分部負債不包括遞延所得税負債、應交税 費、其他流動負債、其他非流動負債、短期 借款、長期借款、應付債券、其他應付款中 的應付利息和應付股利、交易性金融負債和 本公司作為集團總部而負擔的負債,原因在 於這些負債均由本集團統一管理。

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4. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Operating segment (continued)

4. 分部報告(續)

經營分部(續)

Transfer pricing in operating segments is determined with reference to the agreed price among operating segments.

經營分部間的轉移定價,按照經營分部間的 協議價格制定。

		Mobile			
		handset			
		components,	Automobiles		
		assembly	and related	Adjustments	
		service and	products and	and	
		other products	other products	eliminations	Total
		手機部件、	汽車、	chilling	rotui
For the six months ended 30 June 2022	截至二零二二年六月三十日	組裝及	汽車相關產品		
(unaudited)	止六個月期間(未經審計)	其他產品	及其他產品	調整和抵銷	合計
				LE 021 H1. 21 6.W	<u> </u>
Revenue from external trading	對外交易收入	41,069,650	109,267,418	270,184	150,607,252
Revenue from inter-segment trading	分部間交易收入	2,915,152	1,865,967	(4,781,119)	
		2,010,102	1,000,001	(4,101,110)	
Total		43,984,802	111,133,385	(4,510,935)	150,607,252
Capital expenditure	資本性支出	2,275,406	37,751,788	-	40,027,194
Total profit/(losses)	利潤∕(虧損)總額	674,802	3,856,265	110,414	4,641,481
Income tax expense	所得税費用	56,114	569,730	82,501	708,345
Depreciation and amortization	折舊和攤銷	1,554,151	7,601,059	-	9,155,210
Share of losses of joint ventures and	對合營聯營企業的投資損失	-	404,634	-	404,634
associates					
As at 30 June 2022	截至二零二二年六月三十日				
(Unaudited)	(未經審計)				
Total assets	資產總額	42,792,478	282,791,738	20,358,665	345,942,881
Long-term equity investments in	對合營和聯營企業的長期股權投資	-	8,426,666	-	8,426,666
joint ventures and associates					
Total liabilities	負債總額	19,696,589	186,465,086	33,540,940	239,702,615

4.

Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

SEGMENT REPORTING	(CONTINUED)	4. 🤌	分部報告(續)		
Operating segment (contin	ued)	4	涇營分部(續)		
		Mobile			
		handset			
		components,	Automobiles		
		assembly	and related	Adjustments	
		service and	products and	and	
		other products	other products	eliminations	Total
		手機部件、	汽車、		
For the six months ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日	組裝及	汽車相關產品		
(unaudited)	止六個月期間(未經審計)	其他產品	及其他產品	調整和抵銷	合計
	料は六日店」	10 100 155	17 110 710	000.000	00.005.400
Revenue from external trading	對外交易收入	43,132,455	47,443,742	309,203	90,885,400
Revenue from inter-segment trading	分部間交易收入	1,318,815	1,438,584	(2,757,399)	
Total	合計	44,451,270	48,882,326	(2,448,196)	90,885,400
Capital expenditure	資本性支出	2,589,672	8,542,858	_	11,132,530
Total profit/(losses)	利潤/(虧損)總額	1,245,187	1,718,703	(759,775)	2,204,115
Income tax expense	所得税費用	111,419	282,350	(425)	393,344
Depreciation and amortization	折舊和攤銷	1,292,294	5,103,691	-	6,395,985
Share of losses of joint ventures and associates	對合營聯營企業的投資損失	-	78,358	-	78,358
As at 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年十二月三十一日				
(audited)	(經審計)				
Total assets	資產總額	43,371,219	238,336,286	14,072,642	295,780,147
Long-term equity investments in joint ventures and associates	對合營和聯營企業的長期股權投資	-	7,905,001	-	7,905,001
Total liabilities	負債總額	18,884,526	134,684,981	37,966,431	191,535,938

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4.	SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)	4.	分部報告(續)
	Other information		其他信息
	Geographical information		地區信息
	Operating revenue		營業收入

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日止	六月三十日止
		六個月期間	六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
PRC (including Hong Kong, Macau	中國(包括港澳台地區)	117,224,189	61,455,046
and Taiwan)			
Overseas	境外	33,383,063	29,430,354
		150,607,252	90,885,400

Revenue from external transactions is attributed to the location of customers.

對外交易收入歸屬於客戶所處區域。

Total non-current assets

非流動資產總額

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
PRC (including Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan)	中國(包括港澳台地區)	152,289,849	121,102,905
Overseas	境外	2,605,477	2,269,957
		154,895,326	123,372,862

Non-current assets exclude goodwill, other equity instrument investments, other non-current financial assets, long-term receivables and deferred income tax assets attributed to the region where the assets are located. 非流動資產歸屬於該資產所處區域,不包括 商譽、其他權益工具投資、其他非流動金融 資產、長期應收款和遞延所得税資產。

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4. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

Other information (continued)

Information about major customers

For the six months ended 30 June 2022, operating revenue of RMB17,888,497 thousand (for the six months ended 30 June 2021: RMB16,274,008 thousand) was derived from sales by the handset components, assembly services and other products segment to a single customer.

5. REVENUE AND COST OF OPERATING

分部報告(續) 其他信息(續)

主要客戶信息

營業收入及成本

截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月期間, 營業收入人民幣17,888,497千元(截至二零 二一年六月三十日止六個月期間:人民幣 16,274,008千元)來自手機部件、組裝及其 他產品等分部對某一單個客戶的收入。

		For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止		For the six months ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止	
	六個月	期間	六個月	期間	
		(Unaudited) (未經審計)		(Unaudited) (未經審計)	
	(未經				
	REVENUE	COST	REVENUE	COST	
	收入	成本	收入	成本	
Revenue from principal operations 主營業務收入	146,774,501	127,333,625	87,780,769	77,344,502	
Other operating revenue 其他業務收入	3,832,751	2,931,853	3,104,631	1,940,416	
	150,607,252	130,265,478	90,885,400	79,284,918	

5.

Operating Revenue is as follows:

營業收入列示如下:

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日止	六月三十日止
		六個月期間	六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
Sale of goods and construction services	銷售商品及建造服務	150,395,902	90,204,744
Rendering of services	提供服務	211,350	680,656
		150,607,252	90,885,400

營業收入及成本(續)

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

5. REVENUE AND COST OF OPERATING 5. (CONTINUED)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows:

與客戶之間合同產生的營業收入分解情況如 下:

		Mobile			
		handset			
		components,	Automobiles		
		assembly	and related		
		service	products,		
		and other	and other		
		products*	products*	Others	Total
		手機部件、	汽車、		
January to June 2022 (Unaudited)	二零二二年-至六月(未經審計)	組裝及	汽車相關產品		
Reportable segments	報告分部	其他產品*	及其他產品*	其他	合計
Principal place of operation	主要經營地區				
PRC (including Hong Kong,	中國(包括港澳台地區)	15,062,768	101,891,237	270,184	117,224,189
Macau and Taiwan)					
Overseas	境外	26,006,882	7,376,181	-	33,383,063
		41,069,650	109,267,418	270,184	150,607,252
		, ,			, ,
Major product types	主要產品類型				
Sales of goods and construction	銷售商品及建造服務	41,003,536	109,122,959	269,407	150,395,902
services		41,000,000	100,122,000	200,401	100,000,002
Rendering of services	提供服務	66,114	144,459	777	211,350
		41,069,650	109,267,418	270,184	150,607,252
Timing of revenue recognition	收入確認時間				
Goods transferred at a point in time	在某一時點確認收入	41,003,536	108,532,875	268,788	149,805,199
Service transferred over time	在某一時段內確認收入	66,114	734,543	1,396	802,053
		41,069,650	109,267,418	270,184	150,607,252
		41,003,030	103,207,410	210,104	150,001,252

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

5. REVENUE AND COST OF OPERATING 5. 營業收入及成本(續) (CONTINUED)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is as follows (continued):

與客戶之間合同產生的營業收入分解情況如 下(續):

set ts, Automobiles bly and related ice products her and othe ts* products :、 汽車、 派車、 派車、 品* 及其他產品	d r * Others	Tota
bly and related ice products her and othe ts* products 、 汽車、 泛及 汽車相關產品	d r * Others	Tota
ce products her and othe ts* products 、 汽車、 泛及 汽車相關產品	r * Others	Tota
ner and othe ts* products 、 汽車、 及 汽車相關產品	r * Others	Tota
ts* products 、 汽車、 及 汽車相關產品	* Others	Tota
·		Tota
及 汽車相關產品		
品* 及其他產品		
	* 其他	合計
52 38.853.59	1 309.203	61,455,046
		, ,
.03 8,590,15	1 –	29,430,354
55 17 113 71	2 300 203	90,885,400
44 40 070 07	000.004	00 004 74
46,873,876	5 308,924	90,204,744
	0.70	000.05/
569,866	o 279	680,656
.55 47,443,742	2 309,203	90,885,400
		89,649,868
1,124,742	2 279	1,235,532
.55 47.443.742	2 309.203	90,885,400
	203 8,590,15 155 47,443,742 14 46,873,876 155 47,443,742 14 569,866 155 47,443,742 155 47,443,742 155 47,443,742 155 47,443,742 155 47,443,742 155 47,443,742	203 8,590,151 - 455 47,443,742 309,203 944 46,873,876 308,924 511 569,866 279 455 47,443,742 309,203 944 46,319,000 308,924 511 1,124,742 279

Sales of medical protection products are included in the sales of mobile handset components, assembly service and other products and automobiles and related products and other products. 手機部件、組裝及其他產品和汽車、汽 車相關產品及其他產品的收入金額包括 防疫物資產品。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

5. REVENUE AND COST OF OPERATING 5. (CONTINUED)

Sales of goods

Performing obligations is satisfied when delivering goods to customers. Some contract customers are entitled to rebates, which require estimation of variable consideration and consideration of constraint on the amount of variable consideration.

Construction services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and are billed based on construction progress. The customers usually retain a certain percentage of the retention money, which is usually paid after the expiration of the warranty period.

Rendering of services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and the settlement of the contract price is subject to the agreement in the contract.

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

營業收入及成本(續)

銷售商品

向客戶交付商品時履行履約義務。部分合同 客戶有權享受返利,因此需要估計可變對價 並考慮可變對價金額的限制。

建造服務

在提供服務的時間內履行履約義務,合同價 款通常隨工程進度支付。通常客戶保留一定 比例的質保金,質保金通常在質保期滿後支 付。

提供服務

在提供服務的時間內履行履約義務,合同價 款結算以合同約定為準。

6. 所得税費用

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日止	六月三十日止
		六個月期間	六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
Current income tax expenses	當期所得税費用	1,149,820	290,311
Deferred income tax expenses	遞延所得税費用	(441,475)	103,033
		708,345	393,344

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

The relationship between income tax and total profit is as follows:

6. 所得税費用(續)

所得税費用與利潤總額的關係列示如下:

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日止	六月三十日止
		六個月期間	六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
Total profit	利潤總額	4,641,481	2,204,115
Income tax at the statutory tax rate (Note 1)	按法定税率計算的所得税 <i>(註1)</i>	1,160,370	551,029
Effect of different tax rates applicable to certain subsidiaries	某些子公司適用不同税率的影響	(422,542)	(223,945)
Profit or loss attributable to joint ventures and associates	歸屬於合營企業和聯營企業的損益	24,056	20,156
Non-deductible expenses	不可抵扣的費用	(34,461)	13,411
Tax losses and temporary differences not recognised	未確認的税務虧損及暫時性差異	988,442	545,868
Deductible tax losses utilised from previous years	利用以前年度可抵扣虧損	(397,667)	(174,815)
Effect of changes in tax rate on the balance of deferred income tax at the beginning of the Period	税率變動時對期初遞延所得税餘額 的影響	2,598	_
Super-deduction of research and development expenses	研發費加計扣除	(612,451)	(338,360)
Income tax charge at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團實際税率計算的所得税 費用	708,345	393,344

Note 1: The Group's income tax has been provided at the statutory rate based on the estimated taxable profits arising in the PRC.

註1: 本集團所得税按在中國境內取得的估計 應納税所得額及法定税率計提。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

7.	DIVIDENDS	7. 股息		
			For the	For the
			six months	six months
			ended	ended
			30 June 2022	30 June 2021
			截至	截至
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			六月三十日止	六月三十日止
			六個月期間	六個月期間
			Unaudited	Unaudited
			(未經審計)	(未經審計)
	Final dividend declared – RMB0.105	已宣派末期-每股普通股	305,670	423,449
	(2021: RMB0.148) per ordinary share	人民幣0.105元	,	,
		(二零二一年:人民幣0.148元)		

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE FOR ORDINARY 8. 本公司普通股股東每股收益 SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日止	六月三十日止
		六個月期間	六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
		RMB/share	RMB/share
		人民幣元/股	人民幣元/股
Basic earnings per share	基本每股收益		
Continuing operations	持續經營	1.24	0.41
Diluted earnings per share	稀釋每股收益		
Continuing operations	持續經營	1.24	0.41

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the Period attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, less distribution to holders of other equity instruments by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. The number of newly issued ordinary shares shall be calculated and determined from the date of consideration receivable (generally the date of share issuance) according to the specific terms of the issuance contract. 基本每股收益按照屬於本公司普通股股東的 當期淨利潤,減去對其他權益工具持有者的 分配,除以發行在外的普通股的加權平均數 計算。新發行普通股股數,根據發行合同的 具體條款,從應收對價之日(一般為股票發 行日)起計算確定。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE FOR ORDINARY 8. 本公司普通股股東每股收益(續) SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

基本與稀釋每股收益的具體計算如下:

		For the	For the
		six months	six months
		ended	ended
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		截至	截至
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	六月三十日
		止六個月期間	止六個月期間
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
		(未經審計)	(未經審計)
Revenue	收益		
Net profit for the Period attributable to	歸屬於本公司普通股股東的當期	3,595,279	1,173,571
ordinary shareholders of the Company	淨利潤		
Less: Interest paid to other equity	減去:支付其他權益工具持有者	-	19,274
instrument holders for the Period	的本期利息		
Net profit for the Period for calculating	用以計算基本每股收益的當期	3,595,279	1,154,297
basic earnings per share	淨利潤		
Shares	股份		
Weighted average number of ordinary	本公司發行在外普通股的加權	2,910,225	2,838,976
shares in issue (thousands)	平均數(千股)		
Basic/diluted earnings per share	基本/稀釋每股收益	1.24	0.41

The Company has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

本公司無稀釋性潛在普通股。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. **TRADE RECEIVABLES**

non-interest-bearing.

應收賬款 9.

> 本集團提供給主要客戶的信用期通常為30天 至360天。應收賬款並不計息。

The ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows: 應收賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		30 June	December 31
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Within 1 year	1年以內	25,617,352	21,583,182
1 to 2 years	1年至2年	6,889,584	8,459,056
2 to 3 years	2年至3年	4,086,186	5,184,146
Over 3 years	3年以上	2,910,035	3,179,295
Total	合計	39,503,157	38,405,679
Less: Provision for bad debts of trade receivables	減:應收賬款壞賬準備	2,339,762	2,154,399
		37,163,395	36,251,280

The subsidies of new energy automobiles sales are 上述應收賬款含應收新能源汽車補貼款。 included in the above trade receivables.

The credit terms offered to the major customers of the Group are generally 30 to 360 days. Trade receivables are

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

9. 應收賬款(續)

		30 June 2022 (Unaudited) 二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)			
		Amount of Book balance Percentage (%) bad debts		Percentage of provision (%)	
		脹面餘額 ————————————————————————————————————	比例(%)	壞賬金額	計提比例(%)
Individually assessed expected credit losses provision for bad debts	單項評估預期信用損失計提 壞賬準備	1,016,030	2.57	990,193	97.46
Provision for bad debts based on expected credit losses assessed by credit risk portfolio	按信用風險組合評估預期信用 損失計提壞賬準備	38,487,127	97.43	1,349,569	3.51
		39,503,157	100.00	2,339,762	

		31 December 2021 (audited) 二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)			
		Paalt balance	Dereentage (%)	Amount of bad debts	Percentage of
		BOOK Dalance 賬面餘額	Percentage (%) 比例(%)	bad debts 壞賬金額	provision (%) 計提比例(%)
Individually assessed expected credit losses provision for bad debts	單項評估預期信用損失計提 壞賬準備	959,403	2.50	958,328	99.89
Provision for bad debts based on expected credit losses assessed by credit risk portfolio	按信用風險組合評估預期信用 損失計提壞賬準備	37,446,276	97.50	1,196,071	3.19
		38,405,679	100.00	2,154,399	

應收賬款(續)

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. **TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)**

9.

The Group's trade receivables with provision for bad debts based on credit risk portfolio are as follows:

New energy business

本集團按信用風險組合計提壞賬準備的應收 賬款情況如下:

新能源業務 30 June 2022 (Unaudited) 二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計) **Book** balance of Expected **Credit loss** estimated credit loss throughout the lifetime default rate (%) 估計發生 違約的 預期信用 整個存續 賬面餘額 期間信用損失 損失率(%) Within 1 year (inclusive) 1年以內(含1年) 14,127,301 2.08 293,286 1-2 years (inclusive) 1-2年(含2年) 2.81 188,241 6,694,249 2-3 years (inclusive) 2-3年(含3年) 3,999,715 3.44 137,765 3-4年(含4年) 3-4 years (inclusive) 1,048,160 9.08 95,201 4-5年(含5年) 4-5 years (inclusive) 680,042 33.78 229,730 Over 5 years 5年以上 100.00 64.793 64,793

Note: New energy business includes new energy subsidies

新能源業務含新能源補貼款 註:

1,009,016

26,614,260

非新能源業務

Non-new energy business

30 June 2022 (Unaudited) 二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計) **Book** balance of Expected **Credit loss** estimated credit loss throughout default rate (%) the lifetime 估計發生 違約的 預期信用 整個存續 賬面餘額 損失率(%) 期間信用損失 1年以內(含1年) Within 1 year(inclusive) 11,493,068 0.55 63,004 Over 1 year 1年以上 379,799 277,549 73.08 11,872,867 340,553

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

9. 應收賬款(續)

As at 30 June 2022, the individual provision made for bad debts of trade receivables is as follows:

於二零二二年六月三十日,單項計提壞賬準 備的應收賬款情況如下:

		Book balance 賬面餘額	Provision for bad debts 壞賬準備	Expected credit loss rate (%) 預期信用 損失率%	Reason 計提理由
Customer 1	客戶一	156,202	156,202	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 2	客戶二	110,377	110,377	100.00	Expected to be
Customer 3	客戶三	84,616	84,616	100.00	預計無法收回 Expected to be
			- ,		unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 4	客戶四	74,601	74,601	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 5	客戶五	45,675	45,675	100.00	Customer has gone bankrupt
Other	其他	544,559	518,722	95.26	客戶已破產
Total	合計	1,016,030	990,193		

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

9. 應收賬款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,單項計提壞

As at 31 December 2021, the individual provision made for bad debts of trade receivables is as follows:

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,單項計提壞 賬準備的應收賬款情況如下:

		Book balance 賬面餘額	Provision for bad debts 壞賬準備	Expected credit loss rate (%) 預期信用 損失率%	Reason 計提理由
Customer 1	客戶一	156,202	156,202	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 2	客戶二	110,377	110,377	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 3	客戶三	84,616	84,616	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 4	客戶四	74,601	74,601	100.00	Expected to be unrecoverable 預計無法收回
Customer 5	客戶五	43,371	43,371	100.00	Customer has gone bankrupt 客戶已破產
Other	其他	490,236	489,161	99.78	
Total	合計	959,403	958,328		

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The movements of provision for bad debts are as follows:

應收賬款壞賬準備的變動如下:

應收賬款(續)

9.

		Balance at beginning of the Period/year 期/年 初餘額	Charge for the Period/year 本期/年 計提	Reversal for the Period/year 本期/年 轉回	Write-off during the Period/year 本期/年 轉銷	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations 外幣報表 折算差額	Balance at the end of the Period/year 期/年 末餘額
30 June 2022 (Unaudited)	二零二二年六月三十日 (未經審計)	2,154,399	369,154	(183,780)	(824)	813	2,339,762
31 December 2021 (Audited)	二零二一年 十二月三十一日 (經審計)	2,022,239	659,617	(194,928)	(322,937)	(9,592)	2,154,399

There was no significant change in the balance of provision for bad debts of trade receivables during the Period. (2021: There was no significant change in the balance of provision for bad debts of trade receivables during the year.) 本期應收賬款壞賬準備餘額無重大變動。 (二零二一年:本年應收賬款壞賬準備餘額 無重大變動。)

For the Period ended 30 June 2022, there was no significant reversal or recovery of trade receivables.

In 2021, there was no significant reversal or recovery of trade receivables.

於截至二零二二年六月三十日期間,無重大 應收賬款轉回或收回情況。

於二零二一年度,無重大應收賬款轉回或收 回情況。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

In the ordinary course of business, the Group transfers part of its trade receivables to financial institutions on a nonrecourse basis for short-term financing needs, and enters into non-recourse trade receivables factoring agreements (hereinafter referred to as "trade receivables factoring") with financial institutions. Under certain trade receivables factoring agreements, the Group is not required to bear the risk of default and delay in repayment of the debtors after the transfer of trade receivables and all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred trade receivables. The condition of derecognition of financial assets is met. The Group derecognises the trade receivables under such factoring agreements at their carrying amounts. As at 30 June 2022, the carrying amount of trade receivables transferred under the relevant factoring agreements was RMB10,799,944 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB20,227,834 thousand), and the loss related to derecognition was RMB11,267 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB88,765 thousand), which was recorded in investment loss.

As at 30 June 2022, the top five trade receivables amounts are as follows:

9. 應收賬款(續)

本集團在日常業務中因短期融資需求將部分 應收賬款以無追索權方式轉讓予金融機構, 與金融機構訂立無追索權的應收賬款保理協 議(以下簡稱「應收賬款保理」)。在若干應收 賬款保理協議下,本集團不需要承擔應收賬 款轉讓後的債務人違約風險和延遲還款風險 以及已轉移應收賬款所有權之所有的風險和 報酬,符合金融資產終止確認條件,本集團 對該保理協議下的應收賬款按照賬面價值終 止確認。於二零二二年六月三十日相關保理 協議下已轉讓的應收賬款賬面價值為人民幣 10,799,944千元(二零二一年十二月三十一 日:人民幣20.227.834千元),與終止確認 相關的損失為人民幣11.267千元(二零二一 年十二月三十一日:人民幣88,765千元), 計入投資損失。

於二零二二年六月三十日,應收賬款金額前 五名如下:

		Amount 金額	for bad debts	Percentage of total trade receivables (%) 佔應收賬款 總額的比例(%)
			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	MC HR HJ LO [/] (/0)
The largest customer in balance of trade receivables	應收賬款餘額第一大客戶	1,045,351	2,195	2.65
The second largest customer in balance of trade receivables	應收賬款餘額第二大客戶	984,781	5,219	2.49
The third largest customer in balance of trade receivables	應收賬款餘額第三大客戶	951,196	2,827	2.41
The fourth largest customer in balance of trade receivables	應收賬款餘額第四大客戶	898,450	163,544	2.27
The fifth largest customer in balance of trade receivables	應收賬款餘額第五大客戶	739,736	1,554	1.87
		4,619,514	175,339	11.69

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 9. TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2021, the top five trade receivables amounts are as follows:

### 9. 應收賬款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收賬款金 額前五名如下:

				Percentage
			Provision	of total trade
			for bad	receivables
		Amount	debts	(%)
				佔應收賬款
		金額	壞賬準備金額	總額的比例(%)
The largest customer in balance of	應收賬款餘額第一大客戶	1,681,861	3,018	4.38
trade receivables	愿收照承际做为 八谷厂	1,001,001	3,010	4.30
The second largest customer in	應收賬款餘額第二大客戶	1,004,093	90,244	2.61
balance of trade receivables The third largest customer in	應收賬款餘額第三大客戶	909,654	1,946	2.37
balance of trade receivables			1,010	2.01
The fourth largest customer in	應收賬款餘額第四大客戶	774,734	36,556	2.02
balance of trade receivables				
The fifth largest customer in	應收賬款餘額第五大客戶	652,613	18,863	1.70
balance of trade receivables				
		5,022,955	150,627	13.08

### 10. BILLS PAYABLES

### 10. 應付票據

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Commercial acceptance bills	商業承兑匯票	1,219,770	609,650
Bank acceptance bills	銀行承兑匯票	1,727,186	6,721,809
		2,946,956	7,331,459

As at 30 June 2022, the outstanding balance of notes payable due was RMB17,783 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB20,330 thousand).

於二零二二年六月三十日,到期未付的應付 票據餘額為人民幣17,783千元(二零二一年 十二月三十一日:人民幣20,330千元)。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### **11. TRADE PAYABLES**

### 11. 應付賬款

The ageing analysis of the trade payables is as follows:

應付賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Within one year	1年以內	92,335,136	72,474,615
1 to 2 years	1年至2年	305,197	269,207
2 to 3 years	2年至3年	296,071	212,844
Over 3 years	3年以上	151,582	203,501
		93,087,986	73,160,167

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled within six months.

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group had no significant trade payables aged over one year.

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

The registered and paid-in capital of the Company is analysed as follows:

應付賬款不計息,並通常在六個月內清償。

於二零二二年六月三十日及二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本集團無賬齡超過1年的重要 應付賬款。

### 12. 股本

本公司註冊及實收股本分析如下:

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Registered and paid-in capital	註冊及實收股本	2,911,143	2,911,143
Nominal value per share	每股面值	1 yuan	1 yuan
		1元	1元

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The class and structure of shares are as follows:

### 30 June 2022 (Unaudited)

12. 股本(續)

股份種類及其結構如下:

### 二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)

			Number of shares increased (decreased) in the year 本年増(減)股數			
		Number of shares at the beginning of the year 年初股數	Non-public offering 非公開發行	Others 其他	Number of shares at the end of the year 年末股數	
Restricted shares Shares held by domestic natural persons	有限售條件股份 境內自然人持股	658,084,620	-	(9,706,369)	648,378,251	
Total restricted shares	有限售條件股份合計	658,084,620	-	(9,706,369)	648,378,251	
Non-restricted shares RMB ordinary shares Foreign shares listed overseas	無限售條件股份 人民幣普通股 境外上市的外資股	1,155,058,235 1,098,000,000	- -	9,706,369 –	1,164,764,604 1,098,000,000	
Total non-restricted shares	無限售條件股份合計	2,253,058,235		9,706,369	2,262,764,604	
Total number of shares	股份總數	2,911,142,855	-	_	2,911,142,855	

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

12. 股本(續)

二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)

31 December 2	021 (Audited)

			Number of shares increased (decreased) in the year 本年増(減)股數		_	
		Number of shares at the beginning of the year 年初股數	Non-public offering 非公開發行	Others 其他	Number of shares at the end of the year 年末股數	
Restricted shares Shares held by domestic natural persons	有限售條件股份 境內自然人持股	667,149,897	_	(9,065,277)	658,084,620	
Total restricted shares	有限售條件股份合計	667,149,897	_	(9,065,277)	658,084,620	
Non-restricted shares RMB ordinary shares Foreign shares listed overseas	無限售條件股份 人民幣普通股 境外上市的外資股	1,145,992,958 915,000,000	- 183,000,000	9,065,277 _	1,155,058,235 1,098,000,000	
Total non-restricted shares	無限售條件股份合計	2,060,992,958	183,000,000	9,065,277	2,253,058,235	
Total number of shares	股份總數	2,728,142,855	183,000,000	_	2,911,142,855	

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS 13.

### 股份支付 13. 1.

概況

### 1. Overview

Equity-settled share-based payments are as follows:

### 以權益結算的股份支付如下:

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Accumulated balance of equity-settled share-based payments credited to capital reserve	以權益結算的股份支付計入 資本公積的累計餘額	241,749	190,687
Total expenses recognised for equity-settled share-based payments in the Period/year	本期/年以權益結算的股份 支付確認的費用總額	51,062	116,389

#### 2. Share-based payment plan

On 10 May 2021 and 16 June 2021, the Company convened the 11th meeting of the seventh session of the Board and the extraordinary general meeting, respectively, at which the Resolution on the Proposed Implementation of the Equity Incentive Scheme of BYD Semiconductor Company Limited was considered and approved, and the adoption of the 2020 Share Option Incentive Scheme of BYD Semiconductor Company Limited (the "Subsidiary Share Option Scheme") was approved. The Subsidiary Share Option Scheme granted 33,088,200 share options to 36 incentive participants including directors (excluding independent non-executive directors), senior management and core personnel (excluding supervisors) of BYD Semiconductor, representing 7.353% of the then registered capital of BYD Semiconductor.

### 股份支付計劃 2.

二零二一年五月十日及二零二一年六 月十六日,本公司分別召開第七屆董 事會第十一次會議及臨時股東大會, 審議通過了《關於比亞迪半導體股份 有限公司擬實施股權激勵計劃的議 案》,批准採納比亞迪半導體股份有 限公司二零二零年股權期權激勵計 劃(「子公司股權期權計劃」)。子公 司股權期權計劃向包括比亞迪半導體 的董事(不包括獨立非執行董事)、 高級管理人員、核心骨幹人員(但不 包括監事)在內的36個激勵對象授予 3308.82萬份股權期權,佔比亞迪半 導體當時註冊資本的比例為7.353%。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 2. Share-based payment plan (continued)

The Share Options granted under the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme shall be exercised in three tranches, and the corresponding vesting periods shall be 24 months, 36 months and 48 months from the Date of Grant, respectively. The share options granted shall commence from the date of grant and shall be exercised in tranches during the following three exercise periods. For the first, second and third exercise periods, 30%, 30% and 40% of the share options are exercisable subject to the satisfaction of performance conditions. The exercise price is RMB5 per share. Options which fail to obtain the right to exercise due to failure to meet the performance conditions or those which have not been exercised in the current period after the end of the exercise period shall become null and void and be repurchased without consideration and cancelled by BYD Semiconductor.

Performance indicators for the exercise of share options include:

- (1) Revenue from operations;
- (2) Net profit.

### 13. 股份支付(續)

**2.** 股份支付計劃(續)

本次子公司股權期權計劃授予的股權 期權分三次行權,對應的等待期分別 為自授予日起24個月、36個月、48 個月。授予的股權期權於授予日開 始,在之後的三個行權期分次行權。 第一、第二和第三個行權期分別有 30%、30%、40%的期權在滿足業績 條件前提下獲得可行權的權利。行權 價格為5元人民幣/股,未滿足業績 條件而未能獲得行權權利的期權或者 行權期結束後當期未行權的股權期權 將立刻作廢,由比亞迪半導體無償收 回並統一註銷。

股權期權行權的業績指標包括:

- (1) 營業收入;
- (2) 淨利潤。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 2. Share-based payment plan (continued)

Specific conditions for each exercise period of the Share Options granted:

### 13. 股份支付(續)

### 2. 股份支付計劃(續)

授予的股權期權各行權期可行權的具 體條件:

	Exercise			
Exercise period 行權期	<b>proportion</b> 行權比例	Exercise time 行權時間	Exercise conditions 行權條件	
First exercise period ("Phase I")	30%	2022.5.12- 2023.5.11	The growth rate of revenue and net profit for the accounting year prior to the exercise date of the first exercise period shall not be less than 20% as compared with the previous year	
第一個行權期 (「第一期」)			第一個行權期可行權日前一會計年 度的營業收入和淨利潤較上一年 度的增長率不低於20%	
Second exercise period ("Phase II") 第二個行權期	30%	2023.5.12- 2024.5.11	The growth rate of operating revenue and net profit for the accounting year prior to the exercise date of the second exercise period shall not be less than 20% as compared with the previous year 第二個行權期可行權日前一會計年	
(「第二期」)			度的營業收入和淨利潤較上一年 度的增長率不低於20%	
Third exercise period ("Phase III")	40%	2024.5.12- 2025.5.12	The growth rate of operating revenue and net profit for the accounting year prior to the exercise date of the third exercise period shall not be less than 20% as compared with the previous year	
第三個行權期 (「第三期」)			第三個行權期可行權日前一會計年 度的營業收入和淨利潤較上一年 度的增長率不低於20%	

股份支付計劃(續)

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### 13. 股份支付(續)

2.

#### 2. Share-based payment plan (continued)

The appraised value of the equity-settled share options granted was RMB337,098 thousand. Among them, the Group recognised a share option expense of RMB51,062 thousand in the Period (January to June 2021: RMB57,716). The appraised value of the Share Options on the Date of Grant is estimated using the binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the Share Options were granted. The following table lists the input variables to the model used:

授予的以權益結算的股權期權的評估 價值為人民幣337,098千元。其中本 集團於本期確認的股權期權費用為人 民幣51,062千元(二零二一年一至六 月:人民幣57,716元)。股權期權於 授予日的評估價值,採用二項式模 型,結合授予股權期權的條款和條 件,作出估計。下表列示了所用模型 的輸入變量:

價值未考慮所授予股權期權的

其他特徵。

Exercise period	行權期	(Phase I) 第一期	, , , ,				
Expected volatility	預計波動率	52.80%	51.99%	57.88%			
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率 1.60%		1.81%	2.02%			
Expected volatility is an on the future trend refle volatility, and hence may		能反映出未來	基於歷史波動率 趨勢的假設,但 際的結果。公允				

on the future trend reflected by historical volatility, and hence may not be the actual result. No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 2. Share-based payment plan (continued)

Pursuant to the Subsidiary Share Option Scheme. if the Company is converted into a joint stock company, the number and exercise price of the share options will be adjusted according to the proportion of the number of shares after the conversion. On 3 December 2020, the first session of the board of directors of BYD Semiconductor passed the Resolution in relation to the Company's Adjustment on the 2020 Share Option Incentive Scheme and the Implementation, Assessment and Management Measures of the Share Option Incentive Scheme (《關於調整公司二零二零年股權期 權激勵計劃和股權期權激勵計劃實施考核管理辦法的議 案》), which adjusted the First Share Option Incentive Scheme implemented by BYD Semiconductor Co., Ltd. The resolution changed the number of share options granted to employees from "30,019,760" to "33,088,235" and the exercise price of the share options from "RMB5.00/per yuan" to "RMB4.54/ per share" according to the movement in the percentage of shares converted based on the BYD Semiconductor conversion into a joint stock company.

## **13.** 股份支付(續)

### **2.** 股份支付計劃(續)

子公司股權期權計劃約定如公司改制 為股份公司,將根據股份制改制後的 股數比例對期權數量及行權價格進 行調整。二零二零年十二月三日, 比亞迪半導體第一屆董事會決議通 過了《關於調整公司二零二零年股權 期權激勵計劃和股權期權激勵計劃實 施考核管理辦法的議案》,該議案對 比亞迪半導體有限公司實施的首次股 權激勵計劃進行了調整。該議案根據 比亞迪半導體股份制改制的股數變動 比例,將授予員工的股權期權數量由 「30,019,760份」 變更為 [33,088,235 股」,並將期權的行權價格由「5.00 元/每1元出資」變更為「4.54元/ 每股丨。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

# Contingent liabilities arising from pending litigation or arbitration and its financial impact

#### Action against Foxconn

On 11 June 2007, a Hong Kong High Court (the "Court") action (the "June 2007 Action") was commenced by a subsidiary of Foxconn International Holdings Limited and a company jointly controlled by its ultimate holding company (the "Plaintiffs") against the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Group (the "Defendants") for using confidential information alleged to have been obtained improperly from the Plaintiffs. The Plaintiffs discontinued the June 2007 Action on 5 October 2007 without any liability to the Defendants. On the same day, the Plaintiffs initiated a new set of legal proceedings in the Hong Kong High Court (the "October 2007 Action"). The Defendants named in the October 2007 Action are the same as the Defendants in the June 2007 Action, and the claims made by the Plaintiffs in the October 2007 Action are based on the same facts and grounds in the June 2007 Action. The remedies sought by the Plaintiffs in the October 2007 Action include an injunction restraining the Defendants from using the alleged confidential information, an order for the disgorgement of profit made by the Defendants through the use of the confidential information, damages based on the loss suffered by the Plaintiffs and exemplary damages. The total damages sought by the Plaintiffs in the October 2007 Action have not been guantified. On 2 October 2009, the Defendants instituted a counter-action against Foxconn International Holdings Limited and certain of its subsidiaries for their intervention, by means of illegal measures, in the operations involving the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, collusion, written and verbal defamation, and the economic loss as a result of the said activities since 2006.

As at the reporting date, the case remains in the process of legal proceedings. With the assistance of the legal adviser responsible for the case on behalf of the Company, the Board is of the view that the estimate ultimate outcome and amount to settle the obligation, if any, of the litigation cannot be made reliably up to date.

### 14. 或有負債

未決訴訟或仲裁形成的或有負債及其財務 影響

#### 富士康訴訟案件

於二零零七年六月十一日,富士康國際控股 有限公司旗下一間下屬子公司及一間與其同 受最終控股公司控制的公司(「原告」) 向香 港高等法院(「法院」)展開訴訟(「二零零七 年六月訴訟」),指控本公司及本集團若干下 屬子公司(「被告」) 使用指稱自原告處非法 獲得的機密資料。原告已於二零零七年十月 五日停止二零零七年六月訴訟,針對被告的 二零零七年六月訴訟被全面撤銷,同時該訴 訟未判令被告承擔任何責任。同日,原告向 香港高等法院提起新一輪的法律程序(「二 零零七年十月訴訟」)。二零零七年十月訴訟 的被告與二零零七年六月訴訟的被告相同, 且原告在二零零七年十月訴訟中提出的申索 均基於二零零七年六月訴訟中的相同事實及 理由。原告在二零零七年十月訴訟中提出的 補救方法包括強令禁止被告使用有關機密資 料、強令被告交出因使用機密資料所獲得的 利潤以及賠償原告遭受的損失及支付懲罰性 賠償金。原告在二零零七年十月訴訟中主張 的賠償金總金額尚未確定。二零零九年十月 二日,被告對富士康國際控股有限公司及其 某些附屬子公司提起反訴,對該等公司自二 零零六年以來利用不合法手段干涉本公司及 控股子公司的經營、共謀行為、書面及口頭 誹謗,導致經濟損失的行為提出訴訟請求。

截至本報告日,該案件仍在訴訟程序中。在 代表本公司負責該案件的法律顧問協助下, 董事會認為,該訴訟的最終結果及賠償義務 (如有)不能可靠的估計。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The contingent liabilities arising from the guarantee provided by the Group and its financial impact are as follows:

### 14. 或有負債(續)

本集團提供擔保形成的或有負債及其財務影 響列示如下:

	30 June	31 December
	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	六月三十日	十二月三十一日
	(unaudited)	(audited)
	(未經審計)	(經審計)
Guarantees that the Company can provide 就授予子公司的融資能夠向銀行 to banks for financing granted to 提供的擔保 subsidiaries	106,288,723	104,692,731
	106,288,723	104,692,731

As at 30 June 2022, the actual guarantees provided by the Company for its subsidiaries and related parties were RMB31,821,132 thousand and RMB8,073,224 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB26,780,940 thousand and RMB3,706,128 thousand). 於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司為其 子公司及關聯方實際提供的擔保為人民 幣31,821,132千元及人民幣8,073,224千 元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:人民幣 26,780,940千元及人民幣3,706,128千元)。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The Group entered into cooperation contracts and documents with certain customers (including end customers) and third parties or related financial institutions. According to the arrangements of the relevant cooperation contracts and documents, the Company undertakes repurchase obligations to these financial institutions. If a customer defaults or specific conditions stipulated in the contract occur, the Company inherits all the creditor's rights and related interests, and has the right to take relief measures such as recovery and sale of new energy vehicles to repay the remaining debts owed by the customer to the financing institution, and reserves the right to claim the remaining creditor's rights. Management believes that the recovered assets can be sold, and the proceeds of the sale will basically cover the remaining arrears to the financing institutions. As at 30 June 2022, the Group's maximum exposure to these obligations was RMB4,766,512 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB6,409,637 thousand), and there was no customer default or specific conditions as stipulated in the contracts which the Company was required to make any payment.

The Group recognised a loss allowance of RMB14,035 thousand (2021: RMB14,035 thousand) for financial guarantee contracts based on expected credit losses.

### 14. 或有負債(續)

本集團與某些客戶(含終端客戶)及第三方或 關聯融資機構簽訂合作合同及文件,根據相 關合作合同及文件的安排,本公司向該等融 資機構承擔回購義務,若客戶違約或發生合 同約定的特定條件,本公司繼承全部債權以 及相關權益,並有權自行採取收回並變賣新 能源汽車等救濟措施,以償付客戶對融資機 構的剩餘欠款,並保留任何對剩餘欠款債權 餘額進行追索的權利。管理層認為,收回的 資產能夠變賣,而變賣收入基本能夠支付對 融資機構的剩餘欠款。截至二零二二年六月 三十日,本集團對該等義務的最大敞口為人 民幣4.766.512千元(二零二一年十二月三十 一日:人民幣6,409,637千元),且未發生因 客戶違約或合同約定的特定條件而令本公司 需予以支付任何款項的情況。

本集團以預期信用損失為基礎,對財務擔保 合同進行減值處理並確認損失準備人民幣 14,035千元(二零二一年:人民幣14,035千 元)。

### **15. COMMITMENTS**

#### 15. 承諾事項

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(unaudited)	(audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Contracted, but not provided for	已簽約但未撥備		
Capital commitments	資本承諾	34,866,912	21,094,499
Investment commitments	投資承諾	876,542	892,582
		35,743,454	21,987,081

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

# (1) Related party transactions of goods and services

Sales of goods and rendering of services to related parties

### 16. 關聯交易

### (1) 關聯方商品及勞務交易

向關聯方銷售商品及提供勞務

	Details of transactions 關聯交易內容	January-June 2022 二零二二年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	January-June 2021 二零二一年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd. 深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	240,971	580,114
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. 天津比亞迪汽車有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	191	2,195
Shenzhen BYD Electric Vehicle Investment Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries 深圳比亞迪電動汽車投資有限公司及其子公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	10,510	5,820
Shenzhen BYD International Financial Lease Co., Ltd. 深圳比亞迪國際融資租賃有限公司	Rendering of services 提供勞務	13	33
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd. 比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	206,856	60,666
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	439	12,766
Guangzhou Guang Qi BYD New Energy Bus Co., Ltd. 廣州廣汽比亞迪新能源客車有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	2,723	329,253
Shenzhen Didi New Energy Vehicle Technology Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries 深圳市迪滴新能源汽車科技有限公司及其子公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	4,599	49,090
Shenzhen Energy Sales & Service Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries 深電能科技集團有限公司及其子公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	1,814	5,981
Xi'an Infrastructure Yadi Automobile Service Co., Ltd. 西安城投亞迪汽車服務有限責任公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	17	18
Shenzhen Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries 深圳佛吉亞汽車部件有限公司及其子公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	155,944	101,224
Shenzhen UBTECH Robotics Co., Ltd. 深圳市優必選科技股份有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	240	308

(1)

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

## (1) Related party transactions of goods and services (continued)

關聯方商品及勞務交易(續)

向關聯方銷售商品及提供勞務(續)

663,164

2,799,277

Sales of goods and rendering of services to related parties (continued)

	Details of transactions 關聯交易內容	January-June 2022 二零二二年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	January-June 2021 二零二一年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
Beijing Hualin Loading Co., Ltd. 北京華林特裝車有限公司	Sales of goods 出售商品	367	15,580
Yinchuan Sky Rail Operation Co., Ltd. 銀川雲軌運營有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	-	6,449
Tianjin Hongdi Financial Lease Co., Ltd. 天津宏迪融資租賃有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	39	35,422
Meihao Travel (Hangzhou) Automotive Technology Co., Ltd. 美好出行(杭州)汽車科技有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	26,246	1,591,222
BYD TOYOTA EV Technology Co., Ltd. 比亞迪豐田電動車科技有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	1,249	1,428
Dongguan Tec-Rich Engineering Co., Ltd. 東莞市德瑞精密設備有限公司	Rendering of services 提供勞務	6	4
Youngy Investment Holding Group Co., Ltd. 融捷投資控股集團有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	9	1
ONYX International inc. Co., Ltd. 廣州文石信息科技有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	752	1,698
Shenzhen Zhengxuan Prospective Venture Capital Co., Ltd. 深圳市正軒前贍創業投資有限公司	Sales of goods 出售商品	-	5
Shenzhen Microgrid Digital Technology Co., Ltd. 深圳市微網數電科技有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	9,849	-
Shenzhen Dipai Zhixing Technology Co., Ltd. 深圳市迪派智行科技有限公司	Sales of goods and rendering of services 出售商品和提供勞務	330	_
		000.404	0 700 077

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續)

### (CONTINUED)

(1) Related party transactions of goods and services (continued)

#### (1) 關聯方商品及勞務交易(續)

向關聯方採購商品和接受勞務

Purchase of goods and accepting service from related parties

	Details of transactions 關聯交易內容	January-June 2022 二零二二年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	January-June 2021 二零二一年一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. 天津比亞迪汽車有限公司	Purchase of goods and accepting service 採購商品和接受勞務	15,596	273
Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd. 深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司	Purchase of goods and accepting service 採購商品和接受勞務	190	231
Beijing Easpring Material Technology Co., Ltd. 北京當升材料科技股份有限公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	-	190,615
Guangzhou Guang Qi BYD New Energy Bus Co., Ltd. 廣州廣汽比亞迪新能源客車有限公司	Purchase of goods and accepting service 採購商品和接受勞務	29,428	385,824
Shenzhen Energy Sales & Service Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries 深電能科技集團有限公司及其子公司	Accepting service 接受勞務	5	3,809
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd. 比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	Accepting service 接受勞務	188,200	93,466
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co.,Ltd 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	Accepting service 接受勞務	325	208
Shenzhen Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries 深圳佛吉亞汽車部件有限公司及其子公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	2,362,462	974,018

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

(1) Related party transactions of goods and (1) services (continued)

向關聯方採購商品和接受勞務(續)

關聯方商品及勞務交易(續)

Purchase of goods and accepting service from related parties (continued)

		January-June 2022 二零二二年一至六月	January-June 2021 二零二一年一至六月
	Details of transactions 關聯交易內容	<b>(Unaudited)</b> (未經審計)	(Unaudited) (未經審計)
Shenzhen BYD Electric Vehicle Investment Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries 深圳比亞迪電動汽車投資有限公司及其子公司	Accepting service and purchase of fuel and power such as water, electricity and gas 接受勞務及購買水電燃氣等燃料和動力	1,381	1,438
Chengdu Youngy Lithium Technology Co., Ltd 成都融捷鋰業科技有限公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	86,137	-
Sichuan Changhe Huali Technology Co., Ltd. 四川長和華鲤科技有限公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	202,028	97,026
Dongguan Tec-Rich Engineering Co., Ltd. 東莞市德瑞精密設備有限公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	144	284
Shenzhen Pagoda Industrial (Group) Corporation Limited 深圳百果園實業(集團)股份有限公司	Purchase of goods 採購商品	-	139
		2,885,896	1,747,331

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續)

### (CONTINUED)

- (2) Leases with related parties
  - As lessees

(2) 關聯方租賃

作為承租人

二零二二年一至六月(未經審計)

January-June 2022 (Unaudited)

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assets       approach 簡化處理的       liabilities       paid       liabilities       asset         短期租賃和       未納入       近期租賃和       未納入       低價值資產       租賃負債       承擔的         租賃資產       租賃負產       租賃負債       承擔的           租賃資產       租賃約       計量的可變       支付的       租賃負債       増加         種類       租金費用       租賃付款額       租金       利息支出       使用權資         Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd.       Housing       -       -       1,666       111         Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.       Housing       -       -       733       78		Type of	assets with	measurement		expenses	Additions to
簡化處理的 短期租賃和未納入 低價值資產承擔的 租賃資產租賃資產租賃負債承擔的 		leased	simplified	of lease	Rental	on lease	right-of-use
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低價值資產 租賃資產 租賃資產 租賃 租賃 計量的可變 租赁有數 租賃 租金 租金 租金 租金租賃負債 增加 增加        			簡化處理的				
租賃資產 種類租賃的 租金費用計量的可變 租賃付款額支付的 租賃 租賃 租息支出租賃負債 増加 使用權資Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司Housing 房屋1,666111Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.Housing ・73378			短期租賃和	未納入			
種類<租金費用租賃付款額租金利息支出使用權資Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd.Housing 房屋1,666111Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.Housing 日ousing73378			低價值資產	租賃負債		承擔的	
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. Housing 1,666 111 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司 Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. Housing 733 78		租賃資產	租賃的	計量的可變	支付的	租賃負債	增加的
杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司 房屋 Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. Housing 733 78		種類	租金費用	租賃付款額	租金	利息支出	使用權資產
杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司 房屋 Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. Housing 733 78							
杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司 房屋 Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. Housing 733 78	Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd.	Housing	-	_	1.666	111	_
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. Housing – – 733 78		-			,		
	Tianiin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.	Housing	-	_	733	78	_
		-					
Xi'an Infrastructure Yadi Automobile Service Co., Ltd. Equipment 19 -	Xi'an Infrastructure Yadi Automobile Service Co., Ltd.	Equipment	-	-	19	-	-
西安城投亞迪汽車服務有限責任公司 設備	西安城投亞迪汽車服務有限責任公司	設備					
2,418 189			_	_	2,418	189	_

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

二零二一年一至六月(未經審計)

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續)

### (CONTINUED)

- (2) Leases with related parties (continued)
  - As lessees (continued)

(2) 關聯方租賃(續)

作為承租人(續)

January-June 2021 (Unaudited)

		Lease				
		payments for	Variable			
		short-term	lease			
		leases and	payments			
		leases of	not included			
		low-value	in the		Interest	
	Type of	assets with	measurement		expenses	Additions to
	leased	simplified	of lease	Rental	on lease	right-of-use
	assets	approach 簡化處理的	liabilities	paid	liabilities	assets
		短期租賃和	未納入			
		低價值資產	租賃負債		承擔的	
	租賃資產	租賃的	計量的可變	支付的	租賃負債	增加的
	種類	租金費用	租賃付款額	租金	利息支出	使用權資產
Shenzhen BYD International Financial Lease Co., Ltd. 深圳比亞迪國際融資租賃有限公司	Equipment 設備	454,960	-	514,104	-	-
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	Housing 房屋	-	-	3,371	213	-
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd. 天津比亞迪汽車有限公司	Housing 房屋	-	-	1,274	120	-
Xi'an Infrastructure Yadi Automobile Service Co., Ltd. 西安城投亞迪汽車服務有限責任公司	Equipment 設備	-	-	19	2	-
		454,960	-	518,768	335	-

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續)

### (CONTINUED)

- (3) **Providing guarantees to related parties** 
  - Loan guarantees

30 June 2022 (unaudited)

(3) 為關聯方提供擔保

借款擔保

二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)

	Guarantee amount 擔保金額	Commencement date of guarantee 擔保起始日	Maturity date of guarantee 擔保到期日	Whether guarantee has been performed 擔保是否 履行完畢
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd. 比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	7,366,650	<b>30 August 2021-</b> 24 June 2022 二零二一年 八月三十日至 二零二二年 六月二十四日	二零二六年	No 否
Tianjin Hongdi Financial Lease Co., Ltd. 天津宏迪融資租賃有限公司	639,737	<b>30 June 2022</b> 二零二二年 六月三十日	<b>N/A</b> 不適用	No 否
China Metallurgical New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. 中冶瑞木新能源科技有限公司	58,750	<b>11 January 2019</b> 二零一九年 一月十一日	<b>4 April 2030</b> 二零三零年四月四日	No 否
Hubei Energy Storage Co., Ltd. 儲能電站(湖北)有限公司	8,087	<b>1 February 2019</b> 二零一九年二月一日	<b>1 February 2026</b> 二零二六年二月一日	No 否

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### **RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS** 16. 關聯交易(續) 16. (CONTINUED) 為關聯方提供擔保(續) (3) Providing guarantees to related parties (3) (continued) 借款擔保(續) Loan guarantees (continued) 二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計) 31 December 2021 (audited) Whether Commencement Maturity guarantee date of date of has been Guarantee guarantee guarantee performed amount 擔保是否 擔保金額 擔保起始日 擔保到期日 履行完畢 Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd. 333,455 31 December 2021 N/A No 二零二一年 深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司 不適用 否

		十二月三十一日		
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd.	2,495,000	28 January 2021- 27 October 2021	27 October 2022- 27 October 2025	No
比亞迪汽車金融有限公司		二零二一年 一月二十八日至 二零二一年 十月二十七日	十月二十七日至 二零二五年	否
Tianjin Hongdi Financial Lease Co., Ltd. 天津宏迪融資租賃有限公司	807,358	31 December 2021 二零二一年 十二月三十一日		No 否
China Metallurgical New Energy Technology Co., Ltd. 中冶瑞木新能源科技有限公司	60,000	11 January 2019 二零一九年 一月十一日	二零二五年	No 否
Hubei Energy Storage Co., Ltd. 儲能電站(湖北)有限公司	10,315	1 February 2019 二零一九年二月一日	1 February 2026 二零二六年二月一日	No 否

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

(4) Transfer of related parties assets

(4) 關聯方資產轉讓

	Transaction content 交易內容	January-June 2022 二零二二年 一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	January-June 2021 二零二一年 一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)
Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd. 深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司	Disposal of fixed assets 出售固定資產	5,100	-
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	Disposal of fixed assets 出售固定資產	61	-
Shenzhen Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. 深圳佛吉亞汽車部件有限公司	Disposal of fixed assets 出售固定資產	-	2,148
Dongguan Tec-Rich Engineering Co., Ltd. 東莞市德瑞精密設備有限公司	Purchase of fixed assets 採購固定資產	66,163	29
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd. 杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	Purchase of fixed assets 採購固定資產	5,422	_
		76,746	2,177

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

(5)

Others		(5)	其伯	也			
				January-June 2022 二零二二年 一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)	January-June 2021 二零二一年 一至六月 (Unaudited) (未經審計)		
Key	Management Compensation 關鍵管理人員薪酬			35,791	28,462		
Note	S:		註釋	₩ ₩			
(1)	Transactions with related parties: During the Period, the Group conducted transactions with related parties based on market prices.		(1)	) 關聯方商品交易:本期本集 以市場價為基礎與關聯方進 商品交易。			
(2)	As of 30 June 2022, Beijing Easpring Material Technology Co., Ltd. and Shenzhen Pagoda Industry (Group) Co., Ltd. no longer constitute related parties of the Group.		(2)	截至二零二二年六月三十日, 北京當升材料科技股份有限公 司與深圳百果園實業(集團)股 份有限公司已不構成本集團購 聯方。			
(3)	Assets transfer of related parties		(3)	關聯方資產轉調	·····································		
	The pricing principle of the Group's sale and purchase of fixed assets to and from related parties during the year was determined based on the market price.				關聯方出售、購 交易定價原則依 定。		

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

#### (5) Others (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(4) Repurchase obligation

The Group entered into cooperation contracts and documents with certain related parties and third parties or related financing institutions. According to the arrangements of the relevant cooperation contracts and documents, the Company undertakes the repurchase obligations to these financing institutions. If the related parties violate the specific conditions stipulated in the contracts or agreements, the Company inherits all the creditor's rights and relevant rights and interests, and has the right to take recovery and sale of new energy vehicles and other relief measures on its own to repay the remaining arrears owed by the customers to the financing institutions, and reserves the right to pursue recourse for the balance of the creditor's rights if the proceeds from sales are insufficient to repay the remaining arrears. Management is of the opinion that the repossessed assets will be able to be realised and the proceeds from the sales will be able to settle the outstanding amounts due to the financial institutions. As at 30 June 2022, there was no default of related parties or specific conditions agreed in the contract that required the Company to make payments.

- As at 30 June 2022, the Company's maximum exposure of such obligations to Shenzhen Didi New Energy Vehicle Technology Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries was RMB738,329 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB961,110 thousand).
- As at 30 June 2022, the Company's maximum exposure of such obligations to Youngy Co., Ltd. was RMB21,938 thousand (31 December 2021: RMB32,412 thousand).

(5) 其他(續)

註釋:(續)

(4) 回購義務

本集團與部分關聯方及第三方 或關聯融資機構簽訂合作合同 及文件。根據相關合作合同及 文件的安排,本公司向該等融 資機構承擔回購義務,若關聯 方違反約定或合同約定的特定 條件,本公司繼承全部債權以 及相關權益,並有權自行採取 收回並變賣新能源汽車等救濟 措施,以償付客戶對融資機構 的剩餘欠款,並保留任何變賣 收入不足償付剩餘欠款的債權 餘額進行追索的權利。管理層 認為,收回的資產能夠變賣, 而變賣收入基本能夠支付對融 資機構的剩餘欠款。截至二零 二二年六月三十日,未發生關 聯方違約或合同約定的特定條 件而令本公司支付款項的情況。

- a. 截至二零二二年六月三 十日,本公司對深圳市 迪滴新能源汽車科技有 限公司及其子公司該 等義務的最大敞口為人 民幣738,329千元(二 零二一年十二月三十一 日:人民幣961,110千 元)。
- b. 截至二零二二年六月三 十日,本公司對融捷 股份有限公司該等義 務的最大敞口為人民幣 21,938千元(二零二一 年十二月三十一日:人 民幣32,412千元)。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續) (CONTINUED)

(6) Balance of related parties receivables

(6) 關聯方應收款項餘額

		<b>30 June 2022</b> 二零二二年六月三十日 <b>(Unaudited)</b> (未經審計)		31 Decem 二零二一年十 (Aud (經習	二月三十一日 ited) _豬 計)
			Provision		Provision
		Book	for	Book	for
		balance 賬面餘額	bad debts 壞賬準備	balance 賬面餘額	bad debts 壞賬準備
Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd.	深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司		_	15,084	80
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.	天津比亞迪汽車有限公司	747,091	20,748	763,201	18,863
Shan Mei Ling Qiu Bi Xing Industry Development Co., Ltd.	山煤靈丘比星實業開發有限公司	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd.	比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	123,474	20	140,889	732
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd.	杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	23,917	15,267	26,236	15,207
Guangzhou Guang Qi BYD New Energy Bus Co., Ltd.	廣州廣汽比亞迪新能源客車有限公司	900,818	164,283	1,006,486	90,712
Tianjin Hongdi Financial Lease Co., Ltd.	天津宏迪融資租賃有限公司	546	23	541	23
Beijing Hualin Loading Co., Ltd	北京華林特裝車有限公司	35,035	314	38,020	280
Dongguan Tec-Rich Engineering Co., Ltd.	東莞市德瑞精密設備有限公司	196,585	-	171,059	-
Shenzhen Dipai Zhixing Technology Co., Ltd.	深圳市迪派智行科技有限公司	371	8	-	-
Shenzhen BYD Electric Vehicle Investment Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳比亞迪電動汽車投資有限公司及 其子公司	546	-	-	-
Yinchuan Sky Rail Operation Co., Ltd.	銀川雲軌運營有限公司	33,358	33,358	33,358	33,358
Shenzhen Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳佛吉亞汽車部件有限公司及 其子公司	160,946	3,272	100,613	2,047
Shenzhen BYD International Leasing Co., Ltd.	深圳比亞迪國際融資租賃有限公司	3,466	367	3,466	274
Shenzhen Didi New Energy Vehicle Technology Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳市迪滴新能源汽車科技有限公司及 其子公司	18,062	13,180	16,627	6,428
Shenzhen Energy Sales & Service Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	深電能科技集團有限公司及其子公司	24	-	-	-
Sichuan Changhe Huali Technology Co., Ltd.	四川長和華鋰科技有限公司	-	-	49,006	-
BYD TOYOTA EV Technology Co., Ltd.	比亞迪豐田電動車科技有限公司	804	4	424	2
Meihao Travel (Hangzhou) Automotive Technology Co., Ltd.	美好出行(杭州)汽車科技有限公司	6,573	36	164,826	879
		2,260,116	259,380	2,538,336	177,385

The amounts due from related parties are interestfree, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment. 應收關聯方款項均不計利息、無抵 押、且無固定還款期。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

## 16. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS 16. 關聯交易(續)

### (CONTINUED)

(7) Balance of related parties payables

#### (7) 關聯方應付款項餘額

		30 June	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		六月三十日	十二月三十一日
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		(未經審計)	(經審計)
Shenzhen BYD International Leasing Co., Ltd.	深圳比亞迪國際融資租賃有限公司	93,214	93,214
Shenzhen DENZA New Energy Automotive Co., Ltd.	深圳騰勢新能源汽車有限公司	· -	51,859
Tianjin BYD Automobile Co., Ltd.	天津比亞迪汽車有限公司	35,217	26,335
Shenzhen Energy Sales & Service Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深電能科技集團有限公司及其子公司	1,308	1,374
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd.	比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	4	64
Beijing Easpring Material Technology Co., Ltd.	北京當升材料科技股份有限公司	-	83,976
Guangzhou Guang Qi BYD New Energy Bus Co., Ltd.	廣州廣汽比亞迪新能源客車有限公司	314,088	342,926
Hangzhou BYD Xihu New Energy Auto Co., Ltd.	杭州西湖比亞迪新能源汽車有限公司	7,346	4,706
Shenzhen BYD Electric Vehicle Investment Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳比亞迪電動汽車投資有限公司及其子公司	21,126	19,158
Dongguan Tec-Rich Engineering Co., Ltd.	東莞市德瑞精密設備有限公司	34,180	12,827
Shenzhen Microgrid Digital Technology Co., Ltd.	深圳市微網數電科技有限公司	855	-
Chengdu Youngy Lithium Technology Co., Ltd	成都融捷鋰業科技有限公司	86,137	-
Shenzhen Faurecia Automotive Parts Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳佛吉亞汽車部件有限公司及其子公司	1,323,104	994,311
Shenzhen UBTECH Robotics Co., Ltd.	深圳市優必選科技股份有限公司	174	174
Shenzhen Didi New Energy Vehicle Technology Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries	深圳市迪滴新能源汽車科技有限公司及其子公司	112	58
BYD TOYOTA EV Technology Co., Ltd.	比亞迪豐田電動車科技有限公司	99,468	98,599
Xi'an Infrastructure Yadi Automobile Service Co., Ltd.	西安城投亞迪汽車服務有限責任公司	-	19
Sichuan Changhe Huali Technology Co., Ltd.	四川長和華鋰科技有限公司	48,180	-
		2,064,513	1,729,600

### (8) Monetary funds deposited with related parties

#### (8) 存放關聯方的貨幣資金

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
BYD Auto Finance Co., Ltd.	比亞迪汽車金融有限公司	9,400,000	14,700,000

The annual interest rate of the above deposits for the current period is 3%-3.2% above the benchmark interest rate published by the People's Bank of China for deposits of the same period (2021: 2.25%-3%). 本期上述存款年利率按照中國人民銀 行頒佈的同期存款基準利率上浮為 3%-3.2%(二零二一年度:2.25%-3%)。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE

### 17、 公允價值披露

(1) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value

30 June 2022 (Unaudited)

(1) 以公允價值計量的資產和負債

二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)

				asurement using 量使用的輸入值	
		Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable inputs	unobservable inputs	
		Level 1 活躍市場 報價	Level 2 重要可 觀察輸入值	Level 3 重要不可 觀察輸入值	Total
		第一層次	第二層次	第三層次	合計
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產	-	1,431,944	-	1,431,944
Other equity instrument investments	其他權益工具投資	1,116,348	1,092,471	913,659	3,122,478
Other current assets	其他流動資產	-	11,243,222	-	11,243,222
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	-	593,499	1,056,728	1,650,227
Receivables financing	應收款項融資	-	10,970,135	-	10,970,135
		1,116,348	25,331,271	1,970,387	28,418,006
Financial liabilities held for trading	交易性金融負債	_	60,254	_	60,254
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	14,035	-	14,035
		-	74,289	-	74,289

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

- (1) Assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)
  - 31 December 2021 (Audited)

- 17、 公允價值披露(續)
  - (1) 以公允價值計量的資產和負債(續)
    - 二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)

		Fair value measurement using 公允價值計量使用的輸入值			
		Quoted prices in active	Significant observable	Significant unobservable	
		markets	inputs	inputs	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		活躍市場	重要可	重要不可	
		報價	觀察輸入值	觀察輸入值	
		第一層次	第二層次	第三層次	合計
Financial assets held for trading	交易性金融資產	_	5,606,052	_	5,606,052
Other equity instrument investments	其他權益工具投資	1,208,800	901,649	803,387	2,913,836
Other current assets	其他流動資產	-	1,577,731	_	1,577,731
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	14,415	24,770	194,787	233,972
Receivables financing	應收款項融資		8,743,126		8,743,126
		1,223,215	16,853,328	998,174	19,074,717
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	14,035	-	14,035
		-	14,035		14,035

During the Period from January to June 2022, due to the lifting of the six-month lock-up period, other equity instrument investments, Shenzhen Minkave Technology Co., Ltd. ("Minkave"), held by the Group was transferred from Level 3 to Level 1. In addition, there were no transfers of fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2, or no transfers into or out of Level 3.

於二零二二年一至六月期間,因六個 月限售期解除,本集團持有的其他權 益工具投資-深圳市名家匯科技股份 有限公司(簡稱「名家匯」)從第三層 次轉入第一層次。除此之外,無其他 金融資產和金融負債公允價值計量在 第一層次和第二層次之間的轉移,或 轉入或轉出第三層次的情況。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

- **17**、 公允價值披露(續)
- (2) Assets and liabilities disclosed at fair value30 June 2022 (Unaudited)
- (2) 以公允價值披露的資產和負債

二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)

		Fair value measurement using 公允價值計量使用的輸入值			
		Quoted prices Significant in active observable		Significant unobservable	
		markets	inputs	inputs	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		活躍市場	重要可	重要不可	
		報價	觀察輸入值	觀察輸入值	
		第一層次	第二層次	第三層次	合計
Long-term receivables	長期應收款	-	1,108,320	-	1,108,320
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	2,998,756	-	2,998,756
Bank borrowings and bond payables	銀行借款及應付債券	-	29,634,429	-	29,634,429
		-	33,741,505	-	33,741,505

### 31 December 2021 (Audited)

二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)

		Fair value measurement using 公允價值計量使用的輸入值			
		Quoted prices	Significant	Significant	
		in active	observable	unobservable	
		markets	inputs	inputs	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		活躍市場	重要可	重要不可	
		報價	觀察輸入值	觀察輸入值	
		第一層次	第二層次	第三層次	合計
Long-term receivables	長期應收款	_	1,170,058	_	1,170,058
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	-	2,922,108	_	2,922,108
Bank borrowings and bond payables	銀行借款及應付債券	-	33,729,304	_	33,729,304
		-	37,821,470	-	37,821,470

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

#### (3) Fair value valuation

Management has assessed that the fair values of monetary funds, trade receivables, other receivables, bills payables, trade payables, bank borrowings and other payables approximate to their carrying amounts due to short term to maturities.

Management measures long-term receivables, lease liabilities and other non-current liabilities using their present values. The fair values approximate to their carrying amounts.

The Group's finance department is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments and reports directly to the person in charge of accounting institution and the audit committee. At each balance sheet date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the person in charge of accounting institution. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities are determined at the amount at which the assets could be exchanged or the liabilities settled between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values.

The fair values of the long-term receivables, longterm borrowings and bond payables have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using market rate of return currently available for other financial instruments with similar contractual terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. On 30 June 2022, the Group's own nonperformance risk for long-term borrowings and bond payables was assessed to be insignificant.

### 17、 公允價值披露(續)

#### (3) 公允價值估值

管理層已經評估了貨幣資金、應收賬 款、其他應收款、應付票據、應付賬 款、銀行借款、其他應付款等,因剩 餘期限不長,公允價值與賬面價值相 若。

對於長期應收款、租賃負債和其他非 流動負債,管理層以現值計量,公允 價值與賬面價值相若。

本集團的財務部負責制定金融工具公 允價值計量的政策和程序,並直接向 主管會計機構負責人和審計委員會報 告。每個資產負債表日,財務部分析 金融工具價值變動,確定估值適用的 主要輸入值,並經主管會計機構負責 人審核批准。出於中期和年度財務報 表目的,每年兩次與審計委員會討論 估值流程和結果。

金融資產和金融負債的公允價值,以 在公平交易中,熟悉情況的交易雙方 自願進行資產交換或者債務清償的金 額確定,而不是被迫出售或清算情況 下的金額。以下方法和假設用於估計 公允價值。

長期應收款、長期借款、應付債券採 用未來現金流量折現法確定公允價 值,以有相似合同條款、信用風險和 剩餘期限的其他金融工具的市場收益 率作為折現率。二零二二年六月三十 日,針對長期借款、應付債券等自身 不履約風險評估為不重大。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

#### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

#### (3) Fair value valuation (continued)

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market prices. For restricted shares and unlisted equity investments, the Group adopts recent transaction method or the valuation techniques to determine the fair values. Valuation techniques include market multiples and option pricing model, etc. The fair value measurement of these financial instruments may involve important unobservable inputs such as enterprise value/ revenue ("EV/Revenue") ratio and liquidity discount. The fair value of the financial instruments measured in Level 3 on a recurring basis was not significantly sensitive to a reasonable change in these unobservable inputs. The Group believes that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique and the related changes in fair values are reasonable, and they were the most appropriate values at the balance sheet date.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments which are the foreign currency forward contracts with banks and adopts valuation techniques similar to forward pricing and present value methods for measurement. The model incorporates various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties and foreign exchange spot and forward rates and yield curve. The carrying amounts of foreign currency forward contracts are the same as their fair values.

For the wealth management products at fair value through profit and loss, the Group will estimate their fair values by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and risks.

#### 17、 公允價值披露(續)

(3) 公允價值估值(續)

上市的權益工具投資,以市場報價確 定公允價值。對於限售股票、非上市 的權益工具投資,利用近期交易法或 者採用估值技術來確定其公允價值, 估值技術包括市場乘數法、期權定價 模型等。其公允價值的計量採用了重 要的不可觀察參數,比如企業價值/ 收入(「EV/Revenue」)比率、流動性 折扣等。持續第三層次公允價值計量 的金融工具對這些不可觀察輸入值 的合理變動無重大敏感性。本集團相 信,以估值技術估計的公允價值及其 變動,是合理的,並且亦是於資產負 債表日最合適的價值。

本集團與銀行訂立了衍生金融工具合 同,為外匯遠期合同,採用類似於遠 期定價以及現值方法的估值技術進行 計量。模型涵蓋了多個市場可觀察到 的輸入值,包括交易對手的信用質 量、即期和遠期匯率和利率曲線。外 匯遠期合同的賬面價值與公允價值相 同。

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的 理財產品,本集團會利用條款及風險 相類似的工具之市場利率按照貼現現 金流量估值模型估算公允價值。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

#### (4) Unobservable inputs

Below is the summary of significant unobservable inputs for main fair value measurement in Level 3:

#### 30 June 2022 (Unaudited)

### 17、 公允價值披露(續)

#### (4) 不可觀察輸入值

如下為主要的第三層次公允價值計量 的重要不可觀察輸入值概述:

#### 二零二二年六月三十日(未經審計)

	Fair value			
	at the end of	Valuation		
	the Period	technique	Unobservable inputs	Effects on fair value
	期末公允價值	估值技術	不可觀察輸入值	對公允價值的影響
Other equity instrument investments	759,705	Market Approach	Average EV/Revenue ratio	The higher the ratio, the higher the fair value
其他權益工具投資		市場法	平均企業價值/收入比 率	比率越高,公允價值越高
Other equity instrument investments	153,954	Option pricing model	Volatility of underlying asset price	The higher the volatility, the lower the fair value
其他權益工具投資		期權定價模型	標的資產價格的波動率	波動率越高,公允價值越 低
Other non-current financial assets	993,103	Investment underlying net value method	Net value of investment underlying	The higher the net value, the higher the fair value
其他非流動金融資產		投資標的淨值法	投資標的的淨值	淨值越高,公允價值越高

#### 31 December 2021 (Audited)

#### 二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)

	Fair value at the end of the year 年末公允價值	Valuation technique 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入值	Effects on fair value 對公允價值的影響
Other equity instrument investments	759,705	Market Approach	Average EV/Revenue ratio	The higher the ratio, the higher the fair value
其他權益工具投資		市場法	平均企業價值/收入比 率	比率越高,公允價值越高
Other equity instrument investments	33,257	Option pricing model	Volatility of underlying asset price	The higher the volatility, the lower the fair value
其他權益工具投資		期權定價模型	標的資產價格的波動率	波動率越高,公允價值越 低
Other non-current financial assets	194,787	Investment underlying net value method	Net value of investment underlying	The higher the net value, the higher the fair value
其他非流動金融資產		投資標的淨值法	投資標的的淨值	淨值越高,公允價值越高

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日

#### **DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)** 17.

#### (5) Adjustment of fair value measurement

Below is the adjustment information of continuous fair value measurement in Level 3:

#### January-June 2022

RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 17、 公允價值披露(續)

公允價值計量的調節 (5)

> 持續的第三層次公允價值計量的調節 信息如下:

### 二零二二年一至六月

								Assets held
								at the end of
		Total current						the year
		gains or losses						Changes in
		當期利得或損失總額						unrealised
					Through			gains or losses
			Transfer	Through	other			for the Period
	Opening	Transfer	out of	profit	comprehensive	Purchases/	Closing	through profit
	balance	to Level 3	Level 3	or loss	income	consolidation	balance	or loss
								期末持有的資產
								計入損益的當期
		轉入	轉出		計入其他	購買/	期末	未實現利得
	期初餘額	第三層次	第三層次	計入損益	綜合收益	合併併入	餘額	或損失的變動
Other equity instrument investments 其他權益工具投資	803,387	-	(33,257)	-	73,954	69,575	913,659	-
Other non-current financial assets 其他非流動金融資產	194,787	-	-	57,495	-	804,446	1,056,728	57,495
	998,174	_	(33,257)	57,495	73,954	874,021	1,970,387	57,495

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### 17. DISCLOSURE OF FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

- (5) Adjustment of fair value measurement (continued)
  - 31 December 2021 (Audited)

17、 公允價值披露	(續)
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(5) 公允價值計量的調節(續)

#### 二零二一年十二月三十一日(經審計)

									Assets held		
									at the end of		
		Total current							the year		
		gains or losses							Changes in		
		當期利得或損失總額							unrealised		
						Through			gains or losses		
				Transfer	Through	other			for the Period		
		Opening	Transfer	out of	profit or	comprehensive		Closing	through profit		
		balance	to Level 3	Level 3	loss	income	Purchases	balance	or loss		
									年末持有的資產		
									計入損益的		
			轉入	轉出		計入其他			當期未實現利得		
		年初餘額	第三層次	第三層次	計入損益	綜合收益	購買	年末餘額	或損失的變動		
Other equity instrument investments	其他權益工具投資	_	_	_	-	615,347	188,040	803,387	-		
Other non-current financial assets	其他非流動金融資產	-	100,503	-	31,784	-	62,500	194,787	31,784		
		-	100,503	-	31,784	615,347	250,540	998,174	31,784		

#### (6) Transfers among fair value hierarchies

During the Period from January to June 2022, the fair value of other equity instrument investments held by the Group was transferred from Level 3 to Level 1 due to the release of lock-up period, with a transfer amount of RMB33,257 thousand.

In 2021, there were no significant transfers between levels of financial instruments measured at fair value of the Group. (6) 公允價值層次轉換

於二零二二年一至六月期間,本集團 持有的其他權益工具投資因限售期解 除,其公允價值從第三層次轉入第一 層次,轉移金額為人民幣33,257千 元。

二零二一年度,本集團公允價值計量 的金融工具在各層次之間無重大轉 移。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

### **18. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

The Company convened the twenty-first meeting of the seventh session of the Board and the ninth meeting of the seventh session of the Supervisory Committee on 22 April 2022, and convened the 2022 first extraordinary general meeting on 27 May 2022, at which the Resolution on Considering the 2022 Employee Share Ownership Plan (Draught) of BYD Company Limited and its Summary, the Resolution on Considering the 2022 Management Measures for the Employee Share Ownership Plan of BYD Company Limited and other relevant resolutions were considered and approved, and the implementation of the 2022 Employee Share Ownership Plan by the Company (hereinafter referred to as the "Employee Share Ownership Plan") was approved.

The participants of the Employee Share Ownership Plan include employee representative supervisors, senior management of the Company, and mid-level management and core backbone employees of BYD Group. The total number of participants of the Employee Share Ownership Plan shall not exceed 12,000. The Employee Share Ownership Plan will be transferred to the Company's shares to be repurchased by the Company through nontrading transfer and other means permitted by laws and regulations at a transfer price of RMB0 per share. The participants are not required to make capital contribution.

#### 18、 資產負債表日後事項

本公司於二零二二年四月二十二日召開了第 七屆董事會第二十一次會議及第七屆監事會 第九次會議,並於二零二二年五月二十七日 召開了二零二二年第一次臨時股東大會,審 議通過了《關於審議<比亞迪股份有限公司二 零二二年員工持股計劃(草案)>及其摘要的 議案》及《關於審議<比亞迪股份有限公司二 零二二年員工持股計劃管理辦法>的議案》等 相關議案,同意公司實施二零二二年員工持 股計劃(以下簡稱:「本次員工持股計劃」)。

本次員工持股計劃參與對象包括公司的職工 代表監事、高級管理人員以及比亞迪集團的 中層管理人員、核心骨幹員工,參與本次員 工持股計劃的總人數不超過12,000人,本次 員工持股計劃將通過非交易過戶等法律法規 允許的方式受讓公司擬回購的公司股票,受 讓價格為0元/股,參與對象無需出資。

30 June 2022 二零二二年六月三十日 RMB'000 人民幣千元

# 18. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE 18、 資產負債表日後事項(續) (CONTINUED)

As of 13 June 2022, the Company had repurchased a total of 5,511,024 A Shares through the special securities account for repurchase by way of centralised bidding transactions, accounting for 0.189% of the total share capital of the Company as at the date of this report. The total amount of funds for repurchase was RMB1,809,920 thousand (including transaction costs).

According to the Confirmation of Securities Transfer Registration issued by the Shenzhen Branch of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited on 14 July 2022, the 5,511,024 shares of the Company held by "BYD Company Limited Special Securities Account for Repurchase" opened by the Company have been transferred to the special securities account of "BYD Company Limited - 2022 Employee Share Ownership Plan" in the form of non-trading transfer, and the number of shares transferred from the account represents 0.189% of the total share capital of the Company as at the date of this report.

The Underlying Shares held under the Employee Share Ownership Plan will be unlocked in three phases. The unlocking dates are 12 months, 24 months and 36 months from the date of announcement of the last batch of Underlying Shares being transferred to the Employee Share Ownership Plan. The proportion of Underlying Shares to be unlocked in each phase is 30%, 30% and 40%, respectively. The specific unlocking ratio and number for each tranche shall be determined based on the Company's performance appraisal and individual performance appraisal results.

### 19. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 29 August 2022.

截至二零二二年六月十三日,公司通過回購 專用證券賬戶以集中競價交易的方式累計回 購A股股份的數量為5,511,024股,佔截至本 報告日公司總股本的0.189%,回購資金總額 為人民幣1,809,920千元(含交易費用)。

根據公司於二零二二年七月十四日收到中國 證券登記結算有限責任公司深圳分公司出具 的《證券過戶登記確認書》,公司開立的「比 亞迪股份有限公司回購專用證券賬戶」所持 有的5,511,024股公司股票已以非交易過戶 形式過戶至「比亞迪股份有限公司一二零二 二年員工持股計劃」專用證券賬戶,過戶股 份數量佔截至本報告日公司總股本的比例為 0.189%。

本次員工持股計劃持有的標的股票分三期解 鎖,解鎖時點分別為自公司公告最後一筆標 的股票過戶至本員工持股計劃名下之日起滿 12個月、24個月、36個月,每期解鎖的標 的股票比例分別為30%、30%、40%。每期 具體解鎖比例和數量根據公司業績考核及個 人業績考核結果確定。

### 19、 審批財務報表

董事會已於二零二二年八月二十九日審批及 授權刊發財務報表。

### **APPENDIX II**

### REPRODUCTION OF THE PRESS RELEASE DATED 3 AUGUST 2022 CONTAINING THE GUARANTOR'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The information set out below is a reproduction of the press release dated 3 August 2022 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the second quarter ended 30 June 2022.



## **RESULTS AT JUNE 30TH, 2022**

**Press release** Paris, August 3rd, 2022

## **EXCELLENT UNDERLYING PERFORMANCE IN Q2 22 AND H1 22**

#### Q2 2022

Strong revenue growth for all the businesses, up +12.8% vs. Q2 21 (+13.4%*), driven by record levels in several businesses

**Good cost control and improvement in the cost to income ratio** (**61.8%**⁽¹⁾ excluding contribution to the Single Resolution Fund)

Low cost of risk at 15 basis points, with a limited level of defaults

Effective exit from Russia⁽²⁾: EUR -3.3bn P&L impact before tax and very limited impact on capital

Underlying Group net income of EUR 1.5 billion (EUR -1.5 billion on a reported basis) Underlying profitability (ROTE) of 10.5%⁽¹⁾

### H1 2022

**Underlying Group net income of EUR 3.1 billion**⁽¹⁾ (EUR -640 million on a reported basis), up +16.3% vs. H1 21

Underlying profitability (ROTE) of 10.8%⁽¹⁾

### **CAPITAL POSITION**

**CET 1 ratio of 12.9%⁽³⁾ at end-June 2022,** around 360bp over MDA **Launch of the 2021 share buyback programme,** for around EUR 915 million **2022 distribution provision of EUR 1.44 per share**⁽⁴⁾ at end-June 2022

## **STRENGHTENING OF OUR 2025 ESG TARGETS**

**Target of EUR 300 billion in sustainable finance** for 2022 to 2025 **Global Best Bank Transition Strategy** (Euromoney Awards for Excellence 2022)

### **2025 FINANCIAL TARGETS**

Revenue growth (above or equal to 3% 2021-2025 CAGR) Improvement in the cost to income ratio (below or equal 62%) Expected profitability of 10% (ROTE) Target CET 1 ratio of 12% post Basel IV Pay-out policy maintained: 50% of underlying Group net income (with a maximum of 40% of the distribution in the form of a share buy-backs⁽⁵⁾)

### Fréderic Oudéa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"Q2 2022 concluded two years of intense and disciplined execution of our various strategic projects. We have successfully simplified and strengthened the resilience of our business model, transformed our businesses to support the changing needs of our customers and the far-reaching transformations around digital technologies and ESG, and invested in a targeted manner in businesses with strong growth potential. We combined, in H1 2022, strong growth in revenues and underlying profitability above 10% (ROTE) and we were able to manage our exit from the Russian activities without significant capital impact and without handicapping the Group's strategic developments. These dynamics and performances make us confident regarding both the short term, in an undeniably more uncertain environment, and in the medium term. By 2025, having reaped all the benefits of the numerous strategic and operating efficiency initiatives under way, we confirm our ability to deliver profitability of 10% on the basis of a target core Tier 1 capital ratio of 12%, while maintaining an attractive distribution policy for our shareholders."

⁽¹⁾ Underlying data (see methodology note No. 5 for the transition from accounting data to underlying data)

⁽²⁾ Disposal of Rosbank and its Russian subsidiaries

⁽³⁾ Phased-in ratio (fully-loaded ratio of 12.8%)

⁽⁴⁾ On the basis of a distribution of 50% of underlying Group net income after deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

⁽⁵⁾ After deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes. Subject to General Meeting of Shareholders and regulatory approval

The footnote * in this document corresponds to data adjusted for changes in Group Structure and at constant exchange rates

1.	GROUP	CONSOL	IDATED	RESULTS

In EURm	Q2 22 Q2 21 Change		ange	H1 22	H1 21	1 Change		
Net banking income	7,065	6,261	+12.8%	+13.4%*	14,346	12,506	+14.7%	+14.8%*
Operating expenses	(4,458)	(4,107)	+8.5%	+9.6%*	(9,787)	(8,855)	+10.5%	+11.2%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(4,590)	(4,225)	+8.6%	+9.6%*	(8,915)	(8,322)	+7.1%	+7.9%*
Gross operating income	2,607	2,154	+21.0%	+20.7%*	4,559	3,651	+24.9%	+23.3%*
Underlying gross operating income $^{(1)}$	2,475	2,036	+21.6%	+21.3%*	5,431	4,184	+29.8%	+28.4%*
Net cost of risk	(217)	(142)	+52.8%	+52.4%*	(778)	(418)	+86.1%	+23.4%*
Operating income	2,390	2,012	+18.8%	+18.5%*	3,781	3,233	+17.0%	+23.2%*
Underlying operating income ⁽¹⁾	2,258	1,894	+19.2%	+18.9%*	4,653	3,766	+23.6%	+29.2%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	(3,292)	5	n/s	n/s	(3,290)	11	n/s	n/s
Net income from companies accounted for by the equity method	4	2	+100.0%	+100.0%*	4	5	-20.0%	-20.0%*
Income tax	(327)	(404)	-19.0%	-19.0%*	(680)	(687)	-1.0%	+48.7%*
Net income	(1,225)	1,615	n/s	n/s	(185)	2,562	n/s	n/s
O.w. non-controlling interests	257	176	+46.0%	+43.6%*	455	309	+47.2%	+45.7%*
Reported Group net income	(1,482)	1,439	n/s	n/s	(640)	2,253	n/s	n/s
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	1,505	1,349	+11.5%	+11.0%*	3,079	2,647	+16.3%	+11.1%*
ROE	-12.0%	9.8%			-3.4%	7.5%		
ROTE	-13.5%	11.2%			-3.8%	8.6%		
Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾	10.5%	10.4%			10.8%	10.2%		

(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on August 2nd, 2022 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined the Societe Generale Group's results for Q2 and H1 2022.

The various restatements enabling the transition from underlying data to published data are presented in the methodology notes (section 10.5).

**On May 18th, 2022, the Group withdrew in an orderly and effective manner from Russia** with the finalisation of the disposal of Rosbank and its insurance subsidiaries in Russia. This disposal results in the accounting of a loss in income statement of EUR 3.3 billion before tax, largely absorbed this semester with Group net income share at EUR -640 million. Despite a residual capital impact of -7 basis points over the quarter, the phased in CET 1 ratio remained stable at 12.9% at the end-June 2022.

### **Net banking income**

**Net banking income was substantially higher in Q2 22, up +12.8% (+13.4%*) vs. Q2 21,** driven by an excellent performance by all the businesses.

The healthy momentum continued in French Retail Banking, with an increase in net banking income of +8.5% vs. Q2 21 reflecting notably a good commercial momentum, a high level of service fees and a record performance in Private Banking.

International Retail Banking & Financial Services enjoyed strong revenue growth (+21.4%* vs. Q2 21), driven by a record quarter for ALD and International Retail Banking. As a result, International Retail Banking saw its activities grow +12.7%* vs. Q2 21. Financial Services' net banking income was substantially higher (+45.1%* vs. Q2 21) while Insurance net banking income rose +7.9%* vs. Q2 21.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions once again delivered an excellent performance, with revenues up +18.3% (+16.1%*) vs. Q2 21. Global Markets & Investor Services was substantially higher (+25.3%, +19.8%*) than in Q2 21 while Financing & Advisory activities were at a record level, up +14.0% (+9.1%*) vs. Q2 21.

In H1 22, the Group posted strong revenue growth of +14.7% (+14.8%*) vs. H1 21, with growth in all the businesses.

## **Operating expenses**

In Q2 22, operating expenses totalled EUR 4,458 million on a reported basis and EUR 4,590 million on an underlying basis (restated for transformation costs and the linearisation of IFRIC 21), an increase of +8.6% vs. Q2 21.

In H1 22, underlying operating expenses were up +7.1% vs. H1 21 at EUR 8,915 million on an underlying basis (EUR 9,787 million on a reported basis). This rise can be explained primarily by the higher contribution to the Single Resolution Fund (EUR +138 million), the increase in variable remuneration linked to the growth in revenues and the Global Employee Share Ownership Plan (EUR +152 million). The increase in other expenses therefore amounts to EUR +303 million, representing a rise of +3.5% vs. H1 21.

**Driven by a very positive jaws effect,** underlying gross operating income grew substantially in Q2 2022 (+21.6%) to EUR 2,475 million and the underlying cost to income ratio, excluding the Single Resolution Fund, improved by more than 3 points (61.8% vs. 65.1% in Q2 21).

In H1 2022, underlying gross operating income enjoyed a strong growth momentum, up +29.8% vs. H1 21 at EUR 5,431 million.

The Group now expects an underlying cost to income ratio excluding the Single Resolution Fund of between 64% and 66% in 2022.

## **Cost of risk**

**The cost of risk stood at a low level of 15 basis points in Q2 22**, or EUR 217 million, lower than in Q1 22 which included the cost of risk of the Russian activities sold (39 basis points). It breaks down into a limited provision on non-performing loans of EUR 156 million and an additional provision on performing loans of EUR 61 million.

In H1 2022, the cost of risk amounted to 27 basis points.

Offshore exposure to Russia was reduced to EUR 2.6 billion of EAD (*Exposure At Default*) at June 30th, 2022. Exposure at risk on this portfolio is estimated at less than EUR 1 billion. The total associated provisions were EUR 377 million at end-June 2022.

Moreover, at end-June 2022, the Group's residual exposure in relation to Rosbank amounted to less than EUR 0.5 billion of EAD, corresponding mainly to guarantees and letters of credit that were recognised under intra-group exposure before the disposal of Rosbank.

The Group's provisions on performing loans amounted to EUR 3,409 million at end-June, an increase of EUR 54 million vs. end-December 2021.

The non-performing loans ratio amounted to 2.8%⁽¹⁾ at June 30th, 2022, lower than at end-March 2022 (2.9%). The Group's gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings was higher at 50%⁽²⁾ at June 30th, 2022.

## The cost of risk is still expected to be between 30 and 35 basis points in 2022.

⁽¹⁾ NPL ratio calculated according to the EBA methodology published on July 16th, 2019

⁽²⁾ Ratio between the amount of provisions on doubtful outstandings and the amount of these same outstandings

## **Group net income**

In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	H1 22	H1 21
Reported Group net income	(1,482)	1,439	(640)	2,253
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	1,505	1,349	3,079	2,647
In %	Q2 22	Q2 21	H1 22	H1 21
ROTE	-13.5%	11.2%	-3.8%	8.6%
Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾	10.5%	10.4%	10.8%	10.2%

(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Earnings per share amounts to EUR -1.10 in H1 22 (EUR 2.29 in H1 21). Underlying earnings per share amounts to EUR 2.87 over the same period (EUR 2.40 in H1 21).

## 2. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Group **shareholders' equity** totalled EUR 64.6 billion at June 30th, 2022 (EUR 65.1 billion at December 31st, 2021). Net asset value per share was EUR 67.0 and tangible net asset value per share was EUR 59.4.

The consolidated balance sheet totalled EUR 1,539 billion at June 30th, 2022 (EUR 1,464 billion at December 31st, 2021). The net amount of customer loan outstandings at June 30th, 2022, including lease financing, was EUR 498 billion (EUR 488 billion at December 31st, 2021) – excluding assets and securities purchased under resale agreements. At the same time, customer deposits amounted to EUR 512 billion, vs. EUR 502 billion at December 31st, 2021 (excluding assets and securities sold under repurchase agreements).

At July 18th, 2022, the parent company had issued EUR 33.7 billion of medium/long-term debt, having an average maturity of 5.2 years and an average spread of 54 basis points (vs. the 6-month midswap, excluding subordinated debt). The subsidiaries had issued EUR 1.2 billion. In total, the Group had issued EUR 34.9 billion of medium/long-term debt.

The LCR (Liquidity Coverage Ratio) was well above regulatory requirements at 140% at end-June 2022 (141% on average in Q2), vs. 129% at end-December 2021. At the same time, the NSFR (Net Stable Funding Ratio) was at a level of 112% at end-June 2022.

The Group's **risk-weighted assets** (RWA) amounted to EUR 367.6 billion at June 30th, 2022 (vs. EUR 363.4 billion at end-December 2021) according to CRR2/CRD5 rules. Risk-weighted assets in respect of credit risk represent 84% of the total, at EUR 309 billion, up 1.3% vs. December 31st, 2021.

At June 30th, 2022, the Group's **Common Equity Tier** 1 ratio stood at 12.9%, or around 360 basis points over MDA. The CET1 ratio at June 30th, 2022 includes an effect of +9 basis points for phasing of the IFRS 9 impact. Excluding this effect, the fully-loaded ratio amounts to 12.8%. The Tier 1 ratio stood at 15.2% at end-June 2022 (15.9% at end-December 2021) and the total capital ratio amounted to 18.5% (18.8% at end-December 2021).

The **leverage ratio** stood at 4.1% at June 30th, 2022 (4.9% at end-December 2021) due primarily to the end of the European Central Bank's transitional measures.

With a level of 31.7 % of RWA and 8.4% of leverage exposure at end-June 2022, the Group's TLAC ratio is above the Financial Stability Board's requirements for 2022. At June 30th, 2022, the Group was also above its 2022 MREL requirements of 25.2% of RWA and 5.91% of leverage exposure.

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) Fitch Ratings - long-term rating "A-", stable rating, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1" (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook; and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "A-".

## **3. FRENCH RETAIL BANKING**

Q2 22	Q2 21	Change	H1 22	H1 21	Change
2,256	2,080	+8.5%	4,444	4,103	+8.3%
2,185	2,063	+5.9%	4,350	4,098	+6.1%
(1,513)	(1,447)	+4.6%	(3,233)	(3,058)	+5.7%
(1,571)	(1,489)	+5.5%	(3,120)	(2,972)	+5.0%
743	633	+17.4%	1,211	1,045	+15.9%
614	574	+7.0%	1,230	1,126	+9.2%
(21)	(8)	x 2,6	(68)	(137)	-50.4%
722	625	+15.5%	1,143	908	+25.9%
3	1	x 3,0	3	4	-25.0%
539	454	+18.7%	852	666	+27.9%
444	412	+7.6%	866	724	+19.5%
17.5%	15.0%		14.1%	11.0%	
14.4%	13.6%	_	14.4%	11.9%	
	2,256 2,185 (1,513) (1,571) 743 614 (21) 722 3 539 444 17.5%	2,256       2,080         2,185       2,063         (1,513)       (1,447)         (1,571)       (1,489)         743       633         614       574         (21)       (8)         722       625         3       1         539       454         444       412         17.5%       15.0%	2,256       2,080       +8.5%         2,185       2,063       +5.9%         (1,513)       (1,447)       +4.6%         (1,571)       (1,489)       +5.5%         743       633       +17.4%         614       574       +7.0%         (21)       (8)       ×2,6         722       625       +15.5%         3       1       ×3,0         539       454       +18.7%         444       412       +7.6%         17.5%       15.0%	2,256       2,080       +8.5%       4,444         2,185       2,063       +5.9%       4,350         (1,513)       (1,447)       +4.6%       (3,233)         (1,571)       (1,489)       +5.5%       (3,120)         743       633       +17.4%       1,211         614       574       +7.0%       1,230         (21)       (8)       ×2,6       (68)         722       625       +15.5%       1,143         3       1       ×3,0       3         539       454       +18.7%       852         444       412       +7.6%       866         17.5%       15.0%       14.1%	2,256       2,080       +8.5%       4,444       4,103         2,185       2,063       +5.9%       4,350       4,098         (1,513)       (1,447)       +4.6%       (3,233)       (3,058)         (1,571)       (1,489)       +5.5%       (3,120)       (2,972)         743       633       +17.4%       1,211       1,045         614       574       +7.0%       1,230       1,126         (21)       (8)       ×2,6       (68)       (137)         722       625       +15.5%       1,143       908         3       1       ×3,0       3       4         539       454       +18.7%       852       666         444       412       +7.6%       866       724         17.5%       15.0%       14.1%       11.0%

 Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21 and PEL/CEL provision
 NB: including Private Banking activities as per Q1 22 restatement (France and international), includes other businesses transferred following the disposal of Lyxor

## Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord networks

Average loan outstandings were 3% higher than in Q2 21 at EUR 214 billion. Home loan outstandings rose +4% vs. Q2 21. Medium/long-term loan production for corporate and professional customers was 42% higher than in Q2 21, with the progressive amortisation of State Guaranteed Loans.

Average outstanding balance sheet deposits including BMTN (negotiable medium-term notes) continued to rise (+4% vs. Q2 21) to EUR 243 billion.

As a result, the average loan/deposit ratio stood at 88% in Q2 22 vs. 89% in Q2 21.

Life insurance assets under management⁽²⁾ totalled EUR 110 billion at end-June 2022, up +1% year-onyear. Gross life insurance inflow amounted to EUR 2.2 billion in Q2 22, with the unit-linked share accounting for 34%.

Property/casualty insurance premiums and personal protection insurance premiums were up +4% vs. Q2 21.

## Boursorama

The bank consolidated its position as the leading online bank in France, with nearly 4 million clients at end-June 2022 (+35% vs. Q2 21), thanks to the onboarding of 357,000 new clients in Q2 22 (x2.1 vs. Q2 21). The transfer of ING's client base led to the acquisition of around 134,000 new clients during the quarter.

Average outstanding loans rose +28% vs. Q2 21 to EUR 15 billion. Home loan outstandings were up +27% vs. Q2 21, while consumer loan outstandings climbed +32% vs. Q2 21.

Average outstanding savings including deposits and financial savings were 19% higher than in Q2 21 at EUR 39 billion, while outstanding deposits were up +31% vs. Q2 21. Brokerage recorded more than 1.5 million transactions in Q2 22.

⁽²⁾ Total life insurance outstandings after the integration of Private Banking in Q1 22

The ING customer referral process is progressing as expected. At July 22nd, the customer acquisition rate was 50% or around 250,000 ING customers out of the 500,000 eligible customers. The outstandings collected totalled around EUR 7 billion, including primarily life insurance outstandings. The exclusive offering reserved for ING customers is set to end in September.

## **Private Banking**

Private Banking activities, which were transferred to French Retail Banking at the beginning of 2022, cover the activities in France and internationally as well as the other activities transferred at the time of the disposal of Lyxor. The business enjoyed strong commercial activity. Assets under management totalled EUR 147 billion, up +0.4% vs. Q2 21. Net inflow was buoyant at EUR 2.6 billion in Q2 22, despite the volatility of the financial markets. Net banking income was therefore at a record level of EUR 334 million in Q2 22, up +23.7% vs. Q2 21.

## Net banking income excluding PEL/CEL

**Q2 22:** revenues totalled EUR 2,256 million, up +5.9% vs. Q2 21, when restated for the PEL/CEL provision. Net interest income, excluding PEL/CEL, and other revenues was up +5.0% vs. Q2 21, underpinned by good commercial activity and revaluations of assets held in the portfolio in a buoyant environment, and despite the impact of the rate on the Livret A passbook savings account and still negative rates. Fees increased by +7.1% vs. Q2 21, driven by the good performance of service fees.

**H122:** revenues totalled EUR 4,444 million, up +6.1% vs. H121, when restated for the PEL/CEL provision. Net interest income, excluding PEL/CEL and other revenues, was up +5.4% vs. H121. Fees were 7.0% higher than in H121.

## **Operating expenses**

**Q2 22:** operating expenses totalled EUR 1,513 million (+4.6% vs. Q2 21) and EUR 1,571 million on an underlying basis (+5.5% vs. Q2 21). The cost to income ratio stood at 67%, an improvement of 2.5 points vs. Q2 21. The business posted a positive jaws effect.

**H1 22:** operating expenses totalled EUR 3,233 million (+5.7% vs. H1 21). The cost to income ratio stood at 73%, an improvement of 1.8 points vs. H1 21.

## Cost of risk

**Q2 22:** the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 21 million or 3 basis points, higher than in Q2 21 (1 basis point). The cost of risk was lower than in Q1 22, when it stood at 8 basis points.

**H1 22:** the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 68 million or 6 basis points, lower than in H1 21 (12 basis points).

## **Contribution to Group net income**

**Q2 22:** the contribution to Group net income was EUR 539 million in Q2 22, up +18.7% vs. Q2 21 (EUR 454 million in Q2 21). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 14.4% in Q2 22 (18.3% excluding Boursorama).

**H1 22:** the contribution to Group net income was EUR 852 million, up +27.9% vs. H1 21. RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 14.4% in H1 22 (11.9% in H1 21).

	00.00	00.01			111.00	111.01		
In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	Cha	inge	H1 22	H1 21	Cha	inge
Net banking income	2,304	1,989	+15.8%	+21.4%*	4,527	3,851	+17.6%	+20.4%*
Operating expenses	(1,045)	(1,011)	+3.4%	+9.5%*	(2,228)	(2,100)	+6.1%	+9.0%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(1,075)	(1,035)	+3.9%	+9.9%*	(2,167)	(2,052)	+5.6%	+8.5%*
Gross operating income	1,259	978	+28.7%	+33.5%*	2,299	1,751	+31.3%	+33.9%*
Underlying gross operating income ⁽¹⁾	1,229	954	+28.8%	+33.7%*	2,360	1,799	+31.2%	+33.8%*
Net cost of risk	(97)	(121)	-19.8%	-19.6%*	(422)	(263)	+60.5%	-11.2%*
Operating income	1,162	857	+35.6%	+41.2%*	1,877	1,488	+26.1%	+51.2%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	8	4	+100.0%	+98.2%*	10	6	+66.7%	+65.3%*
Reported Group net income	694	522	+33.0%	+40.1%*	1,094	914	+19.7%	+39.9%*
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	676	508	+33.2%	+40.6%*	1,130	942	+20.0%	+39.5%*
RONE	26.3%	20.6%			20.3%	18.2%		
Underlying RONE ⁽¹⁾	25.6%	20.0%			20.9%	18.7%		

## 4. INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

**International Retail Banking's** outstanding loans totalled EUR 85.0 billion, up +5.1%* vs. Q2 21. Outstanding deposits increased by +3.2%* vs. Q2 21, to EUR 80.1 billion.

For the Europe scope, outstanding loans were up +6.2%* vs. end-June 2021 at EUR 61.5 billion, driven by a positive momentum in all the regions: +9.1%* in the Czech Republic, +8.9%* in Romania, and +1.8%* in Western Europe. Outstanding deposits rose +2.6%* to EUR 54.2 billion.

In Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories, outstanding loans increased by  $+2.3\%^*$  when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates. Outstanding deposits continued to enjoy a healthy momentum, up  $+4.4\%^*$ .

In the Insurance business, the life insurance savings business remained at a high level, with outstandings of EUR 131 billion at end-June 2022 and a unit-linked share of 35%, stable vs. June 2021. Gross life insurance savings inflow increased by  $+0.3\%^*$  in Q2 22 vs. Q2 21, with a substantial share of unit-linked products (44%). Protection insurance saw an increase of  $+7\%^*$  vs. Q2 21, with a healthy momentum in all geographical regions for property/casualty insurance premiums, which were up  $+7\%^*$ .

**Financial Services** also enjoyed a very good momentum. Operational Vehicle Leasing and Fleet Management posted record net banking income, up +54%*, due to the business' good performance and continued very strong demand for used cars. The number of contracts totalled 1.8 million, including 1.4 million financed vehicles, an increase of +5.4% vs. end-June 2021. Equipment Finance outstanding loans were 1.1% higher than at end-June 2021, at EUR 14.5 billion (excluding factoring).

# Net banking income

Net banking income amounted to EUR 2,304 million in Q2 22, up +21.4%* vs. Q2 21.

**International Retail Banking's** net banking income totalled EUR 1,270 million in Q2 22, an increase of +12.7%*.

Revenues in Europe climbed  $+17.2\%^*$  vs. Q2 21, due primarily to substantial growth in net interest income ( $+21\%^*$  vs. Q2 21), particularly in the Czech Republic ( $+48\%^*$  vs. Q2 21), as a result of the rise in rates.

The Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories scope posted revenues up +6.4%* vs. Q2 21 at EUR 481 million, driven by all the businesses.

**Insurance** posted net banking income up +7.9%* vs. Q2 21, at EUR 252 million.

**Financial Services'** net banking income was substantially higher (+45.1%*) than in Q2 21, at EUR 782 million. This performance is due primarily at ALD level to good commercial dynamics, the increase in the

used car sale result (EUR 3,212 per vehicle in H1 22), a depreciation adjustment and, to a lesser extent, the transfer to hyperinflation accounting for activities in Turkey.

## **Operating expenses**

Operating expenses rose +9.5%* on a reported basis vs. Q2 21 to EUR 1,045 million, resulting in a substantial positive jaws effect. The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) stood at 46.7% in Q2 22, lower than in Q2 21 (52.0%).

In International Retail Banking, operating expenses were 5.1%* higher than in Q2 21.

In the **Insurance** business, operating expenses rose +6.3%* vs. Q2 21, with a cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge) of 39.5%.

In **Financial Services**, operating expenses increased by +22.4%* vs. Q2 21, generating a very positive jaws effect.

## **Cost of risk**

**In Q2 22,** the cost of risk was substantially lower at 28 basis points (or EUR 97 million), vs. 92 basis points in Q1 22. It was lower than in Q2 21 (37 basis points). This significant improvement, both sequential and year-on-year, is due to the low level of defaults but also the disposal by the Group of its banking and insurance activities in Russia.

### **Contribution to Group net income**

The contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 694 million in Q2 22, substantially higher (+40.1%*) than in Q2 21.

Underlying RONE stood at 25.6% in Q2 22 (vs. 20.0% in Q2 21) and around 26.4% pro forma for the Russian activities sold. In International Retail Banking, underlying RONE was 19.1% (around 20.2% pro forma for the Russian activities sold) and 32.7% in Financial Services and Insurance.

# 5. GLOBAL BANKING & INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	Vari	ation	H1 22	H1 21	Varia	ation
Net banking income	2,563	2,166	+18.3%	+16.1%*	5,318	4,499	+18.2%	+16.5%*
Operating expenses	(1,565)	(1,498)	+4.5%	+3.4%*	(3,737)	(3,391)	+10.2%	+10.3%*
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(1,755)	(1,623)	+8.1%	+7.1%*	(3,366)	(3,149)	+6.9%	+7.0%*
Gross operating income	998	668	+49.4%	+43.8%*	1,581	1,108	+42.7%	+34.3%*
Underlying gross operating income $^{(1)}$	808	543	+48.9%	+42.1%*	1,952	1,350	+44.6%	+37.5%*
Net cost of risk	(69)	(15)	x 4.6	x 4.2*	(263)	(18)	x 14.6	x 14.2*
Operating income	929	653	+42.3%	+37.1%*	1,318	1,090	+20.9%	+13.7%*
Reported Group net income	742	506	+46.6%	+41.2%*	1,044	853	+22.4%	+15.2%*
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	596	410	+45.3%	+38.6%*	1,329	1,039	+27.9%	+21.7%*
RONE	20.3%	14.9%			14.5%	12.6%		
Underlying RONE ⁽¹⁾	16.3%	12.1%			18.5%	15.4%		

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

NB: excluding Private Banking activities as per Q1 22 restatement (France and International). Excludes businesses transferred following the disposal of Lyxor

## Net banking income

**Global Banking & Investor Solutions** delivered a very solid performance in Q2, with revenues of EUR 2,563 million, significantly higher (+18.3%) than in Q2 21.

In H1 22, revenues rose +18.2% vs. H1 21 (EUR 5,318 million vs. EUR 4,499 million, +16.5%*).

**In Global Markets & Investor Services,** net banking income totalled EUR 1,742 million in Q2 22 (+25.3% vs. Q2 21). It amounted to EUR 3,707 million in H1 22, up +21.9% vs. H1 21 (+17.3%*).

Global Markets turned in a strong performance in Q2 22 (EUR 1,516 million), up +23.3% vs. Q2 21, benefiting from dynamic commercial activity in all the businesses and regions in a volatile environment. Revenues were higher in H1 22 (+21.7%) than in H1 21 at EUR 3,293 million.

The Equity activity enjoyed an excellent quarter (EUR 833 million, +7.5% vs. Q2 21), driven by strong client demand, particularly in equity derivatives and prime services. Revenues were up +13.8% in H1 22 vs. H1 21 at EUR 1,843 million.

Fixed Income & Currency activities posted substantially higher revenues (+50% vs. Q2 21) at EUR 683 million in an environment of rising rates. Revenues increased to EUR 1,450 million in H1 22 (+33.6% vs. H1 21).

Securities Services posted a significant increase in revenues in Q2 (+41.0% vs. Q2 21), to EUR 226 million. Revenues were up +23.6% in H1 22 vs. H1 21 at EUR 414 million. Securities Services' assets under custody and assets under administration amounted to EUR 4,277 billion and EUR 627 billion respectively.

**Financing & Advisory** posted revenues of EUR 821 million, up +14.0% vs. Q2 21. They amounted to EUR 1,611 million in H1 22, significantly higher (+18.9%) than in H1 21.

The Global Banking & Advisory business, up +11.1% vs. Q2 21, capitalised on the good market momentum, particularly in activities related to Natural Resources and Infrastructure. These performances were also driven by the strategy focused on Environmental, Social and global Governance criteria. The Asset-Backed Products platform enjoyed strong growth in Q2. Investment Banking was resilient in Q2, despite a decline in capital markets given the uncertainty related to the war in Ukraine and inflationary pressures.

Global Transaction and Payment Services continued to experience very high growth, up +29.1% vs. Q2 21, primarily on the back of the increase in rates and volumes.

#### **Operating expenses**

Operating expenses totalled EUR 1,565 million in Q2 22, an increase of +4.5% vs. Q2 21 on a reported basis, and +8.1% on an underlying basis. The increase on an underlying basis can be explained primarily by the rise of EUR 65 million in linearised IFRIC 21 charges in Q2.

With a substantial positive jaws effect, the underlying cost to income ratio excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund improved significantly to 62.2%.

Operating expenses were up +10.2% on a reported basis and +6.9% on an underlying basis in H122.

## **Cost of risk**

The cost of risk amounted to 16 basis points (or EUR 69 million) in Q2 22, with cost of risk amounting to EUR 108 million on the Russian offshore portfolio.

It stood at 30 basis points (or EUR 263 million) in H1 22 given the provisioning on the Russian offshore portfolio (EUR 260 million).

### **Contribution to Group net income**

The contribution to Group net income was EUR 742 million on a reported basis and EUR 596 million on an underlying basis in Q2 22 (+45.3% vs. Q2 21). It was EUR 1,044 million on a reported basis and EUR 1,329 million on an underlying basis in H1 22.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions posted a substantial underlying RONE of 16.3% in Q2 22, a significant improvement compared with the RONE of 12.1% in Q2 21. RONE stood at 20.6% excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund. The underlying RONE was 18.5% in H1 22 vs. 15.4% in H1 21.

# 6. CORPORATE CENTRE

In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	H1 22	H1 21
Net banking income	(58)	26	57	53
Operating expenses	(335)	(151)	(589)	(306)
Underlying operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	(189)	(78)	(262)	(149)
Gross operating income	(393)	(125)	(532)	(253)
Underlying gross operating income ⁽¹⁾	(247)	(52)	(205)	(96)
Net cost of risk	(30)	2	(25)	-
Net profits or losses from other assets	(3,303)	-	(3,303)	1
Income tax	321	124	333	160
Reported Group net income	(3,457)	(43)	(3,630)	(180)
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	(264)	7	(315)	(62)

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

The Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects as well as certain costs incurred by the Group not re-invoiced to the businesses.

**The Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR -58 million** in Q2 22 vs. EUR +26 million in Q2 21, and EUR +57 million in H1 22 vs. EUR +53 million in H1 21.

**Operating expenses totalled EUR 335 million** in Q2 22 vs. EUR 151 million in Q2 21. They include the Group's transformation costs for a total amount of EUR 159 million relating to the activities of French Retail Banking (EUR 97 million), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 25 million) and the Corporate Centre (EUR 37 million). Underlying costs came to EUR 189 million in Q2 22 compared to EUR 78 million in Q2 21. They were impacted in particular by the costs related to the Global Employee Share Ownership Plan for EUR 44 million.

In H1 22, operating expenses totalled EUR 589 million vs. EUR 306 million in H1 21. Transformation costs totalled EUR 302 million (EUR 201 million for the activities of French Retail Banking, EUR 39 million for Global Banking & Investor Solutions and EUR 62 million for the Corporate Centre). Underlying costs came to EUR 262 million in H1 22 compared to EUR 149 million in H1 21.

**Gross operating income totalled EUR -393 million** in Q2 22 vs. EUR -125 million in Q2 21. Underlying gross operating income came to EUR -247 million in Q2 22 vs. EUR -52 million in Q2 21. In H1 22, gross operating income was EUR -532 million on a reported basis (vs. EUR -253 million in H1 21) and EUR -205 million on an underlying basis (vs. EUR -96 million in H1 21).

The book loss related to the disposal of Rosbank and the insurance activities in Russia is recognised under net losses from other assets for an amount of around **EUR -3.3 billion** before tax in Q2 22.

**The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income was EUR -3,457 million in Q2 22 vs.** EUR -43 million in Q2 21. The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income on an underlying basis was EUR -264 million. In H1 22, the contribution to Group net income was EUR -3,630 million on a reported basis and EUR -315 million on an underlying basis.

# 7. OUTLOOK FOR 2025

After two years of profitable growth during which the Group simplified its business model, undertook farreaching transformations in accordance with societal changes and invested in its businesses experiencing profitable growth, the Group intends to pursue the execution of its roadmap in a disciplined manner, and is aiming for profitability (ROTE) of 10% and a CET 1 ratio of 12% in 2025. While supporting the growth of its businesses, the Group plans an attractive shareholder distribution of 50% of Group net income⁽¹⁾ of which up to 40% of the distribution in share buy-backs⁽²⁾.

Based on our diversified, balanced and integrated business model, and on our corporate purpose, Societe Generale aims to be the preferred bank of its customers, a leader in sustainable finance, and a resolutely digital company focused on the efficient and responsible use of data.

#### ESG issues at the heart of the business model of the Group and its businesses

Societe Generale's ESG ambition is centred on four priorities: supporting customers in their ecological transition, initiating positive transformations locally, being a responsible employer and maintaining a culture of responsibility.

In addition to the acceleration of our sustainable financing targets, increased to EUR 300 billion by 2025, the Group's ESG ambition is also based on a vast training plan for all the Group's employees and proactive support for all customers, large corporates as well as SME, professional and individual customers. Furthermore, the Group is aiming to reduce its CO2 emissions by around 50% between 2019 and 2030.

#### Acceleration of digital and technological transformation

The Group wants to accelerate on the digital and technological aspect throughout the value chain. It already has a secure, resilient, and modern IT infrastructure. Our IT strategy aims to better serve our customers in terms of digital offering and customer experience and to continue to increase our efficiency and reactivity. In this respect, the Group is aiming for an IT intensity ratio of between 14% and 15% in 2025.

The Group also wants to build the bank of the future by innovating, through partnerships with start-ups and the development of new, differentiating and value-creating business models. It has already demonstrated its ability to develop and create new business models such as Boursorama.

### **Execution of strategic initiatives**

The Group's roadmap is essentially based on the strategic initiatives presented to the market over the last few quarters by different businesses and is structured around three pillars: Retail Banking and Insurance, Global Banking & Investor Solutions and Mobility.

**In French Retail Banking & Private Banking**, the merger of the Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord networks aims to create a new reference bank, rooted in the regions, and fully adapted to the new economic and societal paradigms. This new bank, larger and more coherent, will benefit from an upgrade to increase the customer value proposition, accelerate digitalisation, and improve efficiency. Based on the quality and know-how of the franchises, French Retail Banking intends to accelerate the bancassurance model, extend Private Banking's expertise to high-net-worth clients and develop the mobility and ESG offering. This strategy aims to position the bank among the top 3 banks in terms of customer satisfaction, with a cost to income ratio of between 67% and 69% and profitability (RONE) of 10%.

⁽¹⁾ After deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

⁽²⁾ Subject to General Meeting of Shareholders and regulatory approval

In recent years, **Boursorama** has demonstrated the quality of its business model, capable of generating strong growth by benefiting from substantial economies of scale. The number of products per customer has also grown significantly over the period. The Group wants to take Boursorama to maturity and establish it as the definitive leader in online banking in France. Boursorama is aiming for net income of around EUR 200 million and profitability (RONE) above 25% under the IRBA in 2025.

The Group is pursuing its ambition of profitable growth in **International Retail Banking** by strengthening its leadership positions in its core geographical regions and capitalising on its strong franchises particularly in the corporate market. The Group is aiming for a cost to income ratio of between 50% and 52% in 2025 and profitability (RONE) above 16% in 2025.

**In Insurance**, the Group wants to strengthen its bancassurance model by capitalising on its leadership positions in life insurance and enhancing its offering in protection insurance with a strong ESG focus. The strengthening of retirement savings and partnerships are also strategic and differentiating areas of development between now and 2025. Insurance intends to achieve a cost to income ratio of around 40% and profitability (RONE) above 25% under IFRS4.

**Mobility** becomes the Group's third pillar with the creation of a major global player resulting from ALD's acquisition of LeasePlan. It represents a key development area for the Group, with estimated annual growth in the fleet of more than 6% following the integration of LeasePlan, a cost to income ratio of around 45%⁽¹⁾ and a RONE above 20% in 2025.

In line with the strategic plan presented in May 2021, **Global Banking & Investor Solutions** maintains its ambition to be a major European player with the support of a diversified and resilient business model. It is aiming for a cost to income ratio of between 65% and 68% and profitability (RONE) of between 12% and 14% in 2025.

**Global Markets & Investor Services** is pursuing the strategy initiated in 2021 regarding diversifying, rebalancing activities, and innovation, particularly in ESG and digital technology, in order to consolidate its positions and seize market opportunities. Risk appetite is set to remain stable over the period in accordance with the objective of ensuring greater resilience and predictability of performance. Global Markets' revenues are expected to be within a range of between EUR 4.7 and 5.3 billion.

**Financing & Advisory** is a key development area for the Group, with a target of average annual revenue growth of around 3% over the period 2021-2025. The strengthening of the franchises and the diversification of capital allocation towards the most dynamic sectors, customer segments or geographical regions remains a priority (Technology, Media and Telecoms, healthcare, and renewable energies) in the same way as accelerating the dissemination of ESG throughout the business. The Group is also continuing with its investment towards a more integrated, modular, and open platform in the Global Transaction and Payment businesses.

### 2025 financial targets

Through the execution of strategic initiatives, the selective allocation of capital to the most profitable and fast-growing businesses, and a focus on advisory and fee-generating activities, the Group is aiming for average annual revenue growth above or equal to 3% over the 2021-2025 period based on the lower end of the expected revenue range in Global Markets.

Thanks to the completion of the cost-cutting plans undertaken, the end of the Single Resolution Fund constitution phase and continued strict discipline, the increase in costs is expected to be lower than expected average inflation over the period. On these bases and on the back of revenue growth, the Group is aiming for a cost to income ratio below or equal to 62% in 2025.

⁽¹⁾ Calculated at ALD level: Total of operating expenses/gross margin (excluding the used car sale (UCS) result)

Moreover, the cost of risk is expected to be at a normalised level of around 30 basis points in 2025.

In the case of the CET1 ratio, the Group is aiming for a level of 12% in 2025, after taking into account in particular a capital impact from the finalisation of Basel III estimated at around 120 basis points on a fully loaded basis, excluding output floor (or 100 basis points in 2025, taking into account the phase-in), and an attractive shareholder distribution policy.

As a result, the Group's profitability (ROTE) is expected to be 10% in 2025.

# 8. 2022 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2022 and 2023 Financial communication calendar

November 4 th , 2022	Third quarter and nine-month 2022 results
February 8 th , 2023	Fourth quarter and FY 2022 results
May 12 th ,2023	First quarter 2023 results

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, IFRIC 21 adjustment, cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets, tangible net assets, and the amounts serving as a basis for the different restatements carried out (in particular, the transition from published data to underlying data) are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to:

- anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential consequences;

- evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, in particular in the Covid-19 crisis and Ukraine war context, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets (in particular, regulatory and prudential changes), and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the section "Risk Factors" in our Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers.

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

# 9. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

## **GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS**

In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	Variation	H1 22	H1 21	Variation
French Retail Banking	539	454	+18.7%	852	666	+27.9%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	694	522	+33.0%	1,094	914	+19.7%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	742	506	+46.6%	1,044	853	+22.4%
Core Businesses	1,975	1,482	+33.3%	2,990	2,433	+22.9%
Corporate Centre	(3,457)	(43)	n/s	(3,630)	(180)	n/s
Group	(1,482)	1,439	n/s	(640)	2,253	n/s

NB: Amounts restated in Q1 22 to take into account the transfer of Private Banking activities (French and international) to the French Retail Banking. Includes other activities transferred after the disposal of Lyxor

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

In EUR m	30.06.2022	31.12.2021
Cash, due from central banks	183,203	179,969
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	380,165	342,714
Hedging derivatives	21,851	13,239
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	42,561	43,450
Securities at amortised cost	19,376	19,371
Due from banks at amortised cost	82,594	55,972
Customer loans at amortised cost	503,718	497,164
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(565)	131
Investments of insurance companies	162,621	178,898
Tax assets	4,343	4,812
Other assets	101,824	92,898
Non-current assets held for sale	6	27
Deferred profit-sharing	407	-
Investments accounted for using the equity method	111	95
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	32,615	31,968
Goodwill	3,794	3,741
Total	1,538,624	1,464,449

In EUR m	30.06.2022	31.12.2021
Due to central banks	9,868	5,152
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	344,131	307,563
Hedging derivatives	32,133	10,425
Debt securities issued	133,679	135,324
Due to banks	147,871	139,177
Customer deposits	519,431	509,133
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(6,148)	2,832
Tax liabilities	1,609	1,577
Other liabilities	120,517	106,305
Non-current liabilities held for sale	-	1
Insurance contracts related liabilities	143,435	155,288
Provisions	4,914	4,850
Subordinated debts	17,074	15,959
Total liabilities	1,468,514	1,393,586
Shareholder's equity	-	-
Shareholders' equity, Group share	-	-
Issued common stocks and capital reserves	21,735	21,913
Other equity instruments	7,534	7,534
Retained earnings	34,676	30,631
Net income	(640)	5,641
Sub-total	63,305	65,719
Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses	1,277	(652)
Sub-total equity, Group share	64,582	65,067
Non-controlling interests	5,528	5,796
Total equity	70,110	70,863
Total	1,538,624	1,464,449

# **10. APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY**

**1** – The financial information presented for the financial year ending June 30th, 2022 was approved by the Board of Directors on August 2nd, 2022. It has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at this date. The limited review procedures on the condensed interim financial statements at June 30th, 2022 carried by the Statutory Auditors are currently underway.

## 2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

## 3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses are defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses.

The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document.

# 4 - IFRIC 21 adjustment

The IFRIC 21 adjustment corrects the result of the charges recognised in the accounts in their entirety when they are due (generating event) so as to recognise only the portion relating to the current quarter, i.e., a quarter of the total. It consists in smoothing the charge recognised accordingly over the financial year in order to provide a more economic idea of the costs actually attributable to the activity over the period analysed.

The contributions to **Single Resolution Fund (« SRF »)** are part of IFRIC21 adjusted charges, they include contributions to national resolution funds within the EU.

#### 5 - Exceptional items - Transition from accounting data to underlying data

It may be necessary for the Group to present underlying indicators in order to facilitate the understanding of its actual performance. The transition from published data to underlying data is obtained by restating published data for exceptional items and the IFRIC 21 adjustment.

Moreover, the Group restates the revenues and earnings of the French Retail Banking pillar for PEL/CEL provision allocations or write-backs. This adjustment makes it easier to identify the revenues and earnings relating to the pillar's activity, by excluding the volatile component related to commitments specific to regulated savings.

The reconciliation enabling the transition from published accounting data to underlying data is set out in the table below:

in EUR m	H1 22	H1 21	Q2 22	Q2 21
Exceptional operating expenses (-)	872	533	(132)	(118)
IFRIC linearisation	570	398	(291)	(203)
Transformation costs ⁽¹⁾	302	135	159	85
Of which related to French Retail Banking	201	60	97	38
Of which related to Global Banking & Investor Solutions	39	43	25	26
Of which related to Corporate Centre	62	32	37	21
Exceptional Net profit or losses from other assets (+/-)	(3,303)	0	(3,303)	0
Net losses from the disposal of Russian activities $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$	(3,300)		(3,300)	
Net losses from the disposal of $Lyxor^{(1)}$	(3)		(3)	
Total exceptional items (pre-tax)	4,175	533	3,171	(118)
Reported Net income - Group Share	(640)	2,253	(1,482)	1,439
Total exceptional items - Group share (post-tax)	3,719	394	2,987	(90)
Underlying Net income - Group Share	3,079	2,647	1,505	1,349

(1) Allocated to Corporate Centre

## 6 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk is defined on pages 43 and 663 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

In EURm		Q2 22	Q2 21	H1 22	H1 21
	Net Cost Of Risk	21	8	68	137
French Retail Banking	Gross loan Outstandings	245,710	234,643	244,177	234,298
	Cost of Risk in bp	3	1	6	12
	Net Cost Of Risk	97	121	422	263
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	Gross loan Outstandings	141,075	131,344	140,811	130,770
r mancial Scivices	Cost of Risk in bp	28	37	60	40
	Net Cost Of Risk	69	15	263	18
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	Gross loan Outstandings	176,934	145,302	173,842	141,803
	Cost of Risk in bp	16	4	30	3
	Net Cost Of Risk	30	(2)	25	0
Corporate Centre	Gross loan Outstandings	14,943	13,561	14,678	13,262
	Cost of Risk in bp	79	(4)	34	0
	Net Cost Of Risk	217	142	778	418
Societe Generale Group	Gross loan Outstandings	578,662	524,849	573,508	520,133
	Cost of Risk in bp	15	11	27	16

NB: Amounts restated in Q1 22 to take into account the transfer of Private Banking activities (French and international) to the French Retail Banking. Includes other activities transferred after the disposal of Lyxor

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

### 7 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notion of ROE (Return On Equity) and ROTE (Return On Tangible Equity), as well as the methodology for calculating it, are specified on pages 43 and 44 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess return on equity and Societe Generale's return on tangible equity.

RONE (*Return on Normative Equity*) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 44 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document.

The net result by the group retained for the numerator of the ratio is the net profit attributable to the accounting group adjusted by the interest to be paid on TSS & TSDI, interest paid to the holders of TSS & TSDI amortization of premiums issues and the impairment of goodwill.

Details of the corrections made to book equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

#### **ROTE calculation: calculation methodology**

End of period (in EURm)	Q2 22	Q2 21	H1 22	H1 21
Shareholders' equity Group share	64,583	63,136	64,583	63,136
Deeply subordinated notes	(8,683)	(8,905)	(8,683)	(8,905)
Undated subordinated notes	-	(62)	-	(62)
Interest of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$	(8)	(1)	(8)	(1)
OCI excluding conversion reserves	854	(699)	854	(699)
Distribution provision ⁽²⁾	(1,193)	(1,021)	(1,193)	(1,021)
Distribution for N-1	(914)	-	(914)	-
ROE equity end-of-period	54,638	52,448	54,638	52,448
Average ROE equity*	54,833	52,161	54,751	51,856
Average Goodwill	(3,646)	(3,927)	(3,636)	(3,928)
Average Intangible Assets	(2,723)	(2,542)	(2,738)	(2,524)
Average ROTE equity*	48,464	45,692	48,377	45,404

(1,482)	1,439	(640)	2,253
(159)	(165)	(278)	(309)
-	-	2	-
(1,641)	1,274	(916)	1,944
48,464	45,692	48,377	45,404
-13.5%	11.2%	-3.8%	8.6%
	(159) - (1,641) 48,464	(159)     (165)       (1,641)     1,274       48,464     45,692	(159)         (165)         (278)           -         -         2           (1,641)         1,274         (916)           48,464         45,692         48,377

Underlying Group net income	1,505	1,349	3,079	2,647
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes	(159)	(165)	(278)	(309)
Cancellation of goodwill impairment	-	-	2	-
Adjusted Underlying Group net Income	1,346	1,184	2,803	2,338
Average ROTE equity (underlying)*	51,451	45,602	52,096	45,797
Underlying ROTE	10.5%	10.4%	10.8%	10.2%

(1) Interest net of tax, payable or paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations

(2) The dividend to be paid is calculated based on a pay-out ratio of 50% of the underlying Group net income, after deduction of deeply subordinated notes and on undated subordinated notes

(*) Amounts restated compared with the financial statements published in 2020 (See Note1.7 of the financial statements)

#### RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

In EURm	Q2 22	Q2 21	Change	H1 22	H1 21	Change
French Retail Banking	12,295	12,116	+1.5%	12,058	12,162	-0.9%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	10,570	10,158	+4.1%	10,794	10,058	+7.3%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	14,642	13,581	+7.8%	14,386	13,492	+6.6%
Core Businesses	37,507	35,857	+4.6%	37,238	35,713	+4.3%
Corporate Center	17,326	16,306	+6.3%	17,513	16,144	+8.5%
Group	54,833	52,161	+5.1%	54,751	51,856	+5.6%

NB: Amounts restated in Q1 22 to take into account the transfer of Private Banking activities (French and international) to the French Retail Banking. Includes other activities transferred after the disposal of Lyxor

#### 8 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 46 of the Group's 2022 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

End of period (in EURm)	H1 22	Q1 22	2021
Shareholders' equity Group share	64,583	65,852	65,067
Deeply subordinated notes	(8,683)	(8,178)	(8,003)
Undated subordinated notes			
Interest of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations $^{\scriptscriptstyle (1)}$	(8)	(65)	20
Book value of own shares in trading portfolio	(222)	(78)	37
Net Asset Value	55,669	57,531	57,121
Goodwill	(3,667)	(3,624)	(3,624)
Intangible Assets	(2,672)	(2,773)	(2,733)
Net Tangible Asset Value	49,330	51,134	50,764
Number of shares used to calculate NAPS*	831,045	831,044	831,162
Net Asset Value per Share	67.0	69.2	68.7
Net Tangible Asset Value per Share	59.4	61.5	61.1

(1) Interest net of tax, payable or paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations

(*) The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at end of period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

In accordance with IAS 33, historical data per share prior to the date of detachment of a preferential subscription right are restated by the adjustment coefficient for the transaction.

#### 9 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 45 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE. As specified on page 45 of Societe Generale's 2022 Universal Registration Document, the Group also publishes EPS adjusted for the impact of non-economic and exceptional items presented in methodology note No. 5 (underlying EPS).

Average number of shares (thousands) H1 22 Q1 22 2021 **Existing shares** 842,540 845,248 853,371 Deductions Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff 6,021 3,861 6,041 Other own shares and treasury shares 5,416 8,124 3,249 Number of shares used to calculate EPS* 831,084 831,103 846,261 Group net Income (640) 842 5,641 Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (278) (119)(590) Capital gain net of tax on partial buybacks Adjusted Group net income (918) 723 5,051 EPS (in EUR) (1.10)0.87 5.97 Underlying EPS** (in EUR) 2.87 1.00 5.52

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

(*) Calculated on the basis of underlying Group net income (excluding linearisation of IFRIC 21).

(**) The number of shares considered is the average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

**10 - The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital** is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules. The fully loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is also calculated according to applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules including the phased-in following the same rationale as solvency ratios.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale's website www.societegenerale.com in the "Investor" section.

#### Societe Generale

Societe Generale is one of the leading European financial services groups. Based on a diversified and integrated banking model, the Group combines financial strength and proven expertise in innovation with a strategy of sustainable growth. Committed to the positive transformations of the world's societies and economies, Societe Generale and its teams seek to build, day after day, together with its clients, a better and sustainable future through responsible and innovative financial solutions.

Active in the real economy for over 150 years, with a solid position in Europe and connected to the rest of the world, Societe Generale has over 117,000 members of staff in 66 countries and supports on a daily basis 25 million individual clients, businesses and institutional investors around the world by offering a wide range of advisory services and tailored financial solutions. The Group is built on three complementary core businesses:

- French Retail Banking which encompasses the Societe Generale, Credit du Nord and Boursorama brands. Each offers a full range of financial services with omnichannel products at the cutting edge of digital innovation;
- International Retail Banking, Insurance and Financial Services, with networks in Africa, Central and Eastern Europe and specialised businesses that are leaders in their markets;
- Global Banking and Investor Solutions, which offers recognised expertise, key international locations and integrated solutions.

Societe Generale is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index, Refinitiv Diversity and Inclusion Index, Euronext Vigeo (Europe and Eurozone), STOXX Global ESG Leaders indexes, and the MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index (World and Europe).

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Key figures as of 30 June 2022.

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