Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "**SGX-ST**") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to

the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation

with a Daily Leverage of 5x

issued by

SG Issuer

(Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability)

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

Société Générale

Issue Price: S\$0.80 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "**Certificates**") to be issued by SG Issuer (the "**Issuer**") unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the "**Guarantor**"), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 18 June 2021 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time (the "**Base Listing Document**") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products¹ and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 18 June 2021 (the "**Guarantee**") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 17 December 2021.

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

16 December 2021

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "**Conditions**" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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RISK FACTORS

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply;
- (d) the Company is controlled through weighted voting rights. Certain individuals who own shares of a class which is being given more votes per share may have the ability to determine the outcome of most matters. If the Company takes actions that the other shareholders do not view as beneficial, the market price of the Underlying Stock and hence the Certificates could be adversely affected;
- (e) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
- (f) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (g) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (h) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;

- (i) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to the Conditions 4 and 6 on pages 32 to 36 and the examples and illustrations of adjustments set out in the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section of this document for more information;
- the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (k) the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as defined below);
- (I) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy (as described below) including the Funding Cost (as defined below) and Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (m) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk relating to the Certificates where the Cash Settlement Amount is converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars.

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;

- (n) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (o) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideway trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- (p) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (q) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;

- (r) there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight fall in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens the following day or (ii) a sharp intraday fall in the price of the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (1) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (2) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. Investors may refer to pages 52 to 53 of this document for more information;
- (s) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 on pages 38 to 39 of this document for more information;
- (t) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (u) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (v) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection

with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(w) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;
- (y) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may decline. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:
 - Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
 - The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;
- (z) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (aa) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (bb) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"):
 - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
 - (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of

Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;

- (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
- (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (cc) the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("**HIBOR**") benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate;

(dd) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("**FATCA**") withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer or an investor's broker or custodian may be subject to FATCA and, as a result, may be required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor or other withholding agent could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian could be required to close an account of

an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES;

(ee) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under "TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986." Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder's particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates; and

(ff) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for resolution.

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**BRRD**") entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the "**BRR Act 2015**"). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism ("**SRM**") and a Single Resolution Fund (the "**SRM Regulation**") has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the "**SRB**") in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since November 2014, the European Central Bank ("**ECB**") has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("**SSM**"). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States' resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of

Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the "**SSM Regulation**") and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the "**Resolution Authority**") with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution's failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers' exposure to losses).

Under the SRM Regulation, a centralised power of resolution is established and entrusted to the SRB acting in cooperation with the national resolution authorities. In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions' resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the "**Bail-in Power**"). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution

and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD provides the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Before taking a resolution measure, including implementing the Bail-in Power, or exercising the power to write down or convert relevant capital instruments, the Resolution Authority must ensure that a fair, prudent and realistic valuation of the assets and liabilities of the institution is carried out by a person independent from any public authority.

The application of any measure under the BRRD and the SRM Regulation or any suggestion of such application with respect to the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group could materially adversely affect the rights of Certificate Holders, the price or value of an investment in the Certificates and/or the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to satisfy its obligations under any Certificates, and as a result investors may lose their entire investment.

Moreover, if the Issuer's or the Guarantor's financial condition deteriorates, the existence of the Bail-in Power, the exercise of write-down/conversion powers or any other resolution tools by the Resolution Authority independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure when it determines that the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group will no longer be viable could cause the market price or value of the Certificates to decline more rapidly than would be the case in the absence of such powers.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities ("**MREL**") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. The MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The current regime will evolve as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package", the following legislative texts have been published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May 2019:

 Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms (the "BRRD II"); and Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("TLAC") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "SRM II Regulation" and, together with the BRRD II, the "EU Banking Package Reforms").

The EU Banking Package Reforms will introduce, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("**FSB TLAC Term Sheet**"), by adapting, among others, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC will be implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets through January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator through January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

According to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "**CRR**"), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the CRR as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the "**CRR II**"), EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, will have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, as from the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale will have to comply at the same time with TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities will be closely aligned with those laid down in the CRR, as amended by the CRR II for the TLAC-eligible liabilities, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet the MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance while only an additional return is linked to that derivative component and depends on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL will be set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance any may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated, provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining maturity of at least one year and, if governed by non-EU law, they must be able to be written down or converted under that law (including through contractual provisions).

The scope of liabilities used to meet the MREL includes, in principle, all liabilities resulting from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in the BRRD, as amended by the BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that the MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities, in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency

proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail- in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks).

If the SRB finds that there could exist any obstacles to resolvability by the Issuer or the Guarantor and/or the Group, a higher MREL requirement could be imposed. Any failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor, as applicable, and/or the Group to comply with its MREL may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, financial conditions and results of operations.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates:	10,000,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation (the " Underlying Stock ")
ISIN:	LU2267115892
Company:	Xiaomi Corporation (RIC: 1810.HK)
Underlying Price ³ and Source:	HK\$18.12 (Reuters)
Calculation Agent:	Société Générale
Strike Level:	Zero
Daily Leverage:	5x (within the Leverage Strategy as described below)
Notional Amount per Certificate:	SGD 0.80
Management Fee (p.a.)4:	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.)⁵:	6.00%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements overnight.
Funding Cost ⁶ :	The annualised costs of funding, referencing a publicly published interbank offered rate plus spread.
Rebalancing Cost ⁶ :	The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of leverage and daily performance of the Underlying Stock.
Launch Date:	10 December 2021
Closing Date:	16 December 2021
Expected Listing Date:	17 December 2021

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about 16 December 2021. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 16 December 2021.

⁴ Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to "Fees and Charges" below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Strategy.

Last Trading Date:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date, currently being 8 December 2022
Expiry Date:	15 December 2022 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Valuation Date:	14 December 2022 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date or if the Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date or if the Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:
	Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate
	Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 43 to 58 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.
Hedging Fee Factor:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as: Product (for t from 2 to Valuation Date) of $(1 - Management Fee x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)) x (1 - Gap Premium (t-1) x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)), where:$
	"t " refers to " Observation Date " which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Underlying Stock Business Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Underlying Stock Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been an Observation Date. In that case, that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day shall be deemed to be the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and the Issuer shall determine, its good faith estimate of the level of the Leverage Strategy and the value of the Certificate on that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculation last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Market Disruption Event taking into account, inter alia, the exchange traded or quoted price of the Underlying Stock and the potential increased cost of hedging by the Issuer as a result of the occurrence of the Market Disruption Event.

An "**Underlying Stock Business Day**" is a day on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**HKEX**") is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 43 to 58 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by

Closing Level:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:
	$\left(\frac{\frac{\text{Final Reference Level } \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level } \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$
Initial Reference Level:	1,000
Final Reference Level:	The closing level of the Leverage Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date
	The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Strategy is set out in the "Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy" section on pages 20 to 26 below.
Initial Exchange Rate ³ :	0.1748
Final Exchange Rate:	The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the

the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism: The "Air Bag Mechanism" refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock falls by 15% or more ("Air Bag Trigger Price") during the trading day (which represents approximately 75% loss after a 5 times leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Strategy is adjusted intraday. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered.

The Leverage Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the "Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")" section on pages 24 to 26 below and the "Description of Air Bag Mechanism" section on pages 49 to 50 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events: The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency: Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")

Settlement Currency: Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

- Exercise Expenses: Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.
- Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the **"SGX-ST**") the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for HKEX the Underlying Stock:

Business Day and Exchange A "**Business Day**" is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings Business Day: In Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

	An " Exchange Business Day " is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited (" CDP ")
Clearing System:	CDP
Fees and Charges:	Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.
	Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET.
Further Information:	Please refer to the website at <u>dlc.socgen.com</u> for more information on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy

Description of the Leverage Strategy

The Leverage Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, for any Observation Date(t), the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such day (t).

Subject to the occurrence of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such Observation Date(t) is calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Observation Date(1):

$$LSL_{1} = 1000$$

On each subsequent Observation Date(t):

$$LSL_{t} = Max[LSL_{t-1} \times (1 + LR_{t-1,t} - FC_{t-1,t} - RC_{t-1,t}), 0]$$

LR_{t-1,t} means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Observation Date(t-1) and Observation Date(t) closing prices, calculated as follows:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right)$$

FC_{t-1,t} means, the Funding Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$FC_{t-1,t} = (Leverage - 1) \times \frac{Rate_{t-1} \times ACT(t - 1, t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

 $\mathbf{RC}_{t-1,t}$ means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy on Observation Date (t), calculated as follows :

$$RC_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC_{t-1,t}$$

тс

means the Transaction Costs applicable (including Stamp Duty and any other applicable taxes, levies and costs which may be levied on the stock transactions on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time) that are currently equal to:

0.13%

5

"Stamp Duty" refers to the applicable rate of stamp duty on the stock transactions in the jurisdiction of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock, which may be changed by the applicable regulatory authorities from time to time.

Leverage

- St means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date(t), subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.
- Rate_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate calculated as of such day in accordance with the following formula:

Rfactor_t means, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-dividend date of the Underlying Stock, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions, according to the following formula:

$$Rfactor_t = 1 - \frac{Div_t}{\mathbf{S_{t-1}}}$$

where

 Div_t is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock and the relevant ex-dividend date which shall be considered net of any applicable withholding taxes.

- CashRate_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of modification, the permanent or indefinite cancellation or cessation in the provision of HIBOR, or a regulator or other official sector entity prohibits the use of HIBOR, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.
- means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate which shall be %SpreadLevel_t determined with respect to such Valuation Date(t) by the Calculation Agent as the difference between (1) the 12-month HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKD1YD= and (2) Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, each being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rates is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page. Upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation Agent, of modification, the permanent or indefinite cancellation or cessation in the provision of HIBOR, or a regulator or other official sector entity prohibits the use of HIBOR, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.

Provided that if such difference is negative, %**SpreadLevel**_t should be 0%.

ACT(t-1,t) ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

DayCountBasisRate 365

- **Benchmark Fallback Fallback upon the occurrence or likely occurrence, as determined by the Calculation** Agent, of a Reference Rate Event, the Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate to account for the relevant event or circumstance, including but not limited to using any alternative rates from such date, with or without retroactive effect as the Calculation Agent may in its sole and absolute discretion determine.
- Reference Rate means, in respect of the Reference Rate any of the following has occurred or will occur:
 - (i) a Reference Rate Cessation;
 - (ii) an Administrator/Benchmark Event; or

(iii) a Reference Rate is, with respect to over-the-counter derivatives transactions which reference such Reference Rate, the subject of any market-wide development formally agreed upon by the International Swaps and Derivative Association (ISDA) or the Asia Securities Industry & Financial Markets Association (ASIFMA), pursuant to which such Reference Rate is, on a specified date, replaced with a risk-free rate (or near risk-free rate) established in order to comply with the recommendations in the Financial Stability Board's paper titled "Reforming Major Interest Rate Benchmarks" dated 22 July 2014.

Reference Rate means, for a Reference Rate, the occurrence of one or more of the following events:

(i) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the administrator of the Reference Rate announcing that it has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate;

(ii) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of the Reference Rate, the central bank for the currency of the Reference Rate, an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate, a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the administrator for the Reference Rate or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the administrator for the Reference Rate, which states that the administrator of the Reference Rate has ceased or will cease to provide the Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor administrator that will continue to provide the Reference Rate; or

(iii) in respect of a Reference Rate, a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the administrator of such Reference Rate announcing that (a) the regulatory supervisor has determined that such Reference Rate is no longer, or as of a specified future date will no longer be, representative of the underlying market and economic reality that such Reference Rate is intended to measure and that representativeness will not be restored and (b) it is being made in the awareness that the statement or publication will engage certain contractual triggers for fallbacks activated by pre-cessation announcements by such supervisor (howsoever described) in contracts;

Administrator/ Benchmark Event	means, for a Reference Rate, any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register in respect of the Reference Rate or the administrator or sponsor of the Benchmark has not been, or will not be, obtained or has been, or will be, rejected, refused, suspended or withdrawn by the relevant competent authority or other relevant official body, in each case with the effect that either the Issuer, the Calculation Agent or any other entity is not, or will not be, permitted under any applicable law or regulation to use the Reference Rate to perform its or their respective obligations under the Certificates.
Reference Rate(s)	means the rate(s) used in the Leverage Strategy Formula, for example SORA,

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")

SOFR and US Federal Funds Effective Rate.

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons	If the Calculation Agent determines that an Intraday Restrike Event has occurred during an Observation Date(t) (the Intraday Restrike Date , noted hereafter IRD), an adjustment (an Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons) shall take place during such Observation Date(t) in accordance with the following provisions.
	(1) Provided the last Intraday Restrike Observation Period as of such Intraday Restrike Date does not end on the TimeReferenceClosing, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on the Intraday Restrike Date (LSL_{IRD}) should be computed as follows :
	$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(n),IR(C)} - IRC_{IR(n),IR(C)}), 0]$
	(2) If the last Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date ends on the TimeReferenceClosing:
	$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)}, 0]$
ILSL _{IR(k)}	means, in respect of IR(k), the Intraday Leverage Strategy Level in accordance with the following provisions :
	(1) for k = 1 :
	$ILSL_{IR(1)} = Max[LSL_{IRD-1} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(0),IR(1)} - FC_{IRD-1,IRD} - IRC_{IR(0),IR(1)}), 0]$
	(2) for k > 1 :
	$ILSL_{IR(k)} = Max[ILSL_{IR(k-1)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} - IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}), 0]$
ILR _{IR(k-1),IR(k)}	means the Intraday Leveraged Return between $IR(k-1)$ and $IR(k)$, calculated as follows :
	$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1\right)$
IRC _{IR(k-1),IR(k)}	means the Intraday Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy in respect of IR(k) on a given Intraday Restrike Date, calculated as follows :

	$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left \frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1 \right \right) \times TC$
IS _{IR(k)}	means the Underlying Stock Price in respect of IR(k) computed as follows:
	(1) for k=0
	$IS_{IR(0)} = S_{IRD-1} \times Rfactor_{IRD}$
	(2) for k=1 to n
	means in respect of IR(k), the lowest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period
	(3) with respect to IR(C)
	$IS_{IR(C)} = S_{IRD}$
	In each case, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.
IR(k)	For k=0, means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the Observation Date immediately preceding the relevant Intraday Restrike Date;
	For k=1 to n, means the k th Intraday Restrike Event on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
IR(C)	means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
n	means the number of Intraday Restrike Events that occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.
Intraday Restrike Event	means in respect of an Observation Date(t):
	(1) provided no Intraday Restrike Event has previously occurred on such Observation Date (t), the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(0)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
	(2) if k Intraday Restrike Events have occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date, the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $IS_{IR(k)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
Calculation Time	means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Strategy Level.
TimeReferenceOpening	means the scheduled opening time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).
TimeReferenceClosing	means the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).
Intraday Restrike Event	means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and

Observation Period	excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.
	Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.
Intraday Restrike Event Time	means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) *Form.* The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
 - a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 18 June 2021, made by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") and Société Générale (the "Guarantor"); and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The holders of the Certificates (the "**Certificate Holders**") are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

(b) Status and Guarantee. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a "**Guarantee Obligation**").

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the "**Code**").

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

(i) *pari passu* with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated

obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the "**Law**") on 11 December 2016;

- (ii) *pari passu* with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016;
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) *Bail-In.* By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
 - to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer's liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the regulator,

(the "Statutory Bail-In");

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "M&F Code"):
 - (A) ranking:
 - junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the M&F Code;
 - (2) pari passu with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article
 L.613-30-3-I-3 of the M&F Code; and
 - (3) senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the M&F Code; and
 - (B) which are not *titres non structurés* as defined under Article R.613-28 of the M&F Code, and
 - (C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself, and as if any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the "**Contractual Bail-in**").

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bailin.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Amounts Due" means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

"**Bail-In Power**" means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

"**MREL**" means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

"**Relevant Resolution Authority**" means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) *Certificate Rights*. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "**Cash Settlement Amount**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The **"Closing Level**", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

(Final Reference Level × Final Exchange Rate Initial Reference Level × Initial Exchange Rate – Strike Level) × Hedging Fee Factor

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case:-

- that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

(b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount

to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.

(c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) *Exercise*. Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) Settlement. In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than five Business Days following the Expiry Date by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.
- (d) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) *Business Day*. In these Conditions, a "**Business Day**" shall be a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) *Definitions*. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
 - a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
 - (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
 - (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
 - (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
 - (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights

pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or

- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) *Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency*. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
 - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
 - (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
 - (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "Option Reference Source") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an

immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

- (d) Definitions. "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.
- (e) Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the

circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).

(f) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

9. Notices

- (a) *Documents.* All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

12. Delisting

- (a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or

amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc. If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"**Change in law**" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii)

the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

(b) *Early Termination for Holding Limit Event*. The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership, control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests, regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

- (c) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(d) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the SGX-ST.
- (d) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Substitution of the Issuer

The Issuer may be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor as principal obligor in respect of the Certificates without the consent of the relevant Certificate Holders. If the Issuer determines that it shall be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor (the "**Substituted Obligor**"), it shall give at least 90 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the substitution is effected) specifying the date of the substitution, in accordance with Condition 9, to the Certificate Holders of such event and, immediately on the expiry of such notice, the Substituted Obligor shall become the principal obligor in place of the Issuer and the Certificate Holders shall thereupon cease to have any rights or claims whatsoever against the Issuer.

Upon any such substitution, all references to the Issuer in the Conditions and all agreements relating to the Certificates will be to the Substituted Obligor and the Certificates will be modified as required, and the Certificate Holders will be notified of the modified terms and conditions of such Certificates in accordance with Condition 9.

For the purposes of this Condition, it is expressly agreed that by subscribing to, acquiring or otherwise purchasing or holding the Certificates, the Certificate Holders are expressly deemed to have consented to the substitution of the Issuer by the Substituted Obligor and to the release of the Issuer from any and all obligations in respect of the Certificates and all agreements relating thereto and are expressly deemed to have accepted such substitution and the consequences thereof.

15. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

16. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

17. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

lssuer:	SG Issuer
Company:	Xiaomi Corporation
The Certificates:	European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Underlying Stock
Number:	10,000,000 Certificates
Form:	The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a master instrument by way of deed poll dated 18 June 2021 (the " Master Instrument ") and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the " Master Warrant Agent Agreement ") and made between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent.
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:
	Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level
Denominations:	Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the Certificates.
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Exercise and Trading Currency:	SGD
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Transfers of Certificates:	Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples

	thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.
Listing:	Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence on or about 17 December 2021.
Governing Law:	The laws of Singapore
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited
	11 North Buona Vista Drive
	#06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2
	Singapore 138589
Further Issues:	Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled long certificates on single equities (the "**Certificates**") are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settlement Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

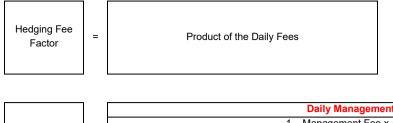
The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will increase and are seeking short-term leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost.

Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor



		Daily Management Fee Adjustment
		1 – Management Fee x ACT (t-1;t) / 360
Daily Fees	=	X
		Daily Gap Premium Adjustment
		1 – Gap Premium (t-1) x ACT (t-1;t) / 360

Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)

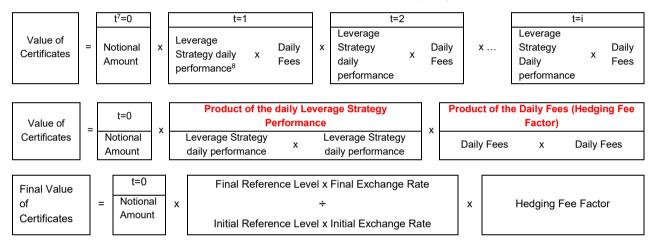


Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

 ⁷ "t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.
 ⁸ Leverage Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock:	Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation
Expected Listing Date:	03/07/2018
Expiry Date:	18/07/2018
Initial Reference Level:	1,000
Initial Exchange Rate:	1
Final Reference Level:	1,200
Final Exchange Rate:	1
Issue Price:	0.80 SGD
Notional Amount per Certificate:	0.80 SGD
Management Fee (p.a.):	0.40%
Gap Premium (p.a.):	6.00%
Strike Level:	Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the nth Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

HFF(0) = 100%

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

HFF (1) = HFF (0) × $\left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right)$ × $\left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right)$ HFF (1) = 100% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$ × $\left(1 - 6.00\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$ HFF (1) = 100% × 99.9989% × 99.9833% ≈ 99.9822%

Assuming 2nd Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Underlying Stock Business Day:

HFF (2) = HFF (1) × $\left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right)$ × $\left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT}(t - 1; t)}{360}\right)$ HFF (2) = 99.9822% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$ × $\left(1 - 6.00\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$ HFF (2) = 99.9822% × 99.9967% × 99.9500% ≈ 99.9289%

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

$$HFF(n) = HFF(n-1) \times \left(1 - Management Fee \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - Gap Premium \times \frac{ACT(t-1;t)}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.7337% as illustrated below:

Date	HFF
3/7/2018	100.0000%
4/7/2018	99.9822%
5/7/2018	99.9644%
6/7/2018	99.9467%
9/7/2018	99.8934%
10/7/2018	99.8756%
11/7/2018	99.8579%
12/7/2018	99.8401%
13/7/2018	99.8224%
16/7/2018	99.7691%
17/7/2018	99.7514%
18/7/2018	99.7337%

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

 $= [(1200 \times 1) / (1000 \times 1) - 0] \times 99.7337\%$

= 119.68%

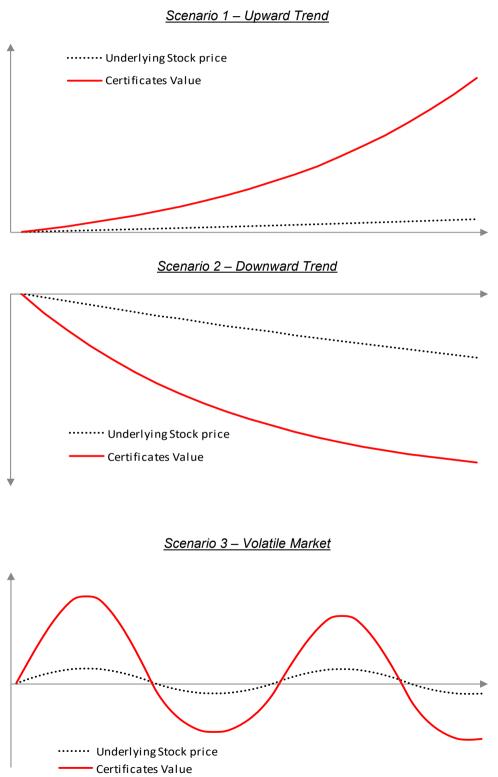
Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate = 119.68% x 0.80 SGD

= 0.957 SGD

Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples



2. Numerical Examples

	_					
Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	10,404.0	10,612.1	10,824.3	11,040.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	4.04%	6.12%	8.24%	10.41%

<u> Scenario 1 – Upward Trend</u>

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	0.8	0.88	0.97	1.06	1.17	1.29
Accumulated Return		10.00%	21.00%	33.10%	46.41%	61.05%

Scenario 2 – Downward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	9,800.0	9,604.0	9,411.9	9,223.7	9,039.2
Accumulated Return		-2.00%	-3.96%	-5.88%	-7.76%	-9.61%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%
Price at end of day	0.8	0.72	0.65	0.58	0.52	0.47
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-19.00%	-27.10%	-34.39%	-40.95%

<u>Scenario 3 – Volatile Market</u>

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	9,996.0	10,195.9	9,992.0	10,191.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	-0.04%	1.96%	-0.08%	1.92%

Value of the Certificates						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	0.8	0.88	0.79	0.87	0.78	0.86
Accumulated Return		10.00%	-1.00%	8.90%	-1.99%	7.81%

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an "Air Bag Mechanism" which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

When the Air Bag triggers, a 30-minute period starts. This period is divided into two sub-periods:

- <u>Observation Period</u> : during 15 minutes after the Air Bag trigger, the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its minimum price is recorded; and
- <u>Reset Period</u>: after 15 minutes, the Leverage Strategy is reset using the minimum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Strategy, 30 minutes after the Air Bag trigger.

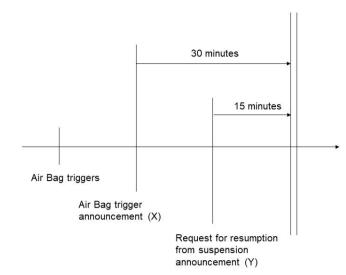
Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

Air Bag Mechanism timeline

Air Bag Trigger	Observation Period	Resumption of Trading
More than 45 minutes before Market Close		Trading resumes the same day between 30 and 45 minutes after Air Bag Trigger
45 minutes before Market Close		
30 to 45 minutes before Market Close	First 15 minutes after Air Bag Trigger	
30 minutes before Market Close		
15 to 30 minutes before Market Close		Next trading day at Market Open
15 minutes before Market Close		
Less than 15 minutes before Market Close	From Air Bag Trigger to Market Close	

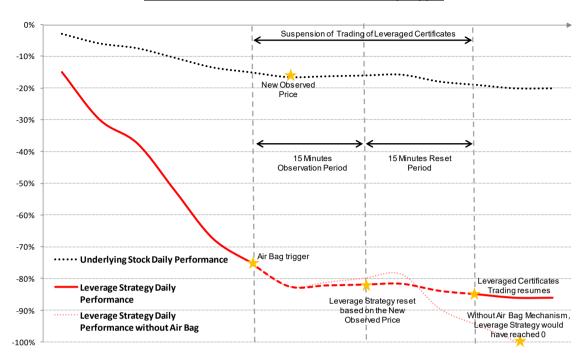
With Market Close defined as:

- Underlying Stock closing time with respect to the Observation Period
- The sooner between Underlying Stock closing time and SGX closing time with respect to the Resumption of Trading



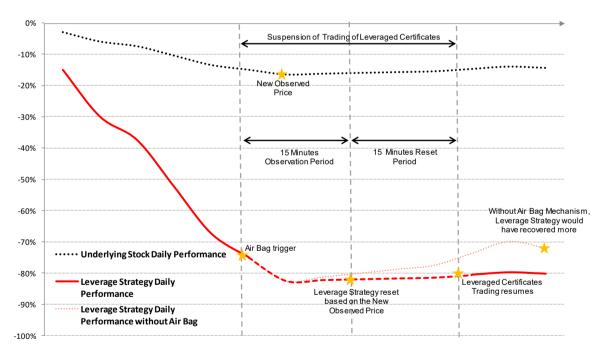
- The later between X+30 minutes or Y+15 minutes will be the earliest time the Certificates can be resumed, the next quarter-of-an-hour of which will be the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates.
- If the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates is at or later than the scheduled closing time of the underlying asset, the Certificates will resume at 9 a.m. on the next SGX-ST trading day.

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism⁹



Scenario 1 – Downward Trend after Air Bag trigger





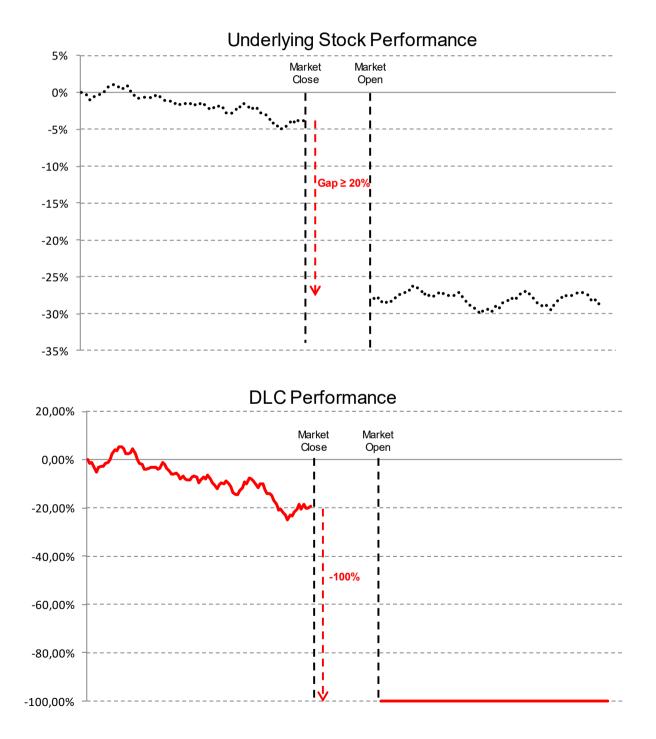
⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

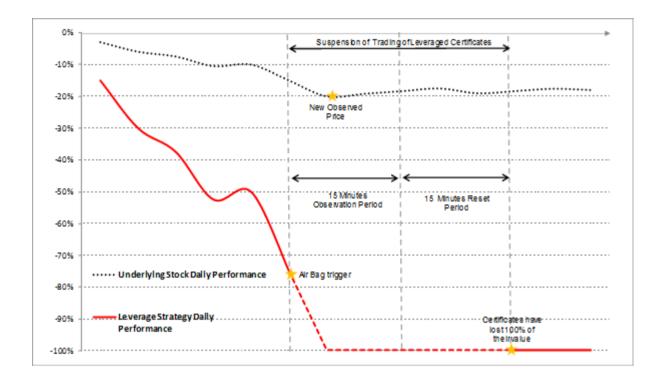
<u>Scenario 1 – Overnight fall of the Underlying Stock</u>

On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a "gap". If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more below the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens the following day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Scenario 2 – Sharp intraday fall of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock falls by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Observation Date (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula :

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{Div_{t} + DivExc_{t} - M \times R}{S_{t-1}}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price falls by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

DivExc_t is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

 $S_{t-1} = 100 $S_t = 51 $Div_t = 0 $DivExc_t = 0 M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	50	51	2%

alue of the Certificate (t)	Certificates'	performance
	(excluding any cos	st and fees)
00	400/	
.88	10%	
		(excluding any cos

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$42.5, which is 15% below \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

 $S_{t-1} = 100

 $S_t = 202

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t =$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1\right) = 5\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	200	202	1%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.80	0.84	5%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$170, which is 15% below \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

S_{t-1} = \$100

S_t = \$84

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$40 (i.e. subscription price of \$40)

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

 $LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.80	1.00	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

 $S_{t-1} = 100

S_t = \$85

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$0

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	83.33	85	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.80	0.88	10%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$70.83, which is 15% below \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

 $S_t = 84
 $Div_t = 0
 $DivExc_t = 20
 $R = 0
 $M = 0$

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.80	1.00	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "**HKExCL**") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at <u>https://www.mi.com/global/about</u>. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Xiaomi Corporation (the "**Company**") is a China-based investment holding company principally engaged in the research, development and sales of smartphones, Internet of things (IoTs) and lifestyle products, the provision of Internet services, and investment business. The Company mainly conducts its businesses through four segments. The Smartphone segment is engaged in the sales of smartphones. The IoT and Lifestyle product segment is engaged in the sales of other in-house products, including smart televisions (TVs), laptops, artificial intelligence (AI) speakers and smart routers; ecosystem products, including IoT and other smart hardware products, as well as certain lifestyle products. The Internet service segment is engaged in the provision of advertising services and Internet value-added services. The Others segment is engaged in the provision of repair services for its hardware products. The Company distributes its products in domestic market and to overseas markets.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 23 November 2021 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker ("**DMM**") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

(a)	Maximum bid and offer spread :	(i)	when the best bid price of the Certificate is S\$10 and below: 10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater; and
		(ii)	when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the Certificate.
(b)	Minimum quantity subject to bid and : offer spread	10	,000 Certificates
(c)	Last Trading Day for Market Making :		e date falling 5 Exchange Business Days mediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price;
- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;

- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX are not open for dealings; and
- (xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE GUARANTOR

The information set out in Appendix II of this document is a reproduction of the press release dated 4 November 2021 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2021.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 105 of the Base Listing Document.

- 1. Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
- 2. Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2020 or the Guarantor since 30 September 2021, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
- 5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Guarantee;
 - (b) the Master Instrument; and
 - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

6. The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have given and have not withdrawn their written agreement to the inclusion of the report, included herein, in the form and context in which it is included. Their report was not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.

The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.

- 7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.

- 9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale, Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:
 - (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
 - (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
 - (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
 - (d) the consent letters from the Auditors to the Issuer and the Guarantor referred to in paragraph 6 above;
 - (e) the Base Listing Document;
 - (f) this document; and
 - (g) the Guarantee.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong ("SFO")) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong ("CWUMPO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CWUMPO; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO.

European Economic Area

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made

available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "**retail investor**" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "**MiFID II**"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2016/97/EU (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

United Kingdom

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "**retail investor**" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("EUWA"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the "FSMA") and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

Each dealer further represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

(a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the

Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

United States

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "Commodity Exchange Act") and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (ii) it is not purchasing any Certificates for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term "**United States**" includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term

"**U.S. person**" means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "CEA") or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the "CFTC Rules"), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a "Non-United States person" defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not "Non-United States persons", shall be considered a U.S. person).

APPENDIX I

REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021 OF XIAOMI CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three and nine months ended 30 September 2021 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 23 November 2021 in relation to the same.

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XIAOMI CORPORATION

小米集团

(A company controlled through weighted voting rights and incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 1810)

RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Xiaomi Corporation 小米集团 (the "**Company**") is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. These interim results have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and reviewed by PricewaterhouseCoopers, the independent auditor of the Company, in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity" issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. The interim results have also been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company (the "**Audit Committee**").

In this announcement, "we", "us", and "our" refer to the Company and where the context otherwise requires, the Group.

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

	Unaudited Three months ended							
		Year- Qu						
	September 30,	September 30, September 30, over-year June						
	2021	2020	change	2021	change			
	(Renr	ninbi (" RMB ") in	n millions, unl	ess specified)			
Revenue	78,062.9	72,162.8	8.2%	87,789.0	-11.1%			
Gross profit	14,292.3	10,165.7	40.6%	15,148.1	-5.6%			
Operating profit	2,729.8	6,696.6	-59.2%	10,725.7	-74.6%			
Profit before income tax	1,787.2	5,450.7	-67.2%	9,678.5	-81.5%			
Profit for the period	788.6	4,864.4	-83.8%	8,263.3	-90.5%			
Non-IFRS measure:								
Adjusted Net Profit	5,175.6	4,128.3	25.4%	6,321.5	-18.1%			

	Unaudited Nine months ended		
	September 30,	September 30,	Year-over-
	2021	2020	year change
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)		
Revenue	242,734.0	175,402.8	38.4%
Gross profit	43,601.5	25,425.6	71.5%
Operating profit	21,613.1	14,432.8	49.7%
Profit before income tax	20,532.5	12,772.6	60.8%
Profit for the period	16,840.7	11,517.7	46.2%
Non-IFRS measure: Adjusted Net Profit	17,566.4	9,802.0	79.2%

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

1. Overall performance

In the third quarter of 2021, our total revenue amounted to RMB78.1 billion, representing an increase of 8.2% year-over-year; adjusted net profit for the period was RMB5.2 billion, an increase of 25.4% year-over-year. Our total revenue and adjusted net profit both maintained solid growth despite the shortage of key components globally.

We continued to execute our core "Smartphone × AIoT" strategy. In the third quarter of 2021, despite the global shortage of key components, our global smartphone shipments still reached 43.9 million. According to Canalys, in the third quarter of 2021, our global smartphone shipments ranked No. 3 with a market share of 13.5%. In September 2021, the global monthly active users ("MAU") of MIUI reached 485.9 million, representing an increase of 32.0% year-over-year. Our AIoT platform also continued to scale up. As of September 30, 2021, the number of connected IoT devices (excluding smartphones, tablets and laptops) on our AIoT platform exceeded 400 million for the first time in our corporate history, and the number of users with five or more devices connected to our AIoT platform (excluding smartphones, tablets and laptops) exceeded 8 million.

We continued to make advancements in the premium smartphone market, while further broadening our user base. In the first three quarters of 2021, the global shipments of our smartphones with retail prices at or above RMB3,000 in mainland China and EUR300, or equivalent, in overseas markets totaled approximately 18 million units, accounting for more than 12% of total smartphone shipments. Notably, for many of our new smartphones launched this year, over half of the users are new Xiaomi users. On the channel front, we further built up our offline retail network, highlighted by over 10,000 offline retail stores in mainland China currently. Our highly digitalized omni-channel retail strategy enables us to generate high turnover and maximize efficiency, while broadening our customer reach and providing a richer user experience.

We remain committed to investing in research and development, which boosts our products' core competitiveness. In the first three quarters of 2021, our cumulative research and development expenditures reached RMB9.3 billion, representing an increase of 51.4% year-over-year. In September 2021, we introduced *Xiaomi Smart Glasses*, boasting a visualized information display and interactive features. In November 2021, we launched our Loop LiquidCool Technology, which improves smartphone heat dissipation under heavy usage. As of September 30, 2021, our research and development team totaled 13,919 employees, accounting for more than 44% of our employees.

2. Smartphones

In the third quarter of 2021, our smartphone revenue totaled RMB47.8 billion with a gross margin of 12.8%, an increase of 4.4 percentage points year-over-year. Despite the global supply shortage of key components, our smartphone shipments in the quarter still reached 43.9 million. According to Canalys, our global smartphone shipments ranked No. 3 in the third quarter of 2021, with a market share of 13.5%.

As we continued to explore technology and product innovation, we gained a deeper understanding of user demand, and continued to improve our competitive position in the premium market. In the first three quarters of 2021, global shipments of our smartphones priced at or above RMB3,000 in mainland China and EUR300, or equivalent, in overseas markets, totaled approximately 18 million, accounting for more than 12% of total shipments. In overseas markets, total shipments of our smartphones priced at or above EUR300, or equivalent, grew by more than 180% year-over-year during the third quarter, mainly in Latin America, Western Europe and the Middle East.

Our user segmentation strategy and new products allowed us to broaden our user base. For many of our new smartphones launched this year, over half of the users are new Xiaomi users. We introduced the brand-new *Xiaomi Civi* Series in September 2021. The *Xiaomi Civi* Series targets chic and fashion-conscious users with a distinctive, stylish and lightweight design.

Adhering to the principles of making premium products accessible to the mass market while improving the quality of mass-market products, our Redmi brand launched the highly competitive *Redmi Note 11* series in October 2021. The *Redmi Note 11 Pro+* features 120W wired charging, enabling a 100% charge in just 15 minutes. It also boasts a 108MP ultraclear imaging system and AMOLED display with a high refresh rate, creating a well-rounded smartphone with premium configurations sold at extremely competitive prices. The *Redmi Note 11* series¹ sold more than 1 million units in just 11 days following its market debut.

During November's Singles' Day Shopping Festival, Xiaomi and Redmi brand smartphones together ranked No. 1 in sales volume on Tmall.com, JD.com and Suning.com. Our premium smartphones also ranked No. 1 among Android smartphones priced above RMB4,000 on Tmall.com and JD.com. In addition, during the shopping festival, total sales volume of our smartphones from our offline channels increased by more than 110% year over year.

We are keenly aware that a smooth, stable, and secure smartphone operating system is critical for optimal user experience. In the third quarter, we unveiled the MIUI 12.5 Enhanced Version with multiple refinements ranging from underlying structural improvements to seamlessly embedded applications. Separately, Xiaomi and Redmi smartphones achieved top rankings across all price segments in mainland China in the 5G performance evaluation report released by China Telecom in November 2021, a testament to our industry leading position in 5G technology and products.

3. IoT and lifestyle products

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Our IoT and lifestyle products segment revenue was RMB20.9 billion during the third quarter of 2021, increasing 15.5% year-over-year. Notably, our overseas IoT and lifestyle products revenue reached a new record high despite the challenges in maritime shipping logistics overseas this quarter.

In the third quarter, against the backdrop of a year-over-year decline in global sales volume of TVs, our global smart TV shipments reached 3.0 million with a year-over-year revenue increase of 19.5%. According to All View Cloud ("AVC"), our TV shipments ranked No. 1 in mainland China for the 11th consecutive quarter and among the top five globally in the third quarter of 2021. Furthermore, we have greatly improved our laptops' product design, embedded technologies as well as our production techniques. In September 2021, we unveiled the *Redmi G 2021* series high-performance gaming laptops with upgraded GPUs and screens. These laptops provide an authentic gaming experience and have garnered widespread market recognition.

including Redmi Note 11, Redmi Note 11 Pro and Redmi Note 11 Pro+

In addition, we have expanded our premium smart home appliances categories to help our users create a healthy and comfortable living environment. In the third quarter, we launched smart home appliances including the *Xiaomi 550L Four-door Smart Refrigerator* and the *Xiaomi Mini Washing Machine*. Our smart ventilated air conditioners also performed well, leading the AC with ventilation category in terms of year-to-date cumulative sales volume on JD.com and Tmall.com for seven consecutive months between April and October 2021². During the November's Singles' Day Shopping Festival, our cumulative sales of home appliances ranked No. 3 on JD.com.

We continued to strengthen the competitiveness of our wearable products, and further enhanced interconnectivity between wearables and smartphones. According to Canalys, our global wearable bands market share ranked No. 2 in the third quarter. In September 2021, we rolled out Xiaomi's first adaptive active noise cancellation headphones, *Xiaomi Buds 3 Pro*, featuring deep 40dB noise cancellation and spatial audio. Priced at RMB699, this product affordably brings advanced technology to the mass market. Moreover, the sales volume and revenue of our smart watches grew rapidly during the third quarter. In October 2021, we rolled out the widely popular *Redmi Watch 2*, with initial sales across all channels exceeding RMB10 million within the initial two hours of sales.

We also launched new smart products with powerful connectivity to improve and integrate all aspects of users' smart living experience. For instance, we launched *Xiaomi Smart Door Lock with Face Recognition X, Xiaomi Hi-temperature 3-in-1 Cordless Floor Washing Vacuum Cleaner* and *Xiaomi Self-Cleaning Robot Vacuum-Mop Pro* for living room scenarios. We also introduced the *Xiaomi Crossover Range Hood Stove Set S1* for the kitchen. Going forward, we will continue to make our users' lives more convenient and enjoyable through innovative technologies.

4. Internet services

In the third quarter of 2021, revenue from our internet services segment rose to RMB7.3 billion, reaching a new quarterly high, representing an increase of 27.1% year-over-year. The gross profit margin of our internet services segment was 73.6%, 13.1 percentage points higher than the same period of last year.

Our global internet user base continued to expand in the third quarter. In September 2021, the MAU of MIUI increased 32.0% year-over-year to 485.9 million, among which the number of MAU in mainland China rose to 127.3 million, a year-over-year increase of 16.4% and a net gain for the fourth consecutive quarter. In September 2021, MAU of our global smart TV and *Xiaomi Box* expanded over 33% year-over-year. As of September 30, 2021, the number of TV paid subscribers was 4.7 million, a 13.5% increase on a year-over-year basis.

As of November 22, 2021, global MAU of MIUI³ exceeded 500 million for the first time, marking another milestone of our global expansion.

² excluding Tmall Youpin and JD appliance channel

global MAU of MIUI as of November 22, 2021 refers to the number of active users in the last 30 days

In the third quarter of 2021, our advertising revenue reached RMB4.8 billion, up 44.7% yearover-year, primarily due to our expanding user base, higher percentage of premium smartphone users and stronger monetization capabilities. Our gaming revenue reached RMB1.0 billion, increasing 25.0% year-over-year due to the strong performance of high-quality new games and higher gaming average revenue per user ("**ARPU**") driven by premium and gaming smartphones. Our revenue from other value-added services amounted to RMB1.6 billion in the third quarter. In the second quarter of this year, our Youpin ecommerce platform rolled out its new consumer brand, Life Element, which offers a wide range of high-quality day-to-day products at competitive prices. Most recently, in November 2021, Youpin also launched its UP paying membership system to consistently improve the online shopping experience of our users.

In the third quarter of 2021, our overseas internet services revenue increased by 110.0% yearover-year to RMB1.5 billion, accounting for 19.9% of total internet services revenue, setting another quarterly record. Going forward, we will continue to expand and deepen collaborations with our global business partners and actively explore new internet service offerings in the overseas markets.

5. Overseas markets

Our revenue from overseas markets reached RMB40.9 billion during the third quarter of 2021, accounting for 52.4% of total revenue. Despite the global shortage of key components, we solidified our market position by optimizing global market resource allocation and reinforcing our channels in accordance with local market conditions. According to Canalys, our market share of smartphone shipments in the third quarter ranked No. 1 in 11 countries and regions and among the top five in 59 countries and regions globally.

We continued to deepen our global market presence in the third quarter. According to Canalys, in the third quarter of 2021, we ranked No. 2 in Europe with a smartphone market share of 21.5%. In Western Europe, our smartphone market share reached 17.0% and ranked among the top three in terms of shipments; in Central and Eastern Europe, our 28.7% smartphone shipment market share ranked No. 2. In the third quarter of 2021, we sold over 6.8 million smartphones through carrier channels in overseas markets excluding India, representing an increase of over 130% year-over-year. According to Canalys, our smartphone market share in Western Europe carrier channels increased from 4.6% in the third quarter of 2020 to 13.0% in the third quarter of 2021.

At the same time, we continued to strengthen our competitiveness in emerging markets. According to Canalys, in the third quarter of 2021, our market shares in Latin America, the Middle East and Africa reached 11.5%, 16.3% and 7.3%, respectively. In addition, we have maintained our No. 1 position in smartphone shipments in India for the 16^{th} consecutive quarter.

6. Strategy upgrades

Smartphone \times *AIoT*

As the world's leading consumer AIoT platform, our AIoT platform continued to expand during the quarter. As of September 30, 2021, the number of connected IoT devices (excluding smartphones, tablets and laptops) on our AIoT platform exceeded the 400 million mark for the first time, an increase of 33.1% year-over-year. The number of users with five or more devices connected to our AIoT platform (excluding smartphones, tablets and laptops) exceeded 8 million, representing a year-over-year increase of 42.8%. In September 2021, the MAU of our AI Assistant ("小愛同學") totaled 105.1 million, an increase of 34.1% year-over-year. Our Mi Home App's MAU grew to 59.9 million, representing a year-over-year increase of 39.0%.

New Retail

This year we accelerated our new retail growth efforts, further solidified our lead in online channels while rapidly expanding our offline channels. As of the date of this announcement, the total number of our retail stores in mainland China surpassed 10,000. We expect the further growth in our lower-tier market penetration will allow us to serve more users in mainland China.

Electric Vehicles

We continued to make steady progress in our smart electric vehicle business. On March 30, 2021, we announced our plan to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary to manage our smart electric vehicle business. As of the day of this announcement, we have built a capable team of over 500 people and expect to launch mass production of our smart electric vehicles in the first half of 2024.

Data Security and Privacy

We work relentlessly to foster a healthier and safer network ecosystem and safeguard the rights, interests, and information security of our users. In the third quarter, we implemented privacy and data security assessment on over 85,000 applications in our app store to identify potential privacy and data security risks, and have optimized, rectified and relaunched applications with such risks. As a mainstream mobile app store, the Xiaomi App Store will continue to cultivate a more secure, healthier application ecosystem for our users in the future.

Meanwhile, we remain committed to embedding international quality and safety standards into our smart products. In August 2021, the *Mi 360° Home Security Camera* received the British Standards Institution (BSI)'s KitemarkTM certifications, an endorsement of our strict quality control and high safety standards for smart products as well as a commendation of our tenacious pursuit of users' trust.

Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

In July and October 2021, in the wake of natural disasters caused by extreme weather conditions in Henan and Shanxi Provinces, Xiaomi Foundation Limited in Hong Kong and Xiaomi Foundation in Beijing jointly donated RMB50 million and RMB10 million to each of the flood stricken areas respectively, for aid, rescue and reconstruction. In July 2021, Xiaomi Foundation Limited in Hong Kong donated EUR1 million for disaster relief purposes to Germany, the Netherlands and Belgium, which also suffered from floods this year.

We have always valued and prioritized talent development and technological innovation. In November 2021, Xiaomi Foundation in Beijing selected a second group of 20 universities to receive the Xiaomi Scholarship. The funds from the Xiaomi Scholarship will total RMB500 million over five years and will be used to subsidize undergraduate and graduate students. The scholarship will cover 100 universities in mainland China. Xiaomi will remain committed to giving back to society and performing its duties as a responsible corporate citizen.

Xiaomi is committed to enabling everyone to enjoy equitable access to the convenience and benefits brought by innovative technology. This year, we participated in the formulation of the "Technical Requirements for Elder-friendly Smart TVs" by the China Video Industry Association. We received a letter of appreciation in July 2021 from the National Audio, Video and Multimedia System and Equipment Standardization Technical Committee, commending our contribution to elder-friendly technology research. In September 2021, the China Telecommunication Technology Laboratory of the China Academy of Information and Communications Technology awarded our *Redmi 9A* its elder-friendly certification in recognition of our high standards with respect to elder-oriented products.

Investment

As of September 30, 2021, we had invested in more than 360 companies with an aggregate book value of RMB59.1 billion, an increase of 49.8% year-over-year. In the third quarter of 2021, we recorded net income after tax of RMB0.6 billion from the disposal of investments. As of September 30, 2021, the total amount of our investments (including (i) fair value of our stakes in listed investee companies accounted for using the equity method based on the stock price on September 30, 2021 (ii) book value of our stakes in unlisted investee companies accounted for using the equity method and (iii) book value of long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss) totaled RMB68.5 billion. Impacted by global macro-environment as well as market sentiment towards technology sector in China in the third quarter, our long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss, with the listed investee companies generated total losses of RMB3.5 billion, which have had a substantial impact on our net profit. We expect the value of these investments to be subject to market performance.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Third Quarter of 2021 Compared to Third Quarter of 2020

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited Three months ended		
	September 30, September 30,		
	2021	2020	
	(RMB in	millions)	
Revenue	78,062.9	72,162.8	
Cost of sales	(63,770.6)	(61,997.1)	
Gross profit	14,292.3	10,165.7	
Research and development expenses	(3,237.7)	(2,321.3)	
Selling and marketing expenses	(4,882.3)	(3,600.6)	
Administrative expenses	(1,274.6)	(852.7)	
Fair value changes on investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	(1,975.6)	3,417.9	
Share of net profits/(losses) of investments accounted			
for using the equity method	45.1	(10.7)	
Other income	234.9	139.3	
Other losses, net	(472.3)	(241.0)	
Operating profit	2,729.8	6,696.6	
Finance costs, net	(942.6)	(1,245.9)	
Profit before income tax	1,787.2	5,450.7	
Income tax expenses	(998.6)	(586.3)	
Profit for the period	788.6	4,864.4	
Non-IFRS measure: Adjusted Net Profit	5,175.6	4,128.3	

Revenue

Revenue increased by 8.2% to RMB78.1 billion in the third quarter of 2021 on a year-over-year basis. The following table sets forth our revenue by line of business in the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020.

	Unaudited Three months ended					
	September		September 3	30, 2020		
		% of total	-	% of total		
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue		
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)					
Smartphones	47,824.9	61.3%	47,604.1	66.0%		
IoT and lifestyle products	20,935.6	26.8%	18,119.0	25.1%		
Internet services	7,337.9	9.4%	5,771.9	8.0%		
Others	1,964.5	2.5%	667.8	0.9%		
Total revenue	78,062.9	100.0%	72,162.8	100.0%		

Smartphones

Revenue from our smartphones segment increased by 0.5% from RMB47.6 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB47.8 billion in the third quarter of 2021. Our smartphone shipment decreased 5.8% from 46.6 million in the third quarter of 2020 to 43.9 million in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to global supply shortage of key components including SoC (system-on-chip).

The average selling price ("**ASP**") of our smartphones increased by 6.7% from RMB1,022.3 per unit in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB1,090.5 per unit in the third quarter of 2021. The increase in ASP was primarily due to the increase in shipment of our premium smartphone models in the third quarter of 2021.

IoT and lifestyle products

Revenue from our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 15.5% from RMB18.1 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB20.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the popularity of *Xiaomi Pad 5* Series which we introduced in August 2021 and the increase in sales of smart TVs and air conditioners. Revenue from smart TVs and laptops increased by 20.3% from RMB5.9 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB7.1 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to our further expanded ultra-large screen TV portfolio, including *Xiaomi TV Master 77" OLED* and *Redmi MAX 86*", and the increase in ASP of smart TVs.

Internet services

Revenue from our internet services segment increased by 27.1% from RMB5.8 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB7.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the growth in our advertising and gaming businesses. In the third quarter of 2021, our quarterly advertising revenue reached record high of RMB4.8 billion, representing an increase of 44.7% year-over-year, driven by pre-installation and the expansion of our global user base.

The MAU of MIUI increased 32.0% year-over-year to 485.9 million in September 2021, among which the number of MAU in mainland China rose to 127.3 million, a year-over-year increase of 16.4%.

Others

Other revenue increased by 194.2% from RMB667.8 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the sales of office building and materials.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales increased by 2.9% from RMB62.0 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB63.8 billion in the third quarter of 2021. The following table sets forth our cost of sales by line of business in the third quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited					
	Three months ended					
	September	30, 2021	September 3	30, 2020		
		% of total		% of total		
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue		
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)					
Smartphones	41,708.8	53.4%	43,615.1	60.4%		
IoT and lifestyle products	18,509.7	23.7%	15,538.6	21.5%		
Internet services	1,940.6	2.5%	2,283.3	3.2%		
Others	1,611.5	2.1%	560.1	0.8%		
Total cost of sales	63,770.6	81.7%	61,997.1	85.9%		

Smartphones

Cost of sales related to our smartphones segment decreased by 4.4% from RMB43.6 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB41.7 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to a decrease of our smartphone shipment.

IoT and lifestyle products

Cost of sales related to our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 19.1% from RMB15.5 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB18.5 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increased sales of our IoT and lifestyle products and the increased prices of several key components.

Internet services

Cost of sales related to our internet services segment decreased by 15.0% from RMB2.3 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB1.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to a decrease of overall consumer loan balance.

Others

Cost of sales related to our others segment increased by 187.7% from RMB560.1 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB1.6 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the cost related to the sales of office building and materials.

Gross Profit and Margin

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit increased by 40.6% from RMB10.2 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB14.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021. Our gross profit margin increased from 14.1% in the third quarter of 2020 to 18.3% in the third quarter of 2021.

The gross profit margin from our smartphones segment increased from 8.4% in the third quarter of 2020 to 12.8% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to an increase of 6.7% in our smartphone ASP. Moreover, average selling cost of smartphones remained stable.

The gross profit margin from our IoT and lifestyle products segment decreased from 14.2% in the third quarter of 2020 to 11.6% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to product mix and increased prices of several key components.

The gross profit margin from our internet services segment increased from 60.4% in the third quarter of 2020 to 73.6% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to higher revenue contribution of our advertising business and the increase in gross profit margin of our fintech business.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses increased by 39.5% from RMB2.3 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB3.2 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for research and development personnel and the expenses related to our research projects.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses increased by 35.6% from RMB3.6 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB4.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for selling and marketing personnel as well as promotion and advertising expenses.

Compensation for selling and marketing personnel increased by 87.9% year-over-year to RMB832.3 million, primarily due to the increased headcount for selling and marketing. Promotion and advertising expenses increased by 22.5% year-over-year to RMB1.6 billion, primarily due to increased marketing expenses in mainland China.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses increased by 49.5% from RMB0.9 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB1.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for administrative personnel and professional service fees.

Fair Value Changes on Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Our fair value changes on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss changed from a gain of RMB3.4 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to a loss of RMB2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to fair value loss of listed equity investments impacted by global macro-environment as well as market sentiment towards technology sector in China in the third quarter of 2021, partially offset by fair value increased of our unlisted equity investments.

Share of Net Profits/(Losses) of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Our share of net profits/(losses) of investments accounted for using the equity method changed from net losses of RMB10.7 million in the third quarter of 2020 to net profits of RMB45.1 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the dilution gain from our certain investee, partially offset by share of loss of iQIYI, Inc. (Nasdaq: IQ) ("**iQIYI**")

Other Income

Our other income increased by 68.6% from RMB139.3 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB234.9 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of additional deduction of input value-added tax.

Other Losses, Net

Our other net losses increased by 96.0% from RMB241.0 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB472.3 million in the third quarter of 2021. This was mainly due to the acquisition of Zimi International Incorporation ("**Zimi**"), which was completed in the third quarter of 2021.

Finance Costs, Net

Our net finance costs decreased by 24.3% from RMB1,245.9 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB942.6 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expenses increased by 70.3% from RMB586.3 million in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB998.6 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of taxable income in the third quarter of 2021.

Profit for the Period

As a result of the foregoing, we had a profit of RMB4.9 billion and a profit of RMB0.8 billion in the third quarter of 2020 and the third quarter of 2021, respectively.

Adjusted Net Profit

Our adjusted net profit increased by 25.4% from RMB4.1 billion in the third quarter of 2020 to RMB5.2 billion in the third quarter of 2021.

Third Quarter of 2021 Compared to Second Quarter of 2021

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the third quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2021:

	Unaudited Three months ended		
	September 30,	June 30,	
	2021	2021	
	(RMB in mi	llions)	
Revenue	78,062.9	87,789.0	
Cost of sales	(63,770.6)	(72,640.9)	
Gross profit	14,292.3	15,148.1	
Research and development expenses	(3,237.7)	(3,064.2)	
Selling and marketing expenses	(4,882.3)	(5,680.7)	
Administrative expenses	(1,274.6)	(1,150.3)	
Fair value changes on investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	(1,975.6)	4,165.4	
Share of net profits/(losses) of investments accounted			
for using the equity method	45.1	(26.2)	
Other income	234.9	234.6	
Other (losses)/gains, net	(472.3)	1,099.0	
Operating profit	2,729.8	10,725.7	
Finance costs, net	(942.6)	(1,047.2)	
Profit before income tax	1,787.2	9,678.5	
Income tax expenses	(998.6)	(1,415.2)	
Profit for the period	788.6	8,263.3	
Non-IFRS measure: Adjusted Net Profit	5,175.6	6,321.5	

Revenue

Revenue decreased by 11.1% to RMB78.1 billion in the third quarter of 2021 on a quarter-overquarter basis. The following table sets forth our revenue by line of business in the third quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2021.

	Unaudited Three months ended				
	September	30, 2021	June 30	, 2021	
		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Smartphones	47,824.9	61.3%	59,089.0	67.3%	
IoT and lifestyle products	20,935.6	26.8%	20,734.7	23.6%	
Internet services	7,337.9	9.4%	7,033.5	8.0%	
Others	1,964.5	2.5%	931.8	1.1%	
Total revenue	78,062.9	100.0%	87,789.0	100.0%	

Smartphones

Revenue from our smartphones segment decreased by 19.1% from RMB59.1 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB47.8 billion in the third quarter of 2021. Our smartphone shipment decreased 17.1% from 52.9 million in the second quarter of 2021 to 43.9 million in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to global supply shortage of key components including SoC. The ASP of our smartphones decreased by 2.3% from RMB1,116.7 per unit in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB1,090.5 per unit in the third quarter of 2021 due to product mix.

IoT and lifestyle products

Revenue from our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 1.0% from RMB20.7 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB20.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily attributable to the popularity of *Xiaomi Pad 5* Series which we introduced in August 2021, offset by decreased sales of certain IoT products due to challenges in maritime shipping logistics overseas this quarter. Revenue from smart TVs and laptops, increased by 18.3% from RMB6.0 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB7.1 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to our further expanded premium and ultra-large screen TV portfolio, including *Xiaomi TV 6 Ultra Edition*, *Xiaomi TV ES series* and *Xiaomi TV Master 77" OLED*, and growth in demand for our smart TVs and laptops.

Internet services

Revenue from our internet services segment increased by 4.3% from RMB7.0 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB7.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in the revenue of our advertising and gaming businesses. In the third quarter of 2021, our quarterly advertising revenue reached record high of RMB4.8 billion, representing an increase of 5.9% quarter-over-quarter, driven by pre-installation and the expansion of our global user base. Our gaming revenue reached RMB1.0 billion, increasing 8.3% quarter-over-quarter due to the strong performance of high-quality new games and higher gaming ARPU driven by premium and gaming smartphones.

Others

Other revenue increased by 110.8% from RMB931.8 million in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the sales of office building and materials.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales decreased by 12.2% from RMB72.6 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB63.8 billion in the third quarter of 2021. The following table sets forth our cost of sales by line of business in the third quarter of 2021 and the second quarter of 2021:

	Unaudited Three months ended					
	September	30, 2021	June 30	, 2021		
		% of total		% of total		
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue		
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)					
Smartphones	41,708.8	53.4%	52,095.5	59.3%		
IoT and lifestyle products	18,509.7	23.7%	17,992.3	20.5%		
Internet services	1,940.6	2.5%	1,819.7	2.1%		
Others	1,611.5	2.1%	733.4	0.8%		
Total cost of sales	63,770.6	81.7%	72,640.9	82.7%		

Smartphones

Cost of sales related to our smartphones segment decreased by 19.9% from RMB52.1 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB41.7 billion in the third quarter of 2021, due to a decrease in our smartphone shipment.

IoT and lifestyle products

Cost of sales related to our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 2.9% from RMB18.0 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB18.5 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increased sales of our IoT and lifestyle products, such as smart TVs, tablets and laptops.

Internet services

Cost of sales related to our internet services segment increased by 6.6% from RMB1.8 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB1.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to an increase in cost of our advertising and gaming businesses.

Others

Cost of sales related to our others segment increased by 119.7% from RMB733.4 million in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB1.6 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the cost related to the sales of office building and materials.

Gross Profit and Margin

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit decreased by 5.6% from RMB15.1 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB14.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021. Our gross profit margin increased from 17.3% in the second quarter of 2021 to 18.3% in the third quarter of 2021.

The gross profit margin from our smartphones segment increased from 11.8% in the second quarter of 2021 to 12.8% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to fewer promotional activities and the improved product mix.

The gross profit margin from our IoT and lifestyle products segment decreased from 13.2% in the second quarter of 2021 to 11.6% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly attributable to product mix.

The gross profit margin from our internet services segment decreased from 74.1% in the second quarter of 2021 to 73.6% in the third quarter of 2021, mainly due to the decrease of gross profit margin from our fintech business.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses increased by 5.7% from RMB3.1 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB3.2 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for research and development personnel and the expenses related to our research projects.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses decreased by 14.1% from RMB5.7 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB4.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in promotion and advertising expenses.

Promotion and advertising expenses decreased by 23.9% quarter-over-quarter to RMB1.6 billion, primarily due to the enhanced promotional efforts for 618 e-Commerce Shopping Festival in mainland China in the second quarter of 2021.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses increased by 10.8% from RMB1.2 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB1.3 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of professional service fees.

Fair Value Changes on Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Our fair value changes on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss changed from a gain of RMB4.2 billion in the second quarter of 2021 to a loss of RMB2.0 billion in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to fair value loss of listed equity investments impacted by global macro-environment as well as market sentiment towards technology sector in China in the third quarter of 2021, partially offset by fair value increased of our unlisted equity investments.

Share of Net Profits/(Losses) of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Our share of net profits/(losses) of investments accounted for using the equity method changed from net losses of RMB26.2 million in the second quarter of 2021 to net profits of RMB45.1 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the dilution gain from our certain investee, partially offset by share of loss of iQIYI.

Other Income

Our other income increased by 0.1% from RMB234.6 million in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB234.9 million in the third quarter of 2021.

Other (Losses)/Gains, Net

Our other net (losses)/gains changed from net gains of RMB1,099.0 million in the second quarter of 2021 to net losses of RMB472.3 million in the third quarter of 2021. This is mainly due to the gains on disposal from an investee company in the second quarter of 2021.

Finance Costs, Net

Our net finance costs decreased by 10.0% from RMB1,047.2 million in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB942.6 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expenses decreased by 29.4% from RMB1,415.2 million in the second quarter of 2021 to RMB998.6 million in the third quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease of taxable income in the third quarter of 2021.

Profit for the Period

As a result of the foregoing, we had a profit of RMB8.3 billion and a profit of RMB0.8 billion in the second and third quarter of 2021, respectively.

Adjusted Net Profit

We had an adjusted net profit of RMB6.3 billion and RMB5.2 billion in the second quarter of 2021 and the third quarter of 2021, respectively.

Non-IFRS Measure: Adjusted Net Profit

To supplement our consolidated results which are prepared and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (the "IFRS"), we utilize non-IFRS adjusted net profit ("Adjusted Net Profit") as an additional financial measure. We define Adjusted Net Profit as profit for the period, as adjusted by adding back (i) share-based compensation, (ii) net fair value changes on investments, (iii) amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions, (iv) changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors, and (v) income tax effects of non-IFRS adjustments.

Adjusted Net Profit is not required by, or presented in accordance with, IFRS. We believe that the presentation of non-IFRS measures when shown in conjunction with the corresponding IFRS measures provides useful information to investors and management regarding financial and business trends in relation to our financial condition and results of operation, by eliminating any potential impact of items that our management does not consider to be indicative of our operating performance, such as certain non-cash items and the impact of certain investment transactions. We also believe that non-IFRS measures are appropriate for evaluating the Group's operating performance. However, the use of this particular non-IFRS measure has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as a substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial conditions as reported under IFRS. In addition, this non-IFRS financial measure may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

The following tables set forth reconciliations of the Group's non-IFRS measures for the third quarter of 2021, the second quarter of 2021, the third quarter of 2020, and the first nine months of 2021 and 2020, respectively, to the nearest measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

		Unaudited Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 Adjustments					
	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net fair value changes on investments ⁽¹⁾ (RMB in	Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless s	Changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors ⁽³⁾ pecified)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period	788,517	298,489	3,095,450	33,112	1,030,405	(70,398)	5,175,575
Net margin	1.0%						6.6%
			Three M	Unaudited onths Ended June 3 Adjustments	0, 2021		
			Net fair value	Amortization of intangible assets	Changes of value of financial liabilities		
	As reported	Share-based compensation	changes on investments ⁽¹⁾ (RMB in	resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless sp	to fund investors ⁽³⁾ ecified)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period Net margin	8,263,308 9.4%	622,808	(3,835,561)	79	1,201,012	69,857	6,321,503 7.2%
			Three Mont	Unaudited hs Ended Septembe Adjustments	r 30, 2020		
			Net fair value	Amortization of intangible assets	Changes of value of financial liabilities		
	As reported	Share-based compensation	changes on investments ⁽¹⁾ (RMB in	resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless sp	to fund investors ⁽³⁾ ecified)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period Net margin	4,864,348 6.7%	579,192	(2,557,510)	79	1,352,516	(110,362)	4,128,263 5.7%

			Nine Month	Unaudited as Ended Septembe Adjustments	er 30, 2021		
	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net fair value changes on investments ⁽¹⁾ (RMB in	Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless sp	Changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors ⁽³⁾ pecified)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period Net margin	16,840,732 6.9%	1,586,974	(2,407,033)	33,270	1,443,400	69,016	17,566,359 7.2%
	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net fair value changes on investments ⁽¹⁾	Unaudited hs Ended September Adjustments Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless sp	Changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors ⁽³⁾	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period Net margin	11,517,715 6.6%	1,667,695	(5,079,388)	237	2,027,893	(332,180)	9,801,972 5.6%

Notes:

- (1) Includes fair value changes on ordinary shares investments and preferred shares investments deducting the cumulative fair value changes for investments (including the financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FAFVPL") and the investments using the equity method transferred from FAFVPL) disposed in the current period, net profits/(losses) on deemed disposals of investee companies, the impairment provision for investments, re-measurement of loss of significant influence in an associate and, re-measurement of investments transferring from FAFVPL to investments using the equity method.
- (2) Represents amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions.
- (3) Represent the change of value of the financial liabilities payable to the fund investors, as a result of the change of fair value of the fund.
- (4) Income tax effects of non-IFRS adjustments.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

On December 4, 2020, the Company completed a top-up placing of a total of 1,000,000,000 placing shares at HK\$23.70 to not less than six placees who and whose ultimate beneficial owner(s) are independent third parties (the "**2020 Placing and Subscription**"). For further details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated December 2, 2020, December 3, 2020 and December 9, 2020.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, other than the funds raised through the issuance of debt securities as set out below, we funded our cash requirements principally from cash generated from our operations, bank borrowings. We had cash and cash equivalents of RMB32.6 billion and RMB31.9 billion as of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Note:

The cash resources which the Group considered in cash management include but are not limited to cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term bank deposits, short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss, short-term investments measured at amortized cost and long-term bank deposits. As of September 30, 2021, the aggregate amount of cash resources of the Group was RMB98.1 billion.

Issuance of Debt Securities

On April 29, 2020, Xiaomi Best Time International Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued US\$600 million 3.375% senior notes due 2030 unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Company (the "**2030 Notes**"). For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company published on April 20, 2020 and April 23, 2020.

On December 17, 2020, Xiaomi Best Time International Limited issued zero coupon guaranteed convertible bonds due 2027 guaranteed by the Company in the aggregate principal amount of US\$855 million at an initial conversion price of HK\$36.74 per conversion share (subject to adjustments) (the "**2027 Bonds**"). The 2027 Bonds are listed on the Stock Exchange. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated December 2, 2020, December 3, 2020, December 17, 2020 and December 18, 2020.

On July 14, 2021, Xiaomi Best Time International Limited issued US\$800 million 2.875% senior bonds due 2031 (the "**2031 Bonds**") and US\$400 million 4.100% senior green bonds due 2051, both of which were unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Company (the "**Green Bonds**"). For further details of the 2031 Bonds and Green Bonds, please refer to the announcements of the Company published on July 6, 2021, July 8, 2021, July 14, 2021 and July 15, 2021.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Unaudi Three mont		
	September 30, June 3		
	2021	2021	
	(in millions	of RMB)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities ⁽¹⁾	(10,230.7)	6,830.3	
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	7,050.9	(6,440.7)	
Net cash generated from/(used in)/financing activities ⁽¹⁾	3,978.6	(2,513.5)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	798.8	(2,123.9)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	31,881.0	34,279.5	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(30.3)	(274.6)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	32,649.5	31,881.0	

Note:

(1) Excluding (1) the change of loan and interest receivables and impairment provision for loan receivables mainly resulting from the fintech business; (2) the change of trade payments related to the finance factoring business; (3) the change of restricted cash resulting from the fintech business, and (4) the change of deposits from customers resulting from the Airstar Bank, the net cash used in operating activities was RMB12.9 billion in the third quarter of 2021 and the net cash generated from operating activities was RMB8.4 billion in the second quarter of 2021, respectively. Excluding the change of borrowings for the fintech business, the net cash generated from financing activities was RMB0.5 billion in the second quarter of 2021, respectively. The information in this footnote is based on the management accounts of the Group, which have not been audited or reviewed by the Group's auditor. The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the management accounts are consistent with those used for other figures in this announcement.

Net Cash Used In Operating Activities

Net cash used in our operating activities represents the cash used in our operations plus the income tax paid. Cash used in our operations primarily comprises our profit before income tax adjusted by non-cash items and changes in working capital.

In the third quarter of 2021, net cash used in our operating activities amounted to RMB10.2 billion, representing cash used in operations of RMB9.4 billion plus income tax paid of RMB0.8 billion. Cash generated from operations was primarily attributable to our profit before income tax of RMB1.8 billion, adjusted by a decrease in trade payables of RMB18.5 billion, partially offset by fair value losses on investment measured at fair value through profits and loss of RMB2.0 billion, an increase in other payable and accruals of RMB2.8 billion, and a decrease in loan and loan receivables of RMB1.4 billion.

Net Cash Generated From Investing Activities

In the third quarter of 2021, our net cash generated from investing activities was RMB7.1 billion, which was primarily attributed to the net decrease of short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss of RMB8.0 billion and the net decrease of short-term bank deposits of RMB7.4 billion, partially offset by the purchase of long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss of RMB5.5 billion and the capital expenditures of RMB3.3 billion.

Net Cash Generated From Financing Activities

For the third quarter of 2021, our net cash generated from financing activities was RMB4.0 billion, which was primarily attributed to the net increase of borrowings of RMB6.6 billion, partially offset by our share repurchases of RMB2.3 billion.

Borrowings

As of June 30, 2021 and September 30, 2021, we had total borrowings of RMB19.3 billion and RMB25.9 billion, respectively.

Capital Expenditure

	Unaudite Three months			
	September 30, June 30			
	2021	2021		
	(in millions of RMB)			
Capital expenditures	3,330.1	697.8		
Placement of long-term investments ⁽¹⁾	5,534.5	2,833.7		
Total	8,864.6	3,531.5		

Note:

(1) Placement for long-term investments mainly represents ordinary shares investments and preferred shares investments.

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements

As of September 30, 2021, except for financial guarantee contracts, we had not entered into any significant off-balance sheet commitments or arrangements.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2021, we did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

Significant Investments

The Group did not make or hold any significant investments (including any investment in an investee company with a value of 5 percent or more of the Group's total assets as of September 30, 2021) during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

On July 5, 2021, the transaction that the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with shareholders of Zimi was closed. Zimi has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. Further details of the transaction can be found in the announcement of the Company published on March 24, 2021.

On September 22, 2021, the transaction that the Company entered into the share purchase agreement with the relevant parties of Deepmotion Tech Limited ("**Deepmotion**", an autonomous driving technology company) was closed. Deepmotion has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. Further details of the transaction can be found in the announcement of the Company published on August 25, 2021.

Save as disclosed above, during the third quarter of 2021, we did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Employee and Remuneration Policy

As of September 30, 2021, we had 31,366 full-time employees, 29,043 of whom were based in mainland China, primarily at our headquarters in Beijing, with the rest primarily based in India and Indonesia. We expect to continue to increase our headcount in mainland China and our key global markets. As of September 30, 2021, our research and development personnel, totaling 13,919 employees, were staffed across our various departments.

Our success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. As part of our strategy, we offer employees competitive compensation packages. As of September 30, 2021, 14,089 employees held share-based awards. The total remuneration expenses, including share-based compensation expense, in the third quarter of 2021 were RMB3.4 billion, representing a decrease of 4.0% from the second quarter of 2021 of RMB3.6 billion.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The transactions of our Company are denominated and settled in our functional currency, the United States dollar. Our Group's subsidiaries primarily operate in the People's Republic of China and other regions such as India, and are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies exposures, primarily with respect to the United States dollar. Therefore, foreign exchange risk primarily arises from recognized assets and liabilities in our subsidiaries when receiving or to receive foreign currencies from, or paying or to pay foreign currencies to overseas business partners.

We will continue to monitor changes in currency exchange rates and will take necessary measures to mitigate exchange rate impact.

Pledge of Assets

As of September 30, 2021, we pledged a restricted deposit of RMB2,563.7 million, compared with RMB2,312.7 million as of June 30, 2021. We also had pledged certain buildings, construction in progress and land use right for borrowings.

Contingent Liabilities

We did not have any material contingent liabilities as of September 30, 2021 and June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi ("**RMB**"))

	Note	Unau Three mon Septem 2021 RMB'000	ths ended	Unau Nine mon Septem 2021 RMB'000	ths ended
Revenue Cost of sales	2 2, 3	78,062,855 (63,770,634)	72,162,777 (61,997,121)	242,733,978 (199,132,484)	$\underbrace{175,402,749}_{(149,977,190)}$
Gross profit Research and development expenses Selling and marketing expenses Administrative expenses Fair value changes on investments measured at fair value through	3 3 3	14,292,221 (3,237,695) (4,882,314) (1,274,603)	10,165,656 (2,321,264) (3,600,582) (852,715)	43,601,494 (9,313,862) (14,726,448) (3,412,591)	
profit or loss Share of net profits/(losses) of investments accounted for using the equity method Other income Other (losses)/gains, net	4	(1,975,634) 45,116 234,886 (472,296)	3,417,924 (10,696) 139,291 (240,995)	4,252,992 27,912 621,551 562,052	6,131,958 1,012,687 396,069 (463,114)
Operating profit		2,729,681	6,696,619	21,613,100	14,432,834
Finance income Finance costs		317,991 (1,260,559)	219,690 (1,465,628)	915,850 (1,996,415)	733,430 (2,393,698)
Profit before income tax		1,787,113	5,450,681	20,532,535	12,772,566
Income tax expenses		(998,596)	(586,333)	(3,691,803)	(1,254,851)
Profit for the period		788,517	4,864,348	16,840,732	11,517,715
Attributable to: — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests		792,256 (3,739) 788,517	4,880,596 (16,248) 4,864,348	16,853,622 (12,890) 16,840,732	11,542,239 (24,524) <u>11,517,715</u>
Earnings per share (expressed in RMB per share): Basic		0.03	0.20	0.67	0.48
Diluted		0.03	0.20	0.66	0.47

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Note	Unaudited Three months ended September 30, 2021 2020 RMB'000 RMB'000		Unauc Nine mont Septemb 2021 RMB'000	hs ended
Profit for the period		788,517	4,864,348	16,840,732	11,517,715
Other comprehensive income/(loss): <u>Items that may be reclassified</u> <u>subsequently to profit or loss</u> Share of other comprehensive loss of investments accounted					
for using the equity method Transfer of share of other comprehensive loss to profit or loss upon deemed		(18,034)	(44,809)	(72,585)	(27,826)
disposal of an associate Net losses from changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through		_	_	_	(4,773)
other comprehensive income Currency translation differences <u>Item that will not be reclassified</u>		(421) 24,161	(5,925) (44,066)	(2,567) (140,898)	(3,824) (7,943)
<u>subsequently to profit or loss</u> Currency translation differences		173,193	(1,223,904)	(310,431)	(784,348)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax		178,899	(1,318,704)	(526,481)	(828,714)
Total comprehensive income for the period		967,416	3,545,644	16,314,251	10,689,001
Attributable to: — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests		970,340 (2,924)	3,561,639 (15,995)	16,329,297 (15,046)	10,707,497 (18,496)
		967,416	3,545,644	16,314,251	10,689,001

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of September 30, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Note	Unaudited As of September 30, 2021 RMB'000	Audited As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment		7,135,251	6,305,657
Intangible assets		5,825,484	4,265,619
Investments accounted for using the equity method		13,173,839	12,781,995
Long-term investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	4	45,945,602	35,215,319
Deferred income tax assets		1,148,245	2,011,072
Long-term bank deposits	4	14,324,895	9,608,677
Long-term investments measured at amortized cost Other non-current assets	4	342,203 11,214,387	232,798 6,975,851
Other non-current assets		11,214,307	0,975,051
		99,109,906	77,396,988
Current assets			
Inventories	6	58,181,844	41,670,719
Trade receivables	5	14,107,616	10,161,019
Loan receivables		7,181,845	8,919,088
Prepayments and other receivables		24,988,516	16,181,520
Bills receivables measured at fair value through			• • • • • • •
other comprehensive income		343,876	200,000
Short-term investments measured at fair value through	4		707 456
other comprehensive income	4	680,743	797,456
Short-term investments measured at fair value through	4	2,598,211	_
Short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss	4	19,592,715	22,376,387
Short-term bank deposits	4	26,362,188	17,598,946
Restricted cash		2,563,740	3,625,257
Cash and cash equivalents		32,649,502	54,752,443
			51,752,775
		189,250,796	176,282,835
Total assets		288,360,702	253,679,823

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of September 30, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Note	Unaudited As of September 30, 2021 RMB'000	Audited As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000
Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves		408 135,497,151	409 123,691,287
		135,497,559	123,691,696
Non-controlling interests		266,485	321,819
Total equity		135,764,044	124,013,515
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Borrowings Deferred income tax liabilities Warranty provision Other non-current liabilities	7	21,006,592 582,536 951,442 15,531,126 38,071,696	10,634,806 300,556 802,590 10,001,428 21,739,380
Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables and accruals Advance from customers Borrowings Income tax liabilities Warranty provision	8	73,355,847 19,571,957 11,605,966 4,891,758 1,607,815 3,491,619 114,524,962	72,198,856 13,619,655 11,999,086 6,961,937 674,298 2,473,096 107,926,928
Total liabilities		152,596,658	129,666,308
Total equity and liabilities		288,360,702	253,679,823

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Unaudited Nine months ended September 30,		
	2021	2020	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(1,946,374)	8,350,998	
Net cash used in investing activities	(24,936,419)	(7,173,063)	
Net cash generated from financing activities	5,048,736	3,839,898	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(21,834,057)	5,017,833	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	54,752,443	25,919,861	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(268,884)	(679,982)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	32,649,502	30,257,712	

1 Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information comprises the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2021, the condensed consolidated income statements and the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended, the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (the "Interim Financial Information"). The Interim Financial Information is presented in RMB, unless otherwise stated.

The Interim Financial Information has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The Interim Financial Information does not include all the notes of the type normally included in annual financial statements. The Interim Financial Information should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2020 which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**") by the Group as set out in the 2020 annual report of the Company dated March 24, 2021 (the "**2020 Financial Statements**").

The accounting policies and methods of computations used in the preparation of the Interim Financial Information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, as described in the 2020 Financial Statements, except for the adoption of certain amended standards which has had no significant impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

2 Segment information

The Group's business activities, for which discrete financial statements are available, are regularly reviewed and evaluated by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("**CODM**"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer that makes strategic decisions. As a result of this evaluation, the Group determined that it has operating segments as follows:

- Smartphones
- IoT and lifestyle products
- Internet services
- Others

The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments mainly based on segment revenue and gross profit of each operating segment. There were no material inter-segment sales during the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020. The revenues from external customers reported to the CODM are measured in a manner consistent with that applied in the consolidated income statement.

The segment results for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

			ended Septembe	er 30, 2021	
		IoT and lifestyle	Internet		
	Smartphones	products	services	Others	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)					
Segment revenues	47,824,932	20,935,557	7,337,857	1,964,509	78,062,855
Cost of sales	(41,708,840)	(18,509,697)	(1,940,606)	(1,611,491)	(63,770,634)
Gross profit	6,116,092	2,425,860	5,397,251	353,018	14,292,221
		Three months	ended September	r 30, 2020	
		IoT and			
		lifestyle	Internet		
	Smartphones	products	services	Others	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)					
Segment revenues	47,604,133	18,119,021	5,771,890	667,733	72,162,777
Cost of sales	(43,615,083)	(15,538,630)	(2,283,348)	(560,060)	(61,997,121)
Gross profit	3,989,050	2,580,391	3,488,542	107,673	10,165,656
		Nine months	ended Septembe	r 30. 2021	
			enaca septembe		
		IoT and	-		
		IoT and lifestyle	Internet		
	Smartphones RMB'000	IoT and lifestyle products	Internet services	Others	Total RMB'000
	Smartphones RMB'000	IoT and lifestyle	Internet		Total RMB'000
(Unaudited)	RMB'000	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000	Internet services RMB'000	Others RMB'000	RMB'000
Segment revenues	RMB'000 158,404,878	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192	Others RMB'000 3,473,391	RMB'000 242,733,978
	RMB'000	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000	Internet services RMB'000	Others RMB'000	RMB'000
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770)	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484)
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770)	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443)	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484)
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770)	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484)
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770) 19,743,108	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and lifestyle	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September Internet	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817 30, 2020	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484) 43,601,494
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770)	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484)
Segment revenues Cost of sales	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770) 19,743,108 Smartphones	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and lifestyle products	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September Internet services	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817 30, 2020 Others	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484) 43,601,494 Total
Segment revenues Cost of sales Gross profit (Unaudited) Segment revenues	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770) 19,743,108 Smartphones	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and lifestyle products	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September Internet services	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817 30, 2020 Others	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484) 43,601,494 Total
Segment revenues Cost of sales Gross profit (Unaudited)	RMB'000 158,404,878 (138,661,770) 19,743,108 Smartphones RMB'000	IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000 59,913,517 (52,092,697) 7,820,820 Nine months IoT and lifestyle products RMB'000	Internet services RMB'000 20,942,192 (5,576,443) 15,365,749 ended September Internet services RMB'000	Others RMB'000 3,473,391 (2,801,574) 671,817 30, 2020 Others RMB'000	RMB'000 242,733,978 (199,132,484) 43,601,494 Total RMB'000

For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the geographical information on the total revenues is as follows:

	Three mor	nths end	ed September	30,	Nine mon	ths end	ed September 3	30,
	2021		2020		2021		2020	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Mainland China	37,161,472	47.6	32,393,887	44.9	120,785,227	49.8	86,773,126	49.5
Rest of the world	40,901,383	52.4	39,768,890	55.1	121,948,751	50.2	88,629,623	50.5
	78,062,855		72,162,777		242,733,978		175,402,749	

Note:

(a) Revenues outside mainland China are mainly from India and Europe.

3 Expenses by nature

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine mont Septemb	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold and royalty fees	58,949,602	57,323,360	186,498,016	137,181,551
Provision for impairment of inventories	555,130	1,021,402	1,494,009	2,528,191
Employee benefit expenses	3,429,304	2,470,659	10,384,994	6,852,363
Depreciation of property and equipment,				
right-of-use assets and investment properties	469,752	270,577	1,261,105	751,129
Amortization of intangible assets	330,434	123,135	924,451	367,619
Promotion and advertising expenses	1,586,610	1,295,182	4,805,220	3,215,560
Content fees to game developers and video providers	730,922	571,052	2,103,408	1,815,080
Credit loss allowance for loan receivables	(4,904)	415,978	61,558	1,599,295
Consultancy and professional service fees	382,551	224,209	970,238	643,029
Cloud service, bandwidth and server custody fees	484,883	549,610	1,529,219	1,467,712
Warranty expenses	1,045,624	1,063,454	3,443,561	2,385,742

Current assetsShort-term investments measured at- Amortized cost2,598,211- Fair value through other comprehensive income680,743- Fair value through profit or loss19,592,71522,871,66923,173,843Non-current assetsLong-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,467- Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568332,294- Other investments332,294	S	As of September 30, 2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000 (Audited)
Amortized cost2,598,211 Fair value through other comprehensive income680,743797,456 Fair value through profit or loss19,592,71522,376,38722,871,66923,173,84322,871,66923,173,843Non-current assetsLong-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,46713,969,457 Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568 Other investments332,294			
Fair value through other comprehensive income680,743797,456 Fair value through profit or loss19,592,71522,376,38722,871,66923,173,84322,871,66923,173,843Non-current assets22,871,66923,173,843Long-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,46713,969,457 Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568 Other investments2,281,058332,294			
— Fair value through profit or loss19,592,71522,376,38722,871,66923,173,84322,871,66923,173,84322,871,66923,173,843Long-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss342,203232,798— Ordinary shares investments17,544,46713,969,457— Preferred shares investments26,120,07720,913,568— Other investments332,294			
Non-current assetsLong-term investments measured at amortized costLong-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss— Ordinary shares investments— Ordinary shares investments— Preferred shares investments— Other investments2,281,058332,294		,	
Non-current assets342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,46713,969,457— Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568— Other investments2,281,058332,294	— Fair value through profit or loss	19,592,715	22,376,387
Long-term investments measured at amortized cost342,203232,798Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,46713,969,457— Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568— Other investments2,281,058332,294		22,871,669	23,173,843
Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss17,544,46713,969,457— Ordinary shares investments26,120,07720,913,568— Other investments2,281,058332,294	Non-current assets		
— Ordinary shares investments 17,544,467 13,969,457 — Preferred shares investments 26,120,077 20,913,568 — Other investments 2,281,058 332,294	Long-term investments measured at amortized cost	342,203	232,798
Preferred shares investments 26,120,077 20,913,568 — Other investments 2,281,058 332,294	Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss		
- Other investments 2,281,058 332,294	— Ordinary shares investments	17,544,467	13,969,457
	- Preferred shares investments	26,120,077	20,913,568
46.287.805 35.448.117	— Other investments	2,281,058	332,294
46,287,805 35,448,117			
		46,287,805	35,448,117

Amounts recognized in profit or loss of investments measured at fair value through profit or loss

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine mont Septemb	
	2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	2020 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Fair value changes on ordinary shares investments Fair value changes on preferred shares investments	(3,426,106) 1,290,394	2,978,297 274,789	1,012,982 2,707,853	5,142,793 548,497
Fair value changes on short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or lossFair value change on other investments	160,203 (125)	164,838	527,041 5,116	439,769
	(1,975,634)	3,417,924	4,252,992	6,131,958

5 Trade receivables

The Group usually allows a credit period within 180 days to its customers. Ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

	As of September 30, 2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables		
Up to 3 months	12,271,932	9,400,187
3 to 6 months	1,247,658	534,660
6 months to 1 year	505,736	234,844
1 to 2 years	177,088	110,291
Over 2 years	60,540	81,797
	14,262,954	10,361,779
Less: credit loss allowance	(155,338)	(200,760)
	14,107,616	10,161,019

6 Inventories

S	As of September 30,	As of December 31,
	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Raw materials	27,065,759	15,684,698
Finished goods	21,298,760	17,909,963
Work in progress	4,331,765	4,135,024
Spare parts	3,095,818	1,967,593
Others	3,439,004	3,199,153
	59,231,106	42,896,431
Less: provision for impairment	(1,049,262)	(1,225,712)
	58,181,844	41,670,719

	As of September 30, 2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000 (Audited)
Included in non-current liabilities		
Asset-backed securities	_	465,000
Secured borrowings	1,590,627	1,594,936
Unsecured borrowings	15,254,598	4,530,856
Convertible bonds	4,161,367	4,044,014
	21,006,592	10,634,806
Included in current liabilities		
Asset-backed securities	278,438	3,589,629
Fund raised through trusts	32,431	547,500
Secured borrowings	507,217	460,257
Unsecured borrowings	4,073,672	2,364,551
	4,891,758	6,961,937

8 Trade payables

Trade payables primarily include payables for inventories. As of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the carrying amounts of trade payables were primarily denominated in RMB, US\$ and India Rupees.

Trade payables and their ageing analysis based on invoice date are as follows:

	As of	As of
	September 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Up to 3 months	64,635,544	68,909,758
3 to 6 months	6,537,360	2,312,665
6 months to 1 year	1,905,724	873,537
1 to 2 years	175,807	34,200
Over 2 years	101,412	68,696
	73,355,847	72,198,856

9 Business combination

(a) Step-up acquisition of Zimi

On July 5, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of the remaining 50.09% equity interest of Zimi at a total consideration of approximately RMB1,461 million. Prior to the above acquisition, the Company held 49.91% equity interests of Zimi and accounted for as an associate. As a result, Zimi was accounted for as a subsidiary of the Group upon the completion of the transaction ("**Step-up Acquisition**"). The equity interests held under investment in an associate was accounted for a deemed disposal at its fair value and resulted in step up losses of approximately RMB409 million.

Goodwill of approximately RMB1,382 million was recognized as a result of the Step-up Acquisition. It was mainly attributable to the operating synergies and economies of scale expected to be derived from integration of the operations with the Group. None of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for income tax purpose.

The following table summarises the purchase consideration, fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized as at the acquisition date of Zimi.

	As of July 5, 2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)
Total consideration:	
Cash consideration	1,140,445
Share consideration	187,427
Deemed consideration arising from the grant of RSUs on Zimi's existing share options	133,007
Fair value of the previously held interests	1,317,460
	2,778,339
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Intangible assets	904,332
Inventories	83,103
Trade receivables	400,970
Prepayments and other receivables	19,267
Cash and cash equivalents	164,448
Other assets	606,152
Deferred income tax liabilities	(252,303)
Trade payables	(481,260)
Other payables and accruals	(48,513)
Total identifiable net assets:	1,396,196
Goodwill	1,382,143
Goodwill	
	2,778,339

Note:

The Group's revenue for the year would be increased by not more than 3% and results for the year would not be materially different should the Step-up Acquisition have occurred on 1 January 2021.

The related transaction costs of the Step-up Acquisition are not material to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

(b) Deepmotion acquisition

On September 22, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Deepmotion at a total consideration of approximately US\$77.37 million (approximately RMB500,555,000), among which US\$52.97 million (approximately RMB342,705,000) will be paid evenly in future 4 years by equivalent shares of the Company ("**Xiaomi Shares**") determined by reference to the average closing price of Xiaomi Shares for the last ten consecutive trading days prior to the fifth day of each delivery, but no later than August 31 of each year, and all such amount is attributable to post-combination services.

Upon closing, Deepmotion became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. Deepmotion has technological and research and development capabilities in providing full software stack solutions including perception, localization, planning and control for advanced driver-assistance systems (ADAS) and automated driving applications, which can enhance the technological competitiveness of the Group's smart electric vehicle business.

Goodwill of RMB61,245,000 was recognized as a result of the Deepmotion acquisition. It was mainly attributable to the operating synergies and economies of scale expected to be derived from combining operations of the Group and Deepmotion. None of the goodwill recognized is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table summarises the purchase consideration, fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized as at the acquisition date of the Deepmotion.

	As of
	September 22,
	2021
	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)
Total consideration:	
Cash consideration	157,850
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Intangible assets	95,000
Cash and cash equivalents	5,335
Trade receivables	1,882
Prepayments and other receivables	2,380
Other assets	6,359
Deferred income tax liabilities	(14,250)
Other payables and accruals	(101)
Total identifiable net assets:	96,605
Goodwill	61,245
	157 950
	157,850

OTHER INFORMATION

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement, the Company repurchased a total of 323,304,000 Class B Shares (the "**Shares Repurchased**") of the Company on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") at an aggregate consideration of HK\$8,040,563,351. Particulars of the Shares Repurchased are as follows:

	Price paid per share						
Month of Repurchase	No. of Shares Repurchased	Highest (HK\$)	Lowest (HK\$)	Aggregate Consideration (HK\$)			
March	19,307,600	26.20	25.50	498,900,661			
April	173,381,600	27.20	24.60	4,494,026,504			
July	15,250,000	26.40	25.20	393,626,650			
August	16,150,000	24.90	24.20	396,677,775			
September	85,229,400	25.00	21.25	1,965,668,178			
October	13,985,400	21.25	20.40	291,663,583			
Total	323,304,000			8,040,563,351			

As at the date of this announcement, the number of Class B Shares in issue was reduced by 323,304,000 shares as a result of the cancellation of the Shares Repurchased. Upon cancellation of the Shares Repurchased, the weighted voting rights ("WVR") beneficiaries of the Company simultaneously reduced their WVR in the Company proportionately by way of converting their Class A ordinary shares ("Class A Shares") into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio pursuant to Rule 8A.21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), such that the proportion of shares carrying WVR of the Company shall not be increased, pursuant to the requirements under Rules 8A.13 and 8A.15 of the Listing Rules.

The Shares Repurchased in March 2021 and April 2021 were subsequently cancelled on June 3, 2021. A total of 35,794,228 Class A Shares were converted into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio on June 3, 2021, of which Mr. Lei Jun, through Smart Mobile Holdings Limited, converted 32,236,626 Class A Shares and Mr. Lin Bin, through Bin Lin 2021 A Trust, converted 3,557,602 Class A Shares. The Shares Repurchased in July 2021 were subsequently cancelled on August 20, 2021. A total of 2,831,101 Class A Shares were converted into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio on August 20, 2021, of which Mr. Lei Jun, through Smart Mobile Holdings Limited, converted 2,549,717 Class A Shares and Mr. Lin Bin, through Bin Lin 2021 A Trust, converted 281,384 Class A Shares. The Shares Repurchased in August 2021, September 2021 and October 2021 were subsequently cancelled on November 12, 2021. A total of 21,394,443 Class A Shares were converted into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio were subsequently cancelled on November 12, 2021. A total of 21,394,443 Class A Shares were converted into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio on November 12, 2021, of which Mr. Lei Jun, through Smart Mobile Holdings Limited, converted 19,268,041 Class A Shares and Mr. Lin Bin, through Bin Lin 2021 A Trust, Class A Shares and Mr. Lin Bin, through Bin Lin 2021 A Trust, Class A Shares were converted into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio on November 12, 2021, of which Mr. Lei Jun, through Smart Mobile Holdings Limited, converted 19,268,041 Class A Shares and Mr. Lin Bin, through Bin Lin 2021 A Trust, converted 2,126,402 Class A Shares.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company is committed to maintaining and promoting stringent corporate governance standards. The principles of the Company's corporate governance are to promote effective internal control measures and to enhance the transparency and accountability of the Board to all shareholders.

Save for code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the nine months ended September 30, 2021.

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, companies listed on the Stock Exchange are expected to comply with, but may choose to deviate from the requirement that the responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive officer and Mr. Lei Jun currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enabling more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider segregating the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company at an appropriate time, taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee (comprising one non-executive Director and two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Liu Qin, Dr. Chen Dongsheng and Mr. Wong Shun Tak) has reviewed the unaudited interim results of the Group for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021. The Audit Committee has also discussed matters with respect to the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company and internal control with senior management members and the external auditor of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Material Litigation

As of September 30, 2021, the Company was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration, nor were the Directors aware of any material litigation or claims that were pending or threatened against the Company.

Use of Net Proceeds

1. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2020 Placing and Subscription

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2020 Placing and Subscription were approximately US\$3.1 billion. The Company intends to use the estimated net proceeds for (a) strengthening our working capital for business expansion; (b) investments to increase market share in key markets; (c) strategic ecosystem investments and (d) other general corporate purposes. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the announcement dated December 2, 2020. The Company expects to fully utilize the residual amount of the net proceeds in accordance with such intended purposes within about 2 years of the date of completion of the 2020 Placing and Subscription.

2. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2027 Bonds

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2027 Bonds were approximately US\$889.6 million. The Company intends to use the estimated net proceeds for (a) strengthening our working capital for business expansion; (b) investments to increase market share in key markets; (c) strategic ecosystem investments and (d) other general corporate purposes. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the announcement dated December 2, 2020. The Company expects to fully utilize the residual amount of the net proceeds in accordance with such intended purposes within about 2 years of the date of completion of the 2027 Bonds.

3. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2031 Bonds and Green Bonds

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2031 Bonds and Green Bonds were approximately US\$789.0 million and US\$392.8 million respectively. The Company intends to use the estimated net proceeds from 2031 Bonds for general corporate purposes, and use the estimated net proceeds from Green Bonds for financing or refinancing, in whole or in part, one or more of the Group's new or existing eligible projects pursuant to the Group's Green Finance Framework. The Company expects to fully utilize the residual amount of the net proceeds in accordance with such intended purposes within about 30 years.

Events after September 30, 2021

Save as disclosed in this announcement, there has been no other significant events that might affect the Group after September 30, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement.

By order of the Board Xiaomi Corporation Lei Jun Chairman

Hong Kong, November 23, 2021

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Lei Jun as Chairman and Executive Director, Mr. Lin Bin as Vice-Chairman and Executive Director, Mr. Liu De as Executive Director, Mr. Liu Qin as Non-executive Director, and Dr. Chen Dongsheng, Mr. Wong Shun Tak and Prof. Tong Wai Cheung Timothy as Independent Non-executive Directors.

APPENDIX II

REPRODUCTION OF THE PRESS RELEASE DATED 4 NOVEMBER 2021 CONTAINING THE GUARANTOR'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The information set out below is a reproduction of the press release dated 4 November 2021 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2021.



RESULTS AT SEPTEMBER 30TH 2021

Press release

Paris, November 4th 2021,

Q3 21: EXCELLENT QUARTER, UNDERLYING GROUP NET INCOME OF EUR 1.4 BILLION⁽¹⁾ (EUR 1.6 BILLION ON A REPORTED BASIS)

Revenues up +14.9% vs. Q3 20 (+15.0%*) driven by growth in all the businesses, in particular a very strong momentum in Financial Services and Financing & Advisory, a very good performance by Global Markets, and continued growth in Retail Banking

Underlying gross operating income: EUR 2.4 billion⁽¹⁾, up 32.8%⁽¹⁾ vs. Q3 20, with a positive jaws effect **Still low cost of risk:** 15 basis points in Q3 21, with no significant provision write-back

Profitability (ROTE): 10.9%⁽¹⁾ on an underlying basis and 12.7% on a reported basis in Q3.21

9M 21: UNDERLYING GROUP NET INCOME OF EUR 4.0 BILLION⁽¹⁾ (X5 VS. 9M 20)

Underlying gross operating income: EUR 6.6 billion⁽¹⁾, +61% vs. 9M 20, driven by revenue growth combined with continued good cost discipline

Cost of risk: 16 basis points

Profitability (ROTE): 10.4%⁽¹⁾ on an underlying basis and 10.0% on a reported basis in 9M 21

SOLID CAPITAL POSITION

Solid CET 1 ratio: 13.4%⁽²⁾ at end-September 2021, after provision for distribution and including the impact of the share buyback programme, or around 440 basis points above the regulatory requirement

Organic capital generation: 61 basis points in the first 9 months of 2021

Attractive shareholder return

- **Launch of the share buyback programme,** for an amount of around EUR 470 million, scheduled for November 4th, with the programme expected to be finalised by end-2021
- **Provision for distribution per share of EUR 2.03 in 9M 21** (financing both dividend and share buyback) consistent with a payout ratio of 50% of underlying Group net income⁽³⁾

SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION OF OUR STRATEGIC PROJECTS

Detailed presentation of the new French Retail Banking operation (a full merger project progressing as scheduled)

Very satisfactory implementation of the strategy in Global Banking & Investor Solutions Development of our differentiating assets (Boursorama, ALD, KB)

Frédéric Oudéa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"The Societe Generale group enjoyed an excellent quarter, with strong commercial and financial performances in all the businesses and improvement of the cost-income ratio. The group also continued to benefit from the quality of its loan portfolio, with a low cost of risk combined with a continued very prudent provisioning policy. Thanks to the unfailing commitment of the teams, the different strategic projects announced, in particular the creation of a new French Retail Bank resulting from the merger of the Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord networks, are all progressing in line with the objectives set. The group is already starting to prepare its new strategic plan 2022-2025, drawing on its strong, innovative and fast-growing businesses and its recognised leadership in terms of corporate social responsibility."

⁽¹⁾ Underlying data (see methodology note No. 5 for the transition from accounting data to underlying data)

⁽²⁾ Phased-in ratio; fully-loaded ratio of 13.2%

⁽³⁾ After deducting interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

The footnote * in this document corresponds to data adjusted for changes in Group Structure and at constant exchange rates

1. GROUP CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	Cha	ange	9M 21	9M 20	Ch	ange
Net banking income	6,672	5,809	+14.9%	+15.0%*	19,178	16,275	+17.8%	+20.0%*
Operating expenses	(4,170)	(3,825)	+9.0%	+9.0%*	(13,025)	(12,363)	+5.4%	+6.6%*
Underlying operating expenses(1)	(4,272)	(4,002)	+6.8%	+6.7%*	(12,594)	(12,186)	+3.3%	+4.6%*
Gross operating income	2,502	1,984	+26.1%	+26.7%*	6,153	3,912	+57.3%	+63.4%*
Underlying gross operating income(1)	2,400	1,807	+32.8%	+33.5%*	6,584	4,089	+61.0%	+67.0%*
Net cost of risk	(196)	(518)	-62.2%	-62.4%*	(614)	(2,617)	-76.5%	-76.0%*
Operating income	2,306	1,466	+57.3%	+58.7%*	5,539	1,295	x 4.3	x 4.6*
Underlying operating income(1)	2,204	1,289	+70.9%	+72.7%*	5,970	1,472	x 4.1	x 4.3*
Net profits or losses from other assets	175	(2)	n/s	n/s	186	82	x 2.3	x 2.3*
Impairment losses on goodwill	-	-	n/s	n/s	-	(684)	n/s	n/s
Income tax	(699)	(467)	+49.7%	+50.9%*	(1,386)	(1,079)	+28.4%	+31.4%*
Net income	1,781	992	+79.5%	+80.9%*	4,343	(386)	n/s	n/s
O.w. non-controlling interests	(180)	(130)	+38.5%	+38.7%*	(489)	(342)	+43.0%	+43.5%*
Reported Group net income	1,601	862	+85.7%	+87.3%*	3,854	(728)	n/s	n/s
Underlying Group net income(1)	1,391	742	+87.4%	+89.3%*	4,038	803	x 5.0	x 5.5*
ROE	11.1%	5.7%			8.7%	-3.0%		
ROTE	12.7%	6.5%			10.0%	-1.4%		
Underlying ROTE(1)	10.9%	5.5%			10.4%	1.0%		

(1) Adjusted for exceptional items and linearisation of IFRIC 21

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on November 3rd, 2021 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined the Societe Generale Group's results for Q3 and 9M 2021.

The various restatements enabling the transition from underlying data to published data are presented in the methodology notes (section 10.5).

Net banking income

Net banking income increased by +14.9% (+15.0%*) vs. Q3 20, driven by a very strong momentum in all the businesses and the beginning of the recognition of the second TLTRO allowance for around EUR 0.1 billion.

French Retail Banking continued the progress initiated for several quarters. As a result, net banking income (excluding PEL/CEL provision) increased by +5.7% vs. Q3 20, driven by the recovery in net interest income and commissions.

International Retail Banking & Financial Services enjoyed strong revenue growth (+12.8%* vs. Q3 20), driven by the excellent momentum in Financial Services to Corporates (+39.9%* vs. Q3 20) and Insurance (+10.2%* vs. Q3 20). International Retail Banking also continued to progress (+4.0%* vs. Q3 20).

Global Banking & Investor Solutions also turned in an excellent performance, with revenues up +16.1% vs. Q3 20. Financing & Advisory enjoyed very strong growth (+30.7% vs. Q3 20) while Global Markets activity remained robust (+8.4% vs. Q3 20).

In 9M 21, the Group posted strong growth of +17.8% (+20.0%*) vs. 9M 20, with a positive contribution from all the businesses, and returned to a higher revenue level than in 9M 19 (EUR 18.5 billion).

Operating expenses

In Q3 21, operating expenses totalled EUR 4,170 million on a reported basis and EUR 4,272 million on an underlying basis (restated for the linearisation of IFRIC 21 and transformation costs amounting to EUR 97 million), representing an increase of +6.8% vs. Q3 20.

Driven by a positive jaws effect, underlying gross operating income rose +32.8% to EUR 2,400 million and the underlying cost to income ratio improved by nearly 5 points (64% vs. 69% in Q3 20).

In 9M 21, costs amounted to EUR 13,025 million on a reported basis and EUR 12,594 million on an underlying basis, up +3.3% vs. 9M 20. This limited growth can be explained by the rise in variable costs linked to the growth in revenues (EUR +595 million) and the increase in the IFRIC 21 charge (EUR +67 million). The other operating expenses declined by EUR 207 million, excluding structure effect.

Cost of risk

In Q3 21, the commercial cost of risk stood at a low level of 15 basis points, or EUR 196 million, lower than in Q3 20 (40 basis points) and slightly higher than in Q2 21 (11 basis points). It breaks down into a provision on non-performing loans of EUR 266 million and a provision write-back on performing loans of EUR 70 million.

The Group's provisions on performing loans currently amount to EUR 3,486 million.

As part of the support provided to its customers during the crisis, the Group granted State Guaranteed Loans. At September 30th 2021, the residual amount of State Guaranteed Loans represented around EUR 17 billion. In France, the total amount of State Guaranteed Loans ("PGE") amounts to around EUR 15 billion and net exposure is less than EUR 2 billion.

The gross doubtful outstandings ratio amounted to $3.1\%^{(1)}$ at September 30^{th} 2021, stable vs. end-June 2021. The Group's gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings also remained stable at $52\%^{(2)}$ at September 30^{th} 2021 vs. June 30^{th} 2021.

The cost of risk is not expected to exceed 20 basis points in 2021.

⁽¹⁾ NPL ratio calculated according to the EBA methodology published on July 16th, 2019

⁽²⁾ Ratio between the amount of provisions on doubtful outstandings and the amount of these same outstandings

Group net income

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	9M 21	9M 20
Reported Group net income	1,601	862	3,854	(728)
Underlying Group net income ⁽¹⁾	1,391	742	4,038	803

_In %	Q3 21	Q3 20	9M 21	9M 20
ROTE	12.7%	6.5%	10.0%	-1.4%
Underlying ROTE ⁽¹⁾	10.9%	5.5%	10.4%	1.0%

Earnings per share amounts to EUR 4.02 in 9M 21 (EUR -1.38 in 9M 20). Underlying earnings per share amounts to EUR 4.06 over the same period (EUR 0.42 in 9M 20).

⁽¹⁾ Underlying data (see methodology note No. 5 for the transition from accounting data to underlying data)

2. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Group shareholders' equity totalled EUR 63.6 billion at September 30th, 2021 (EUR 61.7 billion at December 31st, 2020). Net asset value per share was EUR 65.5 and tangible net asset value per share was EUR 57.8.

The consolidated balance sheet totalled EUR 1,526 billion at September 30th, 2021 (EUR 1,462 billion at December 31st, 2020). The net amount of customer loan outstandings at September 30th, 2021, including lease financing, was EUR 468 billion (EUR 440 billion at December 31st, 2020) – excluding assets and securities purchased under resale agreements. At the same time, customer deposits amounted to EUR 487 billion, vs. EUR 451 billion at December 31st, 2020 (excluding assets and securities sold under repurchase agreements).

At October 20th, 2021, the parent company had issued EUR 31.5 billion of medium/long-term debt, having an average maturity of 5.4 years and an average spread of 38 basis points (vs. the 6-month midswap, excluding subordinated debt). The subsidiaries had issued EUR 1.4 billion. In total, the Group had issued EUR 32.9 billion of medium/long-term debt. As a result, the parent company had completed its 2021 annual financing programme on both vanilla debt and structured issuances.

The LCR (Liquidity Coverage Ratio) was well above regulatory requirements at 130% at end-September 2021, vs. 149% at end-December 2020. At the same time, the NSFR (Net Stable Funding Ratio) was at a level of 105% at end-September 2021, above the regulatory requirement of 100%.

The Group's **risk-weighted assets** (RWA), including IFRS9 phasing, amounted to EUR 363.5 billion at September 30th, 2021 (vs. EUR 351.9 billion at end-December 2020) according to CRR2/CRD5 rules. Risk-weighted assets in respect of credit risk represent 82.5% of the total, at EUR 300.0 billion, up 4.4% vs. December 31st, 2020.

At September 30th, 2021, the Group's **Common Equity Tier 1** ratio stood at 13.4%, or around 440 basis points above the regulatory requirement. The CET1 ratio at September 30th, 2021 includes an effect of +19 basis points for phasing of the IFRS 9 impact. Excluding this effect, the fully-loaded ratio amounts to 13.2%. The Tier 1 ratio stood at 15.6% at end-September 2021 (16% at end-December 2020) and the total capital ratio amounted to 18.6% (19.2% at end-December 2020).

The leverage ratio stood at 4.5% at September 30th, 2021 (4.8% at end-December 2020).

With a level of 29.9% of RWA and 8.6% of leverage exposure at end-September 2021, the Group's TLAC ratio is above the FSB's requirements for 2021 and 2022. At September 30th, 2021, the Group was also above its 2022 MREL requirements of 25.2% of RWA and 5.91% of leverage exposure.

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) Fitch Ratings - long-term rating "A-", stable rating, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1" (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1" (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook; and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "A-1".

3. FRENCH RETAIL BANKING

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	Change	9M 21	9M 20	Change
Net banking income	1,976	1,836	+7.6%	5,729	5,470	+4.7%
Net banking income excl. PEL/CEL	1,963	1,857	+5.7%	5,711	5,511	+3.6%
Operating expenses	(1,351)	(1,292)	+4.6%	(4,101)	(3,975)	+3.2%
Gross operating income	625	544	+14.9%	1,628	1,495	+8.9%
Gross operating income excl. PEL/CEL	612	565	+8.3%	1,610	1,536	+4.8%
Net cost of risk	5	(130)	-103.8%	(124)	(821)	-84.9%
Operating income	630	414	+52.2%	1,504	674	x 2.2
Net profits or losses from other assets	(2)	3	-166.7%	2	139	-98.6%
Reported Group net income	451	283	+59.4%	1,092	562	+94.3%
Underlying Group net income (1)	414	274	+50.9%	1,107	613	+80.6%
RONE	16.4%	9.5%		13.0%	6.5%	
Underlying RONE(1)	15.0%	9.2%	_	13.2%	7.1%	-

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21 and PEL/CEL provision

Societe Generale and Crédit du Nord networks:

Average loan outstandings were 2% lower than in Q3 20 at EUR 207 billion. They were 9% higher than in Q3 19. Average outstanding loans to individuals were up +1%, bolstered by the growth in home loan production (+58% vs. Q3 20). The production of medium/long-term loans to corporate and professional customers climbed +48% excluding State Guaranteed Loans vs. Q3 20.

Average outstanding balance sheet deposits⁽²⁾ increased by +7% vs. Q3 20 to EUR 240 billion, still driven by sight deposits, whose rate of growth nevertheless decelerated.

As a result, the average loan/deposit ratio stood at 87% in Q3 21 vs. 95% in Q3 20.

Insurance assets under management totalled EUR 91 billion at end-September 2021. Gross life insurance inflow amounted to EUR 1.9 billion in Q3 21, with the unit-linked share accounting for 36%.

Private Banking's assets under management totalled EUR 76 billion at end-September 2021. Net inflow remained buoyant at EUR 1.1 billion in Q3 21.

Property/casualty insurance premiums were up +3% vs. Q3 20, as were personal protection insurance premiums (+3% vs. Q3 20).

Boursorama:

The bank consolidated its position as the leading online bank in France, with more than 3.1 million clients at end-September 2021, thanks to the onboarding of 163,000 new clients in Q3 21 (+26% vs. Q3 20). Boursorama has exceeded 3 million clients ahead of its onboarding plan.

This quarter, Boursorama distinguished itself by obtaining 2022 award in the rankings for best online bank awarded by Moneyvox. Boursorama was also classified No. 1 in the rankings for best bank for students in France 2021 awarded by Selectra. The bank also received an award for its retirement savings plan ("MATLA") from the business magazines Challenges and Le Particulier (Victoire d'or). In addition, the bank received the 2022 Excellence Label for personal loans awarded by Les Dossiers de l'Epargne magazine.

⁽²⁾ Including BMTN (negotiable medium-term notes)

Average outstanding loans rose +28% vs. Q3 20 to EUR 13 billion. Home loan outstandings were up +30% vs. Q3 20.

Average outstanding savings including deposits and financial savings were 30% higher than in Q3 20 at EUR 35 billion, while outstanding deposits were up +29% vs. Q3 20. Life insurance outstandings were 14% higher than in Q3 20 while assets under management in UCITS increased by +35% vs. Q3 20.

Net banking income excluding PEL/CEL

Q3 21: revenues (excluding PEL/CEL) totalled EUR 1,963 million, up +5.7% vs. Q3 20. Net interest income (excluding PEL/CEL) was up +5.9% vs. Q3 20. Commissions were 5.2% higher than in Q3 20 owing particularly to an increase in financial commissions against the backdrop of recovery.

9M 21: revenues (excluding PEL/CEL) totalled EUR 5,711 million, up +3.6% vs. 9M 20. Net interest income (excluding PEL/CEL) was stable (+0.5%) vs. 9M 20. Commissions were 5.1% higher than in 9M 20, benefiting from the strong growth in financial commissions.

Operating expenses

Q3 21: operating expenses totalled EUR 1,351 million (+4.6% vs. Q3 20) and EUR 1,390 million on an underlying basis. The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 68.8%, an improvement of 0.8 points vs. Q3 20.

9M 21: operating expenses totalled EUR 4,101 million (+3.2% vs. 9M 20) and EUR 4,062 million on an underlying basis. The cost to income ratio (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 71.8%, an improvement of 0.3 points vs. 9M 20.

Cost of risk

Q3 21: the commercial cost of risk represented a write-back of EUR 5 million or -1 basis point, a significant improvement vs. Q3 20 (24 basis points), and virtually stable vs. Q2 21 (1 basis point).

9M 21: the commercial cost of risk amounted to EUR 124 million or 8 basis points, a substantial decline compared to 9M 20 (52 basis points).

Contribution to Group net income

Q3 21: the contribution to Group net income was EUR 451 million vs. EUR 283 million in Q3 20 (+59% vs. Q3 20). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 15.0% in Q3 21 (9.2% in Q3 20) and 16.1% excluding Boursorama.

9M 21: the contribution to Group net income was EUR 1,092 million (+94% vs. 9M 20). RONE (after linearisation of the IFRIC 21 charge and restated for the PEL/CEL provision) stood at 13.2% in 9M 21 (7.1% in 9M 20) and 14.2% excluding Boursorama.

4. INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING & FINANCIAL SERVICES

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	Cha	inge	9M 21	9M 20	Cha	inge
Net banking income	2,107	1,891	+11.4%	+12.8%*	5,958	5,605	+6.3%	+9.8%*
Operating expenses	(1,015)	(999)	+1.6%	+2.3%*	(3,115)	(3,124)	-0.3%	+2.6%*
Gross operating income	1,092	892	+22.4%	+24.7%*	2,843	2,481	+14.6%	+19.0%*
Net cost of risk	(145)	(331)	-56.2%	-56.7%*	(408)	(978)	-58.3%	-57.0%*
Operating income	947	561	+68.8%	+75.0%*	2,435	1,503	+62.0%	+69.0%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	4	(2)	n/s	n/s	10	9	+11.1%	+11.1%*
Reported Group net income	584	337	+73.3%	+80.0%*	1,498	928	+61.4%	+69.4%*
Underlying Group net income (1)	570	323	+76.5%	+83.7%*	1,512	942	+60.5%	+68.3%*
RONE	22.6%	12.9%			19.7%	11.6%		
Underlying RONE(1)	22.1%	12.3%	_		19.9%	11.8%	_	

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

International Retail Banking's loan and deposit production experienced an increase in all geographical regions. Outstanding loans totalled EUR 90.9 billion. They rose +4.3%* vs. end-September 2020. Outstanding deposits were 9.6%* higher than in September 2020, at EUR 90.1 billion.

For the Europe scope, outstanding loans were up $+5.1\%^*$ vs. September 2020 at EUR 58.1 billion, driven by all the regions: $+4.4\%^*$ in the Czech Republic, $+7.5\%^*$ in Romania, and $+5.2\%^*$ in Western Europe. Outstanding deposits increased by $+12.1\%^*$.

In Russia, outstanding loans enjoyed healthy growth (+8.0%*), with a robust performance in home loans and in the corporate customers segment with outstanding loans up +15%* and +7%* respectively vs. Q3 20. Outstanding deposits also rose (+3.6%*).

In Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories, outstanding loans rose +0.9%*. Outstanding deposits, up +7.2%*, enjoyed a healthy momentum.

In the Insurance business, the life insurance savings business saw outstandings increase +8%^{*} at end-September 2021 vs. September 2020 to EUR 132 billion. The share of unit-linked products in outstandings was 35%, an increase of +5 points vs. September 2020.

Financial Services to Corporates also enjoyed a healthy momentum. Operational Vehicle Leasing and Fleet Management had 1.7 million contracts, including 1.4 million financed vehicles, an increase of 0.6% vs. end-September 2020. Equipment Finance's new leasing business was up +11%* vs. Q3 20 (+12%* in 9M 21), while outstanding loans were stable vs. end-September 2020, at EUR 14.3 billion (excluding factoring).

Net banking income

Net banking income amounted to EUR 2,107 million in Q3 21, up +12.8%* vs. Q3 20. Revenues amounted to EUR 5,958 million in 9M 21, up +9.8%* vs. 9M 20.

International Retail Banking's net banking income totalled EUR 1,271 million in Q3 21, an increase of +4.0%^{*} vs. Q3 20. Thanks to a healthy commercial momentum and an increase in commissions (+17%^{*} vs. Q3 20), revenues in Europe were 6.2%^{*} higher than in Q3 20. Activity in the individual customers segment remained particularly robust in specialised consumer finance, with revenues up +14%^{*} vs. Q3 20. For the SG Russia⁽²⁾ scope, revenues were down -4.8%^{*} (-1.4%^{*} vs. 9M 20) despite a healthy momentum in the corporate customers and home loan segments. The Africa, Mediterranean Basin and

⁽²⁾ SG Russia encompasses the entities Rosbank, Rosbank Insurance, ALD Automotive and their consolidated subsidiaries

French Overseas Territories scope posted revenues up +4.4%* vs. Q3 20. International Retail Banking's net banking income totalled EUR 3,689 million in 9M 21, up +2.6%* vs. 9M 20.

The Insurance business posted net banking income up +10.2%* vs. Q3 20, at EUR 246 million in Q3 21. The gross premiums of the life insurance savings business were 59%* higher in Q3 21 than in Q3 20, with an attractive share of unit-linked products (43%). Protection insurance saw an increase of +7%* vs. Q3 20. Property/casualty premiums rose +10%* (including +8%* in France and +17%* internationally), as did personal protection insurance (+5%* vs. Q3 20). The Insurance business' net banking income was 8.8%* higher in 9M 21 than in 9M 20 at EUR 720 million.

Financial Services to Corporates' net banking income was substantially higher (+39.9%*) than in Q3 20, at EUR 590 million. This performance was driven primarily by the activities of ALD which posted an increase in leasing margins (+ $12\%^{(1)}$ vs. Q3 20) and the used car sale result (EUR 1,126 per unit in 9M 21). Financial Services to Corporates' net banking income totalled EUR 1,549 million in 9M 21, up + $32.6\%^*$ vs. 9M 20.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses totalled EUR 1,015 million, an increase of +2.3%* on a reported basis and +2.3%* also on an underlying basis vs. Q3 20, in conjunction with the growth in revenue. As a result, the quarter generated a positive jaws effect. The cost to income ratio stood at 48.2% in Q3 21. Operating expenses amounted to EUR 3,115 million in 9M 21, an increase of +2.6%* vs. 9M 20.

In International Retail Banking, operating expenses were up $+3.4\%^*$ vs. Q3 20. Operating expenses were slightly higher ($+2.0\%^*$) in 9M 21 than in 9M 20.

In the **Insurance** business, operating expenses were in line with the expansion ambitions and rose $+4.5\%^*$ vs. Q3 20 and $+4.3\%^*$ vs. 9M 20.

In **Financial Services to Corporates**, operating expenses increased by +2.0%* vs. Q3 20 and +4.1%* vs. 9M 20.

Cost of risk

Q3 21: the commercial cost of risk amounted to 43 basis points (EUR 145 million), vs. 37 basis points in Q2 21 and 102 basis points in Q3 20.

9M 21: the cost of risk amounted to 41 basis points (EUR 408 million). It was 98 basis points in 9M 20.

Contribution to Group net income

The contribution to Group net income totalled EUR 584 million in Q3 21 (+80.0%* vs. Q3 20) and EUR 1,498 million in 9M 21 (+69.4%* vs. 9M 20). Underlying RONE stood at 22.1% in Q3 21 (vs. 12.3% in Q3 20) and 19.9% in 9M 21 (11.8% in 9M 20).

⁽¹⁾ Based on ALD local data

5. GLOBAL BANKING & INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

In EURm Q3 21		Q3 20	Change	9M 21	9M 20	Cha	inge
Net banking income	2,361	2,034	+16.1% +15.4%*	7,210	5,541	+30.1%	+32.5%*
Operating expenses	(1,608)	(1,478)	+8.8% +8.2%*	(5,307)	(5,025)	+5.6%	+6.9%*
Gross operating income	753	556	+35.4% +34.5%*	1,903	516	x 3.7	x 4*
Net cost of risk	(57)	(57)		(83)	(818)	-89.9%	-89.5%*
Operating income	696	499	+39.5% +38.4%*	1,820	(302)	n/s	n/s
Group net income	563	381	+47.8% +46.6%*	1,441	(223)	n/s	n/s
Underlying Group net income (1)	467	295	+58.0% +56.4%*	1,537	(137)	n/s	n/s
RONE	14.7%	10.3%		13.1%	-2.1%		
Underlying RONE(1)	12.2%	7.9%	_	14.0%	-1.3%	_	

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

Net banking income

In Q3 21, **Global Banking & Investor Solutions** enjoyed a healthy momentum in its businesses, with revenues of EUR 2,361 million, substantially higher (+16.1%) than in Q3 20.

In 9M 21, revenues rose +30.1% vs. 9M 20 (EUR 7,210 million vs. EUR 5,541 million), and were higher than 9M 19 revenues (EUR 6,518 million).

In Global Markets & Investor Services, net banking income totalled EUR 1,349 million (+8.4% vs. Q3 20). It amounted to EUR 4,388 million in 9M 21 (+46.1% vs. 9M 20).

The Equity market was active, driven by commercial activity that remained buoyant throughout the quarter. The business posted revenues of EUR 814 million, up +53% vs. Q3 20, with a good performance in all activities. Volumes were particularly high on investment solutions products (structured products and listed products) and on prime services products.

Revenues totalled EUR 2,423 million in 9M 21 (vs. EUR 682 million in 9M 20).

Market conditions were less favourable for the Fixed Income franchise model: substantial spread compression on financing, coupled with reduced client demand in Fixed Income markets. The environment was also unfavourable in Asia. However, commercial activity remained resilient on the Corporates franchise. Fixed Income & Currency activities posted revenues of EUR 380 million in Q3 21, down -33% vs. a good Q3 20.

Revenues were 21% lower in 9M 21 compared to the exceptionally high level in 9M 20.

Securities Services' revenues saw a further increase, with revenues up +6.9% vs. Q3 20, at EUR 155 million. They were 10% higher in 9M 21 than in 9M 20, at EUR 490 million.

Securities Services' assets under custody amounted to EUR 4,475 billion, slightly higher than at end-June 2021. Over the same period, assets under administration were up +2.9%, at EUR 680 billion.

Financing & Advisory delivered the best historical performance, with revenues of EUR 757 million in Q3 21, up +31% vs. Q3 20. They amounted to EUR 2,110 million in 9M 21, significantly higher (+13%) than in 9M 20 (+15%* when adjusted for changes in Group structure and at constant exchange rates).

Investment Banking enjoyed an excellent quarter, driven by the strong momentum of advisory, M&A and Leveraged Buyout activities. Revenues from Asset Finance, Natural Resources and Infrastructure activities and the Asset-Backed Products platform also showed a substantial increase.

Global Transaction and Payment Services continued to enjoy strong growth, up +23% vs. Q3 20.

Asset and Wealth Management's net banking income totalled EUR 255 million in Q3 21 (+21% vs. Q3 20). It was 6% higher in 9M 21.

Private Banking posted a substantial increase in its revenues (+20% vs. Q3 20) to EUR 184 million. The business benefited from a favourable market environment and strong commercial activity. Net inflow amounted to EUR +2.2 billion during the quarter.

Net banking income totalled EUR 528 million in 9M 21, up +2.3% vs. 9M 20 (when restated for an exceptional impact of EUR +29 million related to an insurance payout received in 2020, it is up +8.4%). Net inflow was high (EUR +6.8 billion in the first nine months) and positive in all geographical regions. Assets under management totalled EUR 127 billion. They rose +11% vs. end-September 2020.

Lyxor's net banking income amounted to EUR 64 million, an increase of +21% vs. Q3 20. Assets under management were up +28% vs. end-September 2020, at EUR 169 billion.

Revenues were 17% higher in 9M 21 than in 9M 20, with net inflow of EUR +14 billion.

Operating expenses

Q3 21: operating expenses totalled EUR 1,608 million and EUR 1,733 million on an underlying basis. Higher underlying costs (+9.3% vs. Q3 20) can be explained by the rise in variable costs related to the increase in earnings and IFRIC 21 charges. Thanks to a very positive jaws effect, there was an improvement in the cost to income ratio of 5 points (68% vs. 73% in Q3 20).

9M 21: operating expenses were up +5.6% on a reported basis and +5.4% on an underlying basis.

Net cost of risk

Q3 21: the commercial cost of risk amounted to 14 basis points (or EUR 57 million), the same level as in Q3 20.

9M 21: it was at a low level of 7 basis points, well below 9M 20 (66 basis points) which was adversely affected by the health crisis.

Contribution to Group net income

Q3 21: the contribution to Group net income was EUR 563 million on a reported basis (+48% vs. Q3 20) and EUR 467 million on an underlying basis (+58% vs. Q3 20). **9M 21:** it was EUR 1,441 million and EUR 1,537 million respectively.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions posted a significant underlying RONE of 12.2% in Q3 21 and 14.0% in 9M 21.

6. CORPORATE CENTRE

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	9M 21	9M 20
Net banking income	228	48	281	(341)
Operating expenses	(196)	(56)	(502)	(239)
Underlying operating expenses (1)	(110)	(69)	(259)	(226)
Gross operating income	32	(8)	(221)	(580)
Underlying gross operating income (1)	118	(21)	22	(567)
Net cost of risk	1	-	1	-
Impairment losses on goodwill	-	-	-	(684)
Income tax	(166)	(84)	(6)	(534)
Reported Group net income	3	(139)	(177)	(1,995)
Underlying Group net income (1)	(69)	(137)	(132)	(586)

(1) Adjusted for the linearisation of IFRIC 21

The Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects as well as certain costs incurred by the Group and not re-invoiced to the businesses.

The Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR 228 million in Q3 21 vs. EUR +48 million in Q3 20 and EUR +281 million in 9M 21 vs. EUR -341 million in 9M 20.

Operating expenses totalled EUR 196 million in Q3 21 vs. EUR 56 million in Q3 20. They include the Group's transformation costs for a total amount of EUR 97 million relating to the activities of French Retail Banking (EUR 46 million), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 23 million) and the Corporate Centre (EUR 28 million). Underlying costs came to EUR 110 million in Q3 21 compared to EUR 69 million in Q3 20.

Operating expenses totalled EUR 502 million in 9M 21 vs. EUR 239 million in 9M 20. They include the Group's transformation costs for a total amount of EUR 232 million relating to the activities of French Retail Banking (EUR 106 million), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 66 million) and the Corporate Centre (EUR 60 million). Underlying costs came to EUR 259 million in 9M 21 compared to EUR 226 million in 9M 20.

Gross operating income totalled EUR 32 million in Q3 21 vs. EUR -8 million in Q3 20 and EUR -221 million in 9M 21 vs. EUR -580 million in 9M 20. Underlying gross operating income came to EUR +22 million in 9M 21.

The **Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income was EUR 3 million** in Q3 21 vs. EUR -139 million in Q3 20 and EUR -177 million in 9M 21 vs. EUR -1,995 million in 9M 20. It includes a capital gain on a property sale amounting to EUR 185 million, before tax is taken into account (EUR 132 million net of tax).

7. CONCLUSION

The Group delivered an excellent performance in the first 9 months of 2021. All the businesses experienced healthy revenue growth, compared to the first 9 months of 2020, and a improvement in their cost to income ratio due to disciplined cost management.

At end-September 2021, the Group's CET1 ratio stood at 13.4%⁽¹⁾ comfortably above its regulatory requirement, after taking account of the distribution provision of EUR 2.03⁽²⁾ (financing both dividend and share buyback) and the capital impact of the announced share buyback programme of around EUR 470 million. Authorised by the ECB on September 30th 2021, the Group intends to implement the programme as from November 4th and by end-2021. During this period, the group will suspend the liquidity contract.

Furthermore, the Group continues to execute its strategy with the achievement, this quarter, of a new key milestone. On October 12th, the Group provided information on the model and the detailed organisational structure of its new French Retail Bank. The project to merge the networks is therefore progressing according to the announced timetable. The other businesses are successfully rolling out their strategy presented at the dedicated Investor Days.

⁽¹⁾ Phased-in ratio; fully-loaded ratio of 13.2%

⁽²⁾ Based on a payout ratio of 50% of underlying Group net income after deducting interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

8. 2021 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2021 Financial communication calendar

February 10 th , 2022	Fourth quarter and FY 2021 results
May 5 th , 2022	First quarter 2022 results
May 17 th , 2022	2022 General Meeting
August 3 rd , 2022	Second quarter and first half 2022 results
November 4 th , 2022	Third quarter and nine-month 2022 results

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, IFRIC 21 adjustment, (commercial) cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets, tangible net assets, and the amounts serving as a basis for the different restatements carried out (in particular the transition from published data to underlying data) are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to: - anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential

consequences;
evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets in particular, regulatory and prudential changes, and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the section "Risk Factors" in our Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers (which is available on https://investors.societegenerale.com/en).

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

9. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	Change	9M 21	9M 20	Change
French Retail Banking	451	283	59.4%	1,092	562	94.3%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	584	337	73.3%	1,498	928	61.4%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	563	381	47.8%	1,441	(223)	n/s
Core Businesses	1,598	1,001	59.6%	4,031	1,267	x 3.2
Corporate Centre	3	(139)	n/s	(177)	(1,995)	91.1%
Group	1,601	862	85.7%	3,854	(728)	n/s

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	30.09.2021	31.12.2020
Cash, due from central banks	176,531	168,179
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	436,594	429,458
Hedging derivatives	14,021	20,667
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	45,780	52,060
Securities at amortised cost	18,687	15,635
Due from banks at amortised cost	66,144	53,380
Customer loans at amortised cost	475,923	448,761
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	172	378
Investment of insurance activities	174,240	166,854
Tax assets	4,307	5,001
Other assets	78,469	67,341
Non-current assets held for sale	390	6
Investments accounted for using the equity method	95	100
Tangible and intangible assets	31,180	30,088
Goodwill	3,821	4,044
Total	1,526,354	1,461,952

	30.09.2021	31.12.2020
Central banks	6,684	1,489
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	386,465	390,247
Hedging derivatives	9,576	12,461
Debt securities issued	133,194	138,957
Due to banks	148,430	135,571
Customer deposits	497,155	456,059
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	4,250	7,696
Tax liabilities	1,683	1,223
Other liabilities	96,568	84,937
Non-current liabilities held for sale	125	-
Liabilities related to insurance activities contracts	152,619	146,126
Provisions	4,491	4,775
Subordinated debts	15,826	15,432
Total liabilities	1,457,066	1,394,973
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Shareholders' equity, Group share		
Issued common stocks and capital reserves	22,364	22,333
Other equity instruments	7,534	9,295
Retained earnings	30,866	32,076
Net income	3,854	(258)
Sub-total	64,618	63,446
Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses	(980)	(1,762)
Sub-total equity, Group share	63,638	61,684
Non-controlling interests	5,650	5,295
Total equity	69,288	66,979
Total	1,526,354	1,461,952

10.APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY

1 –The financial information presented in respect of Q3 and 9M 2021 was examined by the Board of Directors on November 3rd, 2021 and has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date. This information has not been audited.

2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses correspond to the "Operating Expenses" as presented in note 8.1 to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31st, 2020 (pages 466 et seq. of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document). The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses. The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document.

4 - IFRIC 21 adjustment

The IFRIC 21 adjustment corrects the result of the charges recognised in the accounts in their entirety when they are due (generating event) so as to recognise only the portion relating to the current quarter, i.e. a quarter of the total. It consists in smoothing the charge recognised accordingly over the financial year in order to provide a more economic idea of the costs actually attributable to the activity over the period analysed.

5 - Exceptional items - Transition from accounting data to underlying data

It may be necessary for the Group to present underlying indicators in order to facilitate the understanding of its actual performance. The transition from published data to underlying data is obtained by restating published data for exceptional items and the IFRIC 21 adjustment.

Moreover, the Group restates the revenues and earnings of the French Retail Banking pillar for PEL/CEL provision allocations or write-backs. This adjustment makes it easier to identify the revenues and earnings relating to the pillar's activity, by excluding the volatile component related to commitments specific to regulated savings.

The reconciliation enabling the transition from published accounting data to underlying data is set out in the table below:

Q3 21 (in EURm)	Operating Expenses	Net profit or losses from other assets	Impairment losses on goodwill	Income tax	Group net income	Business
Reported	(4,170)	175	0	(699)	1,601	
(+) IFRIC 21 linearisation	(199)			46	(149)	
(+) Transformation charges ^(*)	97			(27)	70	Corporate Center ⁽¹⁾
(+) Capital gains on Haussmann office disposal ^(*)		(185)		53	(132)	Corporate Center
Underlying	(4,272)	(10)	0	(627)	1,391	

Q3 20 (in EURm)	Operating Expenses	Net profit or losses from other assets	Impairment losses on goodwill	Income tax	Group net income	Business
Reported	(3,825)	(2)	0	(467)	862	
(+) IFRIC 21 linearisation	(177)			53	(120)	
Underlying	(4,002)	(2)	0	(414)	742	

9M 21 (in EURm)	Operating Expenses	Net profit or losses from other assets	Impairment losses on goodwill	Income tax	Group net income	Business
Reported	(13,025)	186	0	(1,386)	3,854	
(+) IFRIC 21 linearisation	199			(46)	149	
(+) Transformation charges ^(*)	232			(65)	167	Corporate Center ⁽²⁾
(+) Capital gains on Haussmann office disposal ^(*)		(185)		53	(132)	Corporate Center
Underlying	(12,594)	1	0	(1,444)	4,038	

9M 20 (in EURm)	Operating Expenses	Net profit or losses from other assets	Impairment losses on goodwill	Income tax	Group net income	Business
Reported	(12,363)	82	(684)	(1,079)	(728)	
(+) IFRIC 21 linearisation	177			(53)	120	
(+) Group refocusing plan		77			77	Corporate center
(-) Goodwill impairment ^(*)			684		684	Corporate center
(-) DTA impairment (*)				650	650	Corporate center
Underlying	(12,186)	159	0	(482)	803	

^(*) Exceptional item

⁽¹⁾ Transformation and/or restructuring charges in Q3 21 related to French Retail Banking (EUR 46m), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 23m) and Corporate Centre (EUR 28m)

⁽²⁾ Transformation and/or restructuring charges in 9M 21 related to French Retail Banking (EUR 106m), Global Banking & Investor Solutions (EUR 66m) and Corporate Centre (EUR 60m)

6 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk or commercial cost of risk is defined on pages 43 and 635 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

	(In EUR m)	Q3 21	Q3 20	9M 21	9M 20
	Net Cost Of Risk	(5)	130	124	821
French Retail Banking	Gross loans Outstanding	217,332	217,156	217,549	208,604
	Cost of Risk in bp	(1)	24	8	52
	Net Cost Of Risk	145	331	408	978
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	Gross loans Outstanding	134,725	129,838	132,088	133,240
and Financial Services	Cost of Risk in bp	43	102	41	98
	Net Cost Of Risk	57	57	83	818
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	Gross loans Outstanding	167,410	162,429	161,432	165,389
5010110113	Cost of Risk in bp	14	14	7	66
	Net Cost Of Risk	(1)	0	(1)	0
Corporate Centre	Gross loans Outstanding	14,244	12,400	13,589	10,800
	Cost of Risk in bp	(1)	(1)	(1)	1
	Net Cost Of Risk	196	518	614	2,617
Societe Generale Group	Gross loans Outstanding	533,711	521,822	524,659	518,033
	Cost of Risk in bp	15	40	16	67

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

7 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notions of ROE (Return on Equity) and ROTE (Return on Tangible Equity), as well as their calculation methodology, are specified on page 43 and 44 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess Societe Generale's return on equity and return on tangible equity.

RONE (Return on Normative Equity) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 44 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document.

Group net income used for the ratio numerator is book Group net income adjusted for "interest net of tax payable on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations" and "unrealised gains/losses booked under shareholders' equity, excluding conversion reserves" (see methodology note No. 9). For ROTE, income is also restated for goodwill impairment.

Details of the corrections made to book equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

ROTE calculation: calculation methodology

End of period	Q3 21	Q3 20	9M 21	9M 20
Shareholders' equity Group share	63,638	60,593	63,638	60,593
Deeply subordinated notes	(7,820)	(7,873)	(7,820)	(7,873)
Undated subordinated notes		(274)		(274)
Interest net of tax payable to holders of deeply				
subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes,				
interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations	(24)	(4)	(24)	(4)
	(34) (613)	(4) (875)	(34) (613)	(4) (875)
OCI excluding conversion reserves		. ,		. ,
Dividend provision ⁽¹⁾	(1,726)	(178)	(1,726)	(178)
ROE equity end-of-period	53,445	51,389	53,445	51,389
Average ROE equity	52,947	51,396	52,215	52,352
Average Goodwill	(3,927)	(3,928)	(3,927)	(4,253)
Average Intangible Assets	(2,599)	(2,464)	(2,549)	(2,417)
Average ROTE equity	46,421	45,004	45,739	45,682
Group net Income (a)	1,601	862	3,854	(728)
Underlying Group net income (b)	1,391	742	4,038	803
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (c)	(130)	(127)	(439)	(447)
Cancellation of goodwill impairment (d)				684
Ajusted Group net Income (e) = (a)+ (c)+(d)	1,471	735	3,415	(491)
Ajusted Underlying Group net Income (f)=(b)+(c)	1,261	615	3,599	356
Average ROTE equity (g)	46,421	45,004	45,739	45,682
ROTE [quarter: (4*e/g), 9M: (4/3*e/g)]	12.7%	6.5%	10.0%	-1.4%
Underlying ROTE	46,210	44,884	45,923	47,213
Underlying ROTE [quarter: (4*f/h), 9M: (4/3*f/h)]	10.9%	5.5%	10.4%	1.0%

RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

In EURm	Q3 21	Q3 20	Change	9M 21	9M 20	Change
French Retail Banking	11,025	11,879	-7.2%	11,201	11,507	-2.7%
International Retail Banking and Financial Services	10,340	10,468	-1.2%	10,154	10,627	-4.5%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	15,327	14,868	3.1%	14,687	14,306	2.7%
Core Businesses	36,693	37,215	-1.4%	36,042	36,440	-1.1%
Corporate Center	16,254	14,180	14.6%	16,173	15,912	1.6%
Group	52,947	51,396	3.0%	52,215	52,352	-0.3%

⁽¹⁾ The provision is calculated on a payout ratio of 50% of underlying Group net income, excluding linearisation of IFRIC 21, after deducting interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

8 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 46 of the Group's 2021 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

End of period	9M 21	H1 21	2020
Shareholders' equity Group share	63,638	63,136	61,684
Deeply subordinated notes	(7,820)	(8,905)	(8,830)
Undated subordinated notes	-	(62)	(264)
Interest, net of tax, payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations	(34)	(1)	19
Bookvalue of own shares in trading portfolio	(45)	(46)	301
Net Asset Value	55,739	54,122	52,910
Goodwill	(3,927)	(3,927)	(3,928)
Intangible Assets	(2,641)	(2,556)	(2,484)
Net Tangible Asset Value	49,171	47,639	46,498
Number of shares used to calculate NAPS*	850,430	850,429	848,859
Net Asset Value per Share	65.5	63.6	62.3
Net Tangible Asset Value per Share	57.8	56.0	54.8

* The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30th, 2021, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

In accordance with IAS 33, historical data per share prior to the date of detachment of a preferential subscription right are restated by the adjustment coefficient for the transaction.

9 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 45 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE. As specified on page 45 of Societe Generale's 2021 Universal Registration Document, the Group also publishes EPS adjusted for the impact of non-economic and exceptional items presented in methodology note No. 5 (underlying EPS).

Average number of shares (thousands)	9M 21	H1 21	2020
Existing shares	853,371	853,371	853,371
Deductions			
Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff	3,335	3,466	2,987
Other own shares and treasury shares			
Number of shares used to calculate EPS**	850,036	849,905	850,385
Group net Income	3,854	2,253	(258)
Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes	(439)	(309)	(611)
Capital gain net of tax on partial buybacks			
Adjusted Group net income	3,415	1,944	(869)
EPS (in EUR)	4.02	2.29	(1.02)
Underlying EPS* (in EUR)	4.06	2.40	0.97

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

(*) Calculated on the basis of underlying Group net income excluding linearisation of IFRIC 21. Or EUR 4.23 taking into account the linearisation of IFRIC 21 in 9M 21.

(**) The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30th, 2021, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

10 – The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules. The fully loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is also calculated according to applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules including the phased-in following the same rationale as solvency ratios.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale's website www.societegenerale.com in the "Investor" section.

Societe Generale

Societe Generale is one of the leading European financial services groups. Based on a diversified and integrated banking model, the Group combines financial strength and proven expertise in innovation with a strategy of sustainable growth, aiming to be the trusted partner for its clients, committed to the positive transformations of society and the economy.

Active in the real economy for over 150 years, with a solid position in Europe and connected to the rest of the world, Societe Generale has over 133,000 members of staff in 61 countries and supports on a daily basis 30 million individual clients, businesses and institutional investors around the world by offering a wide range of advisory services and tailored financial solutions. The Group is built on three complementary core businesses:

- French Retail Banking, which encompasses the Societe Generale, Crédit du Nord and Boursorama brands. Each offers a full range of financial services with omnichannel products at the cutting edge of digital innovation;
- International Retail Banking, Insurance and Financial Services to Corporates, with networks in Africa, Russia, Central and Eastern Europe and specialised businesses that are leaders in their markets;
- Global Banking and Investor Solutions, which offers recognised expertise, key international locations and integrated solutions.

Societe Generale is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (World and Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index, Refinitiv Diversity and Inclusion Index, Euronext Vigeo (Europe and Eurozone), STOXX Global ESG Leaders indexes and MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index (World and Europe).

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