Supplemental Listing Document

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST takes no responsibility for the contents of this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

A further 22,900,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation with a Daily Leverage of 5x

issued by SG Issuer

(Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability)
unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by
Société Générale

Issue Price: S\$0.35 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "Certificates") to be issued by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the "Guarantor"), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 18 June 2021 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time (the "Base Listing Document") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

The Certificates shall be consolidated and form a single series with an existing issue of 17,100,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation (Xiaomi 5xLongSG230712 (DXLW)) issued by the Issuer and listed on the SGX-ST, in which dealings commenced on 14 July 2020 and details of which are contained in the Supplemental Listing Document dated 13 July 2020.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe

for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates are not obliged to do so. Investors should also note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock (as defined below) and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products¹ and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)², and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 18 June 2021 (the "Guarantee") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 26 July 2021.

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

23 July 2021

¹ As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

² As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document and the Base Listing Document for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market

prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "Conditions" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities contained in the Base Listing Document. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

Table of Contents

	Page
Risk Factors	6
Terms and Conditions of the Certificates	16
Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates	
on Single Equities	25
Summary of the Issue	39
Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on	
Single Equities	41
Information relating to the Company	57
Information relating to the Designated Market Maker	58
Supplemental General Information	60
Placing and Sale	62
Appendix	

RISK FACTORS

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for inexperienced investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock, certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may, in extreme circumstances, sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply;
- (d) The Company is controlled through weighted voting rights. Certain individuals who own shares of a class which is being given more votes per share may have the ability to determine the outcome of most matters. If the Company takes actions that the other shareholders do not view as beneficial, the market price of the Underlying Stock and hence the Certificates could be adversely affected;
- (e) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, variations in the frequency and magnitude of the changes in the price of the Underlying Stock, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor;
- (f) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period;
- (g) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;
- (h) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the Conditions) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;
- (i) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to

the Conditions 4 and 6 on pages 30 to 34 and the examples and illustrations of adjustments set out in the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section of this document for more information;

- (j) the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (k) the total return on an investment in any Certificate may be affected by the Hedging Fee Factor (as defined below), Management Fee (as defined below) and Gap Premium (as defined below);
- (I) investors holding their position overnight should note that they would be required to bear the annualised cost which consists of the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy (as described below) including the Funding Cost (as defined below) and Rebalancing Cost (as defined below);
- (m) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk relating to the Certificates where the Cash Settlement Amount is converted from a foreign currency into Singapore dollars

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;

- (n) investors should note that there are leveraged risks because the Certificates integrate a leverage mechanism and the Certificates will amplify the movements in the increase, and in the decrease, of the value of the Underlying Stock and if the investment results in a loss, any such loss will be increased by the leverage factor of the Certificates. As such, investors could lose more than they would if they had invested directly in the Underlying Stock;
- (o) when held for longer than a day, the performance of the Certificates could be more or less than the leverage factor that is embedded within the Certificates. The performance of the Certificates each day is locked in, and any subsequent returns are based on what was achieved the previous day. This process, referred to as compounding, may lead to a performance difference from 5 times the performance of the Underlying Stock over a period longer than one day. This difference may be amplified in a volatile market with a sideway trend, where market movements are not clear in direction, whereby investors may sustain substantial losses;
- (p) the Air Bag Mechanism (as defined below) is triggered only when the Underlying Stock is calculated or traded, which may not be during the trading hours of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Certificates (as defined below);
- (q) investors should note that the Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism

is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses;

- there is no assurance that the Air Bag Mechanism will prevent investors from losing the entire value of their investment, in the event of (i) an overnight fall in the Underlying Stock, where there is a 20% or greater gap between the previous day closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock the following day, as the Air Bag Mechanism will only be triggered when market opens the following day or (ii) a sharp intraday fall in the price of the Underlying Stock of 20% or greater within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (1) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (2) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. Investors may refer to pages 50 to 51 of this document for more information:
- (s) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 on pages 36 to 38 of this document for more information;
- (t) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (u) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders;
- (v) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of

others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(w) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- (x) the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;
- (y) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may decline. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:
 - Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
 - The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;
- (z) the value of the Certificates depends on the Leverage Strategy performance built in the Certificate. The Calculation Agent will make the Leverage Strategy last closing level and a calculation tool available to the investors on a website;
- (aa) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (bb) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"):
 - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates:

- (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
- (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
- (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST.
 Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (cc) the reform of HIBOR may adversely affect the value of the Certificates

The Hong Kong Inter-bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") benchmark is referenced in the Leverage Strategy.

It is not possible to predict with certainty whether, and to what extent, HIBOR will continue to be supported going forwards. This may cause HIBOR to perform differently than they have done in the past, and may have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on the Certificates.

In addition, the occurrence of a modification or cessation of HIBOR may cause adjustment of the Certificates which may include selecting one or more successor benchmarks and making related adjustments to the Certificates, including if applicable to reflect increased costs.

The Calculation Agent may make adjustments as it may determine appropriate if any of the following circumstances occurs or may occur: (1) HIBOR is materially changed or cancelled or (2)(i) the relevant authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval in respect of the benchmark or the administrator or sponsor of the benchmark is not obtained, (ii) an application for authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision, approval or inclusion in any official register is rejected or (iii) any authorisation, registration, recognition, endorsement, equivalence decision or approval is suspended or inclusion in any official register is withdrawn.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by any of the international or national reforms in making any investment decision with respect to any Certificate;

(dd) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer or an investor's broker or custodian may be subject to FATCA and, as a result, may be required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor or other withholding agent

could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian could be required to close an account of an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES;

(ee) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under "TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986." Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder's particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates; and

(ff) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for resolution.

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the "BRRD") entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the "BRR Act 2015"). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism ("SRM") and a Single Resolution Fund (the "SRM Regulation") has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the "SRB") in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since November 2014, the European Central Bank ("ECB") has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("SSM"). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States' resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to

exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the "SSM Regulation") and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the "Resolution Authority") with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution's failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers' exposure to losses).

Under the SRM Regulation, a centralised power of resolution is established and entrusted to the SRB acting in cooperation with the national resolution authorities. In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions' resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the "Bail-in Power"). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or

when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD provides the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Before taking a resolution measure, including implementing the Bail-in Power, or exercising the power to write down or convert relevant capital instruments, the Resolution Authority must ensure that a fair, prudent and realistic valuation of the assets and liabilities of the institution is carried out by a person independent from any public authority.

The application of any measure under the BRRD and the SRM Regulation or any suggestion of such application with respect to the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group could materially adversely affect the rights of Certificate Holders, the price or value of an investment in the Certificates and/or the ability of the Issuer or the Guarantor to satisfy its obligations under any Certificates, and as a result investors may lose their entire investment.

Moreover, if the Issuer's or the Guarantor's financial condition deteriorates, the existence of the Bail-in Power, the exercise of write-down/conversion powers or any other resolution tools by the Resolution Authority independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure when it determines that the Issuer, the Guarantor or the Group will no longer be viable could cause the market price or value of the Certificates to decline more rapidly than would be the case in the absence of such powers.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities ("MREL") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. The MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The current regime will evolve as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package",

the following legislative texts have been published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May 2019:

- Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms (the "BRRD II"); and
- Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("TLAC") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "SRM II Regulation" and, together with the BRRD II, the "EU Banking Package Reforms").

The EU Banking Package Reforms will introduce, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("FSB TLAC Term Sheet"), by adapting, among others, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC will be implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets through January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator through January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

According to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "CRR"), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the CRR as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the "CRR II"), EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, will have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, as from the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale will have to comply at the same time with TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities will be closely aligned with those laid down in the CRR, as amended by the CRR II for the TLAC-eligible liabilities, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet the MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance while only an additional return is linked to that derivative component and depends on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL will be set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance any may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated, provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining maturity of at least one year and, if governed by non-EU law, they must be able to be written down or converted under that law (including through contractual provisions).

The scope of liabilities used to meet the MREL includes, in principle, all liabilities resulting from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in the BRRD, as amended by the BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that the MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities, in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail- in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks).

If the SRB finds that there could exist any obstacles to resolvability by the Issuer or the Guarantor and/or the Group, a higher MREL requirement could be imposed. Any failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor, as applicable, and/or the Group to comply with its MREL may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business, financial conditions and results of operations.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates: A further 22,900,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates

relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation (the

"Underlying Stock")

The Certificates shall be consolidated and form a single series with an existing issue of 17,100,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation issued by the Issuer and listed on the SGX-ST, in which

dealings commenced on 14 July 2020.

ISIN: LU1986499702

Company: Xiaomi Corporation (RIC: 1810.HK)

Underlying Price³ and Source: HK\$17.04 (Reuters)

Calculation Agent: Société Générale

Strike Level: Zero

Daily Leverage: 5x (within the Leverage Strategy as described below)

Notional Amount per Certificate: SGD 0.35

Management Fee (p.a.)⁴: 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.)⁵: 6.00%, is a hedging cost against extreme market movements

overnight.

Funding Cost⁶: The annualised costs of funding, referencing a publically published

interbank offered rate plus spread.

Rebalancing Cost⁶: The transaction costs (if applicable), computed as a function of

leverage and daily performance of the Underlying Stock.

³ These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on 13 July 2020. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after 13 July 2020.

⁴ Please note that the Management Fee is calculated on a 360-day basis and may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the SGXNET. Please refer to "Fees and Charges" below for further details of the fees and charges payable and the maximum of such fees as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Certificates.

⁵ Please note that the Gap Premium is calculated on a 360-day basis.

⁶ These costs are embedded within the Leverage Strategy.

Launch Date: 21 July 2021

Closing Date: 23 July 2021

Expected Listing Date: 26 July 2021

Last Trading Date: The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry

Date, currently being 5 July 2023

Expiry Date: 12 July 2023 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, then the

Expiry Date shall fall on the preceding Business Day and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates)

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Valuation Date: 11 July 2023 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the

immediately preceding Exchange Business Day.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the

Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of

the Certificates.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the

Settlement Currency equal to:

Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 41 to 56 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation

of the Cash Settlement Amount.

Hedging Fee Factor: In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount calculated as:

Product (for t from 2 to Valuation Date) of (1 - Management Fee x) (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)) x (1 - Gap Premium (t-1)) x (ACT (t-1;t) ÷ 360)),

where:

"t" refers to "Observation Date" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding 14 July 2020 to the Valuation Date; and

ACT (t-1:t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Underlying Stock Business Day on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Underlying Stock Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been an Observation Date. In that case, that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day shall be deemed to be the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event and the Issuer shall determine, its good faith estimate of the level of the Leverage Strategy and the value of the Certificate on that fifth Underlying Stock Business Day in accordance with the formula for and method of calculation last in effect prior to the occurrence of the first Market Disruption Event taking into account, inter alia, the exchange traded or quoted price of the Underlying Stock and the potential increased cost of hedging by the Issuer as a result of the occurrence of the Market Disruption Event.

An "Underlying Stock Business Day" is a day on which The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEX") is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities" section on pages 41 to 56 of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Hedging Fee Factor.

In respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

 $\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level}}{\text{Initial Reference Level}} \times \frac{\text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}$

1.000

The closing level of the Leverage Strategy (as described below) on the Valuation Date

The calculation of the closing level of the Leverage Strategy is set out in the "Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy"

Initial Reference Level:

Closing Level:

Final Reference Level:

section on pages 20 to 24 below.

Initial Exchange Rate3:

0.1794

Final Exchange Rate:

The rate for the conversion of HKD to SGD as at 5:00pm (Singapore Time) on the Valuation Date as shown on Reuters, provided that if the Reuters service ceases to display such information, as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at such a time.

Air Bag Mechanism:

The "Air Bag Mechanism" refers to the mechanism built in the Leverage Strategy and which is designed to reduce the Leverage Strategy exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions. If the Underlying Stock falls by 15% or more ("Air Bag Trigger Price") during the trading day (which represents approximately 75% loss after a 5 times leverage), the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered and the Leverage Strategy is adjusted intraday. The Air Bag Mechanism reduces the impact on the Leverage Strategy if the Underlying Stock falls further, but will also maintain a reduced exposure to the Underlying Stock in the event the Underlying Stock starts to rise after the Air Bag Mechanism is triggered, thereby reducing its ability to recoup losses.

Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered.

The Leverage Strategy is floored at 0 and the Certificates cannot be valued below zero.

Please refer to the "Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")" section on pages 22 to 24 below and the "Description of Air Bag Mechanism" section on pages 47 to 49 of this document for further information of the Air Bag Mechanism.

Adjustments and Extraordinary Events:

The Issuer has the right to make adjustments to the terms of the Certificates if certain events, including any capitalisation issue, rights issue, extraordinary distributions, merger, delisting, insolvency (as more specifically set out in the terms and conditions of the Certificates) occur in respect of the Underlying Stock. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

Underlying Stock Currency:

Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")

Settlement Currency:

Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

Exercise Expenses:

Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are

incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates.

Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST")

the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for HKEX the Underlying Stock:

Business Day and Exchange Business Day:

A "Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

An "Exchange Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST and the HKEX are open for dealings in Singapore and Hong Kong respectively during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore and Hong Kong.

Warrant Agent: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP")

Clearing System: CDP

Fees and Charges:

Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to

time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.

Investors holding position overnight would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium, which are calculated daily and applied to the value of the Certificates, as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost. The Management Fee may be increased up to a maximum of 3% p.a. on giving one month's notice to investors in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Certificates. Any increase in the Management Fee will be announced on the

SGXNET.

Further Information: Please refer to the website at <u>dlc.socgen.com</u> for more information

on the theoretical closing price of the Certificates on the previous trading day, the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the previous trading day, the Air Bag Trigger Price for each trading day

and the Management Fee and Gap Premium.

Specific Definitions relating to the Leverage Strategy

Description of the Leverage Strategy

The Leverage Strategy is designed to track a 5 times daily leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

At the end of each trading day of the Underlying Stock, the exposure of the Leverage Strategy to the Underlying Stock is reset within the Leverage Strategy in order to retain a daily leverage of 5 times the

performance of the Underlying Stock (excluding costs) regardless of the performance of the Underlying Stock on the preceding day. This mechanism is referred to as the Daily Reset.

The Leverage Strategy incorporates an air bag mechanism which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, as further described below.

Leverage Strategy Formula

LSL_t means, for any Observation Date(t), the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such day (t).

Subject to the occurrence of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level as of such Observation Date(t) is calculated in accordance with the following formulae:

On Observation Date(1):

 $LSL_1 = 1000$

On each subsequent Observation Date(t):

$$LSL_{t} = Max[LSL_{t-1} \times (1 + LR_{t-1,t} - FC_{t-1,t} - RC_{t-1,t}), 0]$$

 $LR_{t-1,t}$ means the Leveraged Return of the Underlying Stock between Observation Date(t-1) and Observation Date(t) closing prices, calculated as follows:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{s_t}{s_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right)$$

 $FC_{t-1,t}$ means, the Funding Cost between Observation Date(t-1) (included) and Observation Date(t) (excluded) calculated as follows:

$$FC_{t-1,t} = (Leverage - 1) \times \frac{Rate_{t-1} \times ACT(t-1,t)}{DayCountBasisRate}$$

 $RC_{t-1,t}$ means the Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy on Observation Date (t), calculated as follows:

$$\text{RC}_{t-1,t} = \text{ Leverage } \times (\text{Leverage} - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{s_t}{s_{t-1} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1 \right| \right) \times \text{TC}$$

means the Transaction Costs applicable (including Stamp Duty) that are equal to :

0.10%

With effect from 1 August 2021, TC of the Certificates will be 0.13%.

Leverage 5

 $\mathbf{S_t}$ means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Closing Price of the Underlying Stock as of such Observation Date(t), subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

Rate_t means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate calculated as of such day in accordance with the following formula:

 $Rate_t = CashRate_t + \%SpreadLevel_t$

Rfactor_t

means, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-dividend date of the Underlying Stock, an amount determined by the Calculation Agent, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions, according to the following formula:

$$Rfactor_{t} = 1 - \frac{Div_{t}}{\mathbf{S_{t-1}}}$$

where

 ${\it Div}_t$ is the dividend to be paid out in respect of the Underlying Stock and the relevant ex-dividend date which shall be considered net of any applicable withholding taxes.

CashRate_t

means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), the Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rate is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page.

%SpreadLevel_t

means, in respect of each Observation Date(t), a rate which shall be determined with respect to such Valuation Date(t) by the Calculation Agent as the difference between (1) the 12-month HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKD1YD= and (2) Overnight HKD Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) Fixing, as published on Reuters RIC HIHKDOND= or any successor page, each being the rate as of day (t), provided that if any of such rates is not available, then that rate shall be determined by reference to the latest available rate that was published on the relevant Reuters page.

Provided that if such difference is negative, %SpreadLevel_t should be 0%.

ACT(t-1,t)

ACT (t-1;t) means the number of calendar days between the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Observation Date (which is "t-1") (included) and the Observation Date (which is "t") (excluded).

DayCountBasisRate 365

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons ("Air Bag Mechanism")

Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons If the Calculation Agent determines that an Intraday Restrike Event has occurred during an Observation Date(t) (the Intraday Restrike Date, noted hereafter IRD), an adjustment (an Extraordinary Strategy Adjustment for Performance Reasons) shall take place during such Observation Date(t) in accordance with the following provisions.

(1) Provided the last Intraday Restrike Observation Period as of such Intraday Restrike Date does not end on the TimeReferenceClosing, the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on the Intraday Restrike Date (LSL_{IRD}) should be computed as follows:

$$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(n),IR(C)} - IRC_{IR(n),IR(C)}), 0]$$

(2) If the last Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date ends on the TimeReferenceClosing:

$$LSL_{IRD} = Max[ILSL_{IR(n)}, 0]$$

 $ILSL_{IR(k)}$

means, in respect of IR(k), the Intraday Leverage Strategy Level in accordance with the following provisions :

(1) for k = 1:

$$ILSL_{IR(1)} = Max[LSL_{IRD-1} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(0),IR(1)} - FC_{IRD-1,IRD} - IRC_{IR(0),IR(1)}), 0]$$

(2) for k > 1:

$$ILSL_{IR(k)} = Max[ILSL_{IR(k-1)} \times (1 + ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} - IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}), 0]$$

 $ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$

means the Intraday Leveraged Return between IR(k-1) and IR(k), calculated as follows:

$$ILR_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1\right)$$

 $IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)}$

means the Intraday Rebalancing Cost of the Leverage Strategy in respect of IR(k) on a given Intraday Restrike Date, calculated as follows:

$$IRC_{IR(k-1),IR(k)} = Leverage \times (Leverage - 1) \times \left(\left| \frac{IS_{IR(k)}}{IS_{IR(k-1)}} - 1 \right| \right) \times TC$$

 $IS_{IR(k)}$

means the Underlying Stock Price in respect of IR(k) computed as follows:

(1) for k=0

$$IS_{IR(0)} = S_{IRD-1} \times Rfactor_{IRD}$$

(2) for k=1 to n

means in respect of IR(k), the lowest price of the Underlying Stock during the respective Intraday Restrike Observation Period

(3) with respect to IR(C)

$$IS_{IR(C)} = S_{IRD}$$

In each case, subject to the adjustments and provisions of the Conditions.

IR(k)

For k=0, means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the Observation Date immediately preceding the relevant Intraday Restrike Date;

For k=1 to n, means the kth Intraday Restrike Event on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

IR(C)

means the scheduled close for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto) on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

n

means the number of Intraday Restrike Events that occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date.

Intraday Restrike Event

means in respect of an Observation Date(t):

- (1) provided no Intraday Restrike Event has previously occurred on such Observation Date (t), the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $\mathbf{IS}_{\mathbf{IR}(0)}$ as of such Calculation Time.
- (2) if k Intraday Restrike Events have occurred on the relevant Intraday Restrike Date, the decrease at any Calculation Time of the Underlying Stock price by 15% or more compared with the relevant Underlying Stock Price $\mathbf{IS}_{\mathbf{IR}(k)}$ as of such Calculation Time.

Calculation Time

means any time between the TimeReferenceOpening and the TimeReferenceClosing, provided that the relevant data is available to enable the Calculation Agent to determine the Leverage Strategy Level.

TimeReferenceOpening

means the scheduled opening time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

TimeReferenceClosing

means the scheduled closing time for the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock (or any successor thereto).

Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the period starting on and excluding the Intraday Restrike Event Time and finishing on and including the sooner between (1) the time falling 15 minutes after the Intraday Restrike Event Time and (2) the TimeReferenceClosing.

Where, during such period, the Calculation Agent determines that (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is disrupted or subject to suspension or limitation or (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is not open for continuous trading, the Intraday Restrike Event Observation Period will be extended to the extent necessary until (1) the trading in the Underlying Stock is no longer disrupted, suspended or limited and (2) the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock is open for continuous trading.

Intraday Restrike Event Time

means in respect of an Intraday Restrike Event, the Calculation Time on which such event occurs.

The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" in the Base Listing Document are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG/SHORT CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) Form. The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
 - a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 18 June 2021, made by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") and Société Générale (the "Guarantor"); and
 - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The holders of the Certificates (the "Certificate Holders") are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

(b) Status and Guarantee. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions). The Certificates provide for cash settlement on exercise. The Certificates do not entitle Certificate Holders to the delivery of any Underlying Stock, are not secured by the Underlying Stock and do not entitle Certificate Holders to any interest in any Underlying Stock.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a "Guarantee Obligation").

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the "Code").

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

(i) pari passu with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated

- obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the "Law") on 11 December 2016;
- (ii) pari passu with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016:
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) Bail-In. By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
 - (i) to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer's liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
 - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
 - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the regulator,

(the "Statutory Bail-In");

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "M&F Code"):
 - (A) ranking:
 - (1) junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the M&F Code;
 - (2) *pari passu* with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the M&F Code; and
 - (3) senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the M&F Code; and
 - (B) which are not *titres non structurés* as defined under Article R.613-28 of the M&F Code, and
 - (C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself, and as if any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the "Contractual Bail-in").

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bail-in.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Amounts Due" means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

"Bail-In Power" means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

"MREL" means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

"Relevant Resolution Authority" means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) Certificate Rights. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4, to payment by the Issuer of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) (if any) in the manner set out in Condition 4.

The "Cash Settlement Amount", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The "Closing Level", in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to:

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\left(\frac{\text{Final Reference Level} \times \text{Final Exchange Rate}}{\text{Initial Reference Level} \times \text{Initial Exchange Rate}} - \text{Strike Level}\right) \times \text{Hedging Fee Factor}
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If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date or any Observation Date a Market Disruption Event has occurred, then that Valuation Date or Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days or Underlying Stock Business Days, as the case may be, immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date or an Observation Date. In that case:-

- that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date or the Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level on the basis of its good faith estimate of the Final Reference Level or the relevant closing level that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day or Underlying Stock Business Day, as the case may be, but for the Market Disruption Event.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of (i) any suspension of trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange of the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange in the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

(b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the

- Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.
- (c) No Rights. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately preceding Business Day.

4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) Exercise. Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(b).
- (b) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) below. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
- (c) Settlement. In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(b), the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than five Business Days following the Expiry Date by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP. Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4(c) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses, no amount is payable.
- (d) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (e) Business Day. In these Conditions, a "Business Day" shall be a day on which the

SGX-ST is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) Definitions. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
 - a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
 - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
 - (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
 - (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
 - (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash,

securities or otherwise;

- (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
- (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
 - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;
 - (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
 - (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "Option Reference Source") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action in connection with a

Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

- (d) Definitions. "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them. "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent. of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.
- (e) Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it

believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).

(f) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any

modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

9. Notices

- (a) Documents. All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least one month prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

12. Delisting

(a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).

(b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc. If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Regulatory Event" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase,

substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"Change in law" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application was not known or unclear at the time, or (iii) the change of any applicable law, regulation or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or practice relating thereto, existing when the Certificates are issued of any applicable law, regulation or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

(b) Early Termination for Holding Limit Event. The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership, control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests, regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

- (c) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(d) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the SGX-ST.
- (d) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in

respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

14. Substitution of the Issuer

The Issuer may be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor as principal obligor in respect of the Certificates without the consent of the relevant Certificate Holders. If the Issuer determines that it shall be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor (the "Substituted Obligor"), it shall give at least 90 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the substitution is effected) specifying the date of the substitution, in accordance with Condition 9, to the Certificate Holders of such event and, immediately on the expiry of such notice, the Substituted Obligor shall become the principal obligor in place of the Issuer and the Certificate Holders shall thereupon cease to have any rights or claims whatsoever against the Issuer.

Upon any such substitution, all references to the Issuer in the Conditions and all agreements relating to the Certificates will be to the Substituted Obligor and the Certificates will be modified as required, and the Certificate Holders will be notified of the modified terms and conditions of such Certificates in accordance with Condition 9.

For the purposes of this Condition, it is expressly agreed that by subscribing to, acquiring or otherwise purchasing or holding the Certificates, the Certificate Holders are expressly deemed to have consented to the substitution of the Issuer by the Substituted Obligor and to the release of the Issuer from any and all obligations in respect of the Certificates and all agreements relating thereto and are expressly deemed to have accepted such substitution and the consequences thereof.

15. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

16. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

17. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act, Chapter 53B of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document and the Base Listing Document. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

Issuer: SG Issuer

Company: Xiaomi Corporation

The Certificates: European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Underlying

Stock

Number: A further 22,900,000 Certificates

The Certificates shall be consolidated and form a single series with an existing issue of 17,100,000 European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates relating to the Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation issued by the Issuer and listed on the SGX-ST, in which dealings

commenced on 14 July 2020.

Form: The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a

master instrument by way of deed poll dated 18 June 2021 (the "Master Instrument") and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement") and made between the Issuer, the

Guarantor and the Warrant Agent.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, is the amount (if positive) equal to:

Notional Amount per Certificate x Closing Level

Denominations: Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the

Certificates.

Exercise: The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry

a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders will not be required to deliver an exercise notice. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates will be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day. The Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(c) of the Conditions. In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to

Date is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day, in

receive any payment from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.

Exercise and Trading

Currency:

SGD

Board Lot: 100 Certificates

Transfers of Certificates: Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples

thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass

upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.

Listing: Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and

for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence

on or about 26 July 2021.

Governing Law: The laws of Singapore

Warrant Agent: The Central Depository (Pte) Limited

11 North Buona Vista Drive

#06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2

Singapore 138589

Further Issues: Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be

permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is a qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document and the Base Listing Document.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE CASH SETTLED LONG CERTIFICATES ON SINGLE EQUITIES

What are European Style Cash Settled Long Certificates on Single Equities?

European style cash settled long certificates on single equities (the "Certificates") are structured products relating to the Underlying Stock and the return on a Certificate is linked to the performance of the Leverage Strategy.

A) Cash Settlement Amount Payable upon the Exercise of the Certificates at Expiry

Upon the exercise of the Certificates at expiry, the Certificate Holders would be paid a Cash Settlement Amount in respect of each Certificate.

The Cash Settlement Amount, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to the Closing Level multiplied by the Notional Amount per Certificate.

The Closing Level, in respect of each Certificate, shall be an amount payable in the Settlement Currency equal to (1) divided by (2) less (3) subject to any adjustments such as (4), where:

- (1) is the Final Reference Level multiplied by the Final Exchange Rate;
- (2) is the Initial Reference Level multiplied by the Initial Exchange Rate;
- (3) is the Strike Level; and
- (4) is the Hedging Fee Factor.

If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised and investors will receive a Cash Settlement Amount. If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired. Please refer to the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Cash Settled Long/Short Certificates on Single Equities" for further details on the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will increase and are seeking short-term leveraged exposure to the Underlying Stock.

B) Trading the Certificates before Expiry

If the Certificate Holders want to cash out their investments in the Certificates before the expiry of the Certificates, they may sell the Certificates in the secondary market during the life of the Certificates, and would be subject to the following fees and charges:

- (i) For Certificate Holders who trade the Certificates intraday: shall pay normal transaction and brokerage fees for the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST, and may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred; and
- (ii) <u>For Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates overnight</u>: in addition to the normal transaction and brokerage fees and applicable stamp taxes, would also be required to bear the Management Fee and Gap Premium as well as certain costs embedded within the Leverage Strategy including the Funding Cost and Rebalancing Cost.

Illustration of the Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor

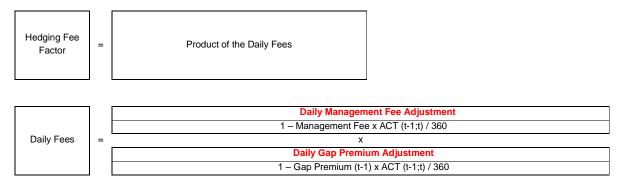


Illustration of the Calculation of Cash Settlement Amount

Cash Settlement Amount = Final Value of Certificates – Strike Level (zero)

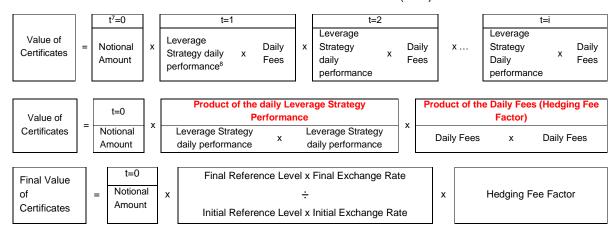


Illustration of the applicable fees and charges for an intraday trading scenario

Hedging Fee is implemented overnight in the price of the Certificate. As a consequence, when trading intraday, investors will not bear any Hedging Fee.

Investors will only support bid/ask costs, which are the difference between the price at which the Designated Market Maker purchases (bid) and sells (ask) the Certificate at any point of time.

_

⁷ 't" refers to "**Observation Date**" which means each Underlying Stock Business Day (subject to Market Disruption Event) from (and including) the Underlying Stock Business Day immediately preceding the Expected Listing Date to the Valuation Date.

⁸ Leverage Strategy daily performance is computed as the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t) divided by the Leverage Strategy Closing Level on Business Day (t-1).

Example of Calculation of Hedging Fee Factor and Cash Settlement Amount

The example is purely hypothetical. We include the example to illustrate how the Certificates work, and you MUST NOT rely on them as any indication of the actual return or what the payout on the Certificates might actually be. The example also assumes a product which expires 16 days after listing date, to illustrate the daily calculation of price, costs and fees from listing date to expiry date.

Assuming an investor purchases the following Certificates at the Issue Price:

Underlying Stock: Class B ordinary shares of Xiaomi Corporation

Expected Listing Date: 03/07/2018

Expiry Date: 18/07/2018

Initial Reference Level: 1,000

Initial Exchange Rate: 1

Final Reference Level: 1,200

Final Exchange Rate: 1

Issue Price: 0.35 SGD

Notional Amount per Certificate: 0.35 SGD

Management Fee (p.a.): 0.40%

Gap Premium (p.a.): 6.00%

Strike Level: Zero

Hedging Fee Factor

Hedging Fee Factor on the nth Underlying Stock Business Day after issuance of Certificate ("HFF (n)") is calculated as follows:

HFF(0) = 100%

On Next Calendar Day (assuming it is an Underlying Stock Business Day):

$$\text{HFF (1) = HFF (0)} \times \left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT (t-1;t)}}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = 100% ×
$$\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 6.00\% \times \frac{1}{360}\right)$$

HFF (1) = $100\% \times 99.9989\% \times 99.9833\% \approx 99.9822\%$

Assuming 2nd Underlying Stock Business Day falls 3 Calendar Days after 1st Underlying Stock Business Day:

HFF (2) = HFF (1) ×
$$\left(1 - \text{Management Fee} \times \frac{\text{ACT } (t-1;t)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - \text{Gap Premium} \times \frac{\text{ACT } (t-1;t)}{360}\right)$$

HFF (2) = 99.9822% × $\left(1 - 0.40\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - 6.00\% \times \frac{3}{360}\right)$
HFF (2) = 99.9822% × 99.9967% × 99.9500% ≈ 99.9289%

The same principle applies to the following Underlying Stock Business Days:

$$HFF\left(n\right) = HFF\left(n-1\right) \times \left(1 - Management \, Fee \, \times \, \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right) \times \left(1 - Gap \, Premium \, \times \, \frac{ACT\left(t-1;t\right)}{360}\right)$$

In this example, the Hedging Fee Factor as of the Valuation Date would be equal to 99.7337% as illustrated below:

Date	HFF
3/7/2018	100.0000%
4/7/2018	99.9822%
5/7/2018	99.9644%
6/7/2018	99.9467%
9/7/2018	99.8934%
10/7/2018	99.8756%
11/7/2018	99.8579%
12/7/2018	99.8401%
13/7/2018	99.8224%
16/7/2018	99.7691%
17/7/2018	99.7514%
18/7/2018	99.7337%

Cash Settlement Amount

In this example, the Closing Level and the Cash Settlement Amount would be computed as follows:

Closing Level = [(Final Reference Level x Final Exchange Rate) / (Initial Reference Level x Initial Exchange Rate) – Strike Level] x Hedging Fee Factor

$$= [(1200 \times 1) / (1000 \times 1) - 0] \times 99.7337\%$$
$$= 119.68\%$$

Cash Settlement Amount = Closing Level x Notional Amount per Certificate = 119.68% x 0.35 SGD

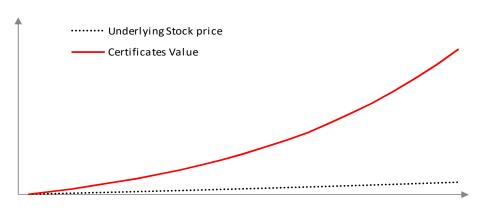
= 0.419 SGD

Illustration on how returns and losses can occur under different scenarios

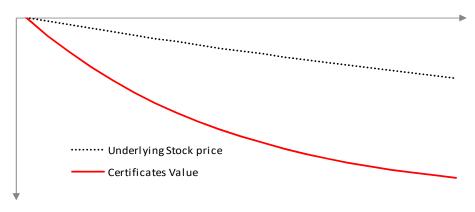
The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of the Underlying Stock performance on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, dividends, or any other market parameters.

1. Illustrative examples

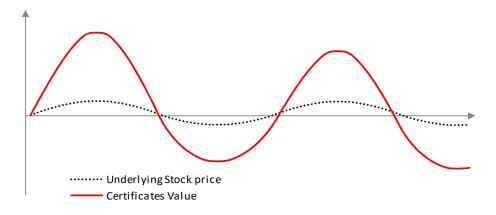
Scenario 1 – Upward Trend



Scenario 2 - Downward Trend



Scenario 3 – Volatile Market



2. Numerical Examples

Scenario 1 - Upward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	10,404.0	10,612.1	10,824.3	11,040.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	4.04%	6.12%	8.24%	10.41%

Value of the Certificates						
Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5						
Daily return		10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	0.35	0.39	0.42	0.47	0.51	0.56
Accumulated Return		10.00%	21.00%	33.10%	46.41%	61.05%

Scenario 2 - Downward Trend

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%	-2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	9,800.0	9,604.0	9,411.9	9,223.7	9,039.2
Accumulated Return		-2.00%	-3.96%	-5.88%	-7.76%	-9.61%

Value of the Certificates						
Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5						
Daily return		-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%	-10.0%
Price at end of day	0.35	0.32	0.28	0.26	0.23	0.21
Accumulated Return		-10.00%	-19.00%	-27.10%	-34.39%	-40.95%

Scenario 3 – Volatile Market

Underlying Stock						
	Day 0	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Daily return		2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%	-2.0%	2.0%
Value at end of day	10,000.0	10,200.0	9,996.0	10,195.9	9,992.0	10,191.8
Accumulated Return		2.00%	-0.04%	1.96%	-0.08%	1.92%

Value of the Certificates						
Day 0 Day 1 Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5						Day 5
Daily return		10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%	-10.0%	10.0%
Price at end of day	0.35	0.39	0.35	0.38	0.34	0.38
Accumulated Return		10.00%	-1.00%	8.90%	-1.99%	7.81%

Description of Air Bag Mechanism

The Certificates integrate an "Air Bag Mechanism" which is designed to reduce exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions.

When the Air Bag triggers, a 30-minute period starts. This period is divided into two sub-periods:

- <u>Observation Period</u>: during 15 minutes after the Air Bag trigger, the price of the Underlying Stock is observed and its minimum price is recorded; and
- Reset Period: after 15 minutes, the Leverage Strategy is reset using the minimum price of the Underlying Stock during the Observation Period as the New Observed Price. The New Observed Price replaces the last closing price of the Underlying Stock in order to compute the performance of the Leverage Strategy, 30 minutes after the Air Bag trigger.

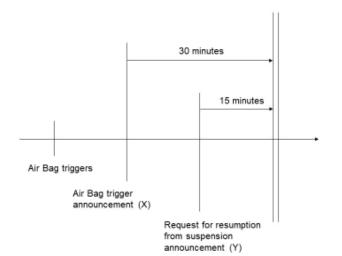
Trading of Certificates is suspended for at least 30 minutes after the Air Bag is triggered. Investors cannot sell or purchase any Certificates during this period.

Air Bag Mechanism timeline

Air Bag Trigger	Observation Period	Resumption of Trading
More than 45 minutes before Market Close		Trading resumes the same day between 30 and 45 minutes after Air Bag Trigger
45 minutes before Market Close		
30 to 45 minutes before Market Close	First 15 minutes after Air Bag Trigger	
30 minutes before Market Close		
15 to 30 minutes before Market Close		Next trading day at Market Open
15 minutes before Market Close		
Less than 15 minutes before Market Close	From Air Bag Trigger to Market Close	

With Market Close defined as:

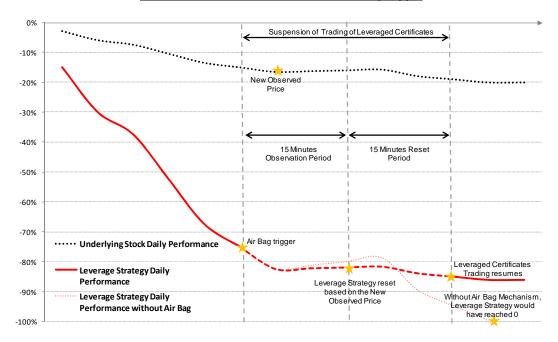
- Underlying Stock closing time with respect to the Observation Period
- The sooner between Underlying Stock closing time and SGX closing time with respect to the Resumption of Trading



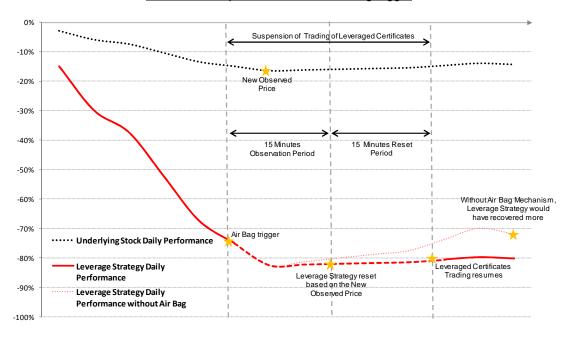
- The later between X+30 minutes or Y+15 minutes will be the earliest time the Certificates can be resumed, the next quarter-of-an-hour of which will be the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates.
- If the scheduled resumption time of the Certificates is at or later than the scheduled closing time of the underlying asset, the Certificates will resume at 9 a.m. on the next SGX-ST trading day.

Illustrative examples of the Air Bag Mechanism9

Scenario 1 - Downward Trend after Air Bag trigger



Scenario 2 - Upward Trend after Air Bag trigger



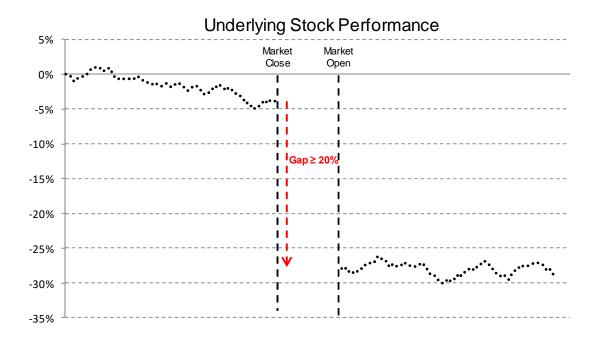
⁹ The illustrative examples are not exhaustive.

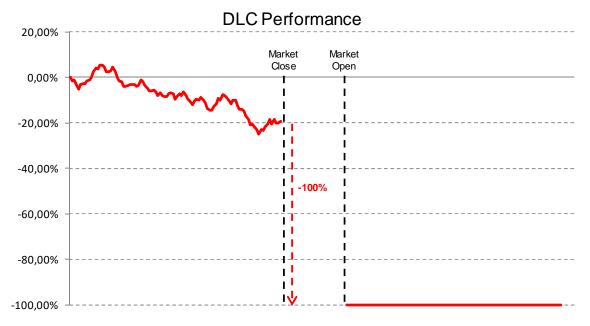
Scenarios where the investor may lose the entire value of the investment

The scenarios below are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The scenarios highlight cases where the Certificates may lose 100% of their value.

Scenario 1 – Overnight fall of the Underlying Stock

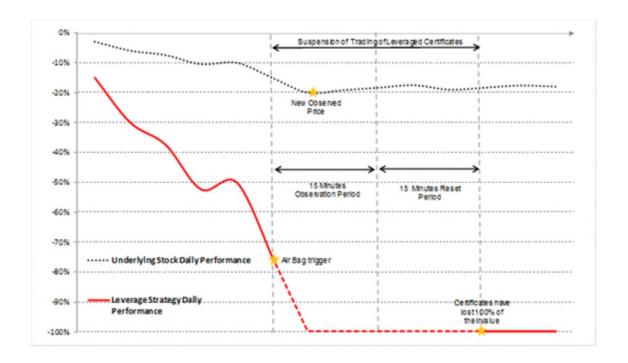
On any business day, the opening price of the Underlying Stock may be higher or lower than the closing price on the previous day. The difference between the previous closing price and the opening price of the Underlying Stock is termed a "gap". If the opening price of the Underlying Stock is 20% or more below the previous day closing price, the Air Bag Mechanism would only be triggered when the market opens the following day, and the Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.





Scenario 2 - Sharp intraday fall of the Underlying Stock

Although the Air Bag Mechanism is designed to reduce the exposure to the Underlying Stock during extreme market conditions, the Certificate can lose 100% of its value in the event the price of the Underlying Stock falls by 20% or more within the 15 minutes Observation Period compared to the reference price, being: (i) if air bag has not been previously triggered on the same day, the previous closing price of the Underlying Stock, or (ii) if one or more air bag have been previously triggered on the same day, the latest New Observed Price. The Certificates would lose their entire value in such event.



Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

The examples are purely hypothetical and do not take fees and charges payable by investors into consideration. The examples highlight the effect of corporate actions on the value of the Certificates and do not take into account the possible influence of fees, exchange rates, or any other market parameters.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Observation Date (t) is an ex-date with respect to a corporate action related to the Underlying Stock, the Calculation Agent may, in its sole and absolute discretion, replace the $Rfactor_t$ with respect to such Observation Date (t) by an amount computed according to the following generic formula:

$$Rfactor_{t} = \left[1 - \frac{Div_{t} + DivExc_{t} - M \times R}{S_{t-1}}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + M}$$

This formula is provided for indicative purposes and the Calculation Agent may determine that this formula is not appropriate for certain corporate actions and may apply a different formula instead.

Such adjustment of $Rfactor_t$ would affect the Leveraged Return, the Rebalancing Cost, and the Underlying Reference Price used to determine the Intraday Restrike Event. The Air Bag mechanism would not be triggered if the stock price falls by 15% exclusively because of the dilutive effect of a corporate action.

Where:

 $DivExc_t$ is the amount received as an Extraordinary Dividend by a holder of existing Shares for each Share held prior to the Extraordinary Dividend, net of any applicable withholding taxes.

M is the number of new Share(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Share each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe or to receive (positive amount) or the number of existing Shares redeemed or canceled per existing Share (negative amount), as the case may be, resulting from the corporate action.

R is the subscription price per Share (positive amount) or the redemption price per Share (negative amount) including any dividends or other benefits forgone to be subscribe to or to receive (as applicable), or to redeem a Share.

1. Stock split

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 1 to 2 stock split (i.e. 1 new Share for every 1 existing share):

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $51$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

M = 1 (i.e. 1 new Shares for 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 1} = 50\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \, \times \, \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = \, 5 \, \times \, \left(\frac{51}{100 \times 50\%} - 1\right) = \, 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	50	51	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' per (excluding any cost and	rformance d fees)
0.35	0.385	10%	

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$42.5, which is 15% below \$50, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

2. Share Consolidation

Assuming the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share consolidation (i.e. 1 Share canceled for every 2 existing Shares):

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

 $S_t = 202

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

M = -0.5 (i.e. 0.5 Shares canceled for each 1 existing Share)

R = \$0 (no subscription price / redemption price)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - (-0.5) \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + (-0.5)} = 200\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{202}{100 \times 200\%} - 1\right) = 5\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	200	202	1%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates'	performance
		(excluding any cos	st and fees)
0.35	0.3675	5%	

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$170, which is 15% below \$200, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

3. Rights Issues

Assuming there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Share for every 2 existing Shares, for a subscription price of \$40.

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

 $S_t = 84

 $Div_t = \$0$

 $DivExc_t = \$0$

R = \$40 (i.e. subscription price of \$40)

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new share for every 2 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.5 \times 40}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.5} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance
	(excluding any cost and fees)
0.4375	25%
	,,

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

4. Bonus Issues

Assuming there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus share for 5 existing shares:

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $85$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = \$0$$

$$R = $0$$

M = 0.2 (i.e. 1 new share for 5 existing shares)

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 0 - 0.2 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0.2} = 83.33\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{s_t}{s_{t-1} \times \textit{Rfactor}_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{85}{100 \times 83.33\%} - 1\right) = 10\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	83.33	85	2%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performation	
		(excluding any cos	st and fees)
0.35	0.385	10%	

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$70.83, which is 15% below \$83.33, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

5. Extraordinary Dividend

Assuming there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each stock.

$$S_{t-1} = $100$$

$$S_t = $84$$

$$Div_t = \$0$$

$$DivExc_t = $20$$

$$R = $0$$

$$M = 0$$

$$Rfactor_t = \left[1 - \frac{0 + 20 - 0 \times 0}{100}\right] \times \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 80\%$$

As a consequence:

$$LR_{t-1,t} = Leverage \times \left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t} - 1\right) = 5 \times \left(\frac{84}{100 \times 80\%} - 1\right) = 25\%$$

S _{t-1}	$S_{t-1} \times Rfactor_t$	S _t	Adjusted Underlying Stock Performance
100	80	84	5%

Value of the Certificate (t-1)	Value of the Certificate (t)	Certificates' performance (excluding any cost and fees)
0.35	0.4375	25%

In such case an Intraday Restrike Event would occur if the Underlying Stock price falls to \$68, which is 15% below \$80, the Underlying Stock Reference Price.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "HKExCL") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at https://www.mi.com/global/about. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Xiaomi Corporation (the "Company") is a China-based investment holding company principally engaged in the research, development and sales of smartphones, Internet of things (IoTs) and lifestyle products, the provision of Internet services, and investment business. The Company mainly conducts its businesses through four segments. The Smartphone segment is engaged in the sales of smartphones. The IoT and Lifestyle product segment is engaged in the sales of other in-house products, including smart televisions (TVs), laptops, artificial intelligence (AI) speakers and smart routers; ecosystem products, including IoT and other smart hardware products, as well as certain lifestyle products. The Internet service segment is engaged in the provision of advertising services and Internet value-added services. The Others segment is engaged in the provision of repair services for its hardware products. The Company distributes its products in domestic market and to overseas markets.

The information set out in the Appendix to this document relates to the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three months ended 31 March 2021 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 26 May 2021 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker ("**DMM**") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

whichever is greater; and

(ii) when the best bid price of the Certificate is above S\$10: 5% of the best bid price of the

Certificate.

(b) Minimum quantity subject to bid and : 10,000 Certificates

offer spread

(c) Last Trading Day for Market Making : The date falling 5 Exchange Business Days

immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

(i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;

- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price:
- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility;
- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX are not open for dealings; and

(xii) during the suspension of trading of Certificates after an Air Bag Mechanism has been triggered.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 105 of the Base Listing Document.

- Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
- Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 31 December 2020 or the Guarantor since 31 March 2021, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
- 5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
 - (a) the Guarantee;
 - (b) the Master Instrument; and
 - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

- 6. The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have given and have not withdrawn their written agreement to the inclusion of the report, included herein, in the form and context in which it is included. Their report was not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.
 - The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.
- 7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.

- 9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale, Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:
 - (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
 - (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
 - (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
 - (d) the consent letters from the Auditors to the Issuer and the Guarantor referred to in paragraph 6 above;
 - (e) the Base Listing Document;
 - (f) this document; and
 - (g) the Guarantee.

PLACING AND SALE

General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer. In the event that the Issuer contemplates a placing, placing fees may be payable in connection with the issue and the Issuer may at its discretion allow discounts to placees.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong ("SFO")) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong ("CWUMPO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CWUMPO; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO.

European Economic Area

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made

available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "MiFID II"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2016/97/EU (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

United Kingdom

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("EUWA"); or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the "FSMA") and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

Each dealer further represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

(a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the

- issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;
- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

United States

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "Commodity Exchange Act") and the Issuer will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (ii) it is not purchasing any Certificates for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term "United States" includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term "U.S. person" means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "CEA") or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the "CFTC Rules"), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a "Non-United States person" defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not "Non-United States persons", shall be considered a U.S. person).

APPENDIX

REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 OF XIAOMI CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three months ended 31 March 2021 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 26 May 2021 in relation to the same.

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XIAOMI CORPORATION

小米集团

(A company controlled through weighted voting rights and incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 1810)

RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Xiaomi Corporation 小米集团 (the "Company") is pleased to announce the unaudited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the three months ended March 31, 2021. These interim results have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", and reviewed by PricewaterhouseCoopers, the independent auditor of the Company, in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity", issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. The interim results have also been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee").

In this announcement, "we", "us", and "our" refer to the Company and where the context otherwise requires, the Group.

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

Unaudited Three months ended

	March 31, 2021 (Re	March 31, 2020 enminbi (" RMB	change	December 31, 2020 unless specified	Quarter- over-quarter change
Revenue	76,882.2	49,702.2	54.7%	70,462.9	9.1%
Gross profit	14,161.3	7,558.5	87.4%	11,326.3	25.0%
Operating profit	8,157.7	2,323.1	251.1%	9,601.9	-15.0%
Profit before income tax	9,066.9	2,454.0	269.5%	8,860.9	2.3%
Profit for the period	7,788.9	2,159.8	260.6%	8,795.0	-11.4%
Non-IFRS measure:					
Adjusted Net Profit	6,069.3	2,300.5	163.8%	3,204.4	89.4%

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

1. Overall Performance

In the first quarter of 2021, our total revenue amounted to RMB76.9 billion, representing an increase of 54.7% year-over-year; adjusted net profit for the period was RMB6.1 billion, an increase of 163.8% year-over-year. Notably, both our total revenue and adjusted net profit reached record highs in the quarter, demonstrating the robustness of our business model and the strong execution of our strategies.

Our core strategy of "Smartphone × AIoT" continued to underpin our outstanding performance. In the first quarter of 2021, our global smartphone shipments increased by 69.1% year-over-year to 49.4 million units. According to Canalys, Xiaomi maintained a top 3 position in the global smartphone market this quarter, with a market share of 14.1% in terms of shipments. The strong growth of smartphone shipments drove the continued expansion of our global user base. In March 2021, the global monthly active users ("MAU") of MIUI reached 425.3 million, an increase of 28.6% year-over-year. At the same time, our AIoT platform continued scaling up, with the number of connected IoT devices (excluding smartphones and laptops) on our AIoT platform reaching 351.1 million as of March 31, 2021. In March 2021, the MAU of our AI assistant "小愛同學" reached 93.0 million.

Our smartphone business maintained significant growth in mainland China. According to Canalys, our smartphone shipments in mainland China market grew 74.6% year-over-year, with market share ranking 4th in the first quarter of 2021. Additionally, our internet user base continued to grow. In March 2021, the MAU of MIUI in mainland China reached 118.6 million, representing an increase of 7.7 million, or 6.9%, from December 2020.

We continue to enrich our product portfolio to further promote our competitiveness in the premium smartphone market. Notably, our three premium smartphones *Mi MIX FOLD*, *Mi 11 Ultra* and *Mi 11 Pro* all delivered remarkable sales performance immediately following their release in March 2021. In the first quarter of 2021, global shipments of our smartphones with retail prices at or above RMB3,000 in mainland China and EUR300, or equivalent, in overseas markets exceeded 4 million units.

Meanwhile, as we further expanded our overseas business, our revenue from overseas markets amounted to RMB37.4 billion in the first quarter of 2021, representing a year-over-year increase of 50.6%. According to Canalys, in terms of smartphone shipments, our market share ranked among the top 5 smartphone companies in 62 countries and regions globally in the first quarter of 2021. Additionally, we ranked No. 2 in Europe for the first time, and rose to the 3rd position in Latin America in market share.

Besides delivering solid growth in our existing businesses, we continue to explore new opportunities and broaden our business boundaries. In March 2021, we unveiled our new brand identity, and also announced our official foray into the smart electric vehicle business, setting course on an exciting journey for the next decade.

2. Smartphones

In the first quarter of 2021, our smartphone business continued to grow significantly. Smartphone revenue amounted to RMB51.5 billion in the quarter, representing an increase of 69.8% year-over-year. The gross profit margin of our smartphone business was 12.9% in this quarter, and our global smartphone shipments reached 49.4 million units. According to Canalys, we maintained our 3rd position globally in terms of smartphone shipments in the quarter, with a market share of 14.1%.

Our smartphone business in mainland China maintained rapid growth. According to Canalys, in the first quarter of 2021, we rose to the 4th position with a market share of 14.6%. We further strengthened our market position in online channels. According to third-party data, our online smartphone market share in mainland China jumped to 38.0% in the first quarter of 2021 from 18.5% in the first quarter of 2020. Meanwhile, we also expanded our offline retail presence in mainland China. As of April 30, 2021, the number of our retail stores surpassed 5,500, an increase of over 2,300 stores from December 31, 2020.

We continued to execute our dual-brand strategy. During the quarter, we unveiled a series of new products under the Xiaomi brand, including Mi 10S, Mi 11 Lite, Mi 11 Pro, Mi 11 Ultra and Mi MIX FOLD. In particular, with prices starting from RMB9,999, our ultra-premium flagship product Mi MIX FOLD comes equipped with 2K+ foldable display, which offers a remarkable large-screen interactive experience in imaging, reading, video, gaming, etc. It is equipped with Xiaomi's first self-developed Surge C1 Image Signal Processor optimized for professional photography. It is also the world's first smartphone to feature a liquid lens. Also, Mi 11 Ultra, with prices starting from RMB5,999, debuted the 50MP GN2 sensor. It comes equipped with the 120x digital zoom periscope lens, and an ultra-wide angle camera capable of capturing a stunningly wide 128° field of view. With these features, Mi 11 Ultra achieved a DXOMARK score of 143 for overall camera performance, ranking 1st globally at the time of launch. Additionally, with diversified designs and functions, Mi 11 Pro and Mi 11 Lite cater to a wide range of demands from various customers. From January 1 to April 30, 2021, total orders of Mi 11, Mi 11 Pro and Mi 11 Ultra exceeded 3 million units, and the sales of our Mi 11 series ranked No. 1 among Android smartphones with prices between RMB4,000 and RMB6,000 in mainland China, according to third-party data.

We also offered new positioning and expanded product choices of our Redmi brand. In February 2021, we unveiled *Redmi K40*, *Redmi K40 Pro* and *Redmi K40 Pro+*, which were well received by the market. In April 2021, we unveiled *Redmi K40 Gaming Edition* with prices starting from RMB1,999. Equipped with the MediaTek Dimensity 1200 processor, *Redmi K40 Gaming Edition* offers superb gaming performance. Featuring unparalleled heat dissipation, fast charging capabilities, physical pop-up gaming triggers and an ultra-thin body design, it delivers an exceptional gaming experience to the mass market.

Our enriched premium product portfolio underpinned our robust growth in the premium smartphone market. In the first quarter of 2021, global shipments of our smartphones with retail prices at or above RMB3,000 in mainland China and EUR300 or equivalent in overseas markets exceeded 4 million units. In addition, according to third-party data, our market share for smartphones with prices between RMB4,000 and RMB6,000 in mainland China increased to 16.1% in the first quarter of 2021 from 5.5% in the first quarter of 2020.

3. IoT and lifestyle products

In the first quarter of 2021, IoT and lifestyle products segment witnessed strong performance, with revenue increasing 40.5% year-over-year to RMB18.2 billion.

In the first quarter of 2021, global shipments of our smart TVs reached 2.6 million units. According to All View Cloud ("AVC"), our TV shipments ranked No. 1 in mainland China for the 9th consecutive quarter, and remained top five globally. In addition, our large-screen smart TVs continued to gain widespread popularity in the market. According to AVC, Xiaomi and Redmi TVs continued to rank No. 1 by retail sales volume in the over 70-inch TV market in mainland China, with a market share of 29.0%, as retail sales volume increased over 160.0% year-over-year. In February 2021, we introduced *Redmi MAX 86*" super-size TV, which was well received by the market.

During the quarter, we introduced a number of new products with innovative features in our key IoT product categories. We unveiled *Mi Smart AC with Ventilation*, which takes clean fresh air from the outside to effectively lower indoor carbon-dioxide levels and brings a healthy and comfortable experience to our users, furthering the adoption of a new generation of smart air conditioners with ventilation. Meanwhile, we also unveiled *Mi Laptop Pro 15*", featuring a wide color gamut OLED display with 1.07 billion colors to deliver an extraordinary visual experience to our users. Furthermore, we introduced *Mi Router AX9000* with price at RMB999. Its top speed of 9,000 Mbps based on three frequency bands and excellent signal coverage support e-sport-level user experiences.

We are leveraging our smartphone research and development capabilities to enhance our wearables business, strengthening the synergies between the two businesses. In the first quarter of 2021, revenue from our smart watch segment increased over 300.0% year-over-year. Additionally, we introduced our new generation smart wristband *Mi Smart Band 6* in the quarter, with a full screen display while further optimizing our health and fitness algorithm.

In mainland China, we maintained our top 3 position in market share across a wide array of smart home product categories. According to "IDC PRC Quarterly Smart Home Device Tracker, 2020Q4," we ranked No. 1 in air purifiers and smart door locks, and No. 2 in robot vacuum cleaners.

Our IoT and lifestyle product segment also continued on its rapid growth trajectory in overseas markets. Revenue from our IoT and lifestyle products in overseas markets increased by 81.1% year-over-year in the quarter. Our electric scooters, air purifiers, *Mi Box* and other products maintained their widespread popularity.

4. Internet services

Our internet services segment continued its solid growth as revenue grew 11.4% year-over-year to RMB6.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The gross profit margin of our internet services segment reached 72.4% in the quarter.

Our global internet user base continued to expand rapidly. In March 2021, the MAU of MIUI increased by 28.6% year-over-year to 425.3 million, while the MAU of MIUI in mainland China rose to 118.6 million, representing a year-over-year increase of 6.4% and a net gain of 7.7 million users from December 2020.

In the first quarter of 2021, our advertising revenue reached another quarterly record high of RMB3.9 billion, representing an increase of 46.3% year-over-year. Driven by the expansion of our global user base and the robust growth of premium smartphone users, our advertising revenue, including pre-installation and search services, continued to advance.

Our gaming revenue in the first quarter of 2021 increased by 24.8% quarter-over-quarter to RMB1.1 billion. We focused on deepening partnerships with high-quality content providers, while growth in our premium smartphone user base also continued to boost average gaming revenue per user.

During the quarter, revenue from other value-added services decreased by 8.6% year-over-year to RMB1.6 billion, primarily because our fintech business further strengthened risk controls and proactively managed the balance of outstanding loans.

As we broaden our TV internet service offerings and reached a larger user base, MAU of our smart TVs and *Mi Box* increased over 34.0% year-over-year in the quarter. Meanwhile, the number of our TV paid subscribers increased 8.2% year-over-year to 4.7 million as of March 31, 2021.

In the first quarter of 2021, overseas internet services revenue increased 50.0% year-over-year to RMB0.9 billion, accounting for 13.8% of total internet services revenue. Our internet user base continued to expand in key overseas markets, with MAU of MIUI increasing 95.5% year-over-year in Western Europe. Going forward, we will further diversify our overseas internet service offerings and enhance user experience while driving growth in our overseas internet services business.

5. Overseas markets

In 2021, we have kept up our strong momentum in major markets around the world. In the first quarter, our revenue from overseas markets increased 50.6% year-over-year to RMB37.4 billion. According to Canalys, our market share in the first quarter ranked among the top five smartphone companies in terms of shipments in 62 countries and regions globally, and No. 1 in 12 countries and regions.

We further improved our competitive positioning in key markets. According to Canalys, in the first quarter of 2021, we ranked top 2 for the first time in Europe with an 85.1% year-over-year increase in smartphone shipments and a market share of 22.7%. Notably, we ranked No. 1 in Eastern Europe for the 2nd consecutive quarter as our smartphone shipments increased 81.8% year-over-year to reach 32.5% market share. We also ranked No. 1 for the first time in Russia with a market share of 32.1%. We retained top 3 position in Western Europe as our market share further rose to 16.6% with an 89.3% year-over-year increase in smartphone shipments. We ranked No. 1 in Spain for the 5th consecutive quarter, with 35.1% market share.

Additionally, our market position rose to No. 2 in Italy, retained the No. 3 spot in Germany and France and entered the top 5 in the U.K. for the first time, all with growth rate in shipments exceeding 90% year-over-year. Moreover, we ranked No. 1 for the 14th consecutive quarter in India in terms of smartphone shipments, with a market share of 28.3%.

We continued our strong growth momentum in new markets. According to Canalys, our position in Latin America rose to No. 3 as our smartphone shipments increased 161.7% year-over-year to reach 11.5% market share. In particular, we climbed to the No. 2 spot in Mexico with 16.7% market share and a 137.1% year-over-year growth in smartphone shipments. Additionally, we ranked No. 3 in the Middle East as our smartphone shipments increased 87.8% year-over-year. Meanwhile, we attained the No. 4 spot in Africa as our smartphone shipments increased 191.0% year-over-year.

We continued to strengthen our channel capabilities in overseas markets. In the first quarter of 2021, we sold more than 5.0 million smartphones each via online channels and carrier channels in overseas markets, excluding India, representing year-over-year increases of over 100% and 310%, respectively. According to Canalys, our smartphone market share in Western Europe carrier channels increased to 11.3% in the first quarter of 2021 from 7.4% in the fourth quarter of 2020. As of March 31, 2021, we have established cooperation with over 150 carrier channels (including carrier subsidiaries) worldwide.

6. Core strategy updates

$Smartphone \times AIoT$

"Smartphone × AIoT" remains at the core of our strategy as we continue to enhance our smart ecosystem. As of March 31, 2021, the number of connected IoT devices (excluding smartphones and laptops) on our AIoT platform reached 351.1 million units. The number of users with five or more devices connected to our AIoT platform (excluding smartphones and laptops) reached 6.8 million, representing a year-over-year increase of 48.9%. In March 2021, our AI Assistant ("小愛同學") had 93.0 million MAU, and the MAU of our Mi Home App reached 49.2 million, representing a year-over-year increase of 22.8%.

Investment in Technology

Our relentless pursuit of cutting-edge technology and innovation forms the bedrock of our development and growth. In the first quarter of 2021, we recorded RMB3.0 billion in research and development expenses, representing a year-over-year increase of 61.0%.

In the first quarter of 2021, we debuted our first self-developed Image Signal Processor Surge C1 on Mi MIX FOLD. Surge C1 enables more accurate auto focus, auto exposure and auto white balance, boasting another remarkable achievement in our imaging technology. Mi MIX FOLD also features the first liquid lens in a smartphone, replacing the traditional optical lens with a transparent fluid wrapped in film, and allowing telephoto as well as shooting with micro details. Moreover, we debuted the Mi 11 Ultra with an innovative battery technology featuring silicon-oxygen anode battery and new three-phase cooling technology, which rapidly dissipates heat through three substance state changes among solids, liquids and gases, and enables

elevated endurance, super-fast charging capabilities and more solid product performance. These innovations are testaments to our continuous efforts to explore and push the boundaries of technological innovations.

Moving forward, we will remain committed to ramping up R&D investments and recruiting global technological talents to relentlessly pursue innovations in core technologies as well as smart manufacturing.

New Brand Identity

In March 2021, we unveiled our upgraded brand identity including our new logo, setting forth on our new journey with a refreshed image as we embrace the next decade. Going forward, we will further strengthen our brand promotion efforts and elevate brand awareness across the globe.

Commencement of Smart EV Business

On March 30, 2021, we announced our plan to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary to manage our smart electric vehicle ("**Smart EV**") business. The initial phase of investment will be RMB10 billion, with the total investment amount over the course of the next 10 years estimated to be USD10 billion. Mr. Lei Jun, the Chief Executive Officer of the Group, will concurrently serve as the Chief Executive Officer of the smart electric vehicle business.

We hope to offer quality smart electric vehicles to let everyone in the world enjoy smart living anytime, anywhere. Our broad user base, extensive experience in integrating software and hardware, our substantial investment in key technologies and resources across the value chain position us well to become a successful player in the Smart EV space.

Investments

As of March 31, 2021, we had invested in more than 320 companies with an aggregate book value of RMB51.9 billion, an increase of 60.8% year-over-year. As of March 31, 2021, the total amount of our investments (including (i) fair value of our stakes in listed investee companies accounted for using the equity method based on the stock price on March 31, 2021 (ii) book value of our stakes in unlisted investee companies accounted for using the equity method and (iii) book value of long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss) reached RMB69.7 billion. In the first quarter of 2021, we generated net gains (after tax) of RMB0.4 billion on disposal of investments.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

First Quarter of 2021 Compared with First Quarter of 2020

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the first quarter of 2021 and the first quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited		
	Three months ended		
	March 31, Marc		
	2021	2020	
	(RMB in m	illions)	
Revenue	76,882.2	49,702.2	
Cost of sales	(62,720.9)	(42,143.7)	
Gross profit	14,161.3	7,558.5	
Selling and marketing expenses	(4,163.5)	(2,624.9)	
Administrative expenses	(987.7)	(781.5)	
Research and development expenses	(3,012.0)	(1,871.0)	
Fair value changes on investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	2,063.2	347.8	
Share of gains of investments accounted			
for using the equity method	9.0	130.7	
Other income	152.1	73.7	
Other losses, net	(64.7)	(510.2)	
Operating profit	8,157.7	2,323.1	
Finance income, net	909.2	130.9	
Profit before income tax	9,066.9	2,454.0	
Income tax expenses	(1,278.0)	(294.2)	
Profit for the period	7,788.9	2,159.8	
Non-IFRS measure: Adjusted Net Profit	6,069.3	2,300.5	

Revenue

Revenue increased by 54.7% to RMB76.9 billion in the first quarter of 2021 on a year-on-year basis. The following table sets forth our revenue by line of business in the first quarter of 2021 and the first quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited				
		Three mont	ths ended		
	March 3	1, 2021	March 31	, 2020	
		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Smartphones	51,491.0	67.0%	30,324.7	61.0%	
IoT and lifestyle products	18,243.3	23.7%	12,984.2	26.1%	
Internet services	6,570.8	8.5%	5,900.7	11.9%	
Others	577.1	0.8%	492.6	1.0%	
Total revenue	76,882.2	100.0%	49,702.2	100.0%	

Smartphones

Revenue from our smartphones segment increased by 69.8% from RMB30.3 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB51.5 billion in the first quarter of 2021. We sold 49.4 million smartphone units in the first quarter of 2021, compared to 29.2 million units in the first quarter of 2020. The ASP of our smartphones was RMB1,042.1 per unit in the first quarter of 2021, compared with RMB1,038.0 per unit in the first quarter of 2020.

IoT and lifestyle products

Revenue from our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 40.5% from RMB13.0 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB18.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The increase in revenue was primarily due to the strong growth in sales of certain IoT products, such as smart TVs, robot vacuum cleaners and electric scooters. Revenue from smart TVs and laptops increased by 21.7% from RMB4.6 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB5.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to the recovery from lower sales caused by the pandemic in the first quarter of 2020.

Internet services

Revenue from our internet services segment increased by 11.4% from RMB5.9 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB6.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to the increase in revenue from our advertising business. Our MIUI MAU was 425.3 million in March 2021, an increase of 28.6% from 330.7 million in March 2020, while the MAU of MIUI in mainland China increased 6.4% year-over-year to 118.6 million in March 2021, driven by the strong growth of smartphone shipments.

Others

Other revenue increased by 17.2% from RMB492.6 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB577.1 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in revenue from the sales of materials and maintenance service.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales increased by 48.8% from RMB42.1 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB62.7 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The following table sets forth our cost of sales by line of business in the first quarter of 2021 and the first quarter of 2020:

		Unaud	lited		
		Three mont	ths ended		
	March 3	1, 2021	March 31	, 2020	
		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Smartphones	44,857.4	58.3%	27,872.3	56.1%	
IoT and lifestyle products	15,590.7	20.3%	11,242.9	22.6%	
Internet services	1,816.1	2.4%	2,529.1	5.1%	
Others	456.7	0.6%	499.4	1.0%	
Total cost of sales	62,720.9	81.6%	42,143.7	84.8%	

Smartphones

Cost of sales related to our smartphones segment increased by 60.9% from RMB27.9 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB44.9 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increased sales of our smartphones.

IoT and lifestyle products

Cost of sales related to our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased by 38.7% from RMB11.2 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB15.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increased sales of our IoT and lifestyle products.

Internet services

Cost of sales related to our internet services segment decreased by 28.2% from RMB2.5 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB1.8 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decreased cost of our fintech business as a result of lower provision for credit loss allowance.

Others

Cost of sales related to our others segment decreased by 8.5% from RMB499.4 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB456.7 million in the first quarter of 2021.

Gross Profit and Margin

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit increased by 87.4% from RMB7.6 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB14.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021.

The gross profit margin from our smartphones segment increased from 8.1% in the first quarter of 2020 to 12.9% in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to fewer promotional activities as a result of supply shortage and the improved product mix.

The gross profit margin from our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased from 13.4% in the first quarter of 2020 to 14.5% in the first quarter of 2021 due to higher revenue contribution from IoT products with higher gross profit margin.

The gross profit margin from our internet services segment increased from 57.1% in the first quarter of 2020 to 72.4% in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to the higher revenue contribution of our advertising business and increased gross profit margin of our advertising and fintech businesses.

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit margin increased from 15.2% in the first quarter of 2020 to 18.4% in the first quarter of 2021.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses increased by 58.6% from RMB2.6 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB4.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in packaging and transportation expenses and compensation for selling and marketing personnel. Packaging and transportation expenses increased by 90.6% from RMB0.6 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB1.1 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the expansion of our overseas business in the first quarter of 2021. Compensation for selling and marketing personnel increased by 93.6% from RMB0.4 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB0.8 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of selling and marketing personnel in the first quarter of 2021.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses increased by 26.4% from RMB781.5 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB987.7 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for administrative personnel.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses increased by 61.0% from RMB1.9 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB3.0 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in compensation for research and development personnel and the expansion of our research projects.

Fair Value Changes on Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Our fair value changes on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss increased by 493.1% from a gain of RMB0.3 billion in the first quarter of 2020 to a gain of RMB2.1 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase in fair value of equity and preferred share investments in the first quarter of 2021.

Share of Gains of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Our share of gains of investments accounted for using the equity method decreased by 93.1% from a net gain of RMB130.7 million in the first quarter of 2020 to a net gain of RMB9.0 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the gain on deemed disposal of an investee company in first quarter of 2020.

Other Income

Our other income increased by 106.2% from RMB73.7 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB152.1 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of value-added tax and other tax refunds.

Other Losses, Net

Our other net losses decreased by 87.3% from RMB510.2 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB64.7 million in the first quarter of 2021. This was mainly due to reduced foreign exchange losses.

Finance Income, Net

Our net finance income increased by 594.6% from RMB130.9 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB909.2 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expenses increased by 334.4% from RMB294.2 million in the first quarter of 2020 to RMB1,278.0 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the increase of operating profit in the first quarter of 2021.

Profit for the Period

As a result of the foregoing, we had a profit of RMB7.8 billion in the first quarter of 2021, compared with a profit of RMB2.2 billion in the first quarter of 2020.

First Quarter of 2021 Compared with Fourth Quarter of 2020

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the first quarter of 2021 and the fourth quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited		
	Three months ended		
	March 31, December 31		
	2021	2020	
	(RMB in	millions)	
Revenue	76,882.2	70,462.9	
Cost of sales	(62,720.9)	(59,136.6)	
Gross profit	14,161.3	11,326.3	
Selling and marketing expenses	(4,163.5)	(5,090.3)	
Administrative expenses	(987.7)	(1,275.8)	
Research and development expenses	(3,012.0)	(3,105.6)	
Fair value changes on investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	2,063.2	7,041.5	
Share of gains of investments accounted			
for using the equity method	9.0	368.2	
Other income	152.1	246.9	
Other (losses)/gains, net	(64.7)	90.7	
Operating profit	8,157.7	9,601.9	
Finance income/(expenses), net	909.2	(741.0)	
Profit before income tax	9,066.9	8,860.9	
Income tax expenses	(1,278.0)	(65.9)	
Profit for the period	7,788.9	8,795.0	
Non-IFRS measure: Adjusted Net Profit	6,069.3	3,204.4	

Revenue

Revenue increased by 9.1% to RMB76.9 billion in the first quarter of 2021 on a quarter-on-quarter basis. The following table sets forth our revenue by line of business in the first quarter of 2021 and the fourth quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited				
		Three mon	ths ended		
	March 3	1, 2021	December	31, 2020	
		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Smartphones	51,491.0	67.0%	42,634.5	60.5%	
IoT and lifestyle products	18,243.3	23.7%	21,054.4	29.9%	
Internet services	6,570.8	8.5%	6,175.1	8.8%	
Others	577.1	0.8%	598.9	0.8%	
Total revenue	76,882.2	100.0%	70,462.9	100.0%	

Smartphones

Revenue from our smartphones segment increased by 20.8% from RMB42.6 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB51.5 billion in the first quarter of 2021, driven by growth in both sales volume and ASP. We sold 49.4 million smartphone units in the first quarter of 2021, compared to 42.3 million units in the fourth quarter of 2020. The ASP of our smartphones was RMB1,042.1 per unit in the first quarter of 2021, compared with RMB1,009.1 per unit in the fourth quarter of 2020. The increase in ASP was primarily due to the increase in sales of our premium smartphones.

IoT and lifestyle products

Revenue from our IoT and lifestyle products segment decreased by 13.4% from RMB21.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB18.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021. Revenue from smart TVs and laptops decreased by 21.1% from RMB7.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB5.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to less promotional activities in the first quarter of 2021.

Internet services

Revenue from our internet services segment increased by 6.4% from RMB6.2 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB6.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the growth of our advertising and gaming businesses.

Others

Other revenue decreased by 3.7% from RMB598.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB577.1 million in the first quarter of 2021.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales increased by 6.1% from RMB59.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB62.7 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The following table sets forth our cost of sales by line of business in the first quarter of 2021 and the fourth quarter of 2020:

	Unaudited				
		Three mont	hs ended		
	March 31	, 2021	December 3	31, 2020	
		% of total		% of total	
	Amount	revenue	Amount	revenue	
	(RMB in millions, unless specified)				
Smartphones	44,857.4	58.3%	38,162.9	54.2%	
IoT and lifestyle products	15,590.7	20.3%	18,508.1	26.3%	
Internet services	1,816.1	2.4%	1,951.0	2.8%	
Others	456.7	0.6%	514.6	0.6%	
Total cost of sales	62,720.9	81.6%	59,136.6	83.9%	

Smartphones

Cost of sales related to our smartphones segment increased by 17.5% from RMB38.2 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB44.9 billion in the first quarter of 2021, due to the increased sales of our smartphones.

IoT and lifestyle products

Cost of sales related to our IoT and lifestyle products segment decreased by 15.8% from RMB18.5 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB15.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decreased sales of our IoT and lifestyle products.

Internet services

Cost of sales related to our internet services segment decreased by 6.9% from RMB2.0 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB1.8 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decreased cost of our fintech business as a result of lower provision for credit loss allowance.

Others

Cost of sales related to our others segment decreased by 11.2% from RMB514.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB456.7 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decreased sales of materials.

Gross Profit and Margin

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit increased by 25.0% from RMB11.3 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB14.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021. The gross profit margin from our smartphones segment increased from 10.5% in the fourth quarter of 2020 to 12.9% in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to fewer promotional activities as a result of supply shortage and the improved product mix.

The gross profit margin from our IoT and lifestyle products segment increased from 12.1% in the fourth quarter of 2020 to 14.5% in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to higher revenue contribution from IoT products with higher gross profit margin.

The gross profit margin from our internet services segment increased from 68.4% in the fourth quarter of 2020 to 72.4% in the first quarter of 2021, mainly due to the higher revenue contribution of our advertising business and increased gross profit margin of our advertising and fintech businesses.

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit margin increased from 16.1% in the fourth quarter of 2020 to 18.4% in the first quarter of 2021.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses decreased by 18.2% from RMB5.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB4.2 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the seasonality and the decrease in promotion and advertising expenses. Promotion and advertising expenses decreased by 49.9% from RMB2.3 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB1.1 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily because more holiday marketing activities were carried out in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses decreased by 22.6% from RMB1.3 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB1.0 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to lower stock-based compensation expenses and professional service fees.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses decreased by 3.0% from RMB3.1 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB3.0 billion in the first quarter of 2021.

Fair Value Changes on Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Our fair value changes on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss decreased by 70.7% from a gain of RMB7.0 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020 to a gain of RMB2.1 billion in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in fair value gain of equity and preferred share investments in the first quarter of 2021.

Share of Gains of Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method

Our share of gains of investments accounted for using the equity method decreased by 97.6% from a net gain of RMB368.2 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to a net gain of RMB9.0 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the dilution gains from our certain investees in fourth quarter of 2020.

Other Income

Our other income decreased by 38.4% from RMB246.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB152.1 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease of government grants.

Other (Losses)/Gains, Net

Our other net (losses)/gains changed from net gains of RMB90.7 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to net losses of RMB64.7 million in the first quarter of 2021. This is mainly due to the recognition of foreign exchange losses for the first quarter of 2021, compared to foreign exchange gains for the fourth quarter of 2020.

Finance Income/(Expenses), Net

Our net finance income/(expenses) changed from net expenses of RMB741.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to net income of RMB909.2 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to the decrease in changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expenses changed from RMB65.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2020 to RMB1,278.0 million in the first quarter of 2021, primarily due to higher taxable profit earned during the first quarter of 2021 and more deductible expense items in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Profit for the Period

As a result of the foregoing, we had a profit of RMB7.8 billion in the first quarter of 2021, compared with a profit of RMB8.8 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Non-IFRS Measure: Adjusted Net Profit

To supplement our consolidated results which are prepared and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (the "IFRS"), we utilize non-IFRS adjusted net profit ("Adjusted Net Profit") as an additional financial measure. We define Adjusted Net Profit as profit for the period, as adjusted by adding back (i) share-based compensation, (ii) net fair value changes on investments, (iii) amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions, (iv) changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors, and (v) income tax effects of non-IFRS adjustments.

Adjusted Net Profit is not required by, or presented in accordance with, IFRS. We believe that the presentation of non-IFRS measures when shown in conjunction with the corresponding IFRS measures provides useful information to investors and management regarding financial and business trends in relation to our financial condition and results of operations, by eliminating any potential impact of items that our management does not consider to be indicative of our operating performance such as certain non-cash items and the impact of certain investment transactions. We also believe that the non-IFRS measures are appropriate for evaluating the Group's operating performance. However, the use of this particular non-IFRS measure has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as a substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial conditions as reported under IFRS. In addition, this non-IFRS financial measure may be defined differently from similar terms used by other companies and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

The following tables set forth reconciliations of the Group's non-IFRS measures for the first quarters of 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the fourth quarter of 2020 to the nearest measures prepared in accordance with IFRS.

			Unau	ıdited			
		'	Three Months End	led March 31, 2021			
			Adjus	tments			
	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net fair value changes on investments ⁽¹⁾	Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾	Changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors (3)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
			(KMB in	thousand, unless sp	oecifiea)		
Profit for the period Net margin	7,788,907 10.1%	665,677	(1,666,922)	79	(788,017)	69,557	6,069,281 7.9%
				ıdited			
		T	hree Months End	ed March 31, 2020)		
			Adjus	tments			
			Net fair value	Amortization of intangible assets	Changes of value of financial liabilities		
	As reported	Share-based compensation	changes on investments ⁽¹⁾	resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless s	to fund investors (3)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
			(ICIVID III	mousana, umess s	pecifica)		
Profit for the period Net margin	2,159,894 4.3%	569,921	(386,670)	79	41,006	(83,720)	2,300,510 4.6%

Unaudited Three Months Ended December 31, 2020 Adjustments

	As reported	Share-based compensation	Net fair value changes on investments ⁽¹⁾ (RMB in	Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions ⁽²⁾ thousand, unless s	Changes of value of financial liabilities to fund investors ⁽³⁾ pecified)	Income tax effects ⁽⁴⁾	Non-IFRS
Profit for the period Net margin	8,794,995 12.5%	660,624	(7,108,419)	79	864,430	(7,318)	3,204,391 4.5%

Notes:

- (1) Includes fair value changes on equity investments and preferred shares investments deducting the cumulative fair value changes for investments (including the financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FAFVPL") and the investments using the equity method transferred from FAFVPL) disposed in the current period, net gains/(losses) on deemed disposals of investee companies, the impairment provision for investments, re-measurement of loss of significant influence in an associate and re-measurement of investments transferring from FAFVPL to investments using the equity method.
- (2) Represents amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisitions.
- (3) Represent the change of value of the financial liabilities payable to the fund investors, as a result of the change of fair value of the fund.
- (4) Income tax effects of non-IFRS adjustments.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing

On December 4, 2020, the Company completed of a placing of a total of 1,000,000,000 placing shares at HK\$23.70 for each placing share owned by Smart Mobile Holdings Limited to not less than six placees who and whose ultimate beneficial owner(s) are independent third parties and allotted and issued 1,000,000,000 subscription shares at HK\$23.70 per subscription share under the general mandate to Smart Mobile Holdings (the "2020 Placing and Subscription"). For further details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated December 2, 2020, December 3, 2020 and December 9, 2020.

Other than the funds raised through our Global Offering (as defined in the prospectus of the Company dated June 25, 2018 (the "**Prospectus**")) in July 2018, the 2020 Placing and Subscription and the issuance of debt securities as described in "Issuance of Debt Securities" below, we have historically funded our cash requirements principally from cash generated from our operations and bank borrowings. We had cash and cash equivalents of RMB34.3 billion and RMB54.8 billion as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Note:

The cash resources which the Group considered in cash management include but are not limited to cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term bank deposits, short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss, short-term investments measured at amortized cost and long-term bank deposits. As of March 31, 2021, the aggregate amount of cash resources of the Group was RMB108.9 billion.

Our gearing ratio was -61.4% and -88.9%, which represented a net cash position, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Our gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital at the end of each financial period. Net debt equals to our total borrowings less our cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term bank deposits. Total capital is calculated as total equity plus net debt.

Issuance of Debt Securities

On April 2, 2020, the Company issued Panda bonds in the Chinese interbank bond market in the amount of RMB1 billion with a maturity date of 365 days and a coupon rate of 2.78%.

On April 29, 2020, Xiaomi Best Time International Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued US\$600 million 3.375% senior notes due 2030 unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Company (the "2030 Notes"). For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company published on April 20, 2020 and April 23, 2020.

On December 17, 2020, Xiaomi Best Time International Limited issued zero coupon guaranteed convertible bonds due 2027 guaranteed by the Company in the aggregate principal amount of US\$855 million at an initial conversion price of HK\$36.74 per conversion share (subject to adjustments) (the "2027 Bonds"). The 2027 Bonds are listed on the Stock Exchange. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated December 2, 2020, December 3, 2020, December 17, 2020 and December 18, 2020.

As at March 31, 2021, no 2027 Bonds had been converted into new Shares.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

		Unaudited Three months ended		
	March 31, December 3			
	2021	2020		
	(in millions	of RMB)		
Net cash generated from operating activities ⁽¹⁾	1,454.0	13,527.5		
Net cash used in investing activities	(25,546.7)	(10,505.8)		
Net cash generated from financing activities ⁽¹⁾	3,583.6	22,375.7		
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(20,509.1)	25,397.4		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	54,752.4	30,257.7		
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	36.2	(902.7)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	34,279.5	54,752.4		

Note:

(1) Excluding (1) the change of loan and interest receivables and impairment provision for loan receivables mainly resulting from the fintech business; (2) the change of trade payments related to the finance factoring business; (3) the change of restricted cash resulting from the fintech business; and (4) the change of deposits from customers resulting from the Airstar bank, the net cash used in operating activities was RMB772.2 million in the first quarter of 2021 and the net cash generated from operating activities was RMB11.9 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020, respectively. Excluding the change of borrowings for the fintech business, the net cash generated from financing activities was RMB4.6 billion in the first quarter of 2021 and the net cash generated from financing activities was RMB23.4 billion in the fourth quarter of 2020, respectively. The information in this footnote is based on the management accounts of the Group, which have not been audited or reviewed by the Group's auditor. The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the management accounts are consistent with those used for other figures in this announcement.

Net Cash Generated From Operating Activities

Net cash generated from operating activities represents the cash generated from our operations minus the income tax paid. Cash generated from our operations primarily comprises our profit before income tax adjusted by non-cash items and changes in working capital.

In the first quarter of 2021, net cash generated from our operating activities amounted to RMB1.5 billion, representing cash generated from operations of RMB2.0 billion minus income tax paid of RMB0.5 billion. Cash generated from operations was primarily attributable to our profit before income tax of RMB9.1 billion, mainly adjusted by an increase in trade payables of RMB10.5 billion, and partially offset by an increase in inventories of RMB8.6 billion, an increase in prepayments and other receivables of RMB6.8 billion and an increase in trade and billing receivables of RMB3.2 billion.

Net Cash Used In Investing Activities

For the first quarter of 2021, our net cash used in investing activities was RMB25.5 billion, which was primarily attributed to the net changes of short-term bank deposits of RMB17.2 billion and the net changes of long-term bank deposits of RMB3.8 billion.

Net Cash Generated From Financing Activities

For the first quarter of 2021, our net cash generated from financing activities was RMB3.6 billion, which was primarily attributed to the net changes of borrowings of RMB3.3 billion.

Borrowings

As of December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2021, we had total borrowings of RMB17.6 billion and RMB21.0 billion, respectively.

Capital Expenditure

	Three months ended			
	March 31, Decem			
	2021	2020		
	(in millions of R)			
Capital expenditures	1,131.0	1,510.1		
Placement of long-term investments ⁽¹⁾	2,138.2	2,314.4		
Total	3,269.2	3,824.5		

Note:

Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements

As of March 31, 2021, except for financial guarantee contracts, we had not entered into any off-balance sheet commitments or arrangements.

Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

As of March 31, 2021, we did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

On March 24, 2021, the Company and shareholders of Zimi International Incorporation ("**Zimi International**") entered into sale and purchase agreements to acquire the remaining 50.09% of the issued share capital of Zimi International (the "**2021 Acquisition**"). The total consideration for the 2021 Acquisition was approximately US\$204.73 million, out of which approximately US\$28.45 million was settled by way of allotment and issue of 8,670,924 consideration Shares and the remaining balance of approximately US\$176.28 million was settled in cash. Upon closing, Zimi International will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Further details of the 2021 Acquisition can be found in the announcement of the Company published on March 24, 2021. As of the date of this announcement, this transaction has not yet closed.

Save as disclosed above, during the three months ended March 31, 2021, we did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

⁽¹⁾ Placement of long-term investments represents equity investments and preferred share investments.

Employee and Remuneration Policy

As of March 31, 2021, we had 23,410 full-time employees, 21,607 of whom were based in mainland China, primarily at our headquarters in Beijing, with the rest primarily based in India and Indonesia. We expect to continue to increase our headcount in mainland China and our key target global markets. As of March 31, 2021, our research and development personnel, totaling 10,407 employees, were staffed across our various departments.

Our success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. As part of our human resources strategy, we offer employees competitive compensation packages. As of March 31, 2021, 14,921 employees held share-based awards. The total remuneration expenses, including share-based compensation expenses, in the first quarter of 2021 were RMB3.4 billion, representing an increase of 10.5% from the fourth quarter of 2020.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The transactions of our Company are denominated and settled in our functional currency, the United States Dollar. Our Group's subsidiaries primarily operate in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and other regions such as India, and are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the exposure to various currencies, primarily with respect to the United States Dollar. Therefore, foreign exchange risk primarily arises from the recognized assets and liabilities in our subsidiaries when receiving or expecting to receive foreign currencies from, or paying or expecting to pay foreign currencies to overseas business partners.

We will continue to monitor changes in currency exchange rates and will take necessary measures to mitigate any impacts caused by exchange rate fluctuations.

Pledge of Assets

As of March 31, 2021, we pledged a restricted deposit of RMB2,073.9 million, compared with RMB3,625.3 million as of December 31, 2020. We also had pledged certain buildings, construction in progress and land use right for borrowings.

Contingent Liabilities

We did not have any material contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 (Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB"))

	Note	Unaud Three mont March 2021	hs ended
	1,000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue	2	76,882,163	49,702,167
Cost of sales	2,3	(62,720,932)	(42,143,710)
Gross profit	_	14,161,231	7,558,457
Selling and marketing expenses	3	(4,163,475)	(2,624,873)
Administrative expenses	3	(987,652)	(781,533)
Research and development expenses	3	(3,011,991)	(1,870,984)
Fair value changes on investments measured			
at fair value through profit or loss	4	2,063,207	347,846
Share of gains of investments accounted			
for using the equity method		8,989	130,738
Other income		152,053	73,727
Other losses, net		(64,699)	(510,190)
Operating profit		8,157,663	2,323,188
Finance income		275,208	291,946
Finance costs		634,009	(161,045)
Timanec costs		034,007	(101,043)
Profit before income tax		9,066,880	2,454,089
Income tax expenses		(1,277,973)	(294,195)
Profit for the period		7,788,907	2,159,894
Attributable to:		7 702 000	2 162 515
— Owners of the Company		7,792,889	2,163,515
— Non-controlling interests		(3,982)	(3,621)
		7,788,907	2,159,894
Earnings per share (expressed in RMB per share): Basic		0.311	0.091
Diluted		0.302	0.089

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

		Unaudited Three months ended March 31,	
	Note	Note 2021	
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit for the period		7,788,907	2,159,894
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of investments			
accounted for using the equity method		(55,217)	23,436
Net income from changes in fair value of financial assets			
at fair value through other comprehensive income		3,715	
Currency translation differences		97,164	8,345
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to			
profit or loss			
Currency translation differences		358,708	485,447
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		404,370	517,228
Total comprehensive income for the period		8,193,277	2,677,122
1	:		
Attributable to:			
— Owners of the Company		8,196,150	2,675,233
— Non-controlling interests		(2,873)	1,889
— Non-controlling interests		(2,073)	1,009
		0 102 277	0.677.100
	:	8,193,277	2,677,122

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As of March 31, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Note	Unaudited As of March 31, 2021 RMB'000	Audited As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment		6,652,138	6,305,657
Intangible assets		3,981,590	4,265,619
Investments accounted for using the equity method		13,173,876	12,781,995
Long-term investments measured at fair value			
through profit or loss	4	38,765,178	35,215,319
Deferred income tax assets		1,717,411	2,011,072
Long-term bank deposits		13,406,709	9,608,677
Long-term investments measured at amortized cost	4	354,066	232,798
Other non-current assets		8,756,654	6,975,851
		86,807,622	77,396,988
Current assets			
Inventories	6	49,537,348	41,670,719
Trade receivables	5	12,638,874	10,161,019
Loan receivables		7,636,143	8,919,088
Prepayments and other receivables		22,995,233	16,181,520
Bills receivables measured at fair value		, ,	, ,
through other comprehensive income		875,972	200,000
Short-term investments measured at fair value		,	,
through other comprehensive income	4	1,119,270	797,456
Short-term investments measured at amortized cost	4	1,314,541	
Short-term investments measured at fair value		, ,	
through profit or loss	4	22,855,966	22,376,387
Short-term bank deposits		34,939,507	17,598,946
Restricted cash		2,073,854	3,625,257
Cash and cash equivalents		34,279,506	54,752,443
1			
		190,266,214	176,282,835
Total assets		277,073,836	253 670 822
I otal assets		<u> </u>	253,679,823

	Note	Unaudited As of March 31, 2021 RMB'000	Audited As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000
Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves		410 131,935,957	409 123,691,287
		131,936,367	123,691,696
Non-controlling interests		318,979	321,819
Total equity		132,255,346	124,013,515
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Borrowings Deferred income tax liabilities Warranty provision Other non-current liabilities	7	13,612,704 378,966 844,056 10,181,834 25,017,560	10,634,806 300,556 802,590 10,001,428 21,739,380
Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables and accruals Advance from customers Borrowings Income tax liabilities Warranty provision	7	82,306,095 14,664,300 11,644,068 7,392,181 826,122 2,968,164 119,800,930	72,198,856 13,619,655 11,999,086 6,961,937 674,298 2,473,096
Total liabilities		144,818,490	129,666,308
Total equity and liabilities		277,073,836	253,679,823

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 (Expressed in RMB)

	Unaudited Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	1,453,986	(8,205,339)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	(25,546,673)	8,210,391
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	3,583,567	(1,231,329)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(20,509,120) 54,752,443 36,183	(1,226,277) 25,919,861 380,103
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	34,279,506	25,073,687

1 Basis of preparation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information comprises the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2021, the condensed consolidated income statement, the condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes (the "Interim Financial Information"). The Interim Financial Information is presented in RMB, unless otherwise stated.

The Interim Financial Information has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The Interim Financial Information does not include all the notes of the type normally included in annual financial statements. The Interim Financial Information should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2020 which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") by the Group as set out in the 2020 annual report of the Company dated March 24, 2021 (the "2020 Financial Statements").

The accounting policies and methods of computations used in the preparation of the Interim Financial Information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, as described in the 2020 Financial Statements, except for the adoption of certain amended standards which has had no significant impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

2 Segment information

The Group's business activities, for which discrete financial statements are available, are regularly reviewed and evaluated by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer that makes strategic decisions. As a result of this evaluation, the Group determined that it has operating segments as follows:

- Smartphones
- IoT and lifestyle products
- Internet services
- Others

The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments mainly based on segment revenue and gross profit of each operating segment. There were no material inter-segment sales during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. The revenues from external customers reported to the CODM are measured in a manner consistent with that applied in the consolidated income statement.

The segment results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		Three month	hs ended March	31, 2021	
		IoT and			
		lifestyle	Internet		
	Smartphones	products	services	Others	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)					
Segment revenues	51,490,983	18,243,267	6,570,848	577,065	76,882,163
Cost of sales	(44,857,384)	(15,590,732)	(1,816,119)	(456,697)	(62,720,932)
Gross profit	6,633,599	2,652,535	4,754,729	120,368	14,161,231

		Three month	hs ended March 3	1, 2020	
		IoT and			
		lifestyle	Internet		
	Smartphones	products	services	Others	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)					
Segment revenues	30,324,723	12,984,208	5,900,696	492,540	49,702,167
Cost of sales	(27,872,334)	(11,242,932)	(2,529,144)	(499,300)	(42,143,710)
Gross profit/(loss)	2,452,389	1,741,276	3,371,552	(6,760)	7,558,457

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the geographical information on the total revenues is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2021		2020	
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
	(Unaudited)		(Unaudited)	
Mainland China	39,473,714	51.3	24,870,044	50.0
Rest of the world (Note(a))	37,408,449	48.7	24,832,123	50.0
	76,882,163		49,702,167	

Note:

3 Expenses by nature

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2021 20	
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cost of inventories sold	57,003,065	36,844,207
Provision for impairment of inventories	317,118	409,339
Royalty fees	2,159,659	1,526,460
Employee benefit expenses	3,383,311	2,209,921
Depreciation of property and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment properties	359,695	229,692
Amortization of intangible assets	297,635	122,228
Promotion and advertising expenses	1,132,661	851,772
Content fees to game developers and video providers	683,452	688,934
Credit loss allowance for loan receivables	58,553	491,554
Consultancy and professional service fees	287,555	194,210
Cloud service, bandwidth and server custody fees	573,782	453,912
Warranty expenses	1,072,526	637,878

⁽a) Revenues outside mainland China are mainly from India and Europe.

4 Investments

$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{s}$	of	As of
March 3	1,	December 31,
202	21	2020
RMB'00)0	RMB'000
(Unaudited	d)	(Audited)
Current assets		
Short-term investments measured at		
— Amortized cost 1,314,54	11	
— Fair value through other comprehensive income 1,119,27		797,456
— Fair value through profit or loss 22,855,90		22,376,387
Tail value unough profit of 1055	_	
25,289,77	77	23,173,843
	Ė	=======================================
Non-current assets		
Long-term investments measured at amortized cost 354,00	56	232,798
Long-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss		
— Equity investments 15,569,19)3	13,969,457
— Preferred shares investments 23,195,98	35	21,245,862
39,119,24	14	35,448,117

Amounts recognized in profit or loss of investments measured at fair value through profit or loss

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2021	2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Fair value changes on equity investments	900,805	385,848
Fair value changes on preferred shares investments	949,527	(155,546)
Fair value changes on short-term investments measured at fair value through profit or loss	212,875	117,544
	2,063,207	347,846

5 Trade receivables

6

The Group usually allows a credit period within 180 days to its customers. Aging analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

2021 RMB'000 (Unaudited)	As of December 31, 2020 RMB'000 (Audited)
Trade receivables	
Up to 3 months 11,704,592	9,400,187
3 to 6 months 741,337	534,660
6 months to 1 year 116,854 1 to 2 years 156,641	234,844 110,291
1 to 2 years 156,641 Over 2 years 115,693	81,797
	01,777
12,835,117	10,361,779
Less: credit loss allowance (196,243)	(200,760)
	(200,700)
<u>12,638,874</u> =	10,161,019
Inventories	
As of	As of
	December 31,
2021	2020
RMB'000	RMB'000
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Raw materials 24,840,290	15,684,698
Finished goods 15,874,451	17,909,963
Work in progress 4,660,588	4,135,024
Spare parts 2,385,389	1,967,593
Others	3,199,153
50,617,482	42,896,431
Less: provision for impairment (1,080,134)	(1,225,712)
<u>49,537,348</u>	41,670,719

7 Borrowings

	As of	As of
	March 31,	December 31,
	2021	2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Included in non-current liabilities		
Asset-backed securities	_	465,000
Secured borrowings	1,814,081	1,594,936
Unsecured borrowings	7,678,499	4,530,856
Convertible bonds	4,120,124	4,044,014
	12 (12 704	10 (24 90)
	13,612,704	10,634,806
Included in current liabilities		
Asset-backed securities	2,841,529	3,589,629
Fund raised through trusts	547,500	547,500
Secured borrowings	599,295	460,257
Unsecured borrowings	3,403,857	2,364,551
	7,392,181	6,961,937

8 Trade payables

Trade payables primarily include payables for inventories and royalty fees. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the carrying amounts of trade payables were primarily denominated in RMB, US\$ and India Rupees.

Trade payables and their aging analysis based on invoice date are as follows:

	As of	As of
	March 31,	December 31,
	2021	2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Up to 3 months	70,990,318	68,909,758
3 to 6 months	10,767,207	2,312,665
6 months to 1 year	300,796	873,537
1 to 2 years	220,656	34,200
Over 2 years	27,118	68,696
	82,306,095	72,198,856

OTHER INFORMATION

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement, the Company repurchased a total of 192,689,200 Class B Shares (the "Shares Repurchased") of the Company on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") at an aggregate consideration (including transaction cost) of approximately HK\$4,992,927,165. Particulars of the Shares Repurchased are as follows:

		Price paid per share			
Month of Repurchase	No. of Shares Repurchased	Highest (HK\$)	Lowest (HK\$)	Aggregate Consideration (HK\$)	
March	19,307,600	26.20	25.50	498,900,661	
April	173,381,600	27.20	24.60	4,494,026,504	
Total	192,689,200			4,992,927,165	

As at the date of this announcement, the Shares Repurchased are in the process of being cancelled. Upon cancellation of the Shares Repurchased, the weighted voting rights ("WVR") beneficiaries of the Company will simultaneously reduce their WVR in the Company proportionately by way of converting their Class A ordinary shares ("Class A Shares") into Class B Shares on a one-to-one ratio pursuant to Rule 8A.21 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), such that the proportion of shares carrying WVR of the Company shall not be increased, pursuant to the requirements under Rules 8A.13 and 8A.15 of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities listed on the Stock Exchange during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement.

Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code

The Company is committed to maintaining and promoting stringent corporate governance standards. The principles of the Company's corporate governance are to promote effective internal control measures and to enhance the transparency and accountability of the Board to all shareholders.

Save for code provision A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, companies listed on the Stock Exchange are expected to comply with, but may choose to deviate from the requirement that the responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive officer should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive officer and Mr. Lei Jun currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enabling more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider segregating the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company at an appropriate time, taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee (comprising one non-executive Director and two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Liu Qin, Dr. Chen Dongsheng and Mr. Wong Shun Tak) has reviewed the unaudited interim results of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The Audit Committee has also discussed matters with respect to the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Company and internal control with senior management members and the external auditor of the Company, PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Material Litigation

Regarding the U.S. Department of Defense decision on January 14, 2021 to designate Xiaomi Corporation as a "Communist Chinese Military Company" ("CCMC"), we are pleased to announce that on May 25, 2021 at 4:09 pm (Eastern Standard Time), the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia issued a final order vacating the U.S. Department of Defense's designation of the Company as a CCMC. In vacating the designation, the court formally lifted all restrictions on U.S. persons' ability to purchase or hold securities of the Company. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company published on May 26, 2021.

Save as disclosed above, the Company was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration as of March 31, 2021, nor were the Directors aware of any material litigation or claims that were pending or threatened against the Company.

Use of Net Proceeds

1. Use of Net Proceeds from the Global Offering

The net proceeds received by the Company from the Global Offering were approximately HK\$27,561.0 million. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the Prospectus and the Company had fully utilized the amount of the net proceeds in accordance with such intended purposes.

2. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2030 Notes

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2030 Notes were approximately US\$589.9 million. The Company intends to use the net proceeds of the 2030 Notes primarily for (i) general corporate purposes and (ii) to repay existing borrowings. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the announcement dated April 20, 2020 and the Company had fully utilized the amount of the net proceeds of the issue of the 2030 Notes.

3. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2020 Placing and Subscription

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2020 Placing and Subscription were approximately US\$3.1 billion. The Company intends to use the estimated net proceeds for (a) strengthening our working capital for business expansion; (b) investments to increase market share in key markets; (c) strategic ecosystem investments and (d) other general corporate purposes. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the announcement dated December 2, 2020.

4. Use of Net Proceeds from Issue of the 2027 Bonds

The net proceeds received by the Company from the 2027 Bonds were approximately US\$889.6 million. The Company intends to use the estimated net proceeds for (a) strengthening our working capital for business expansion; (b) investments to increase market share in key markets; (c) strategic ecosystem investments and (d) other general corporate purposes. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the announcement dated December 2, 2020.

Events after March 31, 2021

Save as disclosed in this announcement, there has been no other significant events that might affect the Group after March 31, 2021 and up to the date of this announcement.

By order of the Board

Xiaomi Corporation

Lei Jun

Chairman

Hong Kong, May 26, 2021

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Lei Jun as Chairman and Executive Director, Mr. Lin Bin as Vice-Chairman and Executive Director, Mr. Liu De as Executive Director, Mr. Liu Qin as Non-executive Director, and Dr. Chen Dongsheng, Prof. Tong Wai Cheung Timothy and Mr. Wong Shun Tak as Independent Non-executive Directors.

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